"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Snow or rain, warmer today; Thursday probably fair; wind south.
For full weather report see Page 23.

VOL. LXVII...NO. 21,858. NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1917.—TWENTY-FOUR PAGES.

ONE CENT In Greater New York. | TWO CENTS Within Commuting Distance. | THREE CENTS Elsewhere.

GERMAN THREAT TO SEIZE DENMARK IF NORWAY LETS ALLIES GET A BASE; BRITISH RETAKE PART OF FONTAINE

I DANCED, BUT NOT IN MY HEART, SAYS MRS. DE SAULLES

Wrote Gay Letters and Flattered Her Husband to Keep Him, She Testifies.

STROVE TO HIDE DISTRESS

State Reads Letters to Prove She Was Not Low Spirited When De Saulles Was Away.

CROSS-EXAMINATION ENDS

Story of $20,000 Ring for Mme. Errazuriz Brought Out—Nurses Take the Stand.

Mrs. Blanca De Saulles underwent an exhaustive cross-examination yesterday at the hands of District Attorney Charles R. Weeks. She was confronted with letters she had written which apparently contradicted her direct story on the witness stand, because the letters were bright, cheerful, and gossipy, although written at times when she said her heart was broken by the treatment she had received at the hands of her husband. She was apparently trapped again and again by gay letters written when she said she was suffering most, but she explained that they were written to seem cheerful, to please her husband, and to flatter him in order to hold him.

The mentality of the young woman appeared to be roused by the questions of the prosecutor. She had answered her own counsel almost automatically, but she used her wits to fashion answers to questions from a hostile source. When her attention was called to a letter written in 1914 to De Saulles, in which she said she had danced her "heels off," and was asked how she reconciled it with the statement that she was depressed and suffering at that time, she answered: "We don't dance with our hearts."

At another time, when she was questioned regarding the cheerful tone of letters to her husband, though she said she had been pained by his affronts or by discovering his mode of life, she said: "I meant the letters to show that I was anything but unhappy."

"Whether you were unhappy or not?" asked Justice Manning.

"Yes," she replied.

Made Use of Woman's Wiles.

Some of the letters introduced yesterday and some of the replies she made on the witness stand threw light on the social and mental attitude of the young woman, which had not appeared before. She character as a devoted wife and mother did not suffer, but it was shown that she was thoroughly human. Her letters, read yesterday, showed her proud enough to sneer at those she considered beaux her. One paragraph in a letter described how she had flattered and despised a customs official who met her at the pier on the arrival of the Lusitania, which brought her back to this country from England in December, 1914. This official accompanied Dudley Field Malone, then Collector of the Port, who met her at the dock. Of this subordinate official, she wrote:

"He said, 'It isn't always we have such a passenger as you, and although we all know who Mrs. De Saulles is, we have not the honor of knowing you.' So I told him that he was perfectly splendid. It was bitterly cold and we had to wait some time for my case of silver to come out of the hold. So I said it was a shame he had to wait so much, and he answered that he would not mind waiting every day of his life, if he were to see me. So I said I would not mind arriving every day, if I could see him. The result was that everything was expedited—no questions asked. I shook hands when I said good-bye. I told him he must come to see us, &c., &c., &c. Of course he was in the seventh heaven of delight. You know better than any one what saying that means to people of that class. It was all very amusing and very useful."

Later in her examination, District Attorney Weeks suddenly asked:

"This is not the first time you have been in a courtroom, is it?"

She replied that it was not, and he asked her if she had ever attended the Carman trial.

"Yes," she said, "one afternoon I drove Mrs. Degener over to the trial." This was Mrs. Caroline Degener, a sister of De Saulles.

"Did you hear any of the proceedings?"

"Yes, I heard a black thing testify."

"Did you say you heard a black thing testify?" asked Justice Manning.

"Yes."

"What did you mean?"

"A nigger."

"Is that the way you refer to colored people in the country you come from?"

"We don't have any of them."

Turns to British Slang.

In her gayer letters Mrs. De Saulles frequently fell into the slang she had picked up while she was being educated in England, and many things were "beastly" or "rotten." In her letters to her husband she occasionally spoke in a manner that appeared disrespectful of her own mother, possibly because she knew that De Saulles had had a violent quarrel with his mother-in-law. In a letter written from London in June, 1914, when she was preparing to go to Uruguay, where her husband had been appointed Minister, she said:

"I get another beastly letter from my mother, so that I have given up trying to bridge the gulf. She is out of her mind. Shall tell you about it later."

Mme. Vergara-Errazuriz, the girl's mother, did not seem to hear this when it was read, but later during the cross-examination she began to cry, her first display of emotion since the trial began. A little later she left the courtroom. In a letter written from London at about the same period, she told frankly of her love of luxury and of her high social ambitions. Later she reproached herself for spending money too extravagantly on dress. She wrote:

"Dinky, London is delightful, and you must get named Minister here just as soon as you've made money enough to live comfortably (or in other words luxuriously.) It's nicer to be Minister here, because there's the court and all that which makes it very interesting and amusing."

Mrs. De Saulles spoke without emphasis and with no marked change of expression, but her eyes, which had been half closed throughout the trial, became wide and bright and her manner vivacious by contrast with her previous attitude. When she finally left the stand, her cheeks were flushed and she looked a little like the pictures taken before or shortly after her marriage.

Finds Excuse for Juror.

The only time she volunteered an impertinent remark was after a juror had

Continued on Page 3.

THANKSGIVING DINNER IMPROVED by using Dewey's Pure Wine and Grape Juice. 12 Fulton St., N. Y. Phone 2497 Cort.—Advt.

Americans Killed Must Lie in France Until War Ends

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 27.—The Commissioners of Allegheny County today were informed by the War Department of the refusal of their request that the body of Thomas F. Enright, a private with the American forces in France, who was one of the three men killed in the Americans' first action, be sent to his home in Pittsburgh for burial.

The War Department announced that on recommendation of General Pershing no bodies of deceased officers and soldiers would be sent to this country until after the close of the war.

MURPHY CALLS ON JUDGE HYLAN

Tammany Leader and Mayor-Elect Hold a Long, Secret Conference.

PATRONAGE TALK DENIED

"General Topics" Only Discussed, Judge Hylan Announces.

For the first time since Tammany won its great victory on Election Day, Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany Hall, yesterday afternoon visited Mayor-elect John F. Hylan at the headquarters of the Business Men's League, 50 East Forty-second Street. Mr. Murphy and the Mayor-elect came up in the elevator and entered the room together. According to Judge Hylan, Mr. Murphy and he met in the elevator. According to the Hylan version the meeting was accidental so far as the Mayor-elect was concerned, although Mr. Murphy may have come there for the avowed purpose of seeing him. According to some other persons Mr. Murphy and the Mayor-elect entered the building together. With Mr. Murphy was John A. McCarthy, a contractor, who is Treasurer of the Democratic Fusion Committee. Mr. McCarthy did not sit in at the conference however.

In any event, the Tammany chieftain and Mayor-elect Hylan remained in secret conference for fully an hour and a half. When Mr. Murphy emerged he was happy and smiling. Judge Hylan, when he appeared in the ante-room where a score or more office-seekers had been waiting, seemed in a happy mood, too. Mr. Murphy did not have a great deal to say to the reporters who were awaiting him as he came from his meeting with the Mayor-elect.

"The man inside will do all the talking," said the Tammany chief, when the reporters asked him if he had anything to say.

"Does that mean that you are willing to leave it all to Judge Hylan?" asked one of the reporters.

"Yes, sure," said the Tammany leader as he entered an elevator.

Mr. Murphy had not been out of the building long when a telephone call came for one of the newspaper men. It was from Mr. Murphy. The Tammany leader, prompted possibly by fear that his allusion to Mayor-elect Hylan as "the man inside" might be regarded as disrespectful or informal, in the case of a man with much patronage to bestow, urged that "the Mayor" be substituted for the phrase used on the spur of the moment.

It was fully half an hour later when Judge Hylan emerged. Last week Judge Hylan, in an interview, denied that he had any appointment with Leader Murphy or "anybody else," but he added that he was at his headquarters every afternoon, that the door to his private room always was open, and that Mr. Murphy, John H. McCooey, Democratic leader of Kings, the Republican leaders, or anybody who had supported him or honestly opposed him and who had aid or suggestions to offer, would be made welcome.

"Mr. Murphy referred us to you as the man who was to do all the talking about your conference. What can you tell us?" the Mayor-elect was asked.

"There isn't much to tell," was his reply. "Mr. Murphy told me that he wanted to be of help to me and my administration in every way possible. He told me to call upon him for any help it was in his power to give. Of course, I want the help of everybody in what I am trying to do for the people of this city. That includes Democrats, Republicans, and the press."

"And the suffragists?" one of the reporters suggested.

"Yes," said the Judge, with a laugh, "and the ladies."

'Talked on General Topics.

"Did Mr. Murphy make any recommendations regarding appointments?" the Mayor-elect was asked.

"No, no," said Judge Hylan. "We just talked on general topics."

"Did not Mr. Murphy manifest any curiosity as to the amount of patronage the organization is to receive?" he then was asked.

"No, no," said the Mayor-elect. "We just talked in a general way."

Judge Hylan was asked whether during the hour and a half that Leader Murphy remained in conference with him prospective budget cuts had been discussed. He answered this question in the negative, as he did another question as to whether the proposed municipal ownership program of the incoming administration had been taken up at the conference.

Before his conference with Judge Hylan, Mr. Murphy was interviewed at Tammany Hall, where he seemed in a very happy frame of mind. Many politicians were waiting to see him after his absence from the city of two weeks.

"Who are all these people around here—are they job hunters?" Mr. Murphy was asked. The Tammany leader smiled broadly.

"Not at all," he replied. "There isn't a man in the crowd that would take a job. They're all patriots."

"Then, don't you want a job for yourself?" asked one of the reporters.

"I've got one right here," said the Tammany Chief with a comprehensive

Continued on Page 4.

Army, Navy, Officers' Uniforms and equipment means absolute satisfaction at Bloomingdale's & Co., 151 W. 36th St., because dependable service since 1847.—Advt.

RUSSIAN LEADERS MEET TO OPPOSE THE BOLSHEVIKI

Milukoff and Tchernoff in Group That Plans to Organize New Government.

GATHER AT HEADQUARTERS

Meanwhile London Hears German Officers Have Reached Petrograd to Advise Lenine.

"WARNING" BY DUKHONIN

Vienna Says He Told Army We Would Stop Sending Supplies—Allies Likely to Act.

LONDON, Wednesday, Nov. 28.—A conference of Russian political leaders has assembled at army headquarters for the purpose of forming a Government representing all parties, according to a Petrograd dispatch to The Times.

The leaders have been joined by M. Tchernoff, M. Avksentieff, Professor Milukoff, and Generals Verkhovski, Ivanoff, and others.

Professor Paul H. Milukoff was Minister of Foreign Affairs in the first revolutionary Cabinet and is leader of the Constitutional Democratic Party. M. Tchernoff was Minister of Agriculture in the Kerensky Cabinets of July 24 and Aug. 7. M. Avksentieff was Minister of the Interior in the Kerensky Cabinet of Aug. 7. Both he and Tchernoff are Socialists. General Verkhovski was Minister of War in the recent Kerensky Cabinet and resigned before the recent Bolsheviki revolt. He favored using strong measures in the army. General Ivanoff was formedly commander on the Volhinian and Galician fronts.

German Officers Advising Lenine.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—Information was received here today from Petrograd that a number of German staff officers have arrived there and are acting in an advisory capacity to Nikolai Lenine, the Bolshevist Premier.

A dispatch from Copenhagen today reads:

"General Dukhonin, the Russian Commander in Chief, has sent an order to the Russian Army pointing out that the Entente had protested to the Russian supreme command against any breach of the treaty of Sept. 5, 1915, (the treaty of London pledging the Entente Powers not to make separate peace,) and threatening that any breach from the Russian side, especially the calling of a separate truce, would be fraught with serious danger, according to the semi-official Austrian Correspondence Bureau, says a Vienna dispatch.

"The Russian supreme command has further announced, according to the same authority, that the United States had stopped the transportation of supplies to Russia until the situation cleared, and that should the Bolsheviki retain power and make peace with Germany this prohibition would be maintained."

All Government officials who decline to recognize the Leninite Government, according to a Petrograd dispatch to The Times, will be dismissed from office, as were the employes of the Ministry of Finance who declined to work for the Bolsheviki.

The Central Committee of Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates announces its firm intention to crush the opposition in the Ministry of Finance and among bank officials and to undertake to control the State expenses itself.

Judson Warns Chief of Staff.

PETROGRAD, Nov. 27.—Lieut. Col. William V. Judson, Chief of the American Military Mission to Russia, has addressed to the Chief of the General Staff at Petrograd a declaration concerning the alleged embargo on shipments to Russia. He disclaims knowledge of such embargo, but asserts that such a measure would be the logical result of Russia's persistent efforts for an armistice and peace.

Reviewing the press statement about the embargo, Colonel Judson says:

"It seems only just to inform your Excellency that neither I nor the American Ambassador has received from America in[illegible]tions or information regarding the [illegible]leged facts given above. Nevertheless, justice demands that I should inform your Excellency that the declarations of the press correctly express the point of view of the United

Continued on Page 2.

Austria and Germany Close the Last Swiss Frontiers

GENEVA, Nov. 27.—The Austrian and German frontiers were closed last night.

Both the French and Italian frontiers had already been closed for an indefinite period.

Thus Switzerland's four frontiers are now sealed for the first time since the outbreak of the war.

100 ITALIANS TAKEN IN ANARCHIST PLOT

Federal Agents in Northwest Charge a World-Wide Pro-Teuton Conspiracy.

PRESIDENT'S LIFE SOUGHT

200,000 in a Secret Society Alleged to Have Planned to Foment Uprisings.

SEATTLE, Wash., Nov. 27.—More than 100 Italians, most of them miners and shipyard employes, said to belong to the Corcola Studi Sociali, an alleged anarchistic society, were arrested in Seattle, Portland, Spokane, Tacoma, and other Northwest cities by Federal agents in raids which ended today, according to announcement by H. M. White, Federal Immigration Commissioner.

The society is said to have a membership of 200,000 in the United States and is alleged to have plotted bloody disturbances in this country as part of the world-wide propaganda for Teutonic victory in the war. The ruining of the morale of the Italian armies also was planned.

According to Federal agents, the Italians plotted to help Germany in the war by fomenting revolution in Italy to overthrow King Victor Emmanuel. Federal officers in disguise, it was announced, attended some of the society's recent meetings, at which calls were issued for volunteers to cause disturbances in this country. It is alleged that some of the prisoners had plotted to kill President Wilson.

The roundup was carried through to a finish by thirty-five Secret Service and other Federal agents working quietly in the Northwest, particularly among the mines and shipyards of the Puget Sound country. The first arrests were made Saturday night when [illegible] meetings had been planned and [illegible] were being held in attics and bas[illegible] known only to "faithful" mem[illegible] of the society, whose books show members from all parts of the Pacific Northwest.

Plot to Kill President.

It was two weeks ago that a plot to murder President Wilson was being hatched, where Secret Service men in disguise attended a meeting of the society.

The books and literature seized here and at other places, including Spokane, Portland, and Tacoma, show that the plotting has been going on for some months, and has been especially active since the Austro-German drive on the Italian front. The literature which has been sent broadcast from this city, the headquarters of the conspirators, asked for volunteers to carry out the plans to kill President Wilson and King Victor.

The Federal Immigration Inspector at Spokane, Wash., received word to arrest six Italians said to belong to an anarchist society, and today reported that he had arrested one at Walla Walla and another at Lind, and that four others would be arrested at or near Spokane.

Officials plan to gather all the prisoners together in one camp, where they probably will be interned for the duration of the war. Nineteen Italians arrested in the raid in Cleelum, Roslyn, and Easton, in Kittitas County, Washington, were brought here today in a special car and lodged in cells at the Federal Immigration Station. Fifteen armed Government agents accompanied the prisoners.

Incited Italians to Revolt.

Pamphlets entitled "Buttale il Fucile" were among the papers Federal agents said they seized at the society's headquarters here. According to the officers, the title, when translated, means "Throw down your arms." The propaganda, it was said, urged Italians everywhere to rise against their Governments and resist all military service. The officers said the literature was printed by the society's newspaper, Cromaca Sovversiva of Lynn, Mass.

Federal officials recently raided rooms in Weller street here, which are said to be the Pacific Coast headquarters of the society. Industrial Workers of the World posters, red flags, and pictures of notorious anarchists hung on the walls, they said.

In a glass case near the door, officers said, they found framed photographs of some of the Industrial Workers of the World killed in a riot at Everett, Wash., Nov. 5, 1916.

Berlin Says Americans Fought Desperately; Calls Prisoners 'Sturdy and Sportsmanlike'

BERLIN, Sunday, Nov. 25, (via London, Nov. 27.)—A report received from the western front, describing the American troops in action, says:

"Independent American units have been thrown into the trench line. The felt hat has given way to the English-fashioned steel helmet, and the whistling and bursting of the shells have become familiar sounds to American ears.

"For the first time since they have been participating as independent contingents the Americans have tasted the real earnestness of war, even though it was but a minor hand-to-hand scuffle. But this time the shells did not merely fly over their heads, but into the very trenches they had selected, and presently, with an infernal noise, these things which the young soldiers believed to be a firm protection began to quake and burst.

"And hard on the heels of this a firm attack by our onrushing Bavarian reserves forced the way into the American trenches, and musket shots and bursting hand grenades relieved the artillery fire.

"Our new opponents made a most determined defense, and desperate hand-to-hand fighting set in. Butts of guns, fists, and hand grenades were freely brought into play, and many men fell to the ground before the rest gave up resistance and surrendered. After a bare hour the German storming troops were back in their own trenches with booty and prisoners.

"There they stood before us—these young men from the land of liberty. They were sturdy and sportsmanlike in build. Good-natured smiles radiated from their blue eyes, and they were quite surprised that we did not propose to shoot them down, as they had been led in the French training camp to believe we would do.

"They know no reply to our query, 'Why does the United States carry on war against Germany?' The sinking of American ships by U-boats, which was the favorite pretext, sounds a trifle stale. One prisoner expressed the opinion that we had treated Belgium rather badly. Another asserted that it was Lafayette who brought America French aid in the war of independence, and because of this the United States would now stand by France."

Your family will be safe at Grove Park Inn, Asheville, N. C., finest resort hotel in the world. Not a cure, sick guests not admitted. —Advt.

BERLIN FEARS ANOTHER FOE

Inspired Christiania Conference, Hoping to Keep Scandinavia Neutral.

THREE MONARCHS TO MEET

Danish Belief Is That Norway's U-Boat Grievances Will Not Drive Her to War.

HOPES TO COMBAT EMBARGO

Germany's Plan Evidently to Frighten Northern Kingdoms Into Ignoring Our Demands.

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 27.—Behind the meeting of the Scandinavian monarchs and Ministers at Christiania this week lies the fear, unfounded though it may be, of Norway's entry into the war and of the German threat that, in such a case, she would feel called upon to occupy Denmark as a countermeasure.

The Associated Press learns from a responsible source that the proceedings of the conference, which was arranged in consequence of an intimation from Germany that the growth of anti-German sentiment in Norway, particularly after the sinking of convoys in the North Sea by German cruisers, are being followed with concern by Germany, and that it is feared that Norway may be impelled, either by excited public opinion or pressure from the Allies, to enter the struggle at least to the point of granting a naval base to England and the United States, in which event Germany would hold it imperative to seize a corresponding base in Denmark.

Hurried to Berlin.

On the receipt of this information at Copenhagen word was hurriedly sent to King Gustaf of Sweden, and Denmark's most prominent citizen, President Andersen of the Danish East Asiatic Company, who is high in the confidence of Berlin, as well as London, was dispatched to Berlin to verify the report and, if possible, to change the German attitude.

Mr. Andersen conferred with Dr. van Kühlmann, Secretary for Foreign Affairs, and the former has confirmed the report, adding that, in consequence of the Italian and Russian developments, the militarist and Pan German elements are again in the saddle in Germany and exerting influence against which the Foreign Office, with its more moderate views, has found it most difficult to contend.

King Gustaf came to Copenhagen and spent a day in conference with King Christian, President Anderson, and the Danish Ministers, the subject matter of the conferences being covered by a display of gala performances, an opera ballet, a ceremonial banquet, and the conventional interchange of speeches.

As a result of the conference a decision was reached to make every possible effort to moderate the excited Norwegian sentiment and hold the three Scandinavian kingdoms to the path of joint neutrality.

King Gustaf returned to Stockholm and launched the suggestion of a conference of the three Kings, accompanied by the Premiers and Foreign Ministers, at Christiania, which was accepted, the Norwegians being flattered at the idea of a visit from a Swedish monarch for the first time since the separation of the two countries.

Part of Pan German Policy.

It is difficult to judge how far Germany was actuated in its step by genuine fear of Norwegian action, and how far by a desire to force Norway into toning down its strongly anti-German sentiment, and to wave the "big stick" over the three countries during the pending negotiations with the United States and the Entente regarding the embargo, and thereby get as good a bargain as possible for Germany.

On the one hand, a Dane in high position with whom the correspondent discussed the subject considered it utterly out of the question that Norway, of her own accord, should abandon neutrality, and said he attached no importance to the sporadic reports of an intention on the part of England or America to seize a base in Norway the better to combat submarines. Prominent Norwegians assert that war sentiment in their country is negligible. The same view has been expressed in statements in the Norwegian Parliament, probably inspired by the German warning.

Berlin Has Fears of Norway.

On the other hand, Germany is evidently perturbed by the state of Norwegian public opinion. The German Minister to Norway, Admiral von Hintze, who, it is reported, had been sent to that country as the apostle of the strong hand, has been visiting Berlin to report on the situation. A Danish member of the German Reichstag has just visited Norway on what may undoubtedly be described as a pacifying mission, and a mass of inspired editorial matter is being telegraphed from the German press by the correspondents in Berlin in an endeavor to convince Norwegians of the unwisdom of extreme anti-German feeling and of the benevolence of German intentions as respects them.

Thanksgiving Dinner at the Clendening, 103d St., near B'way, 12 to 8:30 P. M. 7 Courses, $1. See menu in Telegram.—Advt

Many Peace Demonstrations in Berlin Sunday; Vorwaerts Wishes for Them in Allied Capitals

By GEORGE RENWICK.

Copyright, 1917, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 27.—Vorwärts reports numerous peace demonstrations in Berlin on Sunday. Especially in the northern part of the city did they assume considerable proportions.

In going through the streets the demonstrators called for cheers for peace, and the name of Karl Liebknecht was loudly applauded. At one point there was a struggle with the police, and several arrests were made.

The German Socialist organ says that the police authorities ought not to regard such gatherings as dangerous, "because the whole people are at one with the demonstrators in their aim of bringing about peace and because this effort calls forth no serious opposition throughout the country." Vorwärts wishes that such demonstrations would take place in Paris and London, for then "we would not be far from peace."

PREMIERS GATHER FOR PARIS COUNCIL

Plan Direct and Businesslike Discussion of War Unity Problems.

BRITISH OFFICIALS ARRIVE

Sonnino and Venizelos Also There for Meeting—House Holds Conferences.

By CHARLES H. GRASTY.

Copyright, 1917, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Nov. 27.—The clans are assembling rather slowly for the inter-allied meetings. The English delegates were delayed by the weather, which interfered with the Channel crossings.

It is understood that an effort is being made to cut out oratory in the conference and get right down to business.

One of the Premiers is expected to open the proceedings with a statement in one sentence, to the effect that "we are here to transact war business; what is the pleasure of the meeting?" This brief opening will strike the keynote of short, sharp, decisive methods.

The members of the American mission are less busy here than they were in London owing to the fact that much detail of the relationship of the French Government has been disposed of by the Tardieu mission in Washington and the special representatives who met the mission in London. There remain considerable negotiations with Spain and Switzerland, which are now proceeding here.

Ambassador Willard, who left Madrid a few weeks ago on his doctor's orders for rest, is here, very opportunely, to help the mission.

One of the biggest obstacles in the way of reducing unity of control to the concrete is national pride, and it is on this rock that any effort to have a single military head may split. As a member of the mission put it: "There is an irreducible minimum of indestructible individualism in every country, and no mere academic principle, however sound, can be carried too far in face of this condition."

The more closely the scheme of a Supreme War Council is studied, the more shrewdly it seems to have been contrived to avoid the obstacle mentioned, and still reach the goal of unity. The Supreme War Council practically consolidates in one group the civil power of the European allies, thus fixing the gravamen for the various national war authorities. It is probable that the decision of all large inter-allied policy will naturally gravitate toward the Supreme War Council. While this body would not concern itself with the strategy on any single front, it might settle all overlapping questions.

For example, the matter of whether and how to help Cadorna, which hung on the horns of indecision all Summer and Autumn, could have been promptly settled if the Supreme War Council had existed. It is also fair to assume that the council could and would have supported efficient measures for steadying Russia at the time when Kerensky made and broke his agreement with Korniloff, the carrying out of which might have composed the Russian situation on a basis of a temporary military dictatorship, and thus prevented the subsequent catastrophes.

All these possibilities are discussed among Americans and others now in Paris as fortifying the argument for maintaining a Supreme War Council and allowing it the fullest power in action.

PARIS, Nov. 27.—The members of the Interallied Conference, which is to open its sessions here on Thursday, are beginning to gather.

Premier Lloyd George arrived tonight accompanied by Foreign Secretary Balfour, Sir Eric Campbell Geddes, First Lord of the Admiralty; Admiral Sir John Jellicoe, Chief of the Naval Staff; Earl Reading, the Lord Chief Justice, and General Sir William Robertson, Chief of the Imperial Staff at British Army Headquarters. They were met at the station by Premier Clemenceau, former Premier Painlevé, and Stephen Pichon, French Minister of Foreign Affairs.

Mr. Lloyd George has a suite of rooms across the corridor from the apartment occupied by Colonel House. Premier

Continued on Page 2.

SPECIAL SHORE PLATE DINNER, $1.00. Gossler's Campus, 104th St. & Columbus Av.—Advt.

ITALIANS SHATTER BRENTA ATTACK

Reinforcements Drive Back an Entire Teuton Division and Take Prisoners.

HOLDING HILL POSITIONS

Fourth Italian Army Repulses Five Assaults on Its Lines Near Monte Pertica.

ROME, Nov. 27.—An entire division of the enemy made an attack yesterday in the Branta Valley in an effort to break through the Italian northern front. To-day's official statement says that these troops, which attacked in massed formation, were driven back.

The text of the announcement follows:

Yesterday afternoon the enemy, after bombarding furiously our positions on Col della Berretta, to the east of the Brenta Valley, launched against it a massed attack of an entire division of infantry. The ensuing struggle was very fierce, and the defenders, isolated by a violent barrage fire, would perhaps have been compelled to give way, in view of the size of the attacking force and the violence of its assault, had not their support, composed of splendid Sicilians of the ancient and glorious Aosta Brigade, with parties of the 94th Infantry and the Brenta Valley battalion of Alpini, arrived in time.

Having crossed the death zone with élan, our gallant troops rushed against the enemy with irresistible impetus, carrying all before them and compelling him to retire with very severe losses, leaving prisoners in our hands.

BERLIN, Nov. 27, (via London.)—The situation on the Italian front is unchanged, Army Headquarters announces.

ITALIAN ARMY HEADQUARTERS IN NORTHERN ITALY, Nov. 27, (Associated Press.)—The reports from the Italian line on the northern front were favorable today. The heavy fighting is continuing, with the Italians holding in the main.

Five Austro-German Attacks Fail.

ITALIAN ARMY HEADQUARTERS IN NORTHERN ITALY, Nov. 26, (Delayed.)—(Associated Press.)—Five determined attacks by Austro-German forces on the left wing of the Italian Fourth Army, near Monte Pertica, between the Brenta and the Piave, were delivered today. The enemy rushes were broken by the defensive troops with heavy losses to the attackers.

Not only the left but the right wing and the centre of the army holding this sector were subjected to attack, the enemy effort now attaining its full force here. On the right and the centre the struggle raged from Monte Monfenera westward, with the Italians holding their lines at all points.

The fluctuations of the great battle have now developed to a stage where the resisting power of the Italian army has been demonstrated to be sufficient to retard, if not to prevent any sudden rush through the passes leading to the Venetian plains. This was regarded as a serious menace six days ago, but as each day has shown the Italian lines holding solid against repeated attacks and their defenders ready even to take the aggressive against heavy odds, the feeling of apprehension that then prevailed is changing to one of restored confidence and unwavering determination, coupled with a spirit of buoyancy which pervades all ranks of the army and civilian life.

There is also the feeling that allied support is near at a timely moment, and that the mingled ranks of gray, blue and khaki will combine to offer the resistance that Italy has maintained alone until now.

Many British officers were at headquarters today, and the streets showed almost as much khaki as gray. The Prince of Wales renewed his earlier visit, going about the streets and mingling with the officers at public restaurants in the most democratic fashion.

It is reported from the Friuli region occupied by the enemy that the civil population has been required to turn over all copper articles, grease and oils in its possession within five days. Emperor Charles is said to have made

Continued on Page 2.

"YOUR MOUTH WATERS at the mere anticipation of Home-Made Pie——" See top of Page 24.—Advt.

RENEW FIGHT FOR CAMBRAI

Byng's Men Advance Both Their Fontaine and Bourlon Lines.

CAPTURE MORE THAN 500

Daring Drive Rescues English Troops Isolated in the Thick of the Conflict.

GERMANS ARE REINFORCED

Attempt to Restore the Hindenburg Line West of Moeuvres Fails.

BRITISH HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, Nov. 27, (Associated Press.)—The British have made another advance in the Cambrai area, and, according to the latest reports, have worked their way forward though the northwestern part of Fontaine Notre Dame, which they captured at the beginning of the attack last week, but subsequently lost.

They are now said to have advanced almost to the main street, which runs east and west through the centre of the village, and are pressing their attack in the face of strong resistance.

A new assault was made at Fontaine at dawn after a comparatively quiet night. Hot fighting developed immediately. The Germans poured a heavy machine gun fire against the British from the windows and roofs of buildings. A large concentration of enemy machine guns in La Folie Wood, southeast of Fontaine, was also brought into action against the attacking troops.

This machine gun fire presented the main difficulty to the advance, for the Germans in the hamlet were working behind walls and other cover, while it was necessary for the British to charge across more or less open stretches, giving the Germans a good chance to sweep their ranks with an intense fire.

British Rescue Isolated Comrades.

The battle on the southern edge of Bourlon Village continued last night. As a result of a determined drive against the German line the British were enabled to break through at one point and bring back a party of English troops that had been holding out in the southern part of the hamlet and had been isolated for some time. No attempt was made to remain in the village after this body of men had been rescued and gotten back through the gap in the German line.

It was reported this morning that another body of British troops was holding a position in the northern section of the village with Germans all about them. But this is uncertain.

The Germans delivered a counterattack against the northeast corner of Bourlon Wood about 10 o'clock last night, but were repulsed. The British line this morning is holding firm along the northern fringe of the wood and up to the edge of Bourlon Village.

Outside of the operations about Fontaine and Bourlon, there was little infantry action on the rest of the front last night. The British artillery has been hammering the Germans heavily at various points, and during the night projected a considerable quantity of gas into Queant.

The weather changed late yesterday and heavy storms set in. It rained torrents most of the night, and for a time this turned to snow, small patches of which are still to be seen about the countryside. The rain continued today, making the position of the troops operating in the new territory most uncomfortable.

The air service was active yesterday. A party of British machines destroyed one enemy machine and brought down two others out of control in a fight.

Haig Reports Advancing His Line.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—Field Marshal Haig reports an advance of the British line in the neighborhood of Fontaine Notre Dame and Bourlon and the capture of more than 500 prisoners. The official statement tonight says:

At dawn today our local attacks in the neighborhood of the villages of Fontaine Notre Dame and Bourlon led to severe fighting. The enemy, strongly reinforced, contested our advance with great stubbornness, and the fight swayed backward and forward during the day.

We have advanced our line and taken over 500 prisoners.

During the afternoon the enemy attempted to attack the position we hold in the Hindenburg line on the spur west of Moeuvres, but was driven off by our fire.

The enemy's artillery has again shown great activity east and northeast of Ypres.

The afternoon official statement reads:

During the night the Germans undertook another counterattack against our position in the northeast corner of Bourlon Wood. The attack was repulsed.

There is nothing of special interest to report on the remainder of the front. The weather is stormy and wet.

The Belgian communication issued at Havre says:

During the course of yesterday we bombarded various German works in the region of Dixmude. The German artillery has for the most part directed its fire against our organizations at Steenstraete and Dixmude. In reprisal for the enemy bombardment near Furnes and Avecapelle we shelled St. Pierre Capelle and encampments at Leke.

The night of Sept. 26-27 was marked by great activity. Enemy patrols near Kippe, south of Dixmude, were driven back by our fire.

South of Stuyvekenskerke an encounter took place between one of our patrols and an enemy patrol, the latter being forced to retire with considerable losses.

Today our works south of Stuyvekenskerke, around Pervyse, Caeskerke, Dixmude, Oestkerke and Kippe were bombarded. Our batteries replied energetically against the German trenches.

BERLIN, Nov. 27, (via London.)—The repulse of a British attack on Bourlon Wood and Village, in the Cambrai area, is announced in today's official communication from Army Headquarters.

The text of the communication reads:

Western theatre, front of Crown Prince Rupprecht: In Flanders the artillery activity again assumed great violence in the afternoon between Houthoist Wood and Zandvoorde.

In some sectors of the battlefield southwest of Cambrai there was an intense firing duel throughout the day. British infantry, which had been drawn up ready, attacked in the evening under the cover of darkness the village and wood of Bourlon, but were repulsed in heavy hand-to-hand fighting. Forefield activity continued lively on the whole battlefront.

FRENCH ROUND OUT GAINS.

Complete the Possession of Verdun Field Won on Sunday.

PARIS, Nov. 27. — The French last night overcame the resistance of Germans still holding out on the field of operations of the French attack on the Verdun front Sunday, says today's official report. Prisoners were taken in raids elsewhere on the battle line. The communication follows:

Active artillery fighting is under way north of the Aisne, in the sector between Filain and Pinon.

In Champagne one of our detachments last night penetrated German trenches north of Prunay. After having explored the positions, destroyed shelters, and captured materials our men returned to their own lines without losses. This morning we made a successful raid west of Tahure.

On the right bank of the Meuse (Verdun front) we carried out with success last night an operation in detail north of Hill 344. We reduced a point of resistance, rounding out the gains obtained on Sunday afternoon. On the left bank of the river a patrol action near Bethincourt enabled us to take prisoners, including an officer.

In Lorraine, northeast of Nomeny, we made a raid and brought back prisoners.

The communication from the War Office tonight reads:

Quite spirited artillery actions occurred in Belgium, in the region of Juvincourt and on the front of the Chaume Wood. There was no infantry action.

BERLIN, Nov. 27.—The official statement issued at Army Headquarters today says of the fighting on the French front:

Front of the German Crown Prince.—North of Prunay a French attack was repulsed as a result of trench fighting. On the eastern bank of the Meuse the fighting activity was moderate throughout the day. In the evening there was a considerable increase in the fighting between Samogneux and Beaumont. Between St. Mihiel and Pont-à-Mousson the firing at times revived.

FIERCE HAND-TO-HAND FIGHTS.

Struggle Before Cambrai Inspires American Officers' Ardor.

BRITISH ARMY HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, Monday, Nov. 26, (Associated Press.)—British troops, including some from London, continued last night to bore their way forward through the Hindenburg support line west of Moeuvres. There was vigorous fighting at close quarters in this region, and, as a result, the British today were in possession of a further section of support trenches 2,000 yards long running east and west, just south of Pronville and Inchy-en-Artois.

The British advance in the last few days had made this section of the line virtually untenable, and the Germans were forced to withdraw when pressed by a new attack.

Fighting was renewed today between Bourlon Wood and Cambrai about Fontaine Notre Dame, where the Germans were still installed and continued to work machine guns from roofs and windows. At Bourlon Wood and Bourlon Village the situation remained much as it was last night after the Germans had forced the British out of most of the village in a fierce counterattack which involved still more furious hand-to-hand fighting through the streets. The battle continued here today.

The fight for Bourlon Wood and village will long be remembered as one of the most bitterly contested and sanguinary yet fought along the British front in France. American officers visiting the Cambrai sector have been thrilled at this renewal of old-type warfare, and with one accord say:

"That's the kind of fighting American troops would like to be in, for you are in the open, where you can get at the enemy with cold steel."

The Germans have been concentrating all efforts in the attempt to oust the British from this elevation, which is vital for the enemy to hold if he is to maintain himself in the present positions further north.

The British have clung tenaciously to Bourlon Wood, defended partly by tanks, which have taken positions at advantageous locations from which they can work their guns. Fontaine Notre Dame was being hard pressed by the British at latest reports. Throughout yesterday this hamlet remained unmolested, for it in no way hampered the operations about Bourlon Wood.

In a certain British casualty clearing station on the Cambrai front there has been working for several days a well-known New York surgeon, who belongs to the American Medical Corps and who volunteered his services for the present battle. Most of his work has been done among the German prisoners, who have come to look upon this big, cheerful officer as almost superhuman because of several remarkable operations he has performed. The Germans all swear by the "big American" and treat him with utmost deference.

It fell to the lot of this surgeon to operate upon a German who had left the Russian front only thirty-six hours before. He was among the reinforcements rushed from the east. It took him twenty-four hours to get into the battle before Cambrai and twelve hours later he was a prisoner in a British clearing station.

CAMBRAI RAILROAD BOMBED.

British Airmen Also Raid Douai Station at Night.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—The official communication issued this evening dealing with aviation, says:

The weather Monday was slightly better for flying, but low clouds and a strong wind again hindered work in the air. Some successful artillery work was done by our airplanes and many photographs were taken.

Enemy troops, batteries, and transports were constantly attacked by our low-flying machines. During the day bombs were dropped on the crossings over the River Sensee and the railheads near Cambrai and north of Douai. At night the Douai Station was attacked. Bombs also were dropped on the Souain Station and sidings. In all, over three tons of bombs were dropped.

A few fights in the air occurred in which one hostile machine was downed and four were driven down out of control. Another hostile machine was shot down by our fire from the ground. None of our machines is missing.

Succeeds Judge of Bolo Notoriety.

PARIS, Nov. 27.—Paul André has been appointed by the Government to replace Fernand Monier as First President of the Court of Appeals in Paris. Monier was recently dismissed from office because of his connection with the Bolo case.

BRITISH HAMMERING TO GO ON STEADILY

Midwinter Campaign on West Front Is Expected to Set New Precedent.

BYNG IN CIRCLING MOVE

If Present Operations Succeed Germans May Be Forced to Retreat on a Large Front.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—The British drive on Cambrai will be followed up relentlessly by similar offensives along the western front, in the opinion of officers familiar with what is in prospect in France. Authoritative announcement has been made abroad already that this Winter would see no halt in operations, and with the return of American divisional commanders from observation tours in France it has become certain that the French and British armies will prosecute midwinter campaigns such as were never before attempted.

Secretary Baker said today that the returning officers would proceed to their divisional camps and resume the personal direction of the training of their men. So far as known, there will be no general conference of the officers here, but it is likely that they will call on Mr. Baker and General Staff officials while on the way to their posts.

Already the allied troops have forced their way forward against more serious obstacles than they will encounter later when the cold has hardened the ground for the passage of troops and artillery. The mud of Flanders has been the greatest barrier to major operations during the last few weeks, but the Cambrai attack was forced home despite it.

Meagre official reports ofthe progress of the drive on Cambrai indicate clearly that General Byng's forces are aiming at a great encircling movement. With a wide wedge driven into the Cambrai front, the British commander apparently is working his way behind the German lines on his left flank. If he succeeds in penetrating deeply in that direction many officers here believe he will force a retirement by the Germans on a wide front.

Meanwhile the British and French pressure further toward the Belgian coast is unceasing. A new offensive effort there is expected as a part of the whole plan on which the Allies are engaged of forcing the Germans back from a long section of the coast, where submarine bases are situated. The Cambrai successes have an important bearing, in the opinion of officers here, on this general plan of accomplishing during the Winter a decisive result in the coastal region as the foundation upon which next year's offensive campaign can be laid.

POPE'S APPEAL FAILS.

Baron de la Grange Remains in a German Prison in Spite of It.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 27.—After Pope Benedict, at the request of Cardinal Gibbons, had made intercession with the German officials, word came here today that Baron Louis de la Grange, whose wife was Miss Anita Carroll, daughter of the former Governor of Maryland, John Lee Carroll, would not be released from a detention camp, where he has been for some time. The German officials announced that for military reasons the Baron, who is over 60 and said to be in feeble health, must remain a prisoner indefinitely.

Cardinal Gibbons, who is a close friend of the Carroll family, made the appeal to the Pope. Cablegrams have passed between the Pope, the Cardinal, and the German Foreign Office, but the Cardinal said tonight that his efforts appeared fruitless.

In another German prison camp is Bertrand Kergolay, son of Countess Jean Kergolay of Paris, who was Miss Louisa Carroll, sister of Baroness de la Grange.

AMERICAN AMBITION BLAMED FOR THE WAR

German Paper Says Wilson Seeks World Leadership and People Covet Trade.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Nov. 27.—The German press continues in the field of editorial exploration as to why America declared war. Every organ brings some new discovery. The Catholic-Annexationist Cologne Volkszeitung says that any one who knows President Wilson and his vanity realizes that his reasons were personal, and that when future world history is written he aspires to figure as the great man of insight, energy, and power, who brought the war to a happy ending.

"He wishes to be President of the supreme court of the world and judge of the highest court of justice and humanity," says this paper.

The Volkszeitung comments on the statement that "America now is to be an official Entente ally" and is to send representatives to the coming Paris conference, saying that up to the present time America has been unwilling to become involved in European politics and so has declined to take part in conferences, but that Wilson is now advocating a less independent attitude in order to assume a more important rôle in the peace negotiations. Washington, says the paper, has decided to become a more demonstrative ally of the Entente.

It asserts that President Wilson once stated in an unguarded moment that England and America must share the world's commerce, and that "this is another of Uncle Sam's war aims, even if he talks of freedom." America, says the Volkszeitung, would never have entered the war if she had not already lent so much money and if she did not regard the war as big business.

The paper quotes the American banker, Henry Clews, as saying that the war would bring tremendous prosperity to American industry, which otherwise would require a century to build up, that she would become the second greatest world power and that every conceivable industry would be swamped with orders for Europe. This may be correct, says the Volkszeitung, but there is no reason why America shoulud have all the benefit, for the same thing would apply in other countries and in Germany trades and industries would likewise be busuyu, although the lack of workmen would be felt much more in Europe than America so that high wages would be required.

Mr. Clews's statement about America's tremendous development in foreign trade and shipping is correct, the Volkszeitung says. It continues:

"From now on America may be considered a seafaring nation. Before the war shipping was in European hands, and this weakness was long a thorn to American national pride, but the United States will now compare with England as a sea power."

The paper asserts that Americans are too good business men not to rejoice over the war, and that if they pray for peace on Sundays they work in munition factories all the week for the Entente, and they are now dreaming of untold wealth after wthe war, though hiding their joy behind the idea that they are bringing peace on earth.

RUSSIAN LEADERS OPPOSE RADICALS

Continued from Page 1.

States of America. We daily expect to receive instructions in line with these facts. Before sending this I submitted it to the Ambassador, who fully agrees."

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—Official confirmation of the news from London that German Staff officers are in Petrograd acting as military advisers of the Lenine faction probably will be followed promptly by action on the part of the United States and the Allies definitely to place the Bolsheviki régime in the list of Germany's allies.

If the Germans are there all doubt as to the purpose of the Bolsheviki is removed, and the diplomats will be obliged to withdraw to a neutral capital, probably Stockholm, to await instructions from their Governments. Such a development undoubtedly would be followed by immediate cancellation of all orders now in process of execution for military and other supplies for Russia both in the United States and Japan. Several cargoes from the United States are now on the way to Vladivostok, but these can be diverted by wireless orders, and it has been understood that their delivery would be contingent upon evidence that they would not fall into unfriendly hands.

Reports that come from the Don Cossack county that the Hetman, General Kaledines, may be the master of the situation through his control of the food which is necessary to maihtain any military force in the North of Russia, have encouraged military experts here to believe that in spite of the aid of his German advisers, Lenine and his faction may be brought to terms.

The Viennese reports crediting General Dukhonin, the Russian Commander in Chief, previously reported to have been deposed by the Bolsheviki, with having received a communication from the Entente Powers threatening grave dangers if Russia should make separate peace with Germany are accepted in Washington with a large grain of salt. It is believed to be part of the German game of propaganda being played for purpose of throwing dust into the eyes of the outside world and stirring up trouble in Russia against the Allies. Officials of the Washington Government have insisted during the past week that there was no foundation for the report that this country was cutting off Russian supplies.

From private conversations in Russian circles here it is gathered that Russian diplomats feel that the withdrawal of the allied, or of American, diplomatic officers from Petrograd or the treatment of Russia, while in the grasp of the Bolsheviki, as a semi-hostile country, might tend to drive Russia into the hands of the enemy, whereas statesmanship, guided by forbearance and sympathetic consideration, might ultimately result in saving Russia not only from the enemies in Berlin and Vienna, but also from her present internal political perils and restore Russia to her proper place in the Entente Alliance.

MOVE AGAINST BOLSHEVIKI.

Committee of Safety Socialists Appeals to the Army.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAPARANDA, Sweden, Nov. 27.—A counterproclamation to the army has been made in reply to the Bolshevist peace decree by the non-Bolshevist Socialists and Moderates of the Committee of Safety. The proclamation states that the step taken by the Bolsheviki means the definite destruction of Russia. The Bolshevist Government is recognized by no allied State nor by Germany. When the Bolsheviki, however, have brought about a truce with the German Generals the Allies, it says, will regard Russia as a traitor and will refuse help and support after the war.

This, the proclamation goes on, will rapidly weaken Russia, which has not an effective army or money or food, with the result that it will fall an easy prey to those who intend to plunder and divide it. Repudiated in every quarter, Russia will have to pray the Kaiser on its knees for peace, and pay in territory and money whatever he claims.

According to the Novaya Zhiza, Lenine and Trotzky sent letters to all army organizations and revolutionary committees at the front pointing out that Admiral Verkhovsky, M. Auksentieff or Tchernoff, M. Tseretelli and others had been summoned to the headquarters of the ex-Commander in Chief for the purpose of forming a new Government. Lenine and Trotzky appeal to the army committees to arrest these "enemies of the people" if they refuse to leave military headquarters.

NORTH CUT OFF FROM SOUTH.

Official Messages Reaching Odessa by Way of Persia.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—All communication has been broken between North and South Russia. The Foreign Embassies at Petrograd are unable to establish any touch with Odessa and other points in Southern Russia. Official messages, however, are reaching Odessa by way of Persia.

The Russian Army on the northern front has had no bread for several days, according to reports received in Petrograd and transmitted by the correspondent of The Daily Express, and only two or three days' supply of army biscuit is on hand. The army delegates are reported to have recommended the withdrawal of the troops in order to prevent a general flight with its consequent excesses. Instead of a hundred cars of food arriving daily at the Dvinsk front, only twenty have been received.

Large numbers of troops being moved to different places have been stopped by the removal of sections of railroad track to prevent their reaching Petrograd. They were stopped at towns where food could not be obtained.

The Russian revolutionists have made a "ghastly failure" of their attempt at administration, according to the Petrograd correspondent of The Morning Post, writing under date of Saturday. He adds:

"But behind or beyond all this apparently hopeless chaos, the forces which made Russia an empire are not idle, and those who know Russian history understand perfectly well how matters will end.

"Even as I write the situation is becoming clear. The elections to the Constituent Assembly will take place, but the Constituent Assembly will not meet with success. The Bolshevist movement, whatever that movement may really mean, already has damned the Constituent Assembly.

"Meantime I would call attention to the following facts:

"The vast gold reserve of the Russian Empire, which was removed from Petrograd to the Kremlin in 1915, was later carried still further into the interior. It is in safe hands.

"General Kaledines, Hetman of United Cossackdom, is in secure possession, with trustworthy and disciplined troops of all arms of all those regions of European Russia that produced a harvest this year, and is rapidly capturing those remaining territories upon which Russia relies for its daily bread.

"A vast union, under the name of the Southeastern Union has been formed. It includes the Don territory, a great part of Little Russia, the lower Volga provinces and Turkestan — the area which feeds all Russia. This union is extending and promises to cover the Siberian corn land.

"General Kaledines, holding the gold reserve and the bread supplies, is master of the situation and those he serves will accept dictation neither from Kerensky, Lenine, nor anybody else, least of all from Germany.

"The Allies may safely admit a bowing acquaintance with the curious individualities thrown up from the depths by internal disturbances, but for intimate friendship and future partnership they must look elsewhere, and in the meantime they must wait unconcernedly until their old friends reappear above the present turmoil."

The Council of People's Commissaries, according to an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Petrograd dated Sunday, has declared a two months' moratorium from the day of the beginning of the recent revolt.

A decree issued by the council creates a special State Education Commission to replace the Ministry of Education. All schools are placed under the control of the municipalities.

The Petrograd authorities yesterday published a long list of employes of the Ministry of Finance who have been declared dismissed for failure to resume their posts. They include M. Shipoff, manager of the State Bank, which is still under control nominally of the old authority.

Efforts to force a resumption of work under a Commissioner failed. The final effort was made Saturday, when it was demanded that the employes of the bank and Ministry should line up for or against the Bolshevist Government. They all walked out.

MORE SECRET DOCUMENTS.

Show Germany Sought a Separate Peace with Russia and Japan.

PETROGRAD, Sunday, Nov. 25.—The Bolshevik Government continued today the publication of secret documents of the old Government. Among the documents printed today was a telegram from Sergius Sazonoff, former Foreign Minister, to the allied countries dealing with the efforts of Germany to make peace between Germany, Russia, and Japan through the German Embassy at Stockholm.

In reply to Germany, M. Sazonoff is quoted as having said that he advised the Japanese Ambassador that Russia was willing to listen to a peace proposal, provided the proposal was made to Russia, Great Britain, France, and Japan, in which event he would notify Italy, which then was not in the alliance.

Another telegram, sent by the Russian Ambassador at Rome Oct. 31, 1917, told of a desire of the Italians to have Russia make an attack on or a demonstration against the Austro-Germans to relieve the pressure on Italy.

WANTS FINLAND RESCUED.

Stockholm Paper Advises Swedish or Joint Scandinavian Intervention.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—An Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Copenhagen quotes the Stockholm Aftenbladet as advising Swedish or joint Scandinavian interference for the salvation of Finland, for humanitarian, rather than political reasons.

The Aftenbladet says Sweden has sufficient means to carry out intervention in the interest of culture and humanity and for the protection of Swedes and of Swedish property in Finland.

TROTZKY PRESENTS DEMAND ON BRITAIN

Calls for Release of "Heroes of Revolution" Under Arrest in England.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—A Reuter dispatch from Petrograd says that Leon Trotzky, Bolshevist Foreign Minister, has written to Sir George W. Buchanan, the British Ambassador, demanding the release of two Russian citizens—Chichirin and Petroff—under arrest in England, characterizing them as "stainless and self-sacrificing men of high ideals." He demands also the release of others under arrest.

Trotzky alleges that many Englishmen living in Russia are openly engaged in political activities with the counter-revolutionary Russian bourgeoisie, and adds:

"The revolutionary democracy cannot accept the position that worthy heroes of the Russian revolution languish in concentration camps in England while counter-revolutionary British citizens suffer no restraint in Russian revolutionary territory."

DEPLORES TATIANA STORY.

Russian Relief Association's Head Calls It Most Unfortunate.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—In behalf of the Russian Civilian Relief Association, C. C. Calhoun, President of the organization, today disclaimed all responsibility for the published story that Tatiana Nicolaevna Romanoff, a daughter of the deposed Czar of Russia, had escaped from Siberia and would sing, dance, and write in this country for the benefit of the society.

The society, organized to gather funds for the relief of the civilian population in Russia, Mr. Calhoun declared, aimed to conduct its propaganda in a dignified manner, and he considered such an appearance of the former Grand Duchess as most improbable and publication of such a story as most unfortunate.

The story of her escape through a mock marriage, accredited to Ivan Narodny, one of the members of the New York office of the society, now is regarded by most Russians in the United States and many others as somebody's idea of a practical joke.

CHECK AUSTRIANS IN ALBANIA.

Italians Rout Assaults That Gained Initial Success.

ROME, Nov. 27.—Austrian troops made another attack on the Italian lines in Albania on Sunday, in which they scored an initial success, the War Office announced today. Regulars came to the assistance of the Albanian bands that had been driven back in the region southeast of Berat, and the Austrians were forced to retreat with heavy casualties.

The text of the statement follows:

In Albania on Sunday night the enemy forced a passage of the Osum River between Cipan and Kobkara, southeast of Berat, attacking our Albanian bands there. The prompt intervention of regular troops drove the enemy back with the infliction of heavy losses upon him.

PREMIERS GATHER FOR PARIS COUNCIL

Continued from Page 1.

Clemenceau will confer with Mr. Lloyd George tomorrow morning.

Premier Venizelos of Greece also arrived tonight. Admiral Sims is also here.

Baron Sonnino, the Italian Foreign Minister, came this morning. The Italian Premier, Vittorio Orlando, Minister of the Treasury Francisco Nitti, Minister of Munitions Alfredo Dallolio, Minister of Transport Bianchi, and Aviation Commissioner Chiosa left Rome for Paris last night.

General Bliss and Admiral Benson, each accompanied by two members of his staff, motored to French Army Headquarters today. They were the guests at luncheon of General Pétain, the French Commander in Chief. Marquis de Chambrun, who was a member of the French mission to the United States, went with the party.

Colonel House and the other members of the American mission to the conference spent the day in conferences here.

Captain André Tardieu, High Commissioner to the United States; Etienne Clementel, Minister of Commerce, and Albert Thomas, former Minister of Munitions, called on Colonel House at his headquarters this afternoon. In the evening Colonel House was a dinner guest of William Graves Sharp, the American Ambassador.

ITALIANS SHATTER BRENTA ATTACK

Continued from Page 1.

another visit to the invaded region, going to the coast cities of Grado and Monfalcone.

ITALIAN LOSSES ARE HEAVY.

Outnumbered 4 or 5 to 1, Mountain Troops Are Fighting Heroically.

ITALIAN ARMY HEADQUARTERS IN NORTHERN ITALY, Nov. 26, (Delayed.) (Associated Press.)—In the course of a trip of 100 miles today through the fighting zone in the north, The Associated Press correspondent met the Major General in command of the most exposed front between the Brenta and Piave Rivers, where the pressure has been greatest and the losses heaviest, and obtained from him details of the situation. As the General spoke a heavy cannonading resounded through his field headquarters, and he looked out upon a great stretch of the Brenta Valley, where the enemy was concentrating his forces in an effort to break through to Bassano and the Venetian Plains.

Staff officers and orderlies were arriving with reports from all vital points and hurrying off with orders for the manoeuvring of troops. It was a stirring scene, but the General paused long enough to give a good general idea of the situation, and details of the condition of the troops and the splendid fight they were making against heavy odds.

He estimated these odds at four or five to one; but even against such odds, he said, his men were fighting with a power of resistance, courage, and dash beyond all praise. Attacks were almost continuous at one point or another, but the Italians were always ready to respond, and had not only repulsed attacks, but driven the enemy back after a series of heroic charges.

The General summed up the physical conditions of the battle ground which made the struggle particularly trying to the troops. First, he said, there was that terrible strain and natural fatigue accompanying nights and days of ceaseless fighting with the relentless foe. Then there was the extreme cold, with the temperature at nights at about 14 degrees above zero, Fahrenheit. This extreme cold was made worse, he said, because the men were without any kind of shelter, everything having been swept away by the terrific artillery action, and the constant shifting of position.

There were no trenches or dugouts, and there was no water from natural sources, such as soldiers should have when going through such an ordeal. The troops were on the barren foothills, covered with rocks and stones; this ground was without habitation and the slightest natural facilities usually required by fighting troops.

After summing up the physical hardships, the General added that there was the still more serious condition of many commands being with very few officers, as the continuous fighting had told terribly on officers. As fast as officers were suddenly called upon to lead forces far exceeding those they had been accustomed to command, and sub-officers as well as junior officers were directing superior commands in many instances, the General said that there had been fearful losses among the troops, which required a constant re-forming of companies, regiments, brigades, and divisions. But, with all these terrible conditions, the spirit of the men was unabated in the determination to hold at any cost.

The rumble of heavy artillery fire continued throughout the General's talk, while through a dense mist over the valley was seen a faint outline of the rising hills where one attack was following another in this fateful battle.

Enemy's Losses Enormous.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, Nov. 26, (Delayed.)—It is now a month since the Austro-German offensive started, and more than a fortnight since the Italians checked the enemy on the Piave line. The whole campaign is made up of episodes of heroism too numerous to be catalogued. The battle still rages in the mountain region. One brigade fought for eight days together, stopping neither day nor night—all this in terrible cold, ten degrees below the freezing point, in a region covered with snow, where the soldiers are compelled to remain for a long time motionless, lest they be discovered against the whiteness of the snow, before they pounce in surprise attacks upon the enemy.

The Alpini and Bersaglieri who defend the strongholds on the Asiago Plateau are troops taken from the Carnia and Cadore fronts, where they have passed their lives in the mountains. They dig trenches in the solid rock during the battle, build shelters for the wounded, hide machine guns under ground and suffer hardships which are aggravated by the Winter season. A battalion of Alpini which were attacked by great enemy masses near Meletta di Gallio lost two-thirds of its effectives without yielding an inch of ground.

The enemy's losses are enormous. Three divisions on a front of ten miles, between San Marino and Fener, have been withdrawn because they were decimated.

One group of Alpini, fighting against Prussian jägers, seeing one of their officers wounded by an explosive bullet, flung themselves furiously against the enemy, charging with the bayonet. The Germans tried to escape, but got entangled in barbed wire, where they were all caught and killed with the exception of one who fled crying: "I am an Alsatian!"

One of the Alpini after the battle remarked with satisfaction: "I have discovered that the Prussians are made of flesh and blood, like us."

Another division of Alpini charged over unprotected ground against opponents who were the best troops the Austro-Germans could muster, having been fighting in the Vosges, and drove them from their higher positions.

The sacrifices which they are undergoing have not for an instant shaken the determination of the Italian soldiers, who understand the momentous character of this mounting fighting.

Teutons Used Up Six Divisions.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—Semi-official advices from Rome received today indicated that the Italian Army had withstood successfully all attempts of the Austro-German forces to break the solidarity of the Italian line along the lower Piave and in the mountain sectors. According to this dispatch, the Italians have vigorously resisted and repulsed the enemy attacks and inflicted severe losses upon the invaders.

"Some enemy outposts," it says, "in the confusion of the struggle, fought among themselves. So the 31st Landsturm, during an action near Monte Fior, fought from the evening until dawn against other Austro-German troops, which were decimated.

"From the Asiago Plateau to the Piave the enemy has suffered appalling losses without gaining any advantage. Between the Piave and the Brenta the enemy has already worn out six divisions."

FORMER GERMAN LINER SUNK BY A U-BOAT

The Actaeon, Flying American Flag, Is Destroyed in Mediterranean—Many of Crew Missing.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—The American steamship Actaeon was torpedoed on Sunday, a dispatch from Corunna, Spain, reports. Twenty-one survivors have arrived at Port Camarinas. Three boats with the remainder of the crew are missing.

The crew of the American steamship Actaeon was composed of fifty-eight men, including twenty-six American citizens and five naturalized Americans. The vessel also is believed to have had on board a crew of United States naval gunners, inasmuch as the vessel was controlled by the United States Shipping Board.

Formerly the German steamship Adamsturm, of 3,600 tons, the Actaeon left New York early in October, carrying Government supplies for Bordeaux. It is believed she was on the return voyage when she sunk. She was commanded by W. J. Johnson. The vessel was built in Germany in 1909, and was seized by this Government after war was declared.

The American citizens on board were C. H. Hurley, second mate, Gardner, Mass.; A. E. Bradley, third mate, 636 West 172d Street, New York City; G. A. Jensen of Ferndale, Cal., and J. A. Atkins, Hood, Cal., wireless operators; Louis R. Carson, cadet officer, Los Angeles; H. B. Smith, boatswain, Baltimore; Peter Sullivan, seaman, Fall River, Mass.; F. B. Atwood, seaman, Nantucket, Mass.; H. Wotton, seaman, St. Paul, Minn.; L. F. Wildey, second assistant engineer, Woodycrest, N. Y.; James R. Healey, third assistant engineer, New Orleans; B. Ford, cadet engineer, Algiers, La.; J. Moriarty, oiler, Asbury Park, N. J.; R. L. Marsden, coal passer, Philadelphia; W. B. Crada, coal passer, Bellhaven, N. J.; F. Roiman, second cook, 496 East 162d Street, New York City; John O'Connell, messman, Lowell, Mass.; J. McCaffrey, messman, Haverhill, Mass.; E. C. Wallace, messman, Philadelphia; Henry Falon, deck boy, Steubenville, Ohio; Thomas R. Correro, seaman, no address, born in California; W. M. Gilvey, cadet engineer, home in England; J. H. Jennings, oiler, no address, born in Massachusetts; Arthur J. Lyon, coal passer, Bristol, Conn.; Benjamin Paul, seaman, Philadelphia.

NOTED AMERICAN FLIER KILLED BY A HORSE

Paul Pavelka of Foreign Legion and Lafayette Squadron Dies Near Monastir.

PARIS, Nov. 27.—Advices have been received here from Saloniki to the effect that Sergeant Paul Pavelka of the French Flying Squadron was killed recently by being thrown from a horse near Monastir. He was buried at Saloniki.

Pavelka was the first American fighter killed on the Macedonian front. His home was Madison, Conn. He enlisted in the Foreign Legion at the outbreak of the war but was transferred to the aviation branch in November, 1915. He served with the Lafayette Squadron before Verdun and in the Somme battle and later volunteered for service at Saloniki, where he was decorated with the War Cross for his bombing and fighting exploits.

Guaranty Trust Company of New York

140 Broadway

LONDON OFFICE 32 Lombard St., E.C. | FIFTH AVE. OFFICE 580 Fifth Ave. & 43rd St. | PARIS OFFICE Rue des Italiens, 1&3

Condensed Statement, November 14, 1917

RESOURCES

Real Estate		$2,954,867 11
Bonds and Mortgages		1,653,400 00
U. S. Government Certificates of Indebtedness		80,488,709 50
Liberty Bonds		18,439,640 00
Public Securities		29,159,646 94
Other Securities		67,623,769 76
Loans and Bills Purchased		287,228,937 18
Cash—on Hand and in Banks		60,653,691 72
Exchanges for Clearing House		11,909,223 30
Foreign Exchange		90,090,632 03
Credits Granted on Domestic and Foreign Acceptances		48,959,689 45
Accrued Interest and Accounts Receivable		1,956,749 38
		$701,118,976 37

LIABILITIES

Capital		$25,000,000 00
Surplus Fund—required by law $5,000,000		
Additional Surplus—net required by law	20,000,000	25,000,000 00
Undivided Profits		1,125,432 11
Accrued Dividend		625,000 00
Outstanding Treasurer's Checks		11,154,060 28
Accrued Interest Payable		3,502,563 95
Reserve for Taxes and Expenses		810,015 68
Foreign Accounts		5,744,478 11
Domestic and Foreign Acceptances		48,959,689 45
Notes and Bills Rediscounted with Federal Reserve Bank		17,842,456 22
Bills Payable with Federal Reserve Bank		49,000,000 00
Deposits		512,355,280 57
		$701,118,976 37

Deposits December 31, 1915	$418,549,861
Deposits November 29, 1916	458,893,942
Deposits November 14, 1917	512,355,280

THE FIFTH AVENUE BUILDING

Broadway and Fifth Avenue at Madison Square.

TO walk through the corridors of the Fifth Avenue Building, and glance at the names on the doors, is like turning over the advertising pages of a modern magazine.

Rental information on request.

MANY OF OUR SAILORS WON BRIDES IN IRELAND

Nearly a Hundred Said to Have Married Since the Flotillas Went Abroad.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

IN THE NEIGHBORHOOD OF AN AMERICAN NAVAL BASE, Nov. 27.—Although I have no exact figures, I am told that the number of marriages among American sailors since their arrival here in very great and that in the flotillas stationed in Ireland the marriages now number nearly a hundred since they first made their headquarters here, about six months ago.

The Irish girls and the men of the American fleet get on very well together, and the smiling blue eyes of the Irish colleens captivate the strangers. A large percentage of the American sailors are Irishmen, and they have married girls whom they knew before they went to the United States.

Uncle Sam is looking well after his sailor men and an ordinary day's menu on an American ship is good enough for a first-class hotel. When the fleet arrived here first, whole herds of cattle were bought up for their use and killed as required, but now the meat is brought direct from the United States. Of all the forces fighting in the world war the Americans are the best fed.

WOODS TELLS SECRET OF STEAMSHIP FIRES

Commissioner Says White Liquid Timed to Burst Into Flame Was the Cause.

BOSTON, Nov. 27.—An innocent-looking white liquid, timed to burst into flame by the strength or weakness of the solution, has been the source of fires with which American shipping has been menaced ever since the war began, according to Arthur Woods, Police Commissioner of New York, who delivered an address here tonight. The chemical, Mr. Woods said, was the cause of ruinous fires aboard sugar ships at sea some months ago.

"For a long time," he said, "we couldn't find out how the inflammable material which caused these fires was put aboard ship. But we think we have it now—at least, no more ships are being burned."

STIRS ZEAL FOR COLONIES.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Nov. 27.—Germany is trying to educate its people on the subject of colonies. With this end in view the Duke of Mecklenburg has just formed a new committee, with headquarters in Dresden, with the idea of awakening more enthusiasm for colonial politics.

The committee is to form a traveling exhibition of colonial products, to be sent all over Germany.

"DENICOBAC"

Non-Injurious Cigars

Delicious, aromatic, mild cigars, scientifically denicotinized; highly recommended, from $6 to $25 per 100. The American Vecuntie Co., Dept. C. 486 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn. Tel. 1291 Main. Prospectus on Denicobac cigars free. Trial boxes sold of 25 cigars.

Weather Forecast: Frost On The Panes, Steam On The Pudding, OVERCOATS!

LOOKS like a snowed-in-on-the-farm, sing-the-old-songs, gather-round-the-fire-messmates sort of Thanksgiving, with, maybe, a flash of Blue or Khaki to temper gayety with reality.

Splendid, shaggy, all-enveloping Overcoats of *pure wool* that you can bury yourself in clear up to ears and eye-brows.

Dozens of other style-models from Stein-Bloch at $25 to $65.

JOHN DAVID

STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES

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We prefer competition on a specification basis, as it is profitable to the buyer and ourselves.

We will assist you in obtaining bids.

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running a hardware store

Hibbard, Spencer, Bartlett & Company of Chicago sell hardware wholesale to an immense number of stores. The company has systematically distributed among these, at its own expense, reprints of SYSTEM'S figures on safe expense for rent, salaries, delivery, heat and other retailing items. Mr. Macomber, the credit manager, says these reprints have benefited the hardware trade generally. In addition his company uses them constantly to educate storekeepers who fall behind in payments.

SYSTEM, the Magazine of Business, is not academic. It gets right down into the dust and heat of trade. It is an institution like the corner bank—familiar, indispensable, trusted.

Advertising in SYSTEM assures a respectful hearing

MARTIAL LAW RULES CITY'S WATERFRONT

First Detachment of Soldiers Ordered to Take Up Patrol Duty at Atlantic Piers.

MORE WILL FOLLOW SOON

Barbed-Wire Fences Will Be Erected at Barred Zones Today, and No Enemy Alien May Pass.

Coast artillerymen drawn from the fortifications in and near New York City, under command of Captain W. A. Heath, U. S. A., have been ordered to guard great Atlantic piers which are included in what is known as the Chelsea Docks, south of Twenty-third Street, and the Southern Pacific piers, in the Christopher Street section of the North River river front. These are the first Federal troops assigned to duty on the New York waterfront. Barbed-wire fences will be erected in front of these piers this morning, and from now on no person will be permitted in the reservation who fails to prove he has business there and is a loyal citizen or a friendly alien.

The artillerymen will probably go on duty today or tonight, the patrol beats in West Street being about ten feet beyond the pier entrances. Other piers will be taken over as speedily as possible, and soon every pier in the waterfront zone will be in charge of the army.

It is probable that troops will be ordered to duty today at the more important points, such as the Bush Terminal reservation, the India Wharves section, and certain of the South American docks in Brooklyn.

The decision to place barbed-wire fences in front of the more important piers was arrived at yesterday afternoon at a conference attended by Brig. Gen. Eli Hoyle, commanding the Eastern Department, on Governors Island; Chief Inspector James E. Dillon of the Police Department, Dock Commissioner R. A. C. Smith, United States Marshal Thomas D. McCarthy, Assistant United States District Attorney John C. Knox, and representatives of the various transatlantic lines. Following this conference it was stated that, in addition to the soldiers who will be in charge outside the piers, police will continue on duty at the entrances.

In addition to the registration of all enemy aliens, resident in New York, which will probably begin the latter part of this week, it has been decided to make a census of all persons living in or doing business within the limits of the 100-yard zone. The taking of this census will probably begin within twenty-four hours and when it is completed the guard commanders will be given the names of all persons entitled to reside or do business in their section of the zone. All these persons will get identification cards which they must show on entering the zone.

Marshal McCarthy delivered to the police last night several thousand placards, to be posted on all buildings in the barred zones and at the foot of all crosstown streets at a point 100 yards from the waterfront. These cards are printed in English and German, and will be put in place today.

"All Germans, if they heed my advice," said Marshal McCarthy, "will strictly live up to the warning on the placards. When a German arrives at a point opposite one of these placards he had better execute an about face, for if he keeps on going it means his arrest and internment. The soldier guards will be on duty just outside the barbed wire, which will be stretched about twenty yards from the street car tracks, on the river side. It should be made plain that the Government intends to be absolutely just in this matter. The orders cannot possibly be misunderstood by any person who reads them."

As soon as the waterfront guard situation is cleared up the Federal authorities will arrange for the registration of enemy aliens throughout the city. The registration will probably be handled by the police, and will mean the grouping of enemy aliens by police precincts and the reporting by them at stipulated periods to the Police Captains.

Several hundred German subjects visited the Federal Building yesterday to find out what was the last day of grace, so far as the order to move out of the waterfront zones is concerned. They were informed that the orders were to move immediately, and that the period during which they are expected to get out of the zone ends at 8 o'clock tomorrow morning. A delegation from the Gansevoort Market section called on the Marshal to plead for several Germans employed within the barred zone at that point.

"Who are these Germans!" the Marshal asked.

"They are Gansevoort Market butchers and we can't get along without them," the spokesman said.

"Well, if they are in the zone you will have to get along without them, and I hereby order you to direct them to move at once," replied the Marshal.

Another man, head of the company which does the largest business in hops in the United States, pleaded for several German employes. He finally gave in and said that he would move his business out of the zone. "I can't do business without those Teutons," he added.

Another request came from a woman who owns a restaurant on West Street and who employs a German cook. She said that her kitchen is exactly 264 feet from the pier, that the German cook enters the building from the rear, and that he could not see out of any door or window, and that she had a chalk line drawn on the floor beyond which he had been instructed not to pass. For him she asked special consideration, but was told that the rule could not be altered to suit her cook, and that if he went within 100 yards of any pier he would be arrested and interned.

So rigid have become the regulations that persons wishing to use public telephones within the restricted area are forbidden to enter unless they display identification cards, and the telephones on piers are forbidden to all who are not personally known to the watchmen on duty.

Special inspectors and guards provided by the owners and lessees of piers were on duty on all piers in Brooklyn and Staten Island yesterday and will be continued until they are replaced by troops. In addition a policeman is assigned to duty on all of the more important piers. Inspectors and guards are also on duty on piers north of Seventy-second Street in the North River, and at certain of the piers in Yonkers. The same is true of all piers on the New Jersey shore.

TRIPLEX GLASS FOR WAR.

British Patents Acquired for Its Manufacture in This Country.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—A group of New York financiers has acquired the patent rights for manufacturing a triplex safety glass for war purposes, including its use in automobile wind screens, ships port-lights, chart table tops, bridge screens, aviation goggles, airplane wind screens and observation panels.

W. J. Finlay, a member of the syndicate, who is at present in London, says that a factory is in course of construction in America for the manufacture of this glass, and that it will soon be in operation.

RECORD MEAT ORDER GIVEN.

Largest in World's History Placed with Packers in Chicago.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Nov. 27.—A group of about fifteen packers sat around a table in the food administration offices today. At its head was Joseph P. Cotton, Chief of the Government Meat Division. Before him was a long list specifying the meat needs of the Allies, the Red Cross, and the Belgian relief organizations. For about two hours the group conferred, and when the session broke up the greatest meat order in the history of the world had been placed.

A large order, covering meat for the American Army, failed to arrive in time and will be divided later. The greater part of the meat will go forward early next year. Cured meats and lard make up no inconsiderable portion of the total.

Danes Cut U-Boat Insurance.

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 27.—The Danish War Insurance Company has lowered its premium on cargoes between England and Denmark from 9 to 7 per cent.

FOOD BOARD NAMED TO EXPEDITE WORK

New Plan Worked Out by Hoover to Prevent Confusion in New York State.

MITCHELL NAMED CHAIRMAN

National Administrator Will Define Policies of the Body and Superintend Price Fixing.

In order to prevent further duplication of work and confusion between the State Food Commission, of which John Mitchell is the Chairman, and Arthur Williams, City Food Administrator of the National Food Administration, a Federal Food Board for New York State was created yesterday. The plan was worked out by Herbert C. Hoover, National Food Administrator. It was brought from Washington by his personal representative, F. C. Walcott, and accepted at a joint meeting of State and city food administrators.

The new Federal Food Board consists of five members, as follows: John Mitchell, Chairman; Dr. Jacob Gould Schurman, and Charles A. Wieting, State Food Commissioners; Arthur Williams, City Food Administrator, and Charles E. Treman of Utica, Food Administrator for the State outside of New York City. Mr. Treman is a banker and a Trustee of Cornell University. He was Superintendent of Public Works under Governor Dix.

The agreement signed by the members of the new board states specifically that the National Food Administration and not the State will define policies and superintend the carrying out of the food conservation and price-fixing campaign. A statement given out after the meeting reads:

"The Food Administration at Washington must determine the broad national policies, but the administration of these policies must be carried out largely by organizations within the State." John Mitchell called the agreement a happy solution of the problem of conflicting authority.

Under the terms of agreement the general policy to be maintained during the war in food matters will be national and will be directed from Washington. Enforcement of regulations of retail distribution, including milk, will be directed by State authority, and while the Federal Board will have supervision, it will not interfere with the work of the Federal Milk Commission.

While it is recognized that at certain points Federal and State authority overlaps, it is understood that the State Commission possesses much wider authority over retailers, control of public eating places, established markets, of meeting of information, control of transportation, established markets, the stimulation of production, and the purchase and sale of foods by the municipality.

The authority of the Federal Administration extends in the main to interstate transportation and distribution of food through the manufacturers, jobbers, sale and commission men, which can only be administered from Washington. It was decided that the control of transportation and distribution, the regulation of manufacturers, wholesalers, storage and commission men, and enforcement of the law against hoarding, being in a large degree interstate trading, shall be under Federal direction.

State and Federal authorities will cooperate in investigating complaints. For expedition in administration, Mr. Williams is to act as the direct representative of Washington in New York City, and Mr. Treman outside of the city.

The board may be dissolved without notice by the National Food Administration.

Mr. Hoover will be in New York Monday to attend the first meeting of the new board.

While the Federal Board was being formed Henry Moskowitz, City Commissioner of Markets, was conferring with a committee of civic bodies appointed last week to organize a Citizens' Food Council for New York City. This committee will have organizations in all the election districts. Its objects, according to the commissioner, are:

That this Food Council is to act as the co-operating agency for all three commissions, the Federal Food Administration, State Food Commission, and Department of Public Markets.

To act as a Citizens' Food Agency for the three food administrations in connection with complaints. This council will have representatives in all parts of the city who can check up abuses in retail stores, send in complaints to the Commissioner of Markets, check up any complaints which the Commissioner may receive through other channels. The council will also exercise local influence in every part of the city in obtaining the enforcement of regulations.

To act as an organization for the distribution of literature on food matters for the food administrations and to organize meetings in local districts.

To promote wherever possible the co-operative movement, such as the organization of co-operative purchasing through co-operative stores and buying clubs.

To aid in the formulation of such a comprehensive market and food program for the city by the food administrations as will merit the support of public opinion.

To co-ordinate the work of all existing organizations to the end that duplication and overlapping in their respective activities may be eliminated.

The meeting of the Federal Milk Commission was abandoned for the day after the Commissioners had waited more than an hour for the milk producers to appear. Dr. W. H. Jordan, the Chairman, said the Commission would resume the inquiry Monday morning.

Cyrus C. Miller, Fuel Administrator for the Bronx, and Joseph A. Hall, Controller of Peddlers' Supplies, said yesterday that there is not much suffering in the city because of the scarcity of coal. Ninety per cent. of the cases investigated, Mr. Hall said, showed that the complainants have from two to three tons of coal in their cellars and wanted to get more because of a fear that prices might increase.

Mr. Miller said that the Fuel Administrator had obtained 20,000 tons of coal from barges moored in the harbor and of this amount 9,000 tons are going to Manhattan, 7,000 tons to Brooklyn, and 4,000 tons to the Bronx.

Patrick Jones, Superintendent of Supplies of the Board of Education, said that there was coal enough on hand to keep the schools running.

CALLS ON JEWS TO HELP.

Jacob H. Schiff Urges That $5,000,000 Be Raised for War Work.

Jacob H. Schiff, as General Chairman, has issued a circular from 500 Fifth Avenue calling attention to the joint campaign for the Jewish War Sufferers' Fund and the Jewish Board for Welfare Work in the United States Army and Navy, which will continue from Dec. 3 to Dec. 16. It is proposed to raise $5,000,000.

"It was deemed advisable to join these causes," Mr. Schiff says, "rather than have separate campaigns so that there be no waste of time and energy on the part of our splendid corps of workers.

"It is solely from a feeling of duty that in these serious times I must not avoid responsibilities that I have accepted the Chairmanship of the local campaign to obtain funds for both these worthy causes.

"We shall need the combined goodwill and the generosity of New York Jewry to be able to secure the $5,000,000 which we must raise before the end of the campaign.

"Become a soldier in the cause of humanity and start serving today by talking to your Jewish neighbors, to your fellow-workmen, to your business associates, to men with whom you buy and sell. Arouse them to a sense of their Jewish duty and you will have done your no small part in this great work."

The Campaign Committee includes Charles L. Bernheimer, Edward C. Blum, Abram I. Elkus, Lee K. Frankel, Daniel Guggenheim, Justice Irving Lehman, Louis Marshall, Henry Morgenthau, Mortimer L. Schiff, Nathan Straus, Felix M. Warburg, Dr. Stephen S. Wise, Bernard M. Baruch, George Blumenthal, Joseph B. Greenhut, Adolph Lewisohn, James Speyer, Oscar S. Straus, and William J. Wollman.

BRITISH LOSSES FEWER.

Falling Off Despite Cambrai Fight —Week's Total, 30,314.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—British casualties officially reported for the week ending today aggregated 30,314. They were divided as follows:

Killed or Died of Wounds—Officers, 269; men, 5,947; total, 6,216.

Wounded or Missing—Officers, 896; men, 23,202; total, 24,098.

NEW WAR COUNCIL TO UNIFY OUR WORK

Closer Co-ordination on Food, Fuel, Finance, and Shipping Provided in Washington.

SIX OF CABINET INCLUDED

Hoover Board Creates a Division for Buying for Army, Navy, and Other Nations.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—President Wilson's advocacy of an Inter-Allied War Council to develop greater unity of action and co-ordination of the war energies of the United States in association with the Entente Powers has been followed by steps to unify the American end of the war machinery.

The Council of National Defense today announced a new and larger "co-ordinating body," which will include six members of the Cabinet—Messrs. Baker, Daniels, Lane, Houston, Redfield, and W. B. Wilson. Finance, shipping, food, and fuel, which are vital factors in the war proposition, are not fully represented in the Council of National Defense. These four lines of attack upon the war problems have been incorporated into the new body. The Defense Council issued the following explanatory statement:

"At a special meeting of the Council of National Defense this morning, action was taken to bring about a closer co-ordination of the war-making activities of the Government. It was determined to hold a joint weekly conference of the Council of National Defense, Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo, Chairman Hurley of the Shipping Board, Food Administrator Hoover, Fuel Administrator Garfield, and Chairman Willard, of the War Industries Board of the council. Director Gifford of the council will be present at these meetings as heretofore.

"Since the Council of National Defense, composed of Secretary of War Baker, Secretary of the Navy Daniels, Secretary of the Interior Lane, Secretary of Agriculture Houston, Secretary of Commerce Redfield, and Secretary of Labor Wilson, represents the military aims of the Government, as well as those Federal executive departments dealing most directly with the vital resources of the nation, this larger co-ordinating body will work toward unification of the machinery necessary in the prosecution of the war."

A preliminary conference of the new "council" was held today. It is understood that President Wilson will attend some of the sessions. A Cabinet member of the Council of National Defense said tonight that the creation of the new body was considered in Administration circles as a step of the highest importance. It was expected to bring about not only unification and co-ordination, but prevent duplication and produce better team work all along the line. It was pointed out, for example, that as national coal administrator, Dr. Garfield might think that coal should be supplied to certain industries on the theory that they were essential, when members of the War Trade Board might think other industries more essential.

The Food Administration announced tonight that it had completed the co-ordination of purchases for the army, navy, and allied and neutral countries, in food staples, embracing grains, flour, meat products, and canned goods. The purchases have been put under control of a division of co-ordination of purchases.

"The necessity for such an organization," says the administration announcement, "grows out of the Governmental consolidation all over the world of buying of certain commodities into such large orders as to extend beyond the ability of any one manufacturer to supply, and the failure to co-ordinate which may effect price level and supplies to the civil population.

"The army and navy supplies of such commodities are handled by a Inter-Department Committee representing the army, navy, Food Administration and Federal Trade Commission. The allied supplies are handled by the various allied purchasing agencies co-ordinating through the Food Administration, which in this case acts under a delegation of powers, set up by contracts between the United States Treasury and the various allies. The co-ordination of neutral buying is obtained through the conditions laid down in export licenses by the War Trade Board."

ADVERTISEMENT.

Get some Bell-ans from your druggist today and don't let any discomfort or distress spoil the pleasure of your Thanksgiving Dinner.

6 BELL-ANS
Hot Water
Quick Relief

BELL-ANS
FOR INDIGESTION
Contains no harmful or deleterious substance.

7 ARTILLERYMEN LOST, PERSHING REPORTS

Two Killed and Five Severely Wounded in an Action on Nov. 20.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—General Pershing late this afternoon notified the War Department that two more American soldiers had been killed in action and that five others, two of them Sergeants, had been severely wounded in the same action. All were members of a field artillery unit, but the identity of this unit is withheld by the War Department in accordance with its policy.

The official announcement says:

The War Department has received a report from the commanding General of the American expeditionary forces of the following casualties:

Action, Nov. 20.

KILLED.

Private Harry L. Miller, Field Artillery; emergency address, Mrs. L. Copeland, 1,603 Centre Street, Baker, Ore.

Private Charles Rissmiller, Field Artillery; emergency address, Mrs. Clara Rissmiller, (mother,) 1,371 Moss Street, Reading, Penn.

SEVERELY WOUNDED.

Sergeant Julian M. Peek, Field Artillery; emergency address, Z. B. Peek, Hartwell, Ga.

Sergeant Andrew Engstrom, Field Artillery; emergency address, Mrs. O. Engstrom, (wife,) Fort Sill, Okla.

Private Harry C. Watkins, Field Artillery; emergency address, Mrs. Fannie B. Watkins, (mother,) North Bend, Ore.

Private Oscar F. Jones, Field Artillery; emergency address, Mrs. Maria Jones, (mother,) Lucas, Ohio.

Private Joseph Leavitt, Field Artillery; emergency address, Roy Woodside, (friend,) Mount Holly, N. J.

General Pershing today reported two deaths due to pneumonia complicated with other diseases. They were:

Private William J. Logan, Engineers; sister, Rosie Windham, Atkins, S. C. Died Nov. 21.

Private Harry J. Morrison, Headquarters Troop; mother, Mrs. Minerva Morrison, Punxsutawney, Penn. Died Nov. 22.

Private Raymond H. Runner, attached to the Provisional Aero Squadron of the Signal Corps, died Nov. 24 from injuries received in the accidental fall of an airplane, the War Department was advised today by General Pershing. No details were given. The private's mother, Mrs. Mary Runner, lives at 2,020 North Gale Street, Indianapolis.

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Without sound business judgment you cannot accumulate property for your heirs. Doesn't the estate so accumulated deserve sound business judgment in its administration?

We shall be glad to write you in detail just *how* we settle estates.

IN FINANCIAL DISTRICT 60 Broadway
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IN THE BRONX 148th St. & Third Ave.

Member Federal Reserve System

You don't have to wait for

FRANKLIN SIMON OFFICERS'

Military Requisites

They are waiting for you!

THE Franklin Simon assortments of military requisites comprehend everything the American soldier wants—including the military requisite of being ready for immediate service. No waiting. Our stocks are liberal enough to ensure your getting what you want when you want it.

O. D. Viyella Flannel Shirts	6.50 and 6.75
Flannel Army Shirts	4.00
Regulation Army Sweaters	7.50
O.D. Wool Sleeveless Sweaters	7.50
O.D. Jersey Sleeveless Sweaters	4.00
O.D. Army Blankets	6.50 and 14.00
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FIFTH AVENUE

DANCE NOT IN HEART, MRS. DESAULLES SAYS

Continued from Page 1.

yawned rather noisily during the cross-examination.

District Attorney Weeks turned about and gazed at the juror angrily for a second, but said nothing. When he turned back to Mrs. De Saulles, she said:

"Any one would be tired."

"You mean that I am tiresome?" asked District Attorney Weeks.

"Yes."

"Do you mean that you did not expect me to question you?"

"No, I knew that you would."

"Did you mean to be disrespectful?"

"No."

District Attorney Weeks, although he did not leave any question unasked, was polite and pleasant to the witness. He never raised his voice. He never spoke sarcastically, though he occasionally let a note of incredulity into his questions, especially when he was interrogating Mrs. De Saulles about the period between the time she shot her husband on the night of Aug. 3 and Aug. 13. Her memory, she insisted, was an absolute blank for that time.

One of the letters which the prosecution made a good deal of was written by her on the steamer Calamares in the Summer of 1915, after she had left this country for Chile, following her break with her husband. In it she said:

Dear Jack: Just before leaving I want to tell you that I am really sorry for having made you so unhappy, and I want you to please forgive me, and realize that if I hurt you it was always unconsciously. I know, though, that no excuse makes it any better; a hurt is a hurt.

But I want you to know that I have always been fond of you and admired you as a man among men, and nothing will ever change that. That I was not able to make a good wife will ever be a regret to me and a source of reproach. Circumstances and people change so much that who knows that some day, if you wanted still, we might be happy. However, I feel as though you do not like me, and will never want to see me again, and, though I justly deserve it, it does hurt, because, as I say, I am very fond of you and shall always be tremendously interested in all your doings, and hope from the bottom of my heart that you will find the happiness which is your due. As long as I have Toodie I shall make a good mother to him, and make him look forward to the time he will see you again. BLANQUITA.

Always Taking the Blame.

Mrs. De Saulles was asked what she meant by saying that she had not been a good wife. She said:

"I was always taking the blame for everything."

She was asked if she meant that she admired him as a man among men.

"It was flattery," she said.

"Do you mean that it was not sincere?"

"In a way it was."

In another letter, written by her after her arrival in Chile, which was introduced by the prosecution to show that she still thought much of De Saulles, in spite of what she had told of suffering at his hands, the young woman sent snapshot pictures of the child to De Saulles and told how well he was. She suggested in this letter, in the Summer of 1915, that the boy often said he wished he could be with his father at the Yale Club. In this letter she asked that the boy should be "inscribed" for school, and he later was registered as a student at an exclusive boys' school at Groton, Conn.

She was questioned at length regarding one of her earlier letters from London on June 29, 1914, in which she addressed her husband as "Dearest, Darling Dinky," and said:

You have no idea how I enjoyed your perfectly wonderful letters. One of them specially has made me so glad that I look forward immensely to returning to my home which is you, Dinky, you need not be afraid that I shall regret having married you. On the contrary, the more I go out and the more men I meet, the greater is my thankfulness that I belong to you, Dinky. I know I'm horribly selfish to be off by myself having a good time, and to have taken Toodle away from you, but you will forgive me, won't you, and think that I'm very young, and that all my friends in New York were so old, the youngest being dear old Louise, who was a woman of 30 when your wife was only 19. Here I have been mostly with girls and boys of my own age, people to whom life is still a rosy dream, and not so painfully real and earnest as it becomes to those who have passed their first youth.

The Joy of Living.

I am playing in the sunshine, forgetful of everything save the joy of living. I feel so young and cheerful, and I have such a wonderful feeling in my heart, that at the slightest sign of weariness, or should any clouds disturb my sunshine, I have you to go back to and your strong arms to hold me. Oh, Dinky, it will be such a wonderful homecoming for me, and I'm so glad I came away, because I've learned to appreciate you and your goodness. I shall be so glad to settle down in our little home, and won't we be happy in it! Dinky, it will be too wonderful!

You wrote an awfully sweet letter to Auntie, but it has upset me frightfully to think you are worried about me—don't you trust me any more? You seem to be afraid suddenly that some one will run away with me, Jack. If you don't believe me loyal, at least give me the credit of having a very good head on my shoulders, and a good insight into characters. I am exceedingly careful as to whose invitations I accept and whose I refuse, and I always know when I can go out with a man.

By the way, I saw Elsie Janis at the Palace. She is scoring an immense success. You will be glad to hear Ostend appeals to me strongly—the bathing, the Casino, lots of dancing, the races, &c. They still gamble there, but that doesn't make any difference to me. I have vague ambitions to run down to Biarritz for one week. There are crowds of people going that I know, and several people have begged me to go. That would be in August, before going back. I shall try to persuade Billy and Maria to go as chaperons, if I have any money left by that time.

Mooney is over in Ireland for her holiday, which lasts two weeks. She does not come back until the 11th of July. I miss her most frightfully, as she did everything for me. I've got a beastly English trained nurse meantime, which I loathe, she's as fat as that old German thing.

Relieved in Flattery.

"Did you think all those things about your husband—that he was manly and so forth, when you wrote that letter?" she was asked.

"I thought the best way to keep a husband was to flatter him to death."

Mr. Weeks asked that the answer be stricken out.

"Yes, strike it out," said Justice Manning. "Your answer is not very responsive. Do you wish the jury to understand that you were not sincere in those statements?"

"I flattered him in order to hold him."

"But were you sincere?"

"I think I was."

"Were you unhappy when you wrote that letter?"

"I was."

"Were you unhappy at Ostend where you said you were having such a good time."

"I was bored to death."

After she had got home from her second visit to England in 1914, during which the hotel clerk had asked her which Mrs. De Saulles she was and her husband, according to her story, had practically deserted her, she wrote a cheerful letter and insisted yesterday that she was undergoing intense mental suffering at the time. In this she wrote:

New York seemed so bright and cheerful coming up, the streets so lighted, and when I got home to my Toodle boy my heart almost burst with joy. He threw his arms around my neck and hugged me and kissed me till it thrilled me so it almost made me cry. It was the first home-coming I ever really had to my own little home. Dinkie, if you had been there I should have died, my happiness would have been so complete. That God-loved child—he is too wonderful—he called Bombom to go to France to bring daddy home. I said daddy couldn't come back. Then he looked so sad and said: "Poor Toodle." He runs to the door and knocks and says: "Daddy, may I come in?" He talks and talks about everything. He won't leave me for a minute and says: "I love you, my little Bloomom," and kisses me and hugs me. He is too sweet. He looks splendidly, and Louise says he has been happy and well all the time. I know you long to see him.

Even when she wrote this letter, she said she was unhappy, and Mr. Weeks asked:

"In view of these letters, whose expressions are invariably affectionate, when would you say that you were unhappy with your husband; what period does your unhappiness cover?"

"I can't say. Those things came gradually."

First Letter of the New Year.

The following letter from her, written on Jan. 3, 1915, was then read:

My Darling Dink: This is the first letter I write this year, and the first wish is for your welfare and your success. I think of you all the time, and am so anxious to know how you are getting on. You are a lazy Dink—you ought to write to your wife.

New Year's night we went to the first Friday evening dance, and we missed you dreadfully. Maurice was feeling splendidly. He came off the wagon for the occasion. Louise and I had every one at our feet, and we danced till we had none left to stand on. Fowler went with us.

Maurice called for those funny punches that you liked—those Southern things that taste like dirty water and look like diluted milk—and we drank them to your health. I tried to drink mine, but all I could do was to taste it. Charlie came to say good-bye this afternoon; he is going out West again. I am enclosing a letter that I opened thinking it was a bill, the envelope looked so formidable. I am sorry, Jack, gets more wonderful every day, but he needs his daddy very badly, so as to keep him from being a mollycoddle. He is a beautiful fat lazy thing, and he likes to have me pet and love him. Who does he take after? Please write, Dinkie, even if it's a card. Send us cards with soldiers.

Lots and lots of love and many wishes for a wonderful year, from your little wife,
BLANQUITA.

It was this letter that brought out the remark that she did not dance with her heart.

"Did you think at the time when you went to Chile on board the Calamares that your married life was ended?" asked Mr. Weeks.

"I thought it was morally at an end."

"Do you mean that you intended that you would never live together again as man and wife?"

"I thought that if I was leaving him, I wouldn't."

"My duty demands that I ask this question. Is it not a fact that after the birth of your son you did not live with John De Saulles as man and wife?"

"No."

"Did you make that statement to Mrs. Heckscher?"

"I did."

"And it was untrue?"

"She was always trying to pry into my family affairs."

"Did you not tell a woman that you did not care what women De Saulles went with, so long as he left you alone?"

"That is a lie."

Mr. Weeks showed her a letter written by De Saulles to her, and asked her if she remembered it.

"I remember it well," she said.

Thought Letter Rude.

It was read to the jury. This letter, written in 1916, said that he had taken "The Box" for her because he liked the place. In it he wrote:

For the last four years you have refused to live with me as my wife. You have shown me no consideration whatever, and have been disrespectful and rude. In no way have you been playing the game for my sake, that's sure. If you won't play it for Jack's, I don't know what will appeal to you. In entering the new house I am getting for you, you must turn over a new leaf.

"You remember that letter?"

"Yes, very well. I thought it was very rude."

"Since the birth of your boy, were you a real wife to De Saulles."

"Yes."

Mr. Weeks questioned the defendant about her expenditures on clothes, after reading the following letter, the date of which was not fixed:

My Own Dear: It was so nice to hear your voice today. It made me think you were not so far away. Did you have a nice trip? I thought of you all the time and tried to imagine how far you were on your way. You will laugh and think I am telling stories. I am not.

Johnel kept us awake all night. He started in at 1 o'clock. The minute the light was turned on he would stop crying. When turned off he would resume a voice that must have been heard a block away from here. He was purely naughty, and he kept that up until 5 in the morning. Imagine. When the room would be lighted he would start to talk and coo and blow kisses.

I do hope everything will turn out well, my Dadda; you of all people deserve it, you have worked and waited so much. I feel so badly spending so absurdly on clothes when you are denying yourself so many things you like. Never mind, Dadda, I won't do it again, and please forgive me. They were so pretty that I stopped not to think. I feel lost without you. Please come back just as soon as you can. Johnel and I kiss you tenderly.

BLANQUITA.

But She Liked the Clothes.

She said that she felt that she should not have paid so much for the clothes, but that she liked them very much and was spending her own money very largely. It had been shown on the previous day that De Saulles had obtained nearly $40,000 from her in checks out of her estate of $100,000.

Mr. Weeks questioned the young woman closely as to the events of the period after the shooting of her husband. He referred to accounts in the newspapers two days after the shooting in which her life with De Saulles was told in detail almost as full as it has been brought out on this trial. He said:

"Do you remember the story of your life printed in newspapers of Aug. 6?"

"I saw it afterward."

"Did you give Mr. Uterhart the information from which these accounts were written?"

"I do not remember. I think he got it from Mrs. Iglehart and Mrs. Flint."

"Did you read how he said, 'If I don't get a jury to acquit this girl on the story she has told me, I'll hand my certificate to practice law to the Judge'?"

"I don't remember reading that."

Mr. Weeks began to go in great detail into the financial affairs of the De Saulles household, showing how many of the bills De Saulles had paid. After a great many transactions had been gone into particularly, Justice Manning said:

"I don't see the reason for this. The husband is obligated to support the wife."

Mr. Weeks said the testimony was intended to contradict the contention of the defense that Mrs. De Saulles had paid all the bills. To shorten the matter, Justice Manning asked Mrs. De Saulles if her husband had paid part of the household expenses. She said:

"Yes, he did."

"Most of them?"

"No, I think I paid most of them."

Further questions brought from Mrs. De Saulles the information that they had lived in style in their home in East Seventy-eighth Street with three servants, and that her share of the expense in the parts of 1915 and 1916, when she lived there, was about $12,000.

Mr. Weeks questioned her about a ring given to her by August Heckscher, who had been greatly pleased by the work of De Saulles in finding a purchaser for the Manhattan Hotel property. Mr. Weeks asked her if she had not later turned in the ring to Charlton's for $8,000 and purchased a still more expensive ring. She said:

"When I got the divorce I offered the ring back to Mr. Heckscher, and he refused to accept it.

"Then you kept it?"

"Yes."

"And you later turned it in to Charlton's for a still more expensive ring?"

"Yes."

"How much did that one cost?"

"Twenty thousand dollars," Mrs. De Saulles answered.

The Ring for Mother.

The courtroom gasped. Mr. Uterhart said his client had evidently misunderstood the questions. Justice Manning then questioned her and brought out that the ring she had received from Heckscher was worth between $400 and $500; that she had turned it in with other money and property to make up $10,000; that her brother William had added another $10,000; and that they had bought a $20,000 ring for her mother for a birthday present.

Mr. Weeks pursued financial transactions for a while longer and then suddenly asked in a different tone:

"Mrs. De Saulles, when did you first learn that you had killed your husband?"

"When Dr. Wright told me about it in the Mineola Jail."

"Did he tell you that you had shot your husband in the back?"

"Did I?"

"I am asking you."

Mrs. De Saulles said that she did not know it was the fact. She said the doctor had not told her so.

"What part of your husband's body is the last you remember seeing?"

"His eyes."

"Not his back?"

"No."

Mrs. De Saulles was asked who was the first person she saw when she entered "The Box."

"The baby," she said.

"Did you speak to him?"

"I do not remember."

"Did he speak to you?"

"I do not remember."

"You made no effort to run off with him?"

"I do not remember."

"Did your husband come with outstretched hand?"

"I could not possibly say."

Mrs. De Saulles was asked, incident by incident, of the events following the shooting, but each time she answered that she did not remember. Finally the District Attorney said: "Don't you think it is strange that you cannot remember what occurred during those ten days?"

"I think it very strange," she replied.

Mrs. De Saulles could not remember hiring her lawyer, getting bail for her maid, telling the story of her life, or doing any of the innumerable things that occurred in the busy time following the shooting. To her great relief Mrs. De Saulles was finally allowed to leave the stand. The defense then called her son's nurse, Mrs. Ethel Whitesides O'Neill. She said that she remembered, during the second year of the couple's married life, when De Saulles opened a large envelope with a photograph of an actress in it, autographed to him. He handed it to Mrs. De Saulles, she said, with the words:

The Actress's Picture.

"Look, Blanca, at this picture this actress has sent me."

"What right has a woman to send you her picture when she knows you are married?" exclaimed Mrs. De Saulles, according to the nurse. She told how Mrs. De Saulles, when she was in South Bethlehem, Penn., after waiting in vain at the railroad station for her husband, who had promised to come, had been greatly distressed.

"I saw her kneel by the bed where the baby was lying," Mrs. O'Neill said, "place both her hands on its breast, and say: 'Oh, Toodles, father doesn't love us!'"

Mrs. O'Neill said that Mrs. De Saulles was plump and rosy when she first knew her. She was asked if Mrs. De Saulles had changed much when she saw her in the Mineola Jail. She said:

"I did not know her. I walked right past her without recognizing her."

"How had she changed?"

"She was very much paler and thinner."

Miss Isabel Flaherty, a graduate nurse, said she had been with Mrs. De Saulles when the child was born. She was asked as to Mrs. De Saulles's physical condition when she knew her. She said:

"She was in very good physical health."

"How about her coloring?"

"She had color in her cheeks all the time and sometimes her color was high. I considered her extremely pretty."

An affidavit was read from Felipe Cortes telling of the automobile accident in which Mrs. De Saulles had suffered the second fracture of the skull.

Mrs. Maude Cowan, a graduate nurse who attended the baby at the Hotel Gotham after the couple had been divorced, said that she asked for $28 a week but that Mrs. De Saulles insisted on paying $35 a week, saying that the position was one of terrible responsibility." Mrs. Cowan said that when the boy returned from the father, who had the privilege of being with him three hours a day in the afternoon, he was disagreeable, dirty, defiant, usually had his pockets full of candy, and was sometimes sick afterwards. Miss Amalia Ernzuriz, a sister of the defendant, was called as the next witness, but court was adjourned before she reached the stand. The trial will be resumed at 10 o'clock this morning.

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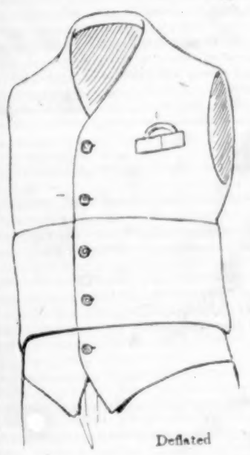

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GARY SEES MONROE DOCTRINE IN EAST!

Japan's Rights in China, He Says, Like Those of United States in Latin America.

JOINT ACTION IS NEEDED

Commission from Tokio Declares China Must Be Saved for Good of the World.

Japan, speaking through her Special Finance Commission to the United States, at a dinner given to its members at the Hotel Plaza last night by American financiers, urged the participation of America in a joint plan for the development of China, with due respect to the terms of the Lansing-Ishii agreement, "for the good of China, of Japan, of American and of the world." The Lansing-Ishii agreement, against which China has filed protest, was defended by spokesmen of both Japanese and American interests. On behalf of the Japanese Mission, Y. Yamashita, General Manager of the Sumitomo Firm of Osaka, said that Japan did not intend the exploitation of China against her wishes, "any more than you here in the United States intend such a thing," but that all that Japan said to China was that she must become prosperous and self-governing.

E. H. Gary, Chairman of the United States Steel Corporation, defended the Lansing-Ishii agreement and declared that, in setting forth that because of the propinquity of position Japan had certain interests in China recognized by the United States, no more was said than was set forth in the Monroe Doctrine as the special interests, because of propinquity, of the United States in the Latin-American countries. Judge Gary said that he considered that China had no just cause for protesting the agreement, and that her action in doing so was based upon a misunderstanding.

"I conceive it to be of the highest importance," said Judge Gary, "that all questions between the United States and China, the United States and Japan, and Japan and China, be settled on a fair and permanent basis. China has filed a note of protest against the Lansing-Ishii agreement, and that has created temporarily a stir in official circles.

"I think the protest was based upon a misunderstanding. Not being a party to it, China was not bound by it, and I believe that her action was not so much a formal protest as a reservation of the right of protest if at any future time she wished to do so. The part of the Lansing-Ishii agreement to which China is said to have taken exception is that part which says that the United States recognizes that, due to propinquity, Japan has certain interests in China. These terms can be no more objectionable than the terms of the Monroe Doctrine as to our interests, because of propinquity, in the Latin-American countries."

Baron Tanetaro Megata, head of the commission, devoted a large part of his address to a discussion of the Chinese problem. He told the American financiers that New York had become the money market of the world, and said:

"I might suggest the possibilities of profitable investment of American capital in China. China, with her huge latent resources, offers a very inviting field for development. The recent exchange of notes between Secretary Lansing and Viscount Ishii makes clear the position of America and Japan toward China, and should put at rest suspicions regarding Japan's attitude toward that nation. I earnestly hope that, when the time seems ripe, plans may be formulated for joint participation of the financial and industrial interests of the United States and Japan in the development of the resources of China. We would rely on your confidence in our honest intention to make such participation a mutual affair, and would invite your capital and your brains to join with ours on a basis of equality and fairness. I cannot help but feel that such joint endeavors would be not only profitable to our two countries, but of the greatest possible good to China. By dealing with her fairly we could be of the utmost assistance to her material prosperity. If China was prosperous industrially and commercially many of her present troubles would disappear."

In outlining the purposes of the mission Baron Megata emphasized the necessity of the establishment in the Far East of more co-operative business enterprises.

"Touching upon this suggestion," he said, "I may say that there are already in Japan a number of successful combinations of American-Japanese capital, technical skill, management, and marketing, conspicuous examples being the General Electric Company with the Tokyo Electric Company, Western Electric Company with the Nippon Electric Company, and the Brady interests of the People's Power and Light Company with the Osaka Gas Company.

"I wish to call attention to the great recent increase of trade between America and Japan. Before the war, exports to the United States amounted annually to about $92,000,000; imports from the United States to about $31,000,000. 1916 exports had risen to $170,000,000, imports from the United States to $102,000,000.

"New York is now the money market of the world. Nations from every quarter of the globe will look to you for financial aid. It is but natural that we of Japan should come to you on a mission such as our present one; we want to know the actual conditions from personal study, and we want to find the means of making Japan's name a familiar one in your international bookkeeping. America, with the far-reaching preparation it has been making in recent months for its active and vigorous military participation in the present world struggle, with its unlimited energy and firm determination at this momentous time, has given Japan a great stimulus toward increased co-operative action for an early termination of the war.

"I wonder if my American friends realize that, at the beginning of the war in Europe, scarcely two years had elapsed since the imperial succession in Japan. There was no hesitation, and eight days after Germany had violated Belgium Japan declared war. Since that time she has been carrying on her part; she has practically alone, cleared enemy naval bases from the Pacific and Indian Oceans, and has kept and is keeping those seas open to the commerce of the Allies; she has convoyed Australian contingents from Sydney and Melbourne to the Suez Canal; her destroyers, along with those of the Allies, are guarding the Mediterranean. As to financial aid, we have already furnished 1,100,000,000 yen, in spite of the fact that this amount considerably exceeds the specie which Japan has obtained since the beginning of the war. Many of our merchant vessels have been sold or chartered to allied countries, others have been and are carrying munitions and other supplies for them."

Mr. Yamashita said that Judge Gary had admirably expressed the situation.

"We do not mean to exploit China against her interests," he added. "We have no more designs against China than you here in the United States have. All that we ask of China is to become prosperous and self-governing. It is with these ideas that we ask your co-operation in the development of China. And not only in China. It is an industrial marriage between the United States and Japan, with nothing but love and good feeling between us, that we suggest."

The menu served was meatless and wheatless. The following members of the Japanese Special Finance Commission were the guests of honor: Baron T. Megata, O. Matsumoto, T. Sakaguchi, Baron B. Ito, Dr. S. Hishida, U. Yonevama, Y. Yamashita, C. Koike, and K. Matsumoto, representative of Yasukawa Mining Company.

Holiday Tomorrow! Take home a bottle of

Club Cocktails

and celebrate at one time the day and your own good taste.

WILL USE LESS WOOL IN WOMEN'S CLOTHING

Makers, Designers, and Dealers Accept Suggestions of Federal Economy Board.

More than 350 manufacturers, style creators, and retailers of women's apparel from many sections of the country met yesterday at the Waldorf and formally approved the plan of the Commercial Economy Board of the Council of National Defense, for the elimination of non-essentials in feminine attire. Yesterday's meeting was part of the nationwide program launched by the Government, looking to the conservation of the country's wool, large quantities of which will be required for the men of the army and navy.

The designers, makers, and sellers of wool clothing gave their approval to the recommendations that they effect a minimum saving of 25 per cent. in materials used in all classes of women's, misses', and children's outer garments. It also was the sentiment of the meeting that garment manufacturers should advocate the freer use of other materials. While the meeting was called primarily to deal with the future course of the women's garment industry, there were strong intimations that masculine attire would shortly feel the pinch of the wool shortage.

Franklin Simon acted as Chairman, and the principal speaker was Henry S. Dennison of the Commercial Economy Board.

"Our main purpose," Mr. Dennison said, "is to cut out non-essentials. We have no legal authority. It is only through co-operation that we can work, and if we are successful, as we have been so far, we shall want no authority. The United States is in competition with an autocratic Government that makes efficiency its creed, and it is incumbent upon us to meet that efficiency.

"Our question has to do with the Spring and Fall of 1918, and the goods now being made must be used. The reduction of yardage is a vital necessity. The stock of wool on hand today is our starting point. If we have just enough to last us to 1918 that does not interest us in the least; we must figure on the supply for the duration of the war. If there is wool in Australia or elsewhere, it makes no difference to us.

"With the constant stream of troops going abroad we will have to have cargo space to supply those boys, and it is cargo space that means wool to you, and because of necessity you cannot get the Australian or other foreign wool."

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BROKAW BROTHERS

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AT FORTY-SECOND STREET

MURPHY PAYS CALL ON JUDGE HYLAN

Continued from Page 1.

sweep of his hand. "All I want just now is fresh air."

Despite the declaration of Mr. Murphy that none of his visitors was interested in patronage, there was a buzz of excitement as a proposal pending before the State Civil Service Commission, to be considered at a meeting in Albany today, was being discussed. This proposal, if agreed to, would place three Tenement House Superintendents, now on the exempt list and removable by the incoming administration, in the competitive class.

Hylan Protests to Whitman.

This excitement somehow had communicated itself to the Hylan headquarters, where copies of urgent messages from Judge Hylan to Governor Whitman and the three members of the State Civil Service Commission, protesting against the plan, were made public. Judge Hylan said that the messages had not been sent at the instance of Mr. Murphy, but had been dispatched by the Mayor-elect from Brooklyn before he reached his headquarters or saw the Tammany chieftain at all. Here is the message to Governor Whitman:

Hon. Charles S. Whitman, Albany N. Y.:

There has been an application made to the State Civil Service Commission, which comes up on Nov. 28, placing the Superintendents of the Tenement House Department of New York City in the competitive class by the Municipal Civil Service Commission, and which permits present incumbents to continue without qualifying examination, which is grossly unjust and unfair. I wish you would use your good offices in the matter to the end that the new administration may have an opportunity to officially investigate.

JOHN F. HYLAN.

This message was sent by the Mayor-elect to the members of the State Civil Service Commission:

Concerning application coming before your commission placing the Superintendents of the Tenement House Department of New York City in the competitive class, and permitting present incumbents to continue without qualifying examination, is grossly unjust and unfair. I vehemently protest against its adoption, and request an adjournment until the new administration has an opportunity to officially investigate.

JOHN F. HYLAN.

Wagner Discusses Municipal Ownership.

Senator Robert F. Wagner, leader of the Democratic minority in the upper house, who has been intrusted with the task of framing the legislation necessary to carry out the municipal ownership program of the incoming administration and to abolish the Water Supply, Court House Site and Parole Boards, had a conference yesterday with Judge Hylan after the latter's talk with the Tammany Chief. Senator Wagner intimated that the municipal ownership legislation to be sought would be merely permissive. When he was asked whether the financial condition of the city would not prevent the new administration from entering upon any public ownership venture, Senator Wagner said:

"No, in my opinion the beginning can be made in a small way. I am not prepared to state just now. If certain funds appropriated for purposes which cannot now be carried out are made available by act of the Board of Estimate for other purposes, it has been calculated that there would be a margin of approximately $30,000,000 before the debt limit is reached. And, of course, any municipal ownership undertaking would yield an income almost at once, so that it could be taken out of the debt limit, thus creating a new margin for future needs."

Senator Wagner intimated that legislation to abolish the pay-as-you-go policy, at least as far as the public schools are concerned, in order to enable the Hylan administration to issue bonds for the construction of new public school buildings, would be submitted to the Legislature.

Thomas W. Churchill, former President of the Board of Education, had a conference with Judge Hylan yesterday regarding a proposal to amend the statute creating a new Board of Education composed of seven non-salaried members, so as to increase the membership either to fourteen or twenty-one, or to provide for a salaried board of seven. It is the opinion of Mr. Churchill that the work of the Board of Education cannot be performed by seven members unless they are paid to devote all their time to its affairs.

Judge Hylan said later that he had reached no conclusion on the subject, but would discuss the matter with members of the Board of District Superintendents when that board has its conference with the new Board of Estimate on Saturday.

KAROLYI SEEKS PARLEYS.

Says He Intends to Get in Touch with British and French.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 27.—Count Michael Karolyi, the Hungarian Opposition leader, has informed the Berne correspondent of Budapest Az Est that the main object of his visit to Berne was to get information regarding the feeling among the enemies of the Central Powers.

"I openly declare," he said, "that I intend to get in touch with the British and French, in order to explain to them that we are neither conquerors nor oppressors."

Try It

After that, you will always drink Clysmic Ginger Ale and no other, foreign or domestic—it has the sparkle, taste, tang, and aroma.

MADE WITH CLYSMIC SPARKLING TABLE WATER

Clysmic Ginger Ale

MADE AND BOTTLED AT CLYSMIC SPRING CO. WAUKESHA, WIS.

"Turner for Concrete"

There are thousands of smokers who never dreamt they could get such *richness and mildness*—at the price—as in

JEAN VALJEAN CIGARS

"Truly a Cigar"

3 for 25c and Upward — SAVE SAVOR — Various Sizes and Shapes

Where Good Cigar Are Sold

SALESMEN TO SELL VICTROLAS

LANDAY BROS. offer exceptional opportunities to *experienced* Victrola salesmen. Highest salary and commission paid. Applications held strictly confidential. Interviews can be arranged from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M. Phone 5600 Vanderbilt. 23 West 42d Street.

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"The high standing of The Annalist is assurance that articles and speeches published by it reach a class of readers who are helping to form public opinion along right lines."—Arthur Reynolds, Vice President Continental and Commercial National Bank of Chicago. The Annalist—10 cents weekly; $4 a year by mail. Published by The New York Times, Times Square, New York.—Advt.

Franklin Simon & Co.

A Store of Individual Shops

Fifth Avenue, 37th and 38th Streets

Will Close Out Today

WOMEN'S SUITS and GOWNS

Also SWEATERS and NEGLIGEES

At Reduced Prices

No Exchanges — *All This Season's Desirable Models* — No Credits

Women's Tailored Suits

With or Without Fur Trimming

Of wool velour, broadcloth, tweeds, burella cloth, gabardine, Wool Jersey or Oxford suitings.

18.50

Heretofore $29.50 to $49.50

Women's Gowns

Of Silk or Serge

Afternoon gowns of satin or crepe meteor, many combined with Georgette; also tailored navy serge dresses.

18.50

Heretofore $29.50 to $39.50

Women's High Class Suits

Trimmed With Rich Furs or Plain Tailored

Of duvet de laine, wool velour, silvertone, Rayonnier broadcloth or velveteen; also long line suits for full figures. 38 to 48 bust.

35.00

Heretofore $49.50 to $79.50

Women's Gowns

High Class Models and Fabrics

Afternoon gowns of Georgette crepe or French satin; also of Georgette crepe combined with satin; elaborately embroidered or beaded.

29.50

Heretofore $39.50 to $59.50

Silk Boudoir Gowns

For Women and Misses

Fitted, draped or coat models, of crepe de chine or satin charmeuse, hand-embroidered or lace-trimmed.

6.50

Heretofore $9.75 to $18.50

Women's Sweaters

Of Pure Silk, Milanese or Fibre Silk

In the season's most desirable colors; included are a number of imported pure silk and fibre silk sweaters.

10.00

Heretofore $15.00 to $39.50

Store Will Be Closed Tomorrow—(Thanksgiving Day)

Specials in seasonable merchandise needed for the great national festive holiday are offered in all departments of Greenhut's "Big Store."

Come—Save While You Spend!

Usual Complimentary Green Trading Stamps Free Today

Distribution in Premium Parlor, 5th Floor

As many sets of the "S. & H." Green Stamps as are reasonably required for books unfilled will be given, but only one set of any date good in one book. Only 100 Complimentary Stamps good in any one book, but you may start as many books as you please.

GREENHUT'S "THE BIG STORE" *Meet me at the Fountain*

SIXTH AVE., 18TH TO 19TH STREET

War Declared Between Income and Expenditure

It is a fight to the finish, and the laurels of victory go to those who can bring up reserves at the critical period of the battle.

These reserves MUST come from the outside, from sympathizers in a righteous cause, with supporters of the oppressed.

GREENHUT'S SYMPATHIZE WITH THOSE WHOSE INCOME IS DIMINISHING AND WHO FIND THEMSELVES AT A LOSS IN THESE CRITICAL TIMES. To all such, this universal provider among stores is literally a boon and a blessing.

BUY EVERYTHING THAT YOU NEED AT GREENHUT'S. That's the most practical solution of your difficulties.

GREENHUT'S.

All Charge Purchases *Made During the Remainder of This Month Will Be Entered on Bills Rendered January 1.*

Everything for Thanksgiving Including *THE Turkey*

There isn't an article which will contribute to the appearance of your Thanksgiving table that cannot be found here, and at a price which you can afford to pay.

Silverware, Glassware, China, Napery,—Table Decorations

—In a word,—EVERYTHING THAT WILL SEND YOUR GUESTS ON THEIR WAY REJOICING, AND SATISFY EVERY MEMBER OF THE FAMILY CIRCLE.

Greenhut's Is Your Thanksgiving Store

Buy All Thanksgiving Table Supplies in Our Mammoth Pure Food Market

Specials for Today. Mail and telephone orders filled. Telephone Chelsea 4000.
"The American Home and Table," our latest Grocery Catalogue, free on request.

Young Turkeys and Fresh Meats

Delivered to any address in the city and suburbs reached by our Delivery Wagons.

Fancy dry-picked Turkeys, Fancy Wisconsin Geese and Ducks, Philadelphia Capons, Roasting Chickens and fancy poultry for the Thanksgiving feast. Sale today at lowest market prices. All Turkeys, Meats, etc., are re-weighed and re-checked, guaranteeing the purchaser full weight and perfect condition. None sent C. O. D.

Thanksgiving Dinner Baskets

They save your time and cost less than you would pay if you personally select each of the items included in the baskets.

CAN CONDENSED SOUP
DRY-PACKED CHICKENS
PACKAGE POULTRY SEASONING
TWO QUARTS WHITE POTATOES
NEW YELLOW TURNIP
QUART NEW ONIONS
PACKAGE NEW MACARONI
CAN BAKED BEANS—NO. 2 SIZE
PACKAGE CRISP SODA BISCUITS
FOUR RIPE, SWEET ORANGES
POUND NEW MIXED NUTS
HALF POUND GROUND COFFEE

All packed in basket for $2.50

None sent C. O. D.

Thanksgiving Cakes

Made in our Daylight Bakery

THANKSGIVING CAKES—made and decorated to order; each, $5, $3.50, $2.50 and 1.50
RICH FRUIT CAKE—lb. 40c
MERRY WIDOW POUND CAKES—2 lbs. 60c
FRESH CHARLOTTE RUSSE—dozen, 70c; each 6c
BEST POUND CAKE—2 lbs. 80c
HOME-MADE POTATO BREAD—large loaf 15c
THANKSGIVING MINCE PIES AND PUMPKIN PIES—each, 15c, 34c, 60c and 75c
SEEDED RAISIN BREAD—large loaf 15c
TUTTI FRUTTI LAYER CAKES—each 60c

Fresh Fruits

GRAPEFRUIT—large, bright, juicy fruit; 4 for 25c
CALIFORNIA PEARS—selected table fruit; dozen 70c
FANCY TABLE APPLES—large, red, juicy fruit; dozen 35c
MALAGA GRAPES—selected, large clusters; lb. 25c
SWEET ORANGES—large size, thin skin, full of delicious juice; doz. 35c

Vegetables

CAULIFLOWER — large heads, Long Island, snow-flaked crop; each 30c
CRANBERRIES—Cape Cod; selected stock; 5 quarts, 70c; quart 15c
TABLE CELERY—large white hearts; bunch 10c
FRESH MUSHROOMS—lb. 70c

Fresh Fish

None delivered.

MARKET COD—fresh caught; lb. 10c
HADDOCK—fresh caught; lb. 10c
FLOUNDERS—fresh caught; lb. 10c
WHITING—fresh caught; lb. 8c
HERRING—selected quality; lb. 8c
OYSTERS—solid meat; quart, 75c; pint 40c

New Yellow Onions

Special, 3 quarts 35c

White Potatoes

Selected stock; special, peck 48c

Sweet Apple Cider

Gallon jug, 69c; large bottle 20c

Selected Eggs

Dozen in carton 47c

None delivered

Mincemeat

Fountain quality seedless mincemeat; 5-lb. pail, $1.35; jar 35c

Fresh Butter

Fountain quality; the most delicious fresh butter obtainable; 1-lb. print 52c

Filled Books of "Sperry" Gold Stamps Are Redeemable for $2.50 Worth of Merchandise in Any Department, or for $2 in Cash at the S&H Office on the Fifth Floor. We Give S&H Green Trading Stamps as Usual. Ask for Them. Double S&H Stamps till 12 o'Clock. Single S&H Stamps Thereafter. Single "Sperry" Gold Stamps All Day.

SAP GERMAN FORCES BY THRUSTS IN WEST

Secretary Baker Sees Effective Method in Relentless Attacks Which Wear Down the Foe.

EXPLAINS DRIVE IN ITALY

Declares Germans Thought to Divert Enough British and French Forces to Extricate Themselves.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—"The week just closed has been one very favorable to the allied arms," says the War Department's official communiqué issued today, reviewing military operations for the week ended Saturday.

"The success of the British offensive in the region of Cambrai and the steady resistance of the Italians in the face of the repeated attacks of the Austro-German forces are two factors which may be considered as correlative elements of one and the same movement.

"It is evident that the enemy took the offensive in Italy hoping thereby to extricate himself from the increasingly difficult position in which his forces find themselves in the west. The German higher command were apparently confident that, in order to save Italy from invasion, such important contingents of French and British troops would be detached from the western front as to render any further allied offensives in this theatre impossible. Though the French and British have both dispatched large contingents to Italy, this has in no way hampered the continuance of their offensive operations.

"It is the wastage of the enemy forces, the slow, yet relentless sapping of his man power by continued and sudden offensive thrusts, which must eventually result in the softening of his line in the west. This is the ultimate objective of the series of intensive offensives so successfully pursued by the Allies during the last six months, and is even more important than the gain of terrain.

"The military situation is dominated by the spectacular success gained by the British forces in their thrust toward Cambrai. By adopting new tactical methods, by evolving a strategy daringly conceived and brilliantly executed, the British forces have been able to record a greater success, when measured by captured terrain, than any hitherto achieved by either belligerent in the same space of time along the western front. While seemingly continuing his offensive engagements in Flanders by an intense artillery bombardment in the sector stretching from Ypres to the North Sea, Field Marshal Haig was able to mask successfully his plans for an offensive thrust between the Scarpe River and St. Quentin.

British Casualties Light.

"The usual preliminary artillery preparation was dispensed with. The elements of surprise so essential to victory played a large part in the successes gained. The British, by a preponderant numerical superiority in men and mobile material, by improvising the skillful tactical manoeuvring of an unusual number of tanks, and by co-ordinating with precision the deployment of cavalry, made use of these two arms to bear the brunt of the encounter. Infantry then was called upon to hold and consolidate the terrain gained. Thus the British were able to record a decided success with very great economy of munitions and slight casualties. Three successive German lines of defense on a frontage of six miles astride the Cambrai-Bapaume road were captured, and the Scheldt Canal in front of Cambrai was crossed.

"During the first day of the battle dull, dry weather greatly facilitated operations, which began at dawn on Nov. 20. Later bad weather set in, and torrential rains, accompanied by flurries of snow, held up the attack. The capture of the village of Fontaine Notre Dame, two and three-quarters miles west of Cambrai, marks the present limit of the advance. The British forces, while still pressing forward, are meeting with increased resistance. Severe fighting continues, and we may expect desperate attempts on the part of the enemy not merely to prevent any further British advance, but to regain, if possible, some of the lost ground.

"Cambrai, the centre of very important rail, road, and canal lines of communication, now comes under the immediate fire of British field guns, while the large calibre high velocity and naval guns can readily search out the country side for miles in the rear, harassing hostile territory and rendering the continued tenure of the city by the enemy difficult. To the right and left of the scene of the major operations on a front extending approximately to thirty-two miles the attacking forces have penetrated various strong points.

"The number of prisoners enumerated hitherto is over ten thousand, which exceeds the total British casualties.

"While the battle of Cambrai has resulted in so rapid and sweeping an advantage for the British forces, apparently without extensive preliminary preparation, it must not be forgotten that it was only made possible by the continued pounding of the German lines in Flanders. In the meantime the British have not ceased to keep the enemy busy in the Ypres salient, and gains of terrain are noted to the southeast.

Successful Coup by French.

"Along the front held by the French forces the latter have achieved a successful coup de main south of Juvrincourt, in Champagne, resulting in the capture of some elements of enemy trenches and the taking of numerous prisoners. Lively artillery duels took place north of the Chemin des Dames and in the Verdun sector, where, as for several weeks past, the enemy continued to bombard the French positions in Chaume Wood.

"In the sector where our troops are training increased artillery activity is noted. Small detachments, while on patrol duty, have gained some useful experience.

"The Italian armies, now completing their reorganization, have been able to withstand the assaults of the numerically superior forces of the Austro-German divisions engaged against them. They have hitherto prevented any further invasion of the Italian plain. The enemy is continuing his efforts to break through. The line of the Piave has held firm. Along the lower Piave, where hostile forces gained a temporary foothold on the right bank of the river, they were driven off with great loss, thus rendering the Italian positions more secure.

"Along the plateau of the Sette Communi heavy fighting is going on. In the mountain regions, between the headwaters of the Brenta and the Piave, defensive operations have been well conducted, and the enemy has been unable to make any further progress. Strategic reserves, strengthened by allied contingents, have been constituted. The morale of the Italian forces is improving daily, and, while the situation is not wholly free from critical aspects, the defensive measures appear adequate to meet the situation.

"In Palestine the British forces under General Allenby are advancing rapidly on Jerusalem. They have now reached a point on the Ramaleh road approximately seven miles west of the city, while another force is bearing down from the north."

MANY LARGE GIFTS TO FUSION FUND

ALBANY, Nov. 27.—The election expense statement of the New York Publicity Committee, which advocated the election of the Fusion ticket in the New York Mayoralty campaign, filed today with the Secretary of State, showed receipts of $422,795 and disbursements of $415,165. According to the statement, however, loans from William Hamlin Childs, credited as receipts, left a deficit of $46,870.

Among the larger contributors were George F. Baker, $30,000; A. C. James, F. C. Converse, Henry C. Frick, W. R. Thompson, $25,000; T. C. du Pont, $22,500; Ogden Mills, Robert W. Goelet, George W. Perkins, $20,000; J. D. Rockefeller, $15,000; Charles H. Sabin, $12,500; William C. Morse, J. P. Morgan, William P. Hamilton, $10,000; J. D. Rockefeller, Jr., C. H. Mackay, $5,000.

The New York City and County Public Welfare Committee, which advocated the election of the Fusion ticket, reported receipts of $57,604 and expenditures of $57,590. The contributors included Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt, $10,000; E. M. Anderson, $5,000; Helen Hartley Jenkins, $4,000; J. P. Morgan, F. W. Lamont, D. W. Morrow, Thomas Cochran, $2,500; Jacob H. Schiff, George F. Baker, Adolph Lewisohn, Mrs. E. M. Anderson, $1,000.

Election expense statements of the State Women Suffrage Party, showing expenditures of $279,174, and of the State party opposed to woman suffrage, showing receipts and disbursements of $25,931, were filed with the Secretary of State today. The suffrage party statement recorded receipts of $304,439. Consequently, there was an apparent balance of more than $25,000. This was offset, however, by the statement that outstanding bills totaling $90,000 for billboard and other advertising purposes, remained unpaid. The largest contributor was Mrs. Imogene Thomas, $5,000. Other contributions included: Mrs. Thomas W. Lamont, $2,500; John J. Lapham, $2,000; Herbert Parsons and Conservation Commissioner George D. Pratt, $1,000.

ESTABLISHED 1847
PARIS - 13 Rue de la Paix
LONDON 175 New Bond St.

PEARL NECKLACES

Oriental pearls in graduated rows matched for quality, size and tone of Orient.

Cartier
653 Fifth Ave.
at 52nd St.

Funds temporarily idle may be deposited with us on certificate for a fixed time or subject to demand. They will earn interest during the entire interval.

Lawyers Title and Trust Co.
160 Broadway, New York.
188 Montague Street, Brooklyn.

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15 East 52d Street

Absolute Clearance Sale
of
Model Gowns, Wraps,
Tailored Suits,
Negligees & Blouses

Sale Prices
$25 up to $125
Formerly $135 to $385

Also
Extraordinary Reductions
in
HATS
Prices Formerly $25 to $75
Now $7 to $15

R. H. Macy & Co. Attractions Are Prices—Quality—Service.
Macy's
Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.
We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other Store, but for Cash Only.

High Lights of The Gentleman's Evening Togs
Accessories in harmony with the refinement of his dinner jacket or dress coat. Accessories that complete his attire for dinner, opera or club at prices much less than elsewhere.*

Men's Silk Hats $5.94 and $9.74
To top off the entire evening outfit you can select your hat here from the season's new blocks—made and finished with the same care used in higher priced hats elsewhere.
Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

Dress Reefers $2.97 to $10.89
Some men call them "mufflers." Silk knitted, in crochet, accordion and Swiss weaves, in white, gray and black. Some imported, others made in America.
Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

Men's Dress Vests $3.75 to $6.75
You can surely find one that will meet with your favor in this collection. Well tailored of mercerized fabrics, corded silks and piques in self striped as well as figured effects. All sizes.
Macy's—Fifth Floor, 35th St., B'way.

Men's Imported White Glace Gloves, $1.94
Cadet and regular sizes, with full pique seams and Paris point backs, some with heavy black embroidery on backs.
Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St., B'way.

Men's Dress Wear Button Sets
Neat, attractively designed sets of mother of pearl, trimmed with 14 kt. gold or platinum.
$13.49 to $59.25
Macy's—Main Floor, Broadway, 34th St.

"Custom Stock" Shirts at $1.98

Just what the name implies—made in our custom shirt workrooms—carried in stock ready to put on. Sizes 14 to 17, sleeves 34, 35 and 36. Bosoms, cuffs and neckbands of fine linen, body of fine, soft cambric.
Macy's
Other Dress Shirts, $2.24 to $3.29
Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

Men's Shoes for Evening Wear
A good assortment in all sizes—high and low styles—but all low prices.
Patent Leather Vamps with cloth button tops, plain toes $5.94, cap toes $6.94; Patent Leather Vamps with calf button tops, $7.89.
Also Gunmetal Calf and Patent Leather Pumps with Goodyear welted soles, $5.94; with turned soles, $3.49.
*N. B.—And we have the smart suits and dinner jackets to contrast with the high-lights.
Macy's—Main Floor, Balcony, 35th St., Rear.

Stern Brothers
WEST FORTY-SECOND AND FORTY-THIRD STREETS

Uniforms and Overcoats for Officers at Cost

Uniforms of Fine Olive Drab Serge, at $27.00

Overcoats of Heavy Weight Melton, at $30.00

THESE garments are tailored for us in the Kirschbaum shops, and embody workmanship and materials of the highest quality. For the duration of the war, purely as a manifestation of patriotism, we are offering them at the actual cost price to us.

Young Men's and Men's Clothes, Third Floor—Elevators Convenient.

B. Altman & Co.

EXCEPTIONAL VALUES
will be offered to-day (Wednesday) in
Men's Fur-lined Overcoats
at $87.50

These Coats are made of soft-finished materials in Oxford gray and heather mixtures, and are lined with carefully selected muskrat skins of the coveted dark color. A beaver collar completes the coat, which is in every respect the type of coat to appeal to the smart dresser.

(Men's Overcoat Section, Sixth Floor)

Fifth Avenue-Madison Avenue, New York
Thirty-fourth Street Thirty-fifth Street

Gidding
PARIS 5TH AVE AT 46TH ST NEW YORK
Emphasize their splendid values in
Fashionable Apparel
For Thanksgiving Festivities the Opera-Theatre
Receptions-Dinners and other social functions
Gowns · Wraps · Manteaux
Tailleurs · Coats
Hats Blouses
and
Luxurious Furs

R. H. Macy & Co. Attractions Are Prices—Quality—Service.
Macy's
Herald Square B'way, 34th to 35th St.
THIS SALE OF
Beaded Bags
Will Solve Many Christmas Questions
$4.96 to $59.50
Bags That Were $7.49 to $79.50

Mostly domestic, many imported. Most of them are all-over beaded frame bags, several draw-string bags included. Just 246 of them, any and all well worth having. All from regular stocks. Opportunity here!

The Draw-String Bags

Quantity	Formerly Priced	Sale Price
5	$67.50 to $79.50	$59.50
7	58.50 to 62.50	47.50
5	42.50 to 47.50	34.50
8	33.50 to 39.50	27.50
13	27.50 to 32.50	22.89
11	22.49 to 24.89	17.89
7	14.89 to 19.89	11.89
6	8.94 to 9.94	6.94
20	5.94 to 7.94	4.96

The Frame Bags

Quantity	Formerly Priced	Sale Price
4	$46.50 to $49.50	$39.50
29	41.50 to 43.50	34.50
30	33.50 to 38.50	29.75
15	28.50 to 32.50	24.89
22	24.89 to 27.50	19.89
6	16.89 to 19.89	14.89
6	13.89 to 14.89	10.89
8	11.89	8.94
36	9.94	7.94
10	7.49 to 8.94	6.94

Sale Begins Today, 9 A. M.
Macy's—Main Floor, 34th Street.

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th St.

Will Continue To-day the Important
Sale of 15,000 Men's Shirts
Regularly $1.50, $2, $2.50 and $3
Special at $1.20 and $1.85

¶ This event differs from most shirt sales in that the selections at each price are not averaged up, but consist of carefully selected shirts that measure up in every particular to the regular Saks standard—the highest. Stiff and soft cuff negligee and pleated models, but mostly with soft cuffs, are included in the following weaves:

Loraine Fine Count Madras; Gayley & Lord's Silk Striped Shirtings; Wright & Graham's Scotch Madras; D. & J. Anderson's Imported Madras and Fine Fibre Silks

We Shall Also Continue To-day the
Sale of Men's Cravats
which began with 30,000 Scarves

¶ English Squares, Large open-end Four-in-hands, and regulation military cravats, each and every one 47 inches long. The Silks are the most exquisite ever presented to the men of New York at these prices:

39c 55c 75c $1 $1.35 $1.65

Established 1723

CLEARANCE

COATS and WRAPS

CLOTH SILK VELVET

Revillon Frères

5th Avenue at 53d Street

"Onyx" Hosiery for Christmas

FOR MEN AND WOMEN

A GIFT of "Onyx" Silk Hosiery is sure to please.

No one can have too many pairs of "Onyx". Beautiful, sensible, practical, the "Onyx" showing includes every desirable quality whether the newest colors in Plain Silks or the most effective and original designs in Clocked, Hand Embroidered, Lace or Novelty effects.

To be had at good shops everywhere. This trade-mark identifies them.

Emery-Beers Company, Inc.
Wholesale Distributers.

ATTACK DISLOYALTY AT TEACHERS' RALLY

Educators and Others Begin Campaign to Eradicate Unpatriotic Instructors.

CHEER ROOSEVELT LETTER

Colonel Approves Efforts to Dismiss All from Schools Who Refuse to Sign Loyalty Pledge.

The beginning of an active campaign to eradicate disloyalty from the schools of New York drew 2,000 teachers last night to the De Witt Clinton High School, where they heard patriotic addresses by William G. Willcox, President of the Board of Education; Dr. William T. Hornaday, Dr. C. Ward Crampton, Thomas W. Churchill and Cleveland Moffett, who denounced disloyal teachers in unmeasured terms. Attacks on disloyalists, pacifists and alien Socialists were greeted with applause. When Dr. Hornaday read a letter from Colonel Theodore Roosevelt, approving the effort to obtain the dismissal of all teachers who refuse to sign the loyalty pledge, the audience cheered loudly.

The meeting was held under the auspices of the American Defense Society and brought together teachers from all parts of the city who desired to express their patriotism.

Cleveland Moffett declared that he had been informed that of the 18,000 teachers in the school system there are about 1,000 whose loyalty is not 100 per cent pure. He told of a teacher who, he said he had been informed, had made numerous disloyal statements both before and after this country entered the war.

"This teacher boasted to a man I can name that when he heard the Lusitania had been sunk he went out and got drunk to celebrate the German victory," said Mr. Moffett. The speaker also said he received a letter from a school teacher saying that twenty-seven teachers in a certain unnamed school heard the Principal of the school make disloyal statements in a conference.

"I tell you that before we get through with these disloyal teachers there is going to be use for a special, well lighted and well ventilated concentration camp," asserted Mr. Moffett.

Dr. Hornaday said that to his mind the 750,000 school children are in great danger.

"I feel as if they were threatened by a den of rattlesnakes," he said. "And I want to tell you why I feel that way. I feel that the ideas of alien Socialism instilled into the mind of an impressionable boy or girl at the wrong time for it to find permanent lodgment there is worse for the child than being bitten by a rattlesnake. A child bitten by a poisonous snake can be cured, but you put into the mind of a boy a set of totally wrong and pernicious ideas and keep them there until he grows up to manhood, and the chances are ten to one they will stay with him.

"The real dyed-in-the-wool Socialist is never happy. He is always knocking on something. Wherever he is, he is an iconoclast, a smasher of idols. Just now it happens to be the pet idea to curse the rich, as they are called, and the capitalists, and to say that this is a capitalists' war, which is an absolute falsehood. It is a war of the poor man much more than it is the war of the rich man."

Dr. Hornaday declared that the people of America have been far too lenient with the alien Socialist, and predicted that four years from now, "the Republicans and the Democrats of New York will have to bury all their hatchets and unite to beat the Socialists."

Mr. Hornaday attacked Henry R. Linville, President of the Teachers' Union, who, he said, sent to the Board of Education a document signed by eighty-six teachers, declining to sign a loyalty pledge.

The following letter from Colonel Roosevelt was then read by the speaker:

Sagamore Hill, Nov. 25, 1917.

Dear Mr. Hornaday: I heartily approve the effort to secure the dismissal of all teachers who refuse to sign the loyalty pledge, or who in any way have shown the slightest symptoms of disloyalty to this nation, or of sympathy with Germany and the other foes of this nation at this time. A public school teacher should stand in loyalty and Americanism precisely where we expect an officer of the army or navy to stand, and should be held to an equally rigid accountability for the slightest symptom of disloyalty, or of failure in thoroughgoing Americanism. Sincerely yours,

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

Mr. Willcox's arraignment of disloyalists was received with applause. "There is no room for disloyalty here," he declared. "There is no room for jealous regard of individual rights and individual opinions. The great cause of human liberty and justice must sweep all before it and unite all our efforts, all our sacrifice and devotion in loyalty to humanity, loyalty and justice, loyalty to the fight, and loyalty to God. There can be no room for neutrality today."

Mr. Churchill said he took serious exception to those who talked of a large number of disloyal teachers in the school system unless those who uttered the charges could prove them.

CONFESSION MAY CLEAR 23 FEUD MURDERS

Gangster Admits Part in Killings and Implicates Groups in Manhattan and Brooklyn.

As a result of an Italian gangster's desire for revenge against members of his old group, who refused to befriend him in his hour of need, the District Attorneys' offices here and in Brooklyn have come into possession of information which, it is said, will lead to clearing up twenty-three murder mysteries and a number of other crimes which have been committed in New York, Brooklyn, Yonkers, and Philadelphia. The information was divulged in a confession made yesterday by Ralph Daniello, known as Ralph the Barber.

Daniello, who is under indictment by a Kings County Grand Jury for a murder a year ago last May, was brought here from Reno, Nev., several weeks ago by Brooklyn detectives. He came back with one thought in his mind—to get revenge on his old comrades.

According to the story Daniello told in the presence of Assistant District Attorney Ranaud, representing Mr. Swann, and Assistant District Attorney Warbasse, representing the Kings County office, he was a member of a gang which established a reign of terror in Brooklyn, and which through affiliations with gangs in New York and Philadelphia was even able to reach out and strike its enemies far off.

District Attorney Lewis, in commenting on the confession, characterized it as one of the most remarkable in the history of the police here. It is a revelation unequaled, he declared, in conditions in the underworld. In May, 1917, Daniello disappeared, shortly after a trial which found him innocent of the charge of robbery and abduction. About two months later, the police obtained evidence connecting Daniello with the murder of Louis Demaro, shot and killed May 7, in front of 123 Navy Street, Brooklyn. Then began a country-wide search for Daniello.

In the meanwhile the hunted man was in Reno. He was without funds, so he wrote to his comrades in Brooklyn, the members of the gang known as the Neapolitans. There was no response. Again he wrote and again there was no response. Then Daniello, not yet ready to believe his friends had forgotten him, wrote once more, this time begging help for his wife and his four children in Italy. When a communication from his wife made known to him the fact that the gang was deaf to appeals, he grew angry. In an incautious letter which was obtained by the police he made threats. Through it two Brooklyn officers who knew Daniello went to Reno and found Daniello. Once in the Raymond Street Jail in Brooklyn, it was not a hard matter to persuade him to talk. He made such startling disclosures that the Manhattan District Attorney was notified and Daniello was brought across the bridge. There he made a full confession.

According to Daniello, the "Neapolitans," together with a gang in Manhattan known on the lower east side as the "Sicilians," had combined for the purpose of controlling certain forms of gambling in the two boroughs. The men who were murdered by the gangs, he declared, were those who had incurred the wrath of proprietors of the gambling houses.

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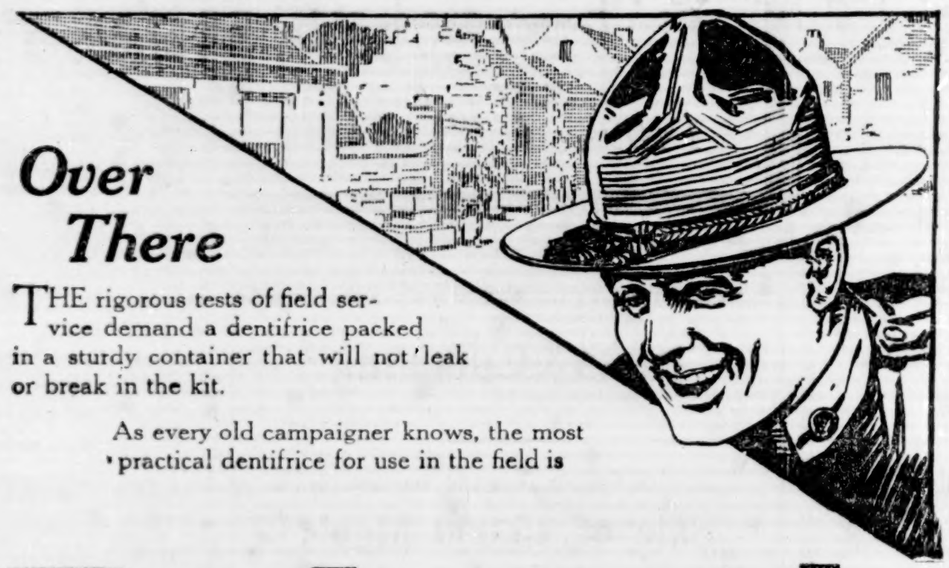

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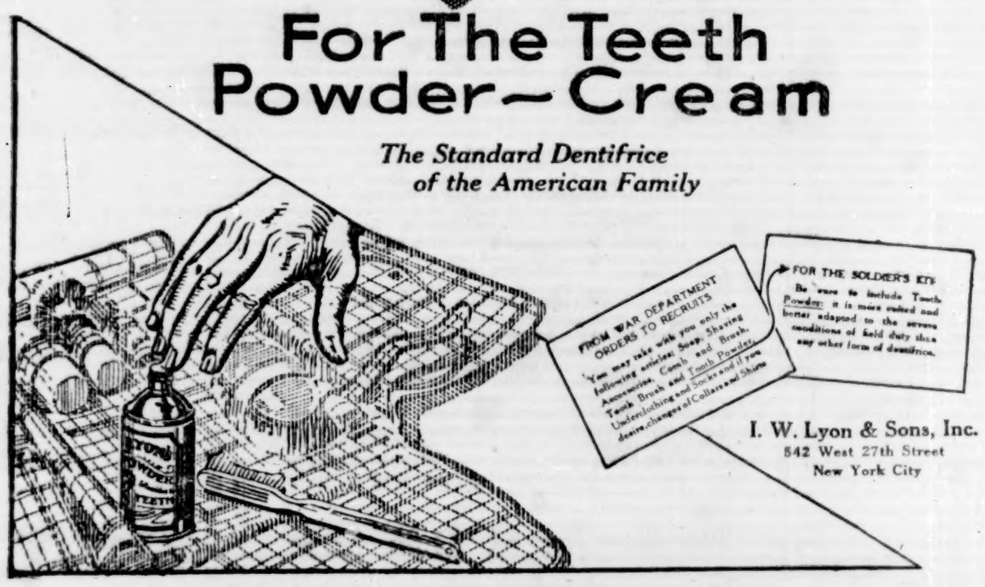

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"There's a Reason"

ARMY ORDERED TO AID MRS. HUMISTON

Officer Is Detailed to Co-operate in Her Investigations of Camp Surroundings.

DENIES DETECTIVES 'SPIED'

Woman Lawyer Says She Sent Couple to Learn Truth of Reports Concerning the Hotel at Upton.

Mrs. Grace Humiston, whose agents, James C. Atkins and the so-called Adeline France, were examined at Camp Upton last Sunday night after they had been found in a hotel where, they said, they were investigating allegations of the conditions at the camp, declared yesterday that in bringing out the facts regarding conditions around the camps, she was acting in co-operation with the commanding officer of the Department of the East on Governors Island. She said that the War Department, shortly after her public statements against the morals of some of the men in the military camps, had ordered Governors Island to co-operate with her in an effort to learn the truth.

"I sent Mr. Atkins and Miss Francis to Camp Upton to learn certain things I had been told concerning conditions at the hotel inside the camp lines not far from the division headquarters," Mrs. Humiston declared. "The testimoney of my agents has been given in full to officers representing the commanding officer of the Department of the East."

Mrs. Humiston declared she had not wished to give out a word regarding her investigations to the newspapers at present, but in view of statements made concerning the arrest of Atkins and his companion at Camp Upton she thought that in fairness to all concerned she felt a clear exposition of the facts in the case should be made at once.

Some of the facts which the affidavits of both Atkins, who was formerly a soldier under Major Gen. Bell in the Philippines, and Miss Francis, whose real name Mrs. Humiston has asked to be withheld, show that the couple went to the hotel inside the camp lines. They had no baggage. Miss Francis, who says she is 19 years old, was passed readily as the wife of the middle-aged Atkins. Atkins, in his affidavit, declares that the clerk asked him when he entered the hotel if the woman accompanying him was his wife. They went to a room, and were arrested later on the report which Sergeant Klein had made regarding their true identity.

In answering the questions of army officers from Governors Island, it is said the couple were positive that when arrested they were told they were being taken because they "were agents of Mrs. Humiston sent to spy on the camp." They were released after being questioned at headquarters, and came to New York the following morning.

"This is the fifth investigation where I have co-operated with officers from Governors Island," said Mrs. Humiston yesterday. "Governors Island was instructed by the War Department to help me investigate conditions around military camps, especially Camp Upton, as a direct result of charges which Mr. Fosdick, Chairman of the Committee on Morals for Military Camps, made against me, and after Secretary of War Baker had stated he did not regard my statements as charges against the army. I have co-operated in investigations with three different army officers from Governors Island already.

"The facts concerning the visit of Atkins and Miss Francis to the hotel would not have been given out by me to the press until the close of the investigation begun yesterday by army officers, except for the report of the affair which came from the camp. The report alleged that detectives from my office had attempted to spy on the camp, and had been arrested.

Investigation of Report.

"That is not true. No detective from my office went to the camp last Sunday night. But persons who had volunteered to get the truth as to certain alleged conditions at Camp Upton did go. They went to investigate the report that it was possible for men to take young girls to the hotel within the camp lines. The report I had was that if the girl looked 18 the man registered her as his wife; if she looked under that age they registered as brother and sister. The investigation succeeded in establishing the proof of the report.

"This man Atkins and the girl represented themselves as man and wife. They had no baggage, and were assigned to a room and no questions asked. Had it not been for the fact that they were recognized by a soldier who met Miss Francis while at a dance I gave a week ago, they would have been permitted to remain over night.

"Atkins went there solely because he considered it a duty and without compensation. He formerly was a soldier in the army. Some time ago he told me that he had a young daughter, and was interested in my work of saving young women. He told me conditions he knew of in Camp Upton which he said he had seen when he worked there as a carpenter. He was not the one who told me of the death of the two young girls at Upton. I had already gathered certain information which Mr. Atkins verified, and then he offered to prove that immoral conditions existed in the hotel at Camp Upton.

"'If you will select a girl you can trust, and whom you will trust to me to take down to Camp Upton,' he said, 'I will go to the hotel, register as man and wife, and show you that it can be done.

"'I did not decide on a girl until half an hour before train time, then I called Miss Francis. Mr. Atkins had only seen Miss Francis once, and then had not talked to her. I told Miss Francis to go to Camp Upton with him, to allow him to register her as his wife, to take note of the room they were assigned to, and then to return at once to New York, where I would meet her. I told her not to say that she came from me, and that is why she evaded the questions asked.

"Atkins and Miss Francis went to the hotel. There, Mr. Atkins, as he says in his affidavit, was hesitating whether he should register her as his sister or his wife, when the clerk said, 'You want a room for yourself and your wife.'

Inquired for Taxicab.

"They went upstairs after conversing, in the course of which the clerk made the statement that 'this is a camp, not a hotel.' Afterward they came down again and inquired for a taxicab to take them back to New York. They had been recognized in the meantime by Sergeant Klein of the Cooks' and Bakers' Division, who reported them. When they were told that there was no other train, that they would have to hire a machine to go to another station where they could catch a late train, they went up to the room to discuss matters, and it was then they were arrested.

"When the military police came in Atkins asked the reasons for the arrest. He was told that 'You are spies for Mrs. Humiston sent to spy on the camp.' Then they were taken separately to headquarters, where a Lieutenant Brown and a Major questioned them. At no time did they see or talk to General Bell.

"They were released after being questioned. Miss Francis was taken back to the hotel where she was allowed to register under her own name and was given a room next to the one she and Mr. Atkins had taken. The next morning both of them returned to New York where they have told their story to me and to officers from Governors Island."

Mrs. Humiston said she had known the Francis girl for about two weeks and she was taking care of her.

At Camp Upton last night Mrs. Humiston's charges were characterized as but a part of the allegations she has been making against the soldiers for several weeks. It was pointed out that at the hotel it was a simple matter for persons without baggage to be given a room without being questioned. It was pointed out that frequently many visitors to the camp had missed their trains and it was necessary to seek accommodations for the night at the hotel.

SIX NEW SHIPS TURNED OUT.

Vessels Were Seized in Course of Construction and Are Now Complete

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—Completion of six commandeered merchant ships during the week ended Nov. 24 was announced today by the Shipping Board. These vessels were seized by the Government on the ways on Sept. 4, when it took over all merchant ships then building. The place of building and the tonnages are given as follows:

At Chicago, one ship of 3,100 tons; at Duluth, one of 3,000 tons; at Ecorse, Mich., one of 4,000; at Detroit, one of 3,100; at Cleveland, one of 3,100, and at Manitowoc, Wis., one of 3,500 tons.

This brings the total of commandeered ships completed to date to 34, of an aggregate of 179,336 tons.

KING JURY SELECTED, JUDGE RUSHES TRIAL

Testimony in North Carolina Case to Begin Today—Victim's Mother to be Witness.

Special to The New York Times.

CONCORD, N. C., Nov. 27.—The first surprise in the progress of the trial of Gaston B. Means, under indictment charged with the murder of Mrs. Maude A. King in Cabarrus County last August, came with the unexpected completion of the jury a little before 7 o'clock tonight, after a court session of eight hours, and just as the list of names in the jury box was about to be exhausted.

Further indication that the trial is to be rushed as rapidly as Judge E. B. Cline of the Superior Court feels is consistent with justice was shown this afternoon when he informed E. C. Cansler, leading counsel for the defense, that there would be no Thanksgiving recess and that night sessions might be held; that he was due to convene a term of his court at Asheboro next Monday and would, if possible, complete the Means trial this week. This, however, is regarded as extremely doubtful if all the alienists and expert witnesses now present are placed on the stand.

The jury was selected from 144 names drawn from a hat, and but one remained when the last talesman, J. H. Reader, was passed. Most of the jurors are young men, but all are married except one. Eight are farmers, three are cotton-mill men, and one, J. Frank Goodman, is a member of the Board of County Commissioners.

In the process of selecting the jury, it developed that sixty-one of the men examined were prepared to say under oath that they had formed and expressed an opinion in the case; forty-eight of them were of the opinion, and had so stated, that Means was not guilty of the crime charged, and the remaining thirteen held the opposite view. This ratio of approximately four to one is said to represent the public opinion of the entire county.

Among the witnesses who have already arrived or are expected in the morning are the following: William C. Miller of the Northern Trust Company, William B. Dubbins, former private secretary to James C. King; Dr. William H. Burmeister, Coroner's physician of Chicago; A. L. Johnson, Secretary of the Merchants' Loan and Trust Company; William Rockefeller, manager of the Chicago Beach Hotel; Hugh M. Garretson, assistant cashier of the Illinois Trust and Savings Bank; James I. Ewing, handwriting expert, and A. B. Melville, an attorney. All those named are from Chicago.

Mrs. Anna Robinson, the aged mother of Mrs. King, did not appear today, but her attorney, P. C. McDuffy, who has represented her in civil actions and is now appearing with counsel for the prosecution, said that she would testify. Mrs. Mary C. Melvin, sister of Mrs. King, may testify in Means's behalf. In one of the civil actions brought against Means by Mrs. Robinson, Mrs. Melvin appeared with Means and asked the court to make her a party to the suit. Again, she asked to have the court dissolve one of the civil actions her mother brought against Means.

The testimony of C. B. Ambrose of the Bureau of Investigation of the Federal Department of Justice may furnish a surprise at the trial. The nature of his testimony has not been disclosed.

The taking of testimony will begin at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning.

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M. & W. Ettinger, 4,539 3d Ave.
H. Feinberg, 1,454 Amsterdam Ave.
Julius Fischl, 851 10th Ave.
R. J. Bloomenhaft, 277 Avenue A.
S. Forster, 305 7th Ave.
Fruend Bros., 22 Avenue E.
Fridenberg Bros., 2,760 8th Ave.
D. & S. Friedman, 532 2d Ave.
Louis Geidblatt, 484 Lenox Ave.
S. Goodman, 784 Columbus Ave.
F. Gotleib, 187 Avenue B.
Sam Gutterman, 1,525 9th Ave.
M. Gutterman, 1306½ 8th Ave.
B. Herskovitz, 2,212 7th Ave.
Yorkville Dept. Store, 88th St. & Ave. A.
Paffe Bros., 1,339 5th Ave.
M. Kaufman, 2,190 5th Ave.
R. M. Golisch, 679 9th Ave.
A. D. Kress, 2,184 5th Ave.
H. Hirschner, 533 Hudson St.
I. Landy, 2,948 3d Ave.
M. Lusher, 509 8th Ave.
A. Markman, 207 8th Ave.
Meyer & Glaser, 610 3d Ave.
Joe Meyer, 879 8th Ave.
M. Meisner, 288 St. Ann's Ave.
M. J. Nacht, 652 10th St.
M. Newman, 501 Amsterdam Ave.
Robert & Lewis Co., 53 Whitehall St.
Victor Rosenberg, 2,196 8th Ave.
S. Rodfeld, 1,982 3d Ave.
S. Rusoff, 5 Church St.
M. Schwartz, 949 Amsterdam Ave.
K. Schwartz, 2,092 Madison Ave.
S. Silverman, 170 Amsterdam Ave.
M. Silverman, 86 Amsterdam Ave.
H. Simons, 604 Columbus Ave.
Sam Solomon, 564 Lenox Ave.
H. Sonnenfeld, 1,550 1st Ave.
Stutz Bros., 75th St. & 3d Ave.
Isaac Theier, 464 2d Ave.
M. E. Weber, 780 7th Ave.
M. Weiss, 30th St. & Amsterdam Ave.
H. Weisberg, 3,418 3d Ave.

CLAFLIN'S, INC.
ROSEN BROS.

Men, Snuggle Up to This Bang-Up Underwear—It's a Downright Bargain

YOU can bet your last cent that Hanes Winter Weight Underwear will give you extra value for your money. No frills, no fol-de-rols—just downright value and a heaping lot of it, too.

Hanes is form-fitting, elastic and comfortable. The fleecy-warm cotton is mighty fine protection from the cold—and it feels mighty good, too. Pre-shrinking keeps it true to size and shape.

And just read about those special features over there in the illustration. No more high-priced underwear for the man who sees Hanes. It's just the right price for everybody and the underwear everyone should wear.

Greatest Winter Underwear **HANES** Sold at Popular Prices

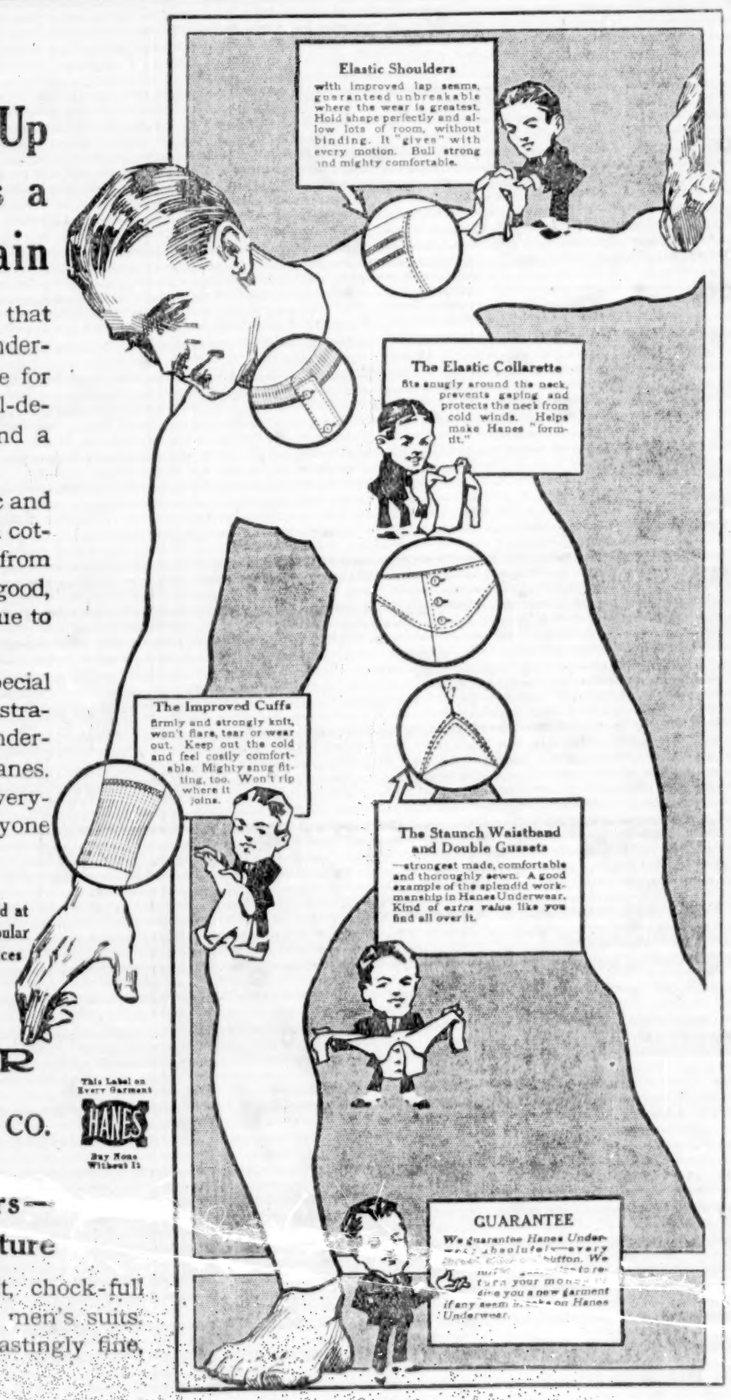
ELASTIC KNIT
UNDERWEAR

Made by the
P. H. HANES KNITTING CO.
Winston-Salem, N. C.

This Label on Every Garment HANES Buy None Without It

Mothers, Fathers—Get This Big Feature

A jam-up boy's union suit, chock-full of all the big features on the men's suits. Downy-soft, warm and everlastingly fine, its value can't be duplicated.



LIST OF HANES DEALERS.

New York City—Continued.

S. Weisskoff, 33 Manhattan St.
Wettenberg Bros., 1,570 Bathgate Ave.
Zuckendel, 785 10th Ave.
D. G. Belmont Co., 652 E. 187th St.
I. Cohn, 4,249 3d Ave.
J. Jacobs, 1,349 Broak Ave.
L. Kanner, 3,369 3d Ave.
M. Lisa, 626 Morris Ave.
N. Shalet, 192 Norman Ave.
L. Silver, 595 Crescent St.
L. Dantzig, 1,787 Madison Ave.
B. Markowitz, 1,445 8th Ave.
M. E. Scott, 215 10th Ave.
B. Burechson, 1,001 2d Ave.
L. Halpern, 1,068 1st Ave.
D. G. Strauss Co., 1,494 1st Ave.
R. Siegfried, 1,332 1st Ave.
R. & W. Green, 265 Avenue A.
M. Weiselberg, 865 1st Ave.
B. Rosansky, 1,491 Brook Ave.
C. Nelson, 1,476 Washington Ave.
J. Caputo, 2,395 Hoffman St.

BROOKLYN.

K. Turoff, 65 Graham Ave.
B. Cohn, 964 De Kalb Ave.
D. Brown, 669 De Kalb Ave.
Sam Gold, 90 Moore St.
B. Schachger, 29 Reed Ave.
Genatt & Sachs, 62 Moore St.
I. Meyers, 1,521 Pitkin Ave.
C. Weiss, 249 Knickerbocker Ave.
K. Turoff, 65 Graham Ave.
S. Posner, 194 Graham Ave.
P. Berlyn, 220 Franklin St.
S. Barsky, 175 Greene St.
Gensloff & Hoffman, 893 3d Ave.
M. & H. Goldman, 675 2d Ave.
M. Kassdam, 31 Hamilton Ave.
D. & C. Meyerson, 1,033½ De Kalb Ave.
A. Rosenstein, 127 2d Ave.
D. Solomon, 207 Wyckoff Ave.
H. Swardloff, 17 Hamilton Ave.
M. Sole, 28 Flatbush Ave.
A. J. Schreiber & Son, 2,601 Atlantic Ave.
Chil Cohen, 277 Sumner Ave.
D. Benjamin, New Utrecht Ave. & 59th St.
Wesserman Bros., 275 Grand St.
J. C. Meadlowitz, 581 Grand St.
Max Nadelbach, Grand & Olive Sts.
D. Weiner, 436 Graham Ave.
M. Ponemone, 453 Graham Ave.
M. Seidner, 1,048 Manhattan Ave.
S. Nehner, 1,102 Manhattan Ave.
M. Miller, 1,065 Manhattan Ave.
Goodman & Heinrich, 919 Manhattan Ave.
J. Greenfield, 389 Knickerbocker Ave.
S. Rothe, 399 Knickerbocker Ave.
L. Kesselman, 335 Knickerbocker Ave.
J. Nurnberg, 359 Knickerbocker Ave.

BRUMMEL & MENDELSOHN.
COHEN & ETTENSON.

LIST OF HANES DEALERS.

Brooklyn—Continued.

I. Freiman, 2,158 Fulton St.
H. Schodin, 503 Van Brunt St.
M. Allison, 6,152 Avenue U.
M. Allison, 1,217 3d Ave.
J. Daniels, 434 Fulton St.
M. Pinstuck, Gates Ave.
A. Kiesner, 1,044 Bushwick Ave.
M. Iseral, 1,434 5th Ave.
S. Kramer, 291 Knickerbocker Ave.
J. Sterns Sons, 6 Manhattan Ave.
W. J. Nugent, 1,000 Bedford Ave.
Moore St. Harem House, 85 Moore St.
S. Kaplinsky, 350 Sutter Ave.
J. Rosenthal, 1,000 Christopher Ave.
D. Friedman, 1,011 Hegeman Ave.
S. Schumbow, 88 Moore St.
H. Schoenhoff, 273 Bedford St.
A. Cohen, 1,669 Pitkin Ave.
A. Jacobs, 663 Classon Ave.
William Haines, 57 4th Ave.
M. Schweitzer, 279 Grand St.
Spector & Kaiper, 3,013 Fulton St.
Leon Nadel, 2,045 Fulton St.
S. Nitnick, 1,932 Fulton St.
H. Rosenbloom, 36 Tompkins Ave.
J. Wright & Sleeper, 1,000 Fulton St.
N. K. Berwald, 2,455 Fulton St.
J. Salsner, 791 De Kalb Ave.
W. Levy, 1,000 Ave. A.
Jos. Tortorici, 145 Hamilton Ave.
A. Gottlieb, 1,485 Myrtle Ave.
J. Goldburg, 36 Seigle St.
N. Kleinman, 804 Nostrand Ave.
B. F. Kane & Bros., 51 Gelmore Ave.
C. A. Burns, 156 5th Ave.
Lurie & Rosnmoff, 4,909 12th Ave.
Jos. Kaiser, 485 Flatbush Ave.
William Peiser, 104 Smith St.
D. Starobin, 1,720 Bath Ave.
Jos. Stein, 1,242 Flatbush Ave.
Samuel Berg, 190 Smith St.
M. Speishadler, 987 Flushing Ave.
Charles S. Rosenblatt, 223 9th Ave.
M. H. Ramsey, 828 Manhattan Ave.
Hines & Leizerson, 1,603 Broadway.
Gussie Rosnnicoff, 48 Manhattan Ave.
F. J. Spanger, 693 Knickerbocker Ave.
Lazar, 55 Cedar St.
Susie Pittner, 1,247 Flatbush Ave.
J. Simon, 541 5th Ave.
B. Waldman, 1,000 Flushing Ave.
J. Myers, 1,000 Jefferson Ave.
M. Brunnemann, 326 Franklin Ave.
Cooper Bros., 1,000 Bath Ave.
Sam Engelkrist, 2,000 Myrtle Ave.
J. Johnson, 1,000 Graham St.
Kurbe & Sons, 1,000 Bath Ave.
A. Polonsky, 889 Bath Ave.
J. Selenbit, 1,000 Bath Ave.
J. Stein, 419 Grand St.
J. Stein, 545 Grand St.

NEW YORK CITY DISTRIBUTORS:

LOWIS & LEVISON.
HIRSCH BROS.

LIST OF HANES DEALERS.

Brooklyn—Continued.

M. Tauber, 192 Bedford Ave.
W. Pollock, Inc., 455 Columbia Ave.
Hope Hosiery Co., 1,000 Court St.
S. Kiesteln, 138 10th Ave.
Sterling, 473 3d Ave.
J. Jacobs, 1,000 Ave. A.
Frank, 1,000 13th Ave.
Bousner Ave.
Schreibler & Son, 2,603 Atlantic Ave.
D. Rosen, 1,617 Pitkin Ave.
Mark, 1,000 Pitkin Ave.
M. Gelrnbwitz, 1,493 Pitkin Ave.
Sherb, 1,000 Pitkin Ave.
Sherman, 1,000 St.
Sherman, 1,000 St.
Sherman, 1,000 Ave.
Hach, 412 New Utrecht Ave.
H. Cooper, 76 Hamburg Ave.
Auerbacher, 277 Central Ave.
N. Vogel, Ackerman St.
Sherman, 1,783 Myrtle Ave.
Sherman, 1,000 Knickerbocker Ave.
B. Sherman, 3,000 Fulton St.
Kaskel, 1,000 Fulton St.
H. Nevin, 2,000 Stephen St.
Ackerman, 1,503 Broadway.
Ackerman, 1,000 Grand New Ave.
H. Gordon, 566 Grand Ave.
Goodblend, 583 Woodward Ave.
Sherman, 627-659 Woodward Ave.
Sherman, 831 Woodward Ave.
Sherman, 1,000 Forest St.
Sherman, 1,000 Myrtle Ave.
Merrick, 1,000 Smith St.
Merrick, 1,000 Smith St.
Merrick, 1,000 Smith St.
Sherman, 1,000 Smith St.
Sherman, 1,000 Smith St.
Sherman

Plattsburg Graduates
and
Enlisted Men
are made welcome at
PACH BROS.
Photographers
570 Fifth Avenue,
Near 46th Street.
OPEN
THANKSGIVING DAY
FROM 9 TO 1.

No Need to Rub

Try Sloan's Liniment and see how quickly the swelling is reduced and the pain disappears. No need to rub; it penetrates quickly and brings relief. Have a bottle handy for rheumatic pains, neuralgia, back ache and all muscle soreness.

Generous sized bottles, at your druggist, 25c., 50c., $1.00.

Scenes in Palestine.

In view of the change in the government of Palestine, the pictures of the advance of the British Army in the Holy Land possess great significance. There are four pages of them in The New York Times Mid-Week Pictorial this week. 24 pages rotogravure. On all newsstands—10 cents—$3 a year by mail. Times Square, New York.—Advt.

OVER $600,000,000 IN ALIEN PROPERTY

Estimates Received Indicate the Total to be Taken May Reach a Billion.

MORITZ ROSENTHAL NAMED

Appointed General Counsel to Custodian—F. P. Garvan Is Among Others Appointed.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—Estimates, based on scattering returns received from corporations, banks, and warehouses, indicate that the money and property in this country belonging to Germans and subject to requestration by A. Mitchell Palmer, as Alien Property Custodian, will exceed $600,000,000, and may approach a billion. Under the terms of the law reports of property and money held by German citizens living abroad must be reported to the Alien Property Custodian by Dec. 5, after which time the property and money will be taken over by the Government.

Mr. Palmer has completely organized his office to take charge of the enormous business which will flow through it in the next year. At present there are 250 persons employed, and the number will be increased to 400 by the middle of December.

Some of the important appointments were announced today. Many of the men holding responsible places, especially in the legal departments, are serving without pay.

Moritz Rosenthal of New York was appointed general counsel today. Mr. Rosenthal was for many years a member of the Chicago bar. He was counsel for the packers in the immunity case, and also counsel for the Standard Oil Company in the $29,000,000 fine case, and in the equity suit brought by the Government to dissolve that company. He moved to New York several years ago to become a partner of the banking firm of Ladenburg, Thalman & Co. He will be in charge of the legal department of the Alien Property Custodian, and will have associated with him a number of lawyers from various parts of the country who have volunteered their services.

Among the lawyers already working with Mr. Rosenthal are James E. MacCloskey, Jr., of Pittsburgh, Penn., general counsel for the Harbison-Walker Refractories Company and other Pittsburgh corporations, and W. C. Coleman of Baltimore, Md.

Francis P. Garvan of New York is named Director of the Bureau of Investigation. Mr. Garvan was Assistant District Attorney of New York under District Attorney Philbin, and for eight years was chief of the Homicide, Insurance, and Business Division under District Attorney Jerome. He tried the Patrick and Molineaux cases. He will supervise the investigation leading to the discovery of al lenemy property in this country, and in conjunction with the Department of Justice will have charge of the prosecution of offenders under the Trading with the Enemy act.

Other appointments are:

Scott, Robert T., attorney, formerly with Senator Underwood, secretary to the Alien Property Custodian.
Peter, Julius C., of Detroit, assistant to President of Detroit Trust Company, secretary to Director, Bureau of Trusts.
Stearns, Robert B., with J. J. Dunnig & Co., New York, bankers and brokers, acting chief, Division of Pledged Property.
Krauthoff, Edwin A., attorney, of Kansas City, Mo., acting chief, Division of Court and Private Trusts.
Wiener, Edward, attorney, of Philadelphia, assisting in Division of Court and Private Trusts.
Smith, Howard W., attorney, of Alexandria, Va., assisting in Division of Court and Private Trusts.
King, J. Berry, attorney, of Muskogee, Ala., assisting, Division of Corporations.
Bower, Joseph A., Vice President Liberty National Bank, New York, President, manager of General Business Department.
Fitzpatrick, W. G., attorney, of Detroit, assisting in Bureau of Investigation.
Morgan, H. M., of St. Louis, Mo., Secretary of American Trust Company, manager of Mortgage Department.
Shrigler, L. H., with Stintson & Co., Philadelphia, bankers and brokers, assisting in Division of Individual Property.
McClintock, C. E., attorney, of Wilkes-Barre, Penn., assisting in Division of Corporations.
Green, H. D., who is working on an organization of foreign and insular affairs, having L. M. Snowden as his assistant.
Cooper, Leon F., assisting Judge Brodhead, is an attorney in Washington.
Bensinger, Allan R.; R. M. Small, and R. O. Rodos, assisting the chief, Division of Insurance.
Morgan, Shirley C., and George Russell Peabody, working on organization in Stock and Bond Department.
Newberry, Edgar A., acting manager Inventory and Appraisal Department.
Morrill, Amos, and R. C. Goldstein, working on an organiaztion of the License Department.
Hunter, C. E., assisting Mr. Bower in the General Business Department.

Norman Dreher, who has been associated with Mr. Palmer in a confidential capacity for twent yyears, is Director of Administration.

NEW MAIL REGULATIONS.

Government Soon to Issue Rules Governing Foreign Communications.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—Regulations to govern the transmission to or from the United States of communications not in the regular course of the mails will be issued within a few days under the Trading with the Enemy act.

Ship and consignees' mail consisting of bills of lading and similar business documents probably will not be forbidden when destined to neutral countries, and considerable latitude will be allowed commercial travelers and other representatives of business concerns to carry in luggage letters relating strictly to their business. Most other communications will be forced into mail channels to be subjected to censorship. Communications to enemy or ally of enemy countries are prohibited except by license of the War Trade Board.

The customs division of the Treasury will have charge of the administration of the regulations.

BIG ARMY HOSPITAL FOR STATEN ISLAND

Fox Hills to be the Site of Receiving Station for Men Wounded in France.

CAPACITY 1,500 TO 2,500

Convalescents to be Distributed Thence to Rehabilitation Depots, General Gorgas Explains.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—Surgeon Gen. Gorgas announced tonight the selection of Fox Hills, Staten Island, N. Y., as the site of a military receiving hospital from which wounded American soldiers will be distributed to the reconstruction and rehabilitation hospitals which are soon to be established.

The Staten Island institution, which will have a capacity of from 1,500 to 2,500 beds, will be situated on an elevation overlooking the entrance to New York Harbor, near enough to the Quarantine Station to make possible the transfer of the wounded with a minimum of delay.

"The establishment of the receiving hospital and the [illegible] statement marks the [illegible] comprehensive plan that [illegible] for the reorganization [illegible] of our sanitary [illegible] including the use of this [illegible] hospital [illegible] of distribution. [illegible] selected, there will be [illegible] surgeons [illegible] by medical officers [illegible] will also be made of [illegible] requirements of the [illegible] studied. There has [illegible] pleted the start which [illegible] general or special [illegible]

During [illegible] soldier will be [illegible] will aid in his convalescence [illegible] necessary because [illegible] will be given special [illegible] occupations under the [illegible] tional experts. [illegible] trade for which [illegible] and that the United States [illegible] of the duty of the [illegible] bringing returning [illegible] industry and [illegible] tions further to supply [illegible] has been completely rehabilitated [illegible] foundation in society [illegible]

[illegible] the United States [illegible] the soldiers will be sent to place [illegible] their own homes. As the soldiers [illegible] sites are decided upon they will be announced by the Surgeon General.

The Quinine That Does Not Affect Head
Because of its tonic and laxative effect, LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE can be taken without causing nervousness or ringing in the head. There is only one "Bromo Quinine." E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box.—Advt.

FEES

A contractor who submits an absurdly low fee has not a very exalted opinion of his services but he probably knows what his services are worth.

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY
Engineers Constructors

Chicago Limited
Lackawanna Railroad
Leave New York 1 P. M. (D., L. & W. R. R.)
Ar. Chicago 4 P. M. (N. C. R. R.)
Ar. Chicago 4:55 P. M. (Nickel Plate)
TICKET OFFICES:
Broadway: Cor. Wall St, Park St, 28th St, 42d St.
Brooklyn, 505 Fulton St.

DON'T SAY UNDERWEAR SAY MUNSINGWEAR.
PERFECT FITTING MUNSINGWEAR UNION SUITS
LET MUNSINGWEAR COVER YOU WITH SATISFACTION

Your surprise at the moderate price of Munsingwear increases as time proves its splendid wearing qualities.

The Satisfaction Lasts

You need a strong, quiet friend, if you ever feel like shouting this:—

"Great Scott, how can a man do any thinking with such infernal noise all 'round him!" Your nerves snap—that's all. The everlasting, piercing click, click, click of typewriters makes your nerves snap quicker than a Black Tom explosion; the explosion gives you a minute's shock—but the vicious click of typewriters goes ever on and on and on.

You need the "Noiseless"—whether for your secretary's desk or for a staff of stenographers in the open office. The "Noiseless" doesn't simply *lessen* noise—it kills noise. It actually writes in a whisper.

You'll appreciate it at once: the "Noiseless" in full, swift action—and not a click to be heard. Right at your elbow it's going top-speed ahead—and you can confer in subdued tones, you can hear and speak over the 'phone—you can *think*.

Get a demonstration in your own office today. Or let us send you our illustrated catalog and a really impressive list of users.

Stenographers: Let us send you "First-hand Experiences" and other literature which has been prepared specially for you.

The
NOISELESS

The Noiseless Typewriter Company, 253 Broadway, 'Phone Barclay 7442

Put Your Motoring on a War Basis With the Franklin Car

SOME people think they can solve the thrift question by talking about it. The War situation is actual and real. Every man feels it is his duty to help the country, but he tells you what the Government ought to do instead of taking the first practical step—meeting the plain facts in the things close at hand; things he buys and uses and pays to maintain.

Gasoline and rubber are prime necessities of War. Yet many a car owner who talks thrift is actually destroying *fifty percent more* of these commodities than his motoring should require.

War Time Activity Demands Economy in Motor Car Operation

Ask the man who gets eight, ten or twelve miles to the gallon of gasoline and five or six thousand miles to the set of tires. He probably has the feeling—almost the conviction—that he can do better with the Franklin, but it is easier to close his eyes to the facts and wonder whether the Franklin's record for gasoline and tire saving is really and actually true.

He does not *investigate*—he takes refuge in a general doubt.

Another way he has of side stepping the issue is to argue that in these days it is better economy to hang on to his old car. He knows how wasteful it is to run, yet he overlooks the fact that the Franklin saving in gasoline, tires and oil would more than carry his *investment* in a Franklin Car. Perhaps he says he will meet conditions by using his car less. He forgets that while the average car is standing idle its *depreciation* offsets any reduction in running expense he could make.

He ought to see that it is true conservation for him to put his motoring on a War basis *now*; clean up his old car proposition; take a fresh start and get an automobile that actually fits conditions as they are *today*.

War time thrift and economy are possible to every motorist without reducing his mileage or curtailing the use of his car.

War time activity makes this fact of vital interest. Thousands of men are finding increased demands upon their time and more work for their automobile.

Franklin Holds World's Records for Thrift and Efficiency

The Thrift and Efficiency Standards of the Franklin Car are matters of public record.

On May 1st, 1914, 94 Franklin Cars in all parts of the country averaged 32.8 miles to the gallon of gasoline.

On May 1st, 1915, 137 Franklin Cars averaged 32.1 miles to the gallon.

On July 13th, 1917, 179 Franklin Cars established the remarkable average of *40.3 miles to the single gallon of gasoline.*

All records under Standard Efficiency Test Rules.

In the Yale University Fuel Economy Test, Professor Lockwood and Arthur B. Browne, M. E., established the fact that the Franklin Car uses *less* gasoline per mile than any other car with six or more cylinders.

On November 17th, 1915, a Franklin Car [illegible] 1046 miles on a single gallon of oil—a run from New York to Chicago.

Right Now Is the Time for All Motorists to Investigate the Franklin

Franklin Economy and Efficiency, as demonstrated by these records of low gasoline consumption, continue throughout the car. Franklin owners' individual *tire mileage reports*, for instance, over a period of five years, give a national average of 10,203 miles to the set.

The *value of the Franklin Car as an investment* is clearly shown every time you find a used Franklin for sale. It brings a 20% higher price than any other fine car in proportion to its first cost and the use it had.

The time is close at hand when the motorist must choose between a restricted use of his car or meeting conditions in a *constructive way* with the economical Franklin.

Touring Car	2280 lbs.	$2050.00	Runabout	2160 lbs.	$2000.00	Limousine	2620 lbs.	$3200.00
Cabriolet	2485 lbs.	2850.00	Sedan	2610 lbs.	2950.00	Four-pass. Roadster	2280 lbs.	2050.00
Town Car	2610 lbs.	3200.00				Brougham	2575 lbs.	2900.00

All Prices F. O. B. Syracuse

FRANKLIN MOTOR CAR COMPANY
GLENN A. TISDALE, President
1830 Broadway, New York — *Phone, Columbus 7556*
Brooklyn Branch: 1176 Bedford Ave. — *Phone, Decatur 4087*

ADVERTISEMENT. | ADVERTISEMENT. | ADVERTISEMENT. | ADVERTISEMENT. | ADVERTISEMENT. | ADVERTISEMENT. | ADVERTISEMENT. | ADVERTISEMENT.

REX BEACH SAYS:—

"'The Winds of Chance' is an Alaskan story written by request. It is easy enough to write about the North Country, for I know it pretty well. A romantic glamour attaches to it, and it has a lure peculiar to itself. When I first took up writing I was a young man just back from the North, and naturally I wrote about the life that most vividly impressed me. But all the time I was thinking about a moving drama that was enacted during the early days of the Klondike—one upon which I never touched—and finally I saw a story in it—'The Winds of Chance'. I saw that it offered something more than a tale of adventure and that the background was a cross-section of real Alaskan life. Then I recognized the figure of 'Poleon Doret' in the cast. He wouldn't stay put in 'The Barrier'. You see now why I say the story was written by request."

Rex Beach

"The Winds of Chance," by Rex Beach, appears in Hearst's Magazine for December—Out today. It is another great story of Alaska, vibrant with adventure, intrigue and love. Be sure to read this thrilling tale.

SEES HUGE PROFITS IN SUBWAY DELAY

Service Board Counsel Says Interborough Halts New Lines for Dividends.

THREATENS DRASTIC ACTION

Commission Will Inquire Into Setbacks of Lexington Avenue and Seventh Avenue Branches.

A statement made public yesterday by William L. Ransom, counsel for the Public Service Commission, practically accused the Interborough Rapid Transit Company of deliberately delaying the completion of the Lexington Avenue and Seventh Avenue subways, so that the company may continue to reap enormous profits. The statement says in effect that the Interborough Company, regardless of the discomforts of the public because of the increasing congestion on the rapid transit lines, has made no proper effort to place the new lines in operation, and that the delay would probably continue unless drastic action was taken by the commission.

That such action is to be taken was made a part of the statement. At 2:30 o'clock today the commission will proceed to examine officials of the company, and will try to wring from them the true reasons why the two lines, that ought to have been in operation before Christmas, have been delayed to Jan. 15 at the earliest. "The inquiry," says the commission, "is expected to develop the extent, if any, to which the company is responsible for the delay."

Judge Ransom's statement reads:

"The commission has directed these hearings to ascertain whether the Interborough Rapid Transit Company is using all practicable diligence in completing the new lines and placing them in operation. The beginning of operation will put into effect the financial terms of the dual contracts, and tomorrow the investigation will seek the facts as to any disposition to delay that time.

"Last year the Interborough Rapid Transit Company earned $9,100,000 profits on $35,000,000 of outstanding capital stock—a profit of 25 per cent. Another Winter of congestion means another year of big profits for the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, and all of it will go to the company, as the financial terms of the dual contracts do not go into effect until the operation of new lines is under way. Then the Interborough Rapid Transit Company's profits will drop back to the $6,335,000 preferential, a marked decrease from last year's profits. The commission desires to ascertain whether the company is diligent in bringing about the commencement of the pool.

"Inquiries will be made as to the dates of orders, purchases, delivery, &c.; the efforts, if any, to obtain priorities on manufacture and shipments and the prospective dates of operation for portions of the new lines."

The order calling for the inquiry does not limit the extent of it. Under its terms the commission may wander as it pleases into any by-road of the transit question, and it is expected that everything relating to the frequent delays in work on all of the uncompleted lines will be minutely inquired into.

It is certain that one part of the inquiry will be devoted to asking the Interborough officials about the number of passengers on the company's lines who have not been accommodated with seats during the non-rush hours, and whether this number has not been increasing steadily. It was said at the office of the commission yesterday that the hearing was regarded as of the utmost importance, for it may lead to a quickening of the work on all of the lines now in course of building.

Frank Hedley, Vice President and General Manager of the Interborough, said last night that while he was unable to reply to "what Judge Ransom may try to bring out" at the hearing, he knew certainly that it could not be shown that the Interborough purposely had delayed completing new subway lines in order that the city might not share in transit profits through the dual contracts.

"The fact that the city has been able to complete its rough construction work before we have been able to finish our highly technical end, requiring the services of many skilled engineers and expert mechanics," Mr. Hedley said, "is no reflection upon us. We are just as anxious as anyone to put these huge new properties into operation, but the extent to which manufacturers of cables, interlocking signal devices and other technical equipment have sidetracked our work—very properly—to give Government needs the right of way has entailed delay for which we are not responsible. In addition, there have entered directly into the nation's service not only thousands of skilled mechanics, but a very large proportion of the expert engineers necessary to the completion of our part of the work."

Macy Employes Give Ambulance.

Employes of R. H. Macy & Co. paraded with martial music and flying banners from Fifty-first Street and Broadway yesterday morning to Madison Avenue, thence to Thirty-fourth Street, and across town to the store, at Thirty-fourth Street and Broadway, escorting a splendidly equipped ambulance, which the employes purchased by subscription among themselves and have presented to the Government for the use of the Red Cross on the battle fronts of Europe.

Into your bed with a leap—and off to sleep in a jiffy!! That's the way they all do it, who are wise enough to make

HALL'S BEDDING

The Standard of Quality

their companion of the night.

If furnishing or refurnishing let us show you why our mattresses and springs are so comfortable, last a lifetime and keep their shape so long. See the quality of materials used and how they are made.

Prices reasonable. At your dealers or

FRANK A. HALL & SONS

Manufacturers of Beds and Bedding

25 West 45th St.

BARR & CO.

English Bootmakers

338 Madison Ave.,

Opp. Biltmore Hotel

NEW YORK

Boots, Shoes, Slippers for Men and Women

THE SIGN OF SERVICE

SOCONY

REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

MOTOR GASOLINE

WE SELL SO SOCONY MOTOR GASOLINE STANDARD OIL CO. OF N.Y.

The Sign of a Reliable Dealer and the World's Best Gasoline

The Sign of a Reliable Dealer and the World's Best Gasoline

The sign of a good supply dealer is service. And the sign of service is the Red, White and Blue SOCONY Sign. It marks a safe place to stop. The dealers listed below display the SOCONY Motor Gasoline Sign. Gasoline bought from them is sure to be the full-powered uniform "quality" gasoline—"So-CO-ny" (accent on the second syllable). Ask for it by name

MANHATTAN AND BRONX

ALLEN ST.
59-63, Allied Garage.
AMSTERDAM AVE.
133, Amsterdam Garage.
AVENUE A.
570, Interboro Delivery Company.
AVENUE B.
300, Arc Garage.
BAINBRIDGE AVE.
3610, Bahrenberg's Gasoline & Service Station.
BEACH TERRACE.
608, Emperial Taxi Service.
BAILEY AVE.
3400, Van Cortlandt Garage.
3129, J. Whelan's Garage.
BELMONT AVE.
1837, Ikon Garage, Inc.
BERGEN AVE.
607, Bronx County Auto Company.
BOGART AVE.
1443, Zerracco's Garage.
BOSTON ROAD.
1916, The Speier Garage, Inc.
1302, Rose Garage & Taxi Co.
1365, McKinley Sq. Garage Co., Inc.
BROADWAY.
1910, Michael T. Watts.
3322, B'way Garage, Inc.
2444, Kesbec Sales Company.
2906, Cimiotti Garage Company.
3251, Claremont Garage.
4342, Greater New York Garage.
4816, Dyckman Auto & Repair Co.
4380, The Arthur Garage, Inc.
5015, Erickner's Auto Supply Company, Inc.
BROADWAY AND 65TH ST.
Lincoln Sq. Garage.
BROADWAY AND 70TH ST.
Minton Company.
BROADWAY AND 83D ST.
Savoy Gas Station.
BROADWAY AND 135TH ST.
135th Street Garage Corporation.
BROADWAY AND 218TH ST.
Buffo's Gas Station.
BAILEY AVE.
3131, Whelan's Garage.
BROOK AVE.
1066, Wm. & Thos. Witters Garage.
BROOME ST.
23, Broome Street Garage.
BROWN PLACE.
144, Dieterich-Edwards Company.
CASTLE HILL AVE.
1166, Estling's Garage, B.
CATHARINE ST.
23, Catharine Street Garage.
COURTLANDT AVE.
569, Courtlandt Garage.
CROTONA AVE.
1967, Crotona Garage.
CROTONA PARKWAY.
1000, Fairmont Garage Corp.
DALY AVE.
2070, Individual Garage, Inc.
DIVISION ST.
135, H. Witkins.
DOWNING ST.
40, E. Tassi Sons Garage.
DYCKMAN ST.
344, Inwood Garage.
EAST 2D ST.
70, Aenia Garage.
EAST 7TH ST.
Cor. Lewis St., 7th Street Garage.
EAST 9TH ST.
216, New Royal Garage.
224, Stuyvesant Auto Trading Company, and 9th St. Garage.
356, S. F. Collins.
EAST 11TH ST.
723, Dry Dock Garage.
810, Dochtermann Van Company.
EAST 12TH ST.
19, Cleric and Bambi.
EAST 17TH ST.
515, N. Y. Contracting & Trucking Co.
EAST 23D ST.
141, Hoffman Taxicab Company.
EAST 31ST ST.
139, Blue Sprocket Garage.
421, Express Garage.
EAST 37TH ST.
238, 37th Street Garage, McCook & Co.
EAST 39TH ST.
150, Lexington Auto Garage.
EAST 40TH ST.
27, Murray Hill Garage.
23, McDermott Garage.
EAST 41ST ST.
Commonwealth Garage.
145, Berbaum Garage.
144, Republic Garage.
EAST 47TH ST.
Fillmore Garage, Inc., 205 to 213.
EAST 54TH ST.
218, Mercedes Garage.
415, Knickerbocker Garage.
EAST 55TH ST.
418, C. W. Cavenagh.
EAST 57TH ST.
156, 57th Street Garage, J. J. O'Hara.
EAST 59TH ST.
416, Olager's Garage, C. A. Olager.
EAST 62D ST.
418, Central Garage.
EAST 63D ST.
H. J. Black Garage Co., Inc., 63d St. and 2nd Ave.
EAST 64TH ST.
209, Ritz Garage.
235, Terrace Garage, Inc.
EAST 65TH ST.
226, Halcyon Garage, Inc.
242, Tuxedo Park Garage.
EAST 66TH ST.
118, 66th St. Garage.
EAST 70TH ST.
184, Cor. 3d Ave., Pinehurst Garage.
EAST 72D ST.
E. River Auto Club of America.
EAST 73D ST.
182, Brooks Garage.
EAST 75TH ST.
112, Urban Garage.
315, Spengler Auto Company.
EAST 76TH ST.
51, Eli See Garage Co.
423, Lind & Co., Gus.
61, J. McEwen.
EAST 77TH ST.
139, Ardsley Garage.
EAST 81ST ST.
208, Avon Garage.
EAST 84TH ST.
115, Belmont Garage.
157, 84th St. Garage Corp.
327, Yorkville Garage.
EAST 86TH ST.
205, Yorkville Central Garage.
EAST 88TH ST.
58, Watson Club Garage, Inc.
EAST 89TH ST.
57, Niagara Garage.
EAST 90TH ST.
431, Arfinan's Garage.
EAST 94TH ST.
300, Ninety-fourth St. Garage Co., Inc.
Cor. 5th Ave., Parkview Garage.
EAST 96TH ST.
51, Healy's Taxi Company.
EAST 101ST ST.
432-437, Spotless Garage.
EAST 102D ST.
406, Wicke's Garage, A. O.
EAST 104TH ST.
457, Market Auto Garage.
EAST 105TH ST.
Cor. 5th Ave., Michael T. Watts.
EAST 108TH ST.
55, Lyons' Garage, M.
402, Saratoga Garage Co.
EAST 112TH ST.
159, M. Boga & Son's Garage.
EAST 120TH ST.
15, Grossmann Auto Company.
16, Corinthian Garage.
166-172, Arabel Garage, Inc.
EAST 122D ST.
416, The Excelsior Garage.
EAST 125TH ST.
213-223, 125th St. Garage, Inc.
252, Phipps Garage.
EAST 126TH ST.
104, Akron Garage.
112-115, New York & Saratoga Garage.
EAST 127TH ST.
207, Hayes Garage, Inc.
EAST 130TH ST.
110, Harlem Garage.
EAST 133D ST.
447, Eyrnos Garage.
EAST 137TH ST.
252, 137th St. Garage Corp.
EAST 144TH ST.
26, Triangle Garage.
EAST 149TH ST.
437, Hub Gasoline Station.
E. ST 152D ST.
Cor. Bergen Ave., Bronx Centre Garage.
EAST 155TH ST.
770, Woodstock Garage.
EAST 163D ST.
490, Melrose Garage.
EAST 172D ST.
536, Supreme Garage.
EAST 170TH ST.
412, Hewson's Garage.
941, Coryell Garage.
EAST 200TH ST.
Cor. Park Ave., Bedford Park Garage.
EAST 215TH ST.
Cor. White Plains Ave., Ruff's Garage.
EASTCHESTER ROAD
And Boston Road, Joseph McCrain.
EAST TREMONT AVE.
1876, M. Oeser's Gasoline Service Sta.
2645, Bentley's Garage.
ELEVENTH AVE.
440, New York Herald Garage.
FIFTH AVE.
Circle Gasoline Station at 110th St.
FIRST AVE.
1108, Flynn Garage.
1292, Janovic, Emil.
1834, First Avenue Auto Garage, Inc.
FORDHAM ROAD.
164, Yerdes Garage.
561, Fordham Garage, Inc.
565, Bronx Chalmers.
FOREST AVE.
1038, Keller's Garage.
FOX ST.
1107, Simpson Garage.
GERARD AVE.
Reo Motor Car Co., Gerard Ave. & 150th St.
GRAND CONCOURSE.
1526, Reya Motor Co.
1852, Wm. Moller's Gasoline Sta.
2194, Maxim Garage.
2408, Holland' Gasoline Station.
2431, Concourse Garage.
Cor. 176th St., Moller's Gas Sta., Wm.
Bergen Garage, Cor. Echo St.
R. J. Reville, Cor. 181st St.
HAMILTON PLACE.
17, Kesbec Sales Company, No.
HUDSON ST.
651, Sullivan & Dempsey.
IRVING PLACE.
59, Gramercy Park Garage.
JEROME AVE.
1934, Jerome Ave. Garage.
Cor. 167th St., Jerome Ave. Gas Sta.
LAFAYETTE ST.
263, Michael T. Watts.
14, Victor Ragiero.
LEWIS ST.
60, Lewis Street Garage.
MERRIAM AVE.
1301, Heights Garage.
MORRIS AVE.
396, Murphy's Garage.
1005, Levine Garage Corp.
Cor. 143d St., Munich and Medell.
MORRIS PARK AVE.
Cor. Mulliner Ave., Morris Park Garage.
MOTT AVE.
A. 1535 St., Longview Garage.
PARK AVE.
481, Sanford Auto Company.
485, Willett & Co.
583, Cryder & Co.
587, Park Ave. Garage.
1691, Louis Rothola.
4506, Aetna Garage Co., Inc.
PEARL ST.
555, J. Kelly.
PELHAM PARKWAY.
Cor. Williamsbridge road. Gasoline Station, Inc.
PLIMPTON AVE.
Cor. 172nd St., Conway's Garage.
PROSPECT AVE.
966, Prospect Garage Co., Inc.
SAINT GEORGE CRESCENT.
Cor. Van Cortlandt Ave., Lord's Gasoline Station.
ST. NICHOLAS AVE.
231, Hurlberg Garage.
235, Eureka Automobile Station.
641, College Garage.
667, St. Nicholas Garage.
1006, Dorsma Garage.
SOUTHERN BOULEVARD.
1152, Peerless Boulevard Garage.
1161, Aaron Garage.
1982, Farmount's Garage Corp.
2073, Boulevard Auto Company.
THIRD AVE.
66, Brown's Garage.
4199, Reliance Garage.
Cor. 133d St., California Oil Works.
THOMPSON ST.
242, De Pola Garage.
TIEBOUT AVE.
2344, Overlook Garage.
TOMPKINS ST.
43, Heipenhauser Bros.
TREMONT AVE.
& Watson Ave., Valentine Garage.
907, West Farms Garage.
TRINITY AVE.
917, Tribune Garage.
UNIVERSITY AVE.
2614, Kingsbridge Garage.
University Ave. Garage, University Ave and 176th St.
VESTRY ST.
56, Miller's Auto Express Co.
WASHINGTON AVE.
962, Yockel Bros. Corp.
WASHINGTON SQ. SOUTH.
72, Washington Square Garage.
WATER ST.
662, Cirkers, Sol.
WATTS ST.
165, Cacino Garage.
WALKER AVE.
1789, Kolbe, A.
WEBSTER AVE.
1139, Fleetwood Garage.
1360, Kindermann & Sons Garage.
1818, Reliable Garage.
1826, Dugan's Webster Ave. Garage.
2669, Tyrrell & Co., Inc., Geo. H.
2134, McGee Garage, W. C.
WEST END AVE.
70, Firestone Tire & Rubber Co.
83, Kelly Springfield Motor Truck.
91, West End Garage.
102, United Garage.
112, Paleste Garage.
WEST 3D ST.
106, Third Street Garage.
112, West 3rd St. Garage.
WEST 11TH ST.
356, Donovan Trucking Co.
WEST 15TH ST.
420, Fifteenth St. Garage.
423, Piercy Contracting Company.
WEST 18TH ST.
157, Greenwich Garage.
186, F. Hein.
245, Empire Garage.
339, Fred Trinca Garage.
WEST 19TH ST.
426, Hyde Fitzpatrick.
WEST 20TH ST.
148, S. & T. Garage, Inc.
WEST 27TH ST.
242, J. Strout Garage.
WEST 28TH ST.
532-536, 27th and 28th St. Garage Co.
249, Martinique Garage.
WEST 31ST ST.
144, Penn Garage.
WEST 35TH ST.
513, National Garage.
WEST 36TH ST.
205, Garland Service Co.
256, 36th St. Garage.
524, N. Y. Automobile Garage.
WEST 37TH ST.
512, Peter White Garage.
WEST 39TH ST.
146, Opera House Garage.
WEST 40TH ST.
232, International Garage.
WEST 41ST ST.
220, Hudson Garage.
230, Packard Transp. & Repair Co.
WEST 42D ST.
548, 42d Street Garage.
621, N. Y. Auto Packard Renting Co.
WEST 45TH ST.
400, Interboro News.
502, 45th St. Garage.
WEST 47TH ST.
228, Carlsend Co.
WEST 48TH ST.
215, Forty-eighth Street Garage.
WEST 49TH ST.
147, Forty-ninth Street Garage.
226, Bowman Auto Company.
301, Eighth Auto Company.
327, Sally Wiesbader, Inc.
WEST 50TH ST.
218, Mason Bros., Inc.
235, People's Garage.
248, Caron Garage.
WEST 51ST ST.
159, O'Toole's Garage.
218, J. A. Ryan.
222-224, Postal Garage.
WEST 52D ST.
113, Joscelyn Garage.
115-117, Franklin J. Phillips.
146, M. W. Smith Co.
551, McNulty Bros.
630, Buick Motor Co., Thos. A. Cowan.
WEST 60TH ST.
20, Lewis, S. H.
25, Locomobile Co. of America.
40, St. Paul Garage.
WEST 54TH ST.
114, Proud Taylor Elec. Co.
124, The Corvan Garage.
147, Webb's Garage.
155, S. S. Garage, Inc.
238, Norman Garage.
247, Auto Club of America.
Cor. B'way, Reo Motor Car Company.
WEST 55TH ST.
139, Aero Garage.
411, Hotel Rental Service.
417, Stearns Co., F. B., of N. Y.
419, Mitchell Motor Car Company.
WEST 56TH ST.
107, Park Garage.
114, Great Northern Garage.
122, Lotus Garage.
182, Gem Garage.
152, Newport Transfer Co., M. Buckley.
155, Flint Garage, L. H. Cornish.
160, Day and Night Garage.
Cor. 8th Ave., Columbus Circle Gas & Oil Co.
WEST 57TH ST.
13, Larrk-Wel Co.
515, Clinton Garage.
618, Eagle Garage.
631, White Company.
Cor. B'way, Colt-Stratton Company.
WEST FORDHAM ROAD.
148, R. A. Myer's Gas Station.
WEST 62D ST.
8, Detroit Cadillac Motor Company.
42, Marmon, N. Y. Company.
WEST 64TH ST.
203, Grand Garage, Inc., L. J. Kelly.
205, Colonial Garage.
Cor. West End Ave., International Motor Company.
302, Acme Garage.
WEST 65TH ST.
29, Kesbec Sales Co.
202, Riverside Garage.
214, Long Acre Motor Company.
218, Pyramid Garage.
306, New York Auto Garage.
WEST 66TH ST.
225, Alder's Garage & Repair Co.
WEST 67TH ST.
52, West 67th St. Garage.
WEST 69TH ST.
142, Joseph A. Ryan.
244, Thomey Auto Service.
WEST 69TH ST.
244, B. & B. Garage.
246, Hetzer Bros.
24-2, Continental Garage.
WEST PARK AVE.
320, W. B. Thom.
340, Edson Garage, M. Edson.
WEST 75TH ST.
207, 75th St. Garage.
WEST 76TH ST.
Cor. B'way, Acorn Garage.
210, Superior Motors Garage.
WEST 77TH ST.
200, D. F. D. Garage.
WEST 80TH ST.
214, Apthorp Garage, Depalina & Wilson.
[illegible] 329 St.
211, Garage, Mills Co.
WEST 86D ST.
130, Bratton Hall Garage.
202-204, Savoy Service Station.
WEST [illegible]
211, [illegible]
252, Belmont Garage.
WEST 89TH ST.
123, The Halley Stable & Garage Corp.
171, Champion Garage.
210, West End Auto Palace.
WEST 90TH ST.
2, Kingston Garage.
[illegible] Garage.
WEST 93RD ST.
[illegible] Garage & Supply Co., Inc.
WEST 85TH ST.
215, Royal Garage.
WEST 86TH ST.
215, Thedford's Garage, Inc.
WEST 100TH ST.
[illegible]-41, Century Garage.
146, Eureka Garage Corp.
WEST 101ST ST.
160, Bonalp Garage and Supply Co.
WEST 102D ST.
204, Miller's Garage, J.
WEST 105TH ST.
112, Consolidated Garage & Taxi Co.
WEST 107TH ST.
102, Royal Garage, Branch B.
241, Elite Garage.
WEST 108TH ST.
234, Manchester Garage Co.
WEST 109TH ST.
254, Bona Vista Garage Co.
WEST 110TH ST.
145, Cathedral Park Garage, Inc.
WEST 118TH ST.
85, Alhambra Garage Co.
W. 123D ST.
53, University Garage.
WEST 124TH ST.
208, Normal Automobile Station.
WEST 125TH ST.
52, Martin Taxi Service Co.
WEST 127TH ST.
552, Olympic Garage.
WEST 129TH ST.
303, Security Garage.
WEST 132D ST.
163, Kingwood Garage.
WEST 133D ST.
Cor. St. Nicholas Ave., Daly Bros. Gasoline Station.
WEST 135TH ST.
206, Ideal Garage Co.
320, 135th St. Garage Corp'n.
WEST 141ST ST.
55-57, Reavis Garage.
807, Strand Auto Co.
WEST 142D ST.
Cor. 5th Ave., Baker, R. & D. Co.
WEST 144TH ST.
22, West 144th St. Garage, Inc.
30, Dolphin Garage.
Ro[illegible] Garage.
WEST 154TH ST.
434, Fort Washington Garage.
WEST 161ST ST.
512, The Amsonia Garage.
519, Kay Bee Garage, Inc.
WEST 168TH ST.
554, Washington Heights Garage.
WEST 170TH ST.
Cor. Broadway, Kesbac Sales Co., No. 3
Cor. Haven Ave., Haven Ave. Garage.
WEST 181ST ST., BRONX.
14, Mount Hope Service Station.
WEST 200TH ST.
442, Black's Inwood Garage.
WEST 234TH ST.
Cor. Broadway, McPartland's Gasoline Station P.
WHITE PLAINS AVE.
3445, Geo. W. Benjamin.
WHITE PLAINS ROAD.
2221, Gasoline Station.
144, Penn Garage.
WILLIAMSBRIDGE ROAD.
1483, Thompson's Garage, J.
NEAR PELHAM PARKWAY.
R. Manson & Son.

BROOKLYN

ABERDEEN ST.
F. Siegman, cor. Bushwick Ave.
ALBANY AVENUE.
Albany Garage.
ATLANTIC AVENUE.
Ajax Garage 1569.
E. H. Dunn, 2762.
Van Sicklen Garage, 2314.
C. J. Williams, 2783.
W. S. Bridjette, 359.
Dluguid Bros., 975.
Mohawk Garage, 1348.
Moll's Garage, 430.
United States Garage, 1620-1630.
Warwick Auto Supply Co., Atlantic Ave. & Warwick St.
I. J. Pfeuffer, 3018.
AVE. O.
Irving Garage, 1007.
L. Veidell, Atlantic Ave. & Linwood St.
BAY RIDGE AVE.
Island Garage, 243.
Mitnight Bros., 246.
BEDFORD AVE.
Bedford Ave. Auto Taxi Co., 839
Bedford Auto Garage, 912.
I. C. Hirsham, 1365.
Periodic Gas Station, 2004.
Powell Garage, 2038.
Martin's Garage, 2460.
Slocum Motor Service, Inc., 1845.
Martin's Garage, 2860.
BERGEN ST.
Elmwood Garage, [illegible]
BERRIMAN ST.
Coddington Garage, [illegible] Berriman St. and Dumont Ave., Brooklyn.
BOERUM PLACE.
Boerum Place Garage, [illegible] 27.
BUSHWICK AVE.
Alryn Garage, 293. David Parkin.
SIEGEL ST.
166-192, Bushwick Ta[illegible] Terminal Garage
BUTLER ST.
Buick Motor Co., 32[illegible]
CARROLL ST.
Star Garage, 119.
CHAUNCEY ST.
Marquis Garage, cor. [illegible] Aitchen Ave.
CHURCH AVE.
Church & Bedford Ave. J. J. Bollinger.
Premier Garage, 1619.
CLARK ST.
St. George Garage, 3[illegible]
CLARKSON ST.
C. E. Dennis Garage, [illegible] 313.
CLERMONT AVE.
M. S. Marlborough's [illegible] 470.
Clermont Ave. Garage [illegible] 483.
COLUMBIA PLACE.
Zerega Garage, 22.
Brooklyn Heights Mo[illegible] Cabs, 10.
Little Garage, 12.
COMMERCIAL ST.
E. G. Stacher's Sons.
CONEY ISLAND AVE.
Howard G. Rolston, [illegible] Foster Ave.
Kensington Garage, [illegible] 12.
Cortelyou Garage, [illegible]
Nonpareil Garage, [illegible]
Prospect Park South Garage, 433.
Oakcrest, 1201.
COOK ST.
Cook Garage, Inc., [illegible] 8.
COOPER ST.
Cooper Garage, 288. [illegible]enair Co., 1714.
Cypress Garage and [illegible]
CORNELIA ST.
Cornelia Garage & [illegible]epair Corp., 3319.
CRANBERRY ST.
Pioneer Garage, 23.
CHERRY ST.
Foot of C. J. Well[illegible] an.
Adelphi Garage, [illegible]
CROFSEY AVE.
Reb Beach Garage [illegible] & Machine Co., 1907.
United Auto [illegible] & Vulcanizing Co., 2533.
CUMBERLAND ST.
Hill Garage, 370.
DE KALB AVE.
De Kalb Garage, [illegible] 96.
Star Garage & M[illegible] chine Shop, 886-890.
DOBBINS ST.
Ormond Garage. [illegible] L. Russel, Prop.
DIGHTON ST.
Eastern District [illegible] Garage, Inc., cor. South 5th St.
DUFFIELD ST.
Duffield Garage, 1[illegible]
Extension Garage, [illegible]
EASTERN PARKWAY.
I. Goodman, 1700.
Intern'l Parkway [illegible] Co., 1876 Eastern Parkway.
The Silverman Gar[illegible] ce, cor. Sterling Pl.
H. Tarnow, 1971.
Waltmon Garage, [illegible] Eastern Parkway & Sterling Place.
EAST NEW YORK.
E. E. Stevens, [illegible] VE.
EAST 21ST ST. & F[illegible] YSTER AVE.
Chas. Freiberg.
EAST 21ST ST.
[illegible] and Foster Ave.
EAST 28TH ST.
[illegible] O. Baur, 635.
Clarendon Garage, [illegible]
Goodwin's Garage.
EAST 99TH ST.
and Flatlands Ave. [illegible]anarsie, Geo. Krier.
ECKFORD ST.
Eckford Garage, 75.
EUCLID AVE.
Euclid Garage, 257.
18TH AVE.
Garage Colony, Inc. [illegible] 236.
Kenmore Garage, 44.
11TH ST.
Thomas Pibladdo, [illegible]
52D ST.
John F. Diokin, 106.
54TH ST.
Bee & See Garage, [illegible]
Sunset Garage, 314.
55TH ST.
Bay Ridge Garage, [illegible]
59TH ST.
Blythebourne Gar[illegible] 1339.
FLATBUSH AVE.
Supreme Gas Sta[illegible] ion, Flatbush Ave.
Extension, cor. [illegible] Fayette St.
Bikers Riding a D[illegible] Club, cor. Plaza St.
Supreme Gas Sta[illegible] ion, Flatbush Ave.
Extension and P[illegible] nce St.
Extension Garage [illegible] 81 Flatbush Ave.
Victor Selling Co. [illegible]
Extension, cor. T[illegible] 103 Flatbush Ave.
Michael T. Watts [illegible] ary St.
Supreme Gasoline S[illegible] Flatbush Ave. Extension.
Eat, Sleep and Chapel [illegible] ation, Flatbush Ave.
H. F. Stephen's, [illegible] Flatbush Ave. and Stephen's Court.
FOREST AVE.
F. J. Rebes, 47.
Platz Bros., 67.
FORT HAMILTON [illegible] VE.
R. A. Hill, 6250.
James Quigley, 6520.
FOSTER AVE.
Lipicott & Allen, [illegible] E.
14TH AVE.
14th Ave. Garage, [illegible] mr. 39th St.
FOURTH AVE.
Fischer & Fischer, [illegible] ourth Ave. & 39th St.
Ernest Bosson, 53[illegible]
Salvatore Lombardo [illegible] 653.
Supreme Gas. Sta[illegible] on, Fourth Ave. and Douglas St.
Crescent Garage, 63[illegible]
G. Perrigne, 280.
FOURTH ST.
Cross Garage, 331.
44TH ST.
West End Garage & [illegible] Auto Co., 1342.
FROST ST.
Reliable Garage, 10[illegible]
FULTON ST.
Geo. Reed & Son, 72[illegible]
Fulton Park Garage [illegible] opposite Lewis Av.
GATES AVENUE.
Elbron Garage, 661.
Kaufman's Garage, [illegible] 614.
GREENE AVENUE.
Royal Garage & M[illegible] gazine Co., 1005.
HAMILTON AVENUE.
Frank Sessa, 128.
McKay Bros., 485.
HANCOCK STREET.
Pupkl Auto. Co., 4[illegible]
Saratoga Garage, 94[illegible]
HARRISON ST.
Irving Garage, 379.
HENRY ST.
Heavy Garage, 546.
HERKIMER PL.
S. & S. Motors Co., 7[illegible]
HERKIMER STREET.
A. J. Cullford, 339.
Herkimer Garage, 3[illegible]
Eureka Garage, 5[illegible]
American Auto Sal[illegible] ance, 681.
HIGHLAND BOULEVARD.
F. Siegman, Cor. [illegible] Bushwick Ave.
HOPE ST.
Nassau Garage, 12[illegible]
HOWARD AVENUE.
Howard Garage, C[illegible]
HUMBOLDT STREET.
Lasky Motor Car [illegible] Eastern Pkway.
HURON STREET.
Rutland Garage, [illegible] Inc., 55.
IRVING AVENUE.
Irving Ave. Garag[illegible] e, 25.
JEFFERSON AVENUE.
F. M. Marko, 102[illegible]
JAMAICA AVE.
East New York [illegible] xi Co., Inc., 77.
JUNIUS ST.
Junius Garage, [illegible] 238-242.
KINGS HIGHWAY.
Geo. Doyle, 33[illegible]
Fred. Hommel [illegible] Garage, Cor. Snyder Av.
KNICKERBOCKER AVE.
Campbell's Gar[illegible] ge, Cor. Moffat St.
Knickerbocker [illegible] Garage, 118.
KOSCIUSKO ST.
Mitchell Garage [illegible] 29.
LAFAYETTE AVENUE.
Detroit Cadillac Motor Car Co. & Knoedler Garage, 428.
S. & M. Garage, 431.
LEXINGTON AVE.
L. A. Dishrow, 259.
Lexington Garage, 411.
Quincy Garage, 334.
LIBERTY AVE.
L. Milchman, 1108.
LOTT STREET.
Beverley Garage, 140.
E. M. Pilzer, Lott Ave. & Watkins St.
MADISON STREET.
Sylvan Garage, 653.
MANHATTAN AVE.
Manhattan Ave. Garage, 583.
MARCY AVE.
I. Blumenthal, 633.
MAUJER STREET.
Maujer Garage, 264.
McDONOUGH STREET.
McDonough Garage, 408.
MEEKER AVE.
Speltz's Gasoline Sta'n, cor. Van Dam St.
METROPOLITAN AVE.
Richard Scudder, 179.
A. Runkel, 761.
Neuman's Metropolitan Garage, 1439.
MONROE STREET.
C. B. Crossman Garage, 107.
MORGAN AVE.
Morgan Ave. Garage, Cor. Meserole St.
MYRTLE AVE.
Cor. New Fresh Pond Road, Ridgewood, Auto Garage.
NEW UTRECHT AVE.
H. M. Dickover & Son, 5903.
NOSTRAND AVE.
Hawthorne Garage, 1197.
NORTH 6TH ST.
Yacenda's Garage, 127.
NORTH 4TH ST.
Roebling Auto Supply Co., 235.
OCEAN AVE.
Ocean Ave. Garage, 2042.
OCEAN PARKWAY.
Shelbourne Garage, foot of Ocean Pkwy.
Circle Garage, 4.
Morris Levy, Ocean Parkway & Neptune Ave.
Sheepshead Bay Garage, 3158.
Cor. Prospect Ave., F. R. Welch.
PACIFIC ST.
Portland Garage, 670.
W. C. Quinn, 161.
PARK AVE.
Park Ave. Garage, 804.
Tompkins Garage, 756.
Park Ave. Garage, Park & Clinton Ave.
PARK PLACE.
Elanel Garage, 600.
PENNSYLVANIA AVE.
East New York Garage, 65.
POWELL ST.
Cor. Sutter Ave., Sapir's Garage.
PROSPECT PLACE.
Healy, Prospect Garage, 731.
PUTNAM AVE.
United Motor Co., 100.
Kohlmeyer's Garage, 1726.
Brooklyn Auto Delivery Co., 101.
PROSPECT ST.
Joseph D'Esterre, 1229.
RALPH AVE.
Ralph Garage, 199.
RIDGEWOOD AVE.
Ridgewood Ave. Garage, 295.
REID AVE.
Putnam Garage, 200.
ROEBLING ST.
Quinn Service Garage, cor. Division Ave.
ROGERS AVE.
Empire Garage, 1313.
Flatbush Auto Service Co., 1345.
ROCKAWAY AVE.
Rockaway Garage, 536.
SCHOLES ST.
Graham Garage, 162.
17TH ST.
Frank De Vito, 158.
SKILLMAN ST.
Kosmedy Garages & Service Co., 81.
ST. JOHN'S PL. & RALPH AV.
Miller Garage.
ST. MARK'S AVE.
Armstrong Garage Co., Inc., [illegible]
[illegible] Garage, 233.
Cor. Hem[illegible] 239.
Portler [illegible] 7[illegible]
67TH ST.
Starr Garage, 214.
Sunset Garage, Inc., 1535.
STAGG ST.
Stagg Garage, 130.
STATE ST.
Daniel F. E. Leary, 203.
75TH ST.
Shore Road Garage, 316.
SHEEPSHEAD BAY ROAD.
Bayside Garage, 1787.
SIXTH AVE.
Sixth Ave. Garage, 5616.
60TH ST.
Louis Balestine, 1302.
68TH ST.
Louis Stackleroth, 465.
18TH ST.
Unique Garage, 543.
SNYDER AVE.
Brooklyn Motor Car Co., 44.
J. J. Snyder & Sons, 55.
Snyder Ave. Garage, 34.
STERLING PLACE.
Voll's Garage, 199.
Crocker Garage, 500.
Eagle Garage, Eastern Parkway & Sterling Place.
STONE AVE.
Linx Garage, 34, near B'way.
STUYVESANT AVE.
Stuyvesant Heights Garage, 93.
TILDEN AVE.
Flatbush Auto Co., 2222.
137TH AVE.
John F. Diskin, 4420.
20TH ST.
Hollander Garden Garage, 20th St. and Railroad Ave.
Hosch Bros. Co., 231.
24TH AVE.
T. H. Joyce, 8827.
24TH ST.
American Garage & Machine Wks., 237.
UNDERHILL AVE.
Standard Garage Service Co., 105.
UNION ST.
Hurwitz Garage, Cor. Sutter Ave.
McIntosh Bros., 811.
Park Plaza Garage, 930.
Union Garage, 784.
Academy Garage, 839.
VANDERBILT AVE.
Vanderbilt Garage, 257.
VERNON AVE.
M. Reichelsohn's Garage, 220.
Hohweisner & Son, 378.
Keystone Garage, 301.
WASHINGTON AVE.
Consumers Park Gasoline Station, Montgomery St.
WATKINS ST.
Fischer Auto Co., 184.
Watkins St. Garage, 353.
WAVERLY AV.
J. J. Hills, 22.
Waverly Garage, 334.
St. James Garage, 349.
WEIRFIELD ST.
Fred Brugel's Garage, 399.
WEST 8TH ST.
P. A. Kelsey, 2862.
WEST 37TH ST.
Seagate Garage, W. 37th St. & Mermaid Ave.
WILLOUGHBY GARAGE
Willoughby & Knickerbocker Aves.

LONG ISLAND

ASTORIA.
Astoria Garage, Willow & Franklin Sts.
Charles Amann, 79 Fulton Av.
Brust Bros. Garage, 288 8th Ave.
Falconer Garage Co., 183 Jamaica Ave.
Private Auto Rental Service Co., 72 Grand Ave.
Sachse & Marks, 177 Vandeventer Ave.
Uhl & Metz, 383 Lockwood St.
Michael T. Watts, Queensboro Bridge Plaza.
BAYSIDE.
Auto Repair & Machine Works.
Otto's Gasoline Station.
COLLEGE POINT.
Geo. Duer.
Horn & McCracken.
Kraemer's Express Co., College Point, L. I.
CONEY ISLAND.
West End Garage, Cook's Lane and Railroad Ave.
CORONA.
Palace Garage, 10-12 Jackson Ave.
Chatfield Garage, Jackson Ave. nr. 41st St.
Corona Motor Car Co.
Haines Gaso. Station, J. W. Haines, Prop., Jackson Ave.
Cornell

FRENCH COMPANY IN MOLIERE FARCE

"Theatre du Vieux Colombier" Successfully Installed in Remodeled Garrick.

JACQUES COPEAU AS SCAPIN

Highly Intelligent and Successful Innovations That Will Be Much Discussed.

LES FOURBERIES DE SCAPIN, Moliere's comedy, in French. At the Theatre du Vieux Colombier.

Argante	Francois Gournac
Geronte	Louis Jouvet
Octave	Marcel Millet
Leandre	Jean Sarment
Zerbinette	Jane Lory
Hyacinte	Madeleine Geoffroy
Scapin	Jacques Copeau
Sylvestre	Marcel Vallee
Nerine	Eugenie Nau
Un porteur	Robert Casa
Un porteur	George van Muyden

The "Impromptu du Vieux Colombier," with which M. Jacques Copeau opens his first bill at the remodeled and renamed Garrick Theatre, is inspired by Moliere's famous "Impromptu de Versailles," and contains not a few passages relative to theatric art which are taken verbatim from its original. But the ideas which this little skit promulgates are mainly those of M. Copeau. The duty of the actor is to realize his part, heedless of his personal success. That of the producer is to develop the inward beauty and force of the masterpiece in hand, ignoring public clamor for superficial or irrelevant entertainment. And when the play is thus worthily interpreted scenery is generally superfluous.

These ideas are all in the current of our general progress in theatric art; but the manner in which M. Copeau presents them is thoroughly original and stimulating to discussion. Before many weeks have passed the tenets of this "impromptu" will be familiar topics in the fashionable and artistic life of the city. For the present the best point of approach to them is in what M. Copeau has actually accomplished in the Moliere farce, which is the main portion of his first bill.

"Les Fourberies de Scapin" is a product of Moliere's artistic maturity, having been written while his mind was more seriously occupied with one of his chief masterpieces, "Les Femmes Savantes"; but in its substance and treatment it harks back to the farced of his youth. These were modeled on the Italian comedy of masquin with its conventional characters of Harlequin, Columbine, and the rest, and their plots were largely derived from the ancient Latin comedy. This arch rogue Scapin is in a sense a reshaping of our old friend Mascarille, and the love affairs of his young masters read like scenes from Terence. In a word, we have here the farce of situation as opposed to the farce of character. Of dramatic development there is none, but there is plenty of theatric movement, which leaps with lightning rapidity from one ridiculous encounter to another, from surprise to surprise. The people of the play are incessantly off again, on again, and the climax is a hailstorm of blows from a cudgel.

In such a scene as Scapin has character. He loves mischief for its own sake, and deception for the sheer joy of inventing and practicing it. Evil inventions swarm in his brain like maggots in cheese. He is a veritable Iago of farce. But like the "taste" of a young friend of Henry James, his character is all bad. He lacks the light and shade of human nature, the interplay of reasoned motive, and genuine impulse. Active and richly fertile as are his inventions, they are wanting of the theatric. He has nothing whatever in common with comedy character as Moliere elsewhere invented it.

M. Copeau deals honestly with his material. Being a Frenchman nourished on the Comedie Francaise, though sometimes poisoned by it, he could not do otherwise than take this piece in the tempo of extreme farce. But on two points he betters his instruction.

In recent years, which the outer world is tending to simplify and to conventionalize upon the scene, the Theatre Francais has finally capitulated to scenic realism. Moliere, whose stage was in many ways more bare of scenic appurtenances than Shakespeare's, is now envisoned in highly detailed sets. For the play in hand, the original scene was probably a simple stock piece—a public square. To reproduce it today would be to strike a note of crudity, necessarily disillusioning. M. Copeau has draped his stage with curtains in the manner long familiar on the Continent, and not unknown here. He thus achieves the essential simplicity and freedom of the master's stage with no jarring note.

Again, the actors of the Italian comedy of masques were also jugglers and acrobats, which is to say that they were lithe and graceful. M. Copeau, as he told us last year in his lectures, has made physical training basic in the development of his company. The contrast here with the ordinary actors of France (and of America) is extreme. In "Les Fourberies de Scapin" dexterity and lithe vigor are of the utmost importance, contributing largely to the smoothness, as to the swiftness, of the performance. It was by such innovations as these that the Théâtre du Vieux Colombier in Paris became recognized as a pioneer in classic and imaginative drama, much as the Théâtre Antoine was in modern and realistic drama.

M. Copeau, who plays Scapin, is really a master of agility and grace. There were times indeed when it seemed that his performance was all too rapid and rhythmical—too even and unbroken in tempo. The essence of the character, such as it is, is mentality. The thought ever precedes the act, and there are crises in which the best laid plans gang aft a-gley and have to be reconstructed on the spot. To sustain the physical rhythms is to belie the dominant mentality of this rascal, and so rob the situations of their best element of humor. Yet, on the whole, the performance is vigorously humorous, and everywhere it reveals a virtuosity in broad farce which, in a man of such high intelligence and delicate sensibility, is astonishing.

The performance of M. Louis Jouvet as one of the old men was in striking contrast. Physically decrepit as he was, and frequent victim to contending emotions of avarice, terror, rage, and humiliation, the psychology of the part had full scope and was admirably rendered. The recurrent cry, "Que diable allait-il faire dans cette galère!"—a phrase as common in French as "To be or not to be" in English—was delivered with remarkable repression, yet with an infinite variety of comic effect.

The remainder of the company had less scope, but acquitted themselves with credit. As in the case of our Washington Square Players, the dominant note was of intelligent amateur feeling—a very rare and valuable quality in such an endeavor—which was limited at times, perhaps by deficiencies of authority and practical skill. The two ventures have indeed very much in common, and the development of this company of the Vieux Colombier will be watched with profound interest and respect.

The performance was concluded by a pretty pageant of dancers who crowned a bust of Moliere.

FRENCH AMBASSADOR ATTENDS

Women's Council of Theatre Also in Society Throng at Opening.

The social assembly at the opening was an interesting one.

The French Ambassador, Jean J. Jusserand and Mme. Jusserand, were in a box with Mr. and Mrs. James Sullivan.

The Consul General of France, Gaston Liebert, Mrs. Philip M. Lydig, who is Chairman of the Women's Council of the Theatre; Mrs. J. West Roosevelt, Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney, Mrs. Gertrude Atherton, Mrs. Otto H. Kahn, Marquise de Polignac, Mrs. Egerton L. Winthrop, Miss Ida Tarbell, and Mrs. Cadwalader Jones, the other members of the council, were present. Also Mrs. Edmund Bayles, Miss Louisa Leland, Mrs. Percy Turnure, Mrs. Henry R. Winthrop, Mrs. William Crocker, and Miss Mary P. Rae.

The Board of Directors is made of Otto H. Kahn, Chairman; Robert Bacon, James W. Barney, Nicholas Murray Butler, Frederic Coudert, Paul D. Cravath, Andre de Coppet, William A. Delano, Robert Goelet, Arthur Iselin, Thomas Lamont, Clarence H. Mackay, Theodore Roosevelt, Jr.; Augustus Thomas, Colonel Cornelius Vanderbilt, and H. R. Winthrop.

THE FLONZALEY QUARTET.

Opens Season with a New Viola Player—Dohnanyi's Quartet Played.

The Flonzaley Quartet began its series of subscription concerts last evening in Aeolian Hall before a large audience that signified by its numbers how firmly this organization has established itself in the admiration of lovers of chamber music. It may be, also, that it has come into an inheritance from the Kneisel Quartet, now retired. At all events, the fineness of its performance has won and has deserved a constantly widening recognition.

The quartet has suffered the loss of its original viola player, Mr. Ugo Ara, now serving in the military forces of Italy. His place has been taken by Louis Bailly, from France, who adds a fourth nationality to those represented by the players. He showed himself last evening to be a chamber music player of high attainments, evidently skilled in all the routine and detail of ensemble playing, and possessed of all the fine ideals of the Flonzaley Quartet in regard to finish, precision, and tonal balance, and producing an admirable viola tone.

The program comprised Mozart's quartet in A, a quartet by Ernst Dohnanyi in D flat, Opus 15, and Haydn's in D, Opus 20, No. 4. Dohnanyi's work has qualities that interest and please; qualities that commend it on a single hearing—not usually the ones that make for long survival. But the material is more substantial, of more definite musical value than that of some of this Hungarian composer's music heard here; and there is great skill in developing and molding it, as well as in setting it for the instruments. The instrumentation is beautifully made and uncommonly effective in sound. No one who knows Dohnanyi's work will have expected any excursions into the adventurous regions of modern harmonies, nor yet any deliberate reflection of the composer's nationality in any folksong elements. If any expected suggestions of Brahms in idea and treatment, such as appear in other of Dohnanyi's music, they found them only rarely.

The Flonzaley Quartet played this, as well as the works by Haydn and Mozart, with the finest finish and tonal fullness and beauty; and with great spirit. There was much well deserved applause.

OPERA REVIVALS NEXT WEEK

"Manon Lescaut" and "Daughter of the Regiment" Among Others.

Mme. Louise Homer is to return to the Metropolitan stage next Monday, when the famous American contralto will sing her rôle of Marina in "Boris Godunoff," with Didur and others, starting the opera season's fourth week. Familiar revivals are "Manon Lescaut" next Wednesday, with Caruso and Alda, who appeared in that opera last night at Philadelphia, and for Thursday of next week, "Le Nozze di Figaro," which was given recently in Brooklyn, with Hempel, Matzenauer, De Luca and others, the rôle of Cherubino, however, being here resumed by Mme. Farrar.

Florence Easton, in private life Mrs. Frances Maclennan, who once sang the first "Madame Butterfly" in New York, will make her first appearance as Santuzza in "Cavalleria Rusticana" next week Friday, with Perini and Martin, followed by Caruso in "Pagliacci," with Muzio, Amato, Chalmers, and Badia. The first month of opera will be completed Saturday, Dec. 8, in a matinee revival of Donizetti's "Daughter of the Regiment," an elaborate production, with Hempel, Carpi, Scotti, and several more, in famous rôles last sung by Sembrich, Gilibert, and others fifteen years ago.

KITTY CHEATHAM APPEARS.

Wins Applause and Hearty Laughter in a Program Partly New.

Kitty Cheatham, who has made an art of gay little songs for children, especially at Christmas time, appeared at Carnegie Hall last night in a program composite of many familiar parts still new to a grown-up assembly, and other parts new to her own repertory, notably a series of classical arrangements with full orchestra, led by Edia Soeller, a Scandinavian woman conductor, who appeared last Summer in Central Park.

Miss Cheatham opened with "The Star-Spangled Banner," her audience joining in, as it did later in the "New Russian Hymn," and other national airs printed in a program folder. Miss Cheatham, in these "community songs," and in her incidental remarks, as when she quoted Stevenson's nursery rhymes as a prophecy of suffrage now fulfilled, held the attention of a great house and won from it frequent applause and hearty laughter. She gave also, without accompaniment, some American negro "spirituals" from her native Tennessee, with an intuitive touch of communicative sympathy rare in performances of this kind.

Among more elaborate numbers were Haydn's "A New Created World," Tschaikowsky's "Nutcracker Suite," and "The Little Shepherd" of Debussy.

J. R. MANN IN HOSPITAL.

Overwork Said to be Cause of His Illness.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 27.—James R. Mann of Illinois, Republican floor leader of the House of Representatives, is at Johns Hopkins Hospital undergoing medical observation.

It was stated at the hospital that Mr. Mann was in no serious danger and that overwork was the cause of his visit. He is reported to be "resting comfortably."

Tina Lerner's Recital.

Miss Tina Lerner, who for a number of years has been contributing to the sum of pianoforte playing heard in New York, gave a recital yesterday in Aeolian Hall. Her playing disclosed the pleasing musical qualities that have heretofore won her admirers. Her fleet and brilliant technique and nice feeling for tone makes her playing of such pieces as the "Pastorale Varice," attributed to Mozart; Sgambati's gavotte, and Taussig's brilliant arrangement of Schumann's "Contrabandiste" very attractive; and Miss Lerner was wise to include also in her program a group of short pieces by modern Russians and another of brilliant concert études. The greater emotional exactions of Chopin's B minor sonata she did not wholly meet.

Minstrels on Blackwell's Island.

The annual Thanksgiving Day entertainment given at Blackwell's Island under the auspices of A. Paul Keith and E. F. Albee of the Keith circuit, will take the form of a minstrel show this year. The performance will start at 10 o'clock in the morning, and the entertainers will include Sam Bernard, Blossom Seeley, Savoy and Brennan, Felix Adler, Dorothy Jardon, Conroy and Lemaire, and Adele Rowland.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

In conformity with their announced plan of adding new performers from time to time, the management of the Century Theatre announces that Elsie Janis will join "Miss 1917" next Monday night. She will remain at the Century until it comes time for her to depart for London.

Gene Buck is the author of the sixth edition of the Ziegfeld "Midnight Frolic," which will be seen on the New Amsterdam roof some time next month.

"What's Your Husband Doing?" now at the Thirty-ninth Street Theatre, will be produced in London at the end of the New York run.

Two hundred soldiers and sailors will be the guests of the City Club at tonight's performance at the Hippodrome.

BRITISH PAPER URGES THE NEED OF SHIPPING

Wants France to Curtail Private Trades and Italy to Use Ships Now Tied Up.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—The Daily Chronicle in an editorial on the shipping tonnage problem says that the Germans are right in supposing that their least hopeless prospect of victory is that offered by submarine warfare. Pointing out that for the Allies the only one way of safety is to get more ships added than the submarines subtract, the paper says two things are needed—further success in anti-submarine warfare and a much larger supply of mercantile tonnage for essential needs.

To the latter end The Chronicle urges more controlled and serviceable use of all tonnage which the Allies already possess. Declaring that Great Britain so far is alone in having requisitioned the great bulk of her shipping for war purposes, the paper outlines the sacrifices she made in this way, and proceeds:

"We do not mention these facts for recrimination, but solely for the sake of reform Great Britain is as anxious as ever to do her best for her allies, carying wheat and coal for France and Italy and filling in with whatever is found necessary to facilitate transport of the coming American army, but when things have come to such a pass it is surely time that italian ships lying up in dock at Genoa or elsewhere should take their part in the hasard of the seas, that the French Admiralty should requisition merchantmen and curtail their private trading in the same proportion as the British Admiralty has done, and that the United States, which during the war has developed a most extensive carrying trade in new waters, should recognize the absolute need of concentrating the whole of its resources on the problem of the 'Atlantic ferry.'

"Such changes would involve sacrifices for each of the allies concerned, but what all have to ask themselves is whether the winning or retaining of certain commercial advantages can justify the losing of the war, and the war may be lost unless in this sphere we all use our full resources without reserve."

GERMAN YARNS ABOUT US.

Anti-American Propaganda Started in Sweden and Switzerland.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—Information revealing the extent of misrepresentation employed by Germany in an effort to inflame public opinion against the United States in neutral as well as hostile countries is reaching Washington. The propagandists have been especially active in Switzerland and Sweden, and important newspapers in each country have been used for the spread of anti-American doctrine.

One of the principal reports relied upon to stir up feeling in Switzerland is that an American army will pass through that country in the Spring of 1918. This report has appeared in at least one important paper, and has been circulated generally through the country. Other misrepresentation includes reports of mistreatment of Swiss subjects in the United States, and anti-semitism in this country against the Swiss.

An entirely different plan, apparently, is used in Sweden. There German agents give the widest possible publicity to letters purporting to have been written by persons in the United States. These represent the American people as indifferent to the war with the Government sternly suppressing "uncomplimentary newspapers and peace orators."

Vienna apparently has become a fertile field for the propagandists. There the newspapers are open to them without question, and published reports tell of the "artificial cultivation of war enthusiasm in the United States, of mistreatment of German subjects, of a panic seizing American Government officials when the results of Germany's submarine campaign became known, and other such statements.

OUST DISLOYAL PROFESSOR.

Leonidas R. Whipple Dropped by Board of University of Virginia.

CHARLOTTESVILLE, Va., Nov. 27.—The appointment of Leonidas R. Whipple as Professor of Journalism at the University of Virginia was rescinded today by the Board of Visitors after an investigation of alleged disloyal sentiments expressed by Whipple in an address last week at Sweet Briar College, Va. No action was taken on the appointment of a successor.

HERO LAND
Grand Central Palace
50c—Admission—50c
Joint Distribution Day—Today
(Under the Direction of Mrs. Jacob H. Schiff.)
There is no selling in the aisles.
2 P. M.—Special Matinee with these famous artists:
"THE GREAT HOUDINI,"
Irving Berlin, Harry Fox, Dan Casey, Harry Tierney.
Camp Upton Band of 50 Pieces, led by David Hochstein.
Followed by General Dancing.
Five Restaurants—Luncheons, Teas, Dinners, Suppers—For All Purses.
Cafe De Paris,
(Direction Delmonico.)
Golden West Cabaret,
(Direction of J. B. Regan.)
The Bersagliere,
Famous Italian Restaurant,
(Direction of Joe Pani.)
THIS EVENING
8.30—Pageant and Dances of the Allied Nations, (Direction of Margaret S. Crawford.)
Dr. Hugo Reisenfeld will personally conduct THE RIALTO SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA.
Prominent Society Women will be the leaders of the different pageant groups. The Professional Artists include
MME. GERMAINE CLERGET,
MME. NORSKA,
MME. BERTHA KALISH.
The Group will be introduced by
DAN CASEY,
Followed by another appearance of "THE GREAT HOUDINI."
Appearing Today for the Stage Women's War Relief: Elsie Janis, Cosmo Hamilton, Hilda Spong, Olive Wyndham, Mrs. Thomas Wise, Laura Hope Crews, Charles Cherry, Holbrook Blinn, Eva LeGallienne, Augusta Glose, Helen Grey.
AND ALL THE TIME
The British Tank Britannia in Action, Streets in Bagdad, Hindenburg Trenches, Ice Skating Rink, Dancing in the Grand Hall and Ballroom, Submarine Divers.
GAMES FOR THE KIDDIES.
Every Week Day from 11 A. M. to 12 P. M. until Dec. 12.
Hero Land has been publicly endorsed by Gov. Whitman and Dist. Attorney Swann.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.
NEW AMSTERDAM West 42 St. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Today, Tomor'w & Sat. 2:15. All Orch. Seats $2, incl. Saturday Nights. Klaw & Erlanger's Musical Comedy Triumph. THE RIVIERA GIRL. EXTRA FRIDAY MAT. TOMORROW. AFTER THE PERFORMANCE THE ROOF MEETING PLACE OF THE WORLD. ZIEGFELD MIDNIGHT FROLIC
EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Today, Tom'w & Sat. 2:30. "A COMPLETE TRIUMPH."—Herald. ANN MURDOCK | THE 3 BEARS. "QUAINT, FANTASTIC, APPEALING, HUMAN, AMUSING."—Alan Dale.
GEO. COHAN Thea. B'way 43 St. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Today, Tom'w & Sat. 2:30. "GREATEST TRIUMPH IN YEARS." MR. LEO DITRICHSTEIN in a new comedy THE KING By Caillavet, de Flers & Arene.
CRITERION B'way & 44th St. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Today, Tom'w & Sat. 2:30. No Advance in Prices. Best Seats $2. MRS. FISKE in Philip Moeller's New Comedy, MADAME SAND. "An Evening of Pure Delight."—Mail.
HUDSON West 44 St. Evgs 8:30. Mats. Today, Tomorrow & Sat. 2:30. The Pipes of Pan with Norman Trevor & Janet Beecher.
KNICKERBOCKER B'way & 38 St. Evgs. at 8:30. Mats. Today, Tom'w & Sat. 2:30. No Advance in Prices. Best Seats, $2. FIRST MATINEE TODAY 2:30. SPECIAL MATINEE TOMORROW. Season's Supreme Success ELEANOR PAINTER IN HAROLD CHAPIN'S COMEDY ART AND OPPORTUNITY. TIMES—"The most masterly high comedy ever written by an American. For Miss Painter also the evening was a triumph." WORLD—"An unusually fine quality which ought to appeal strongly. Miss Painter sang with great charm." HERALD—"The most charming thing that Miss Painter has given the theatre—deserves a very long life." SUN—"Brilliant dialogue, rapidity of action, perfectly trained company. Miss Painter's performance was not only finished, but pleasing."
GAIETY B'way & 46th St. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Today, Tom'w & Sat. 2:30. No Advance in Prices. Best Seats $2. Alexandra Carlisle in THE TARKINGTON-STREET COMEDY, The Country Cousin
LIBERTY W. 42 St. Evs. 8:25. LAST 7 TIMES. Mats. Today, Tom'w & Sat. Laurette Taylor in J. Hartley Manners' Comedy "THE WOOING OF EVE." Miss Taylor will appear in New York in a new comedy, "Happiness," early in Jan. Noteworthy Cast includes A. E. ANSON.
NEXT WK—SEAT SALE TOM'W A New Musical Comedy The GRASS WIDOW
HARRIS W. 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today, Tomorrow & Sat. 2:30. PRICES 50c TO $2.00 EXTRA HOLIDAY MAT. TOMORROW. AND We Pay War Tax. THE NAUGHTY WIFE (or Losing Eloise) with Charles Cherry, Violet Heming, Lucile Watson, Frances Starr. A Tonic of Laughs for the Times.
FULTON W. 46th ST. EVGS. 8:20. LAST 7 TIMES. Mats. Today, Tom'w, Sat. "BROKEN THREADS"
COHAN & HARRIS W. 42 St. Mats. Today, Thurs. & Sat. Funniest American Comedy of Recent Years. A Tailor-Made Man GRANT MITCHELL
CENTURY Broadway 62d St. Nights at 8:30. POP. MAT. TODAY. Dillingham-Ziegfeld Revue "MISS 1917" Holiday Mat. Tomorrow—Reduced Prices. SUNDAY NIGHT POPULAR CONCERT.
LYCEUM West 45th St. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Tomor'w & Sat. 2:30. DAVID BELASCO presents Tiger Rose
PARK B'way & 59th St. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Today, Tom'w & Sat. 2:15. Morning World says: "THERE IS NO ENTERTAINMENT IN NEW YORK SO RICH IN NOVELTY AS THE Land of Joy. Quinto Valverde's Fantastic Revue
BELASCO West 44th St. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. 2:30. DAVID BELASCO Presents Polly With a Past
ELTINGE THEATRE, W. 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed., Thurs. & Sat. 2:30. POPULAR PRICE MAT. TODAY Orch. Seats $1.50. Balc. $1 & $1.50. 2d Balc. 50 & 75c. BUSINESS BEFORE PLEASURE. THE COMEDY HIT OF THE YEAR. By Montague Glass and Jules Eckert Goodman. With BARNEY BERNARD & ALEXANDER CARR. Special Holiday Mat. Tomorrow.
REPUBLIC W. 42 St. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Today, Tom'w & Sat. 2:30. TIMES. On With the Dance WITH 48 ALL STAR CAST.
Fred Stone JACK O' LANTERN | GLOBE B'way at 46 St. Evs. 8:20. Mts. Today, Tom'w & Sat. 2:30.
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GREENWICH VILLAGE THEATRE. Benefit Amer. Fund French Wounded. 4th St. and 7th Ave. SUN. AFT., DEC. 2, at 3:30. SPIRIT of FRANCE. PIANO Interpretation by CHARLES ANTHONY.
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WINTER GARDEN Broadway & 50th. Evgs. at 8. MATINEE TOMORROW (Thanksgiving) at 2. Doing Our Bit. An Extravaganza of Superlative Splendors.
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44TH STREET —ROOF— THEATRE. Mat. Sat. only. Prices $1 to $2.50. Opening POSTPONED Till SAT. Tonight's Tickets Good Saturday. Lee & J. J. Shubert Musical Production. T. Roy Barnes, Over the Top. Justine Johnstone, Craig Campbell. 50 Pretty Justine Johnstone Girls. Regular Theatrical Performance. No Restaurant. No Smoking.
PLYMOUTH 45th St., W. of B'way. PHONE 40 BRYANT. FIRST MATINEE TODAY, 2:15. SPECIAL MATINEE TOMORROW. Thanks! A Real Thanksgiving Hit! A Gem of Melody a Cameo Comedy. —Herald. THE STAR GAZER with JOHN CHARLES THOMAS. JOHN F. MURRAY, CAROLYN THOMAS. Thomas made the Metropolitan look like a vaudeville show. —Alan Dale.
Maxine Elliott's 39th, nr. B'way. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Today, Tom'w, Sat. MARJORIE RAMBEAU in EYES OF YOUTH.
BIJOU 45th, W. of B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Today, Tomorrow & Sat. Odds and Ends OF 1917
PLAYHOUSE W. 48th. Evs. 8:30 sharp. Mts. Today, Tomorrow & Sat. Grace George in HENRY BERNSTEIN'S GREAT PLAY "L'ELEVATION" (THE HEIGHTS)
CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Today, Tomorrow & Sat. Smartest of Musical Comedies "Oh, Boy!" PRICES: 50c, 75c, $1, $1.50, $2. POP. MAT. TO-DAY. REG. MAT. SAT. EXTRA MATINEE TO-MORROW.
SHUBERT 44th, W. of Broadway. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Today, Tomorrow & Sat. LEE & J. J. SHUBERT'S MODEL MUSICAL PRODUCTION MAYTIME. Tingling Melodies. Charming Story. 100% Talent. Charles Purcell, Peggy Wood & Wm. Norris. "A Credit to Our Country is Maytime"—says Thomas Dixon, author of "The Birth of a Nation."
BROADHURST 44th, West of B'way. Evgs. 8:30. Phone Bryant 64. THANKSGIVING MAT. TOMORROW, 2:30. DONALD BRIAN in "Her Regiment" By Wm. Le Baron & Victor Herbert.
48TH ST. Thea., near B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Tomorrow & Sat. 2:15. GREAT COMEDY STARS. JOHN MARGARET Drew - Illington IN PINERO'S COMEDY The Gay Lord Quex
39TH ST. Thea., nr. B'way. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Tomorrow, 2:30. GEORGE M. COHAN'S Farce of a Thousand Laughs What's Your Husband Doing "HAS FUN, SITUATIONS, INTOXICATION, SCREAMING LINES, WELL ACTED," says ALAN DALE. Hale Hamilton—Excellent Company. SEATS SELLING FOR THANKSGIVING, CHRISTMAS & NEW YEAR'S.
MOROSCO 45 St., W. of B'way. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Today, Thur. & Sat. 2:30. EXTRA MAT. THANKSGIVING DAY. SILVER MOROSCO'S LAUGHING SENSATION LOMBARDI, Ltd. with LEO CARILLO.
LONGACRE West 48th St. Evenings 8:15. DELIGHTFUL, TUNEFUL AND GAY LEAVE IT TO JANE. EXTRA HOLIDAY MAT. TOMORROW.
BOOTH 45th St., W. of B'way. Evgs. 8:15. EXTRA MATINEE FRIDAY (Day After Thanksgiving.) GUY BATES POST IN THE MASQUERADE.
ASTOR Broadway & 45th St. Evgs. 8:15. Matinees Today, Tom'w, Sat. The Very Idea. Ernest TRUEX. Richard BENNETT. Extra Mat. Thanksgiving (Tomorrow).
RAYMOND HITCHCOCK'S 44th ST. THEATRE. Tonight 8:15. Mats. Today, Tomorrow & Sat. 2:15. LAST TWO WEEKS. New Songs, New Dances, New Specialties. HITCHY-KOO with RAYMOND HITCHCOCK, ROCK AND WHITE, LEON ERROL, IRENE BORDONI.
COMEDY Thea., 41st nr. B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Mts. Tom'w & Sat. 2:15. WASH'GTON SQ. PLAYERS. LAST 6 TIMES of "IN THE ZONE" and 3 Other Plays. Mon., Dec. 3—Entire Change of Bill. Seats Now.
CORT West 48 St. Evgs. at 8:20. Last 2 Mts. Today, Thur. & Sat. 2:20. EXTRA MAT. THANKSGIVING DAY. "DE LUXE ANNIE"
STANDARD B'way & 90 St. Evs. 25c to $1. Mat. To-morrow, 25c and $1. EVERYWOMAN BEN PILGRIM'S PROGRESS. QUEST OF LOVE.
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IRVING PLACE IRVING PLACE & 15TH STREET. Mat. 2:15 & Eve. 8:15. Last 2 Performances. HEDWIG REICHER in "Doctor's Dilemma" By George Bernard Shaw.
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THE Greenwich Village Theatre. 4th St. and 7th Ave. Tel. Spring 6449. Evgs. 8:15. 2 One-Act Plays. Prices $1.50, $1, 50c. Mat. Sat. 2:30.
COLUMBIA B'way & 47th. Twice Daily. 2:15 & 8:15. BOSTONIANS with Frank Finney. Popular Prices.
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SYMPHONY. SOCIETY OF NEW YORK. WALTER DAMROSCH, Cond'r. Aeolian Hall, Sat., Dec. 1, at 11 A. M. SECOND SYMPHONY CONCERT FOR CHILDREN. Mr. Damrosch will explain and illustrate the wood-wind instruments. Tickets 50c to $1.50, at Box Office. Carnegie Hall, Sat. Eve., Dec. 1, at 8:15. TSCHAIKOWSKY PROGRAM. Pathetique Symphony and Concerto for Piano in B flat. 100 Musicians at both Concerts. Aeolian Hall, Sun. Aft., Dec. 2, at 3. Pathetique Symphony. Also Beethoven's Emperor Concerto. RUDOLPH GANZ. Soloist at Both Concerts. Tickets at Box Office. Geo. Engles, Mgr.
Metropolitan OPERA HOUSE. Tonight at 8:15. La Traviata. Hempel, Carpi, De Luca, Bada, Rossi, Cond., Moranzoni. THANKSGIVING DAY MAT. at 2 ($1 to $5). CARMEN. Farrar, Peterson (debut); Martinelli, Whitehill, Segurola, Cond., Monteux. EVE. at 8:15. La Boheme. Muzio, Miller; Martin, Scotti, Chalmers, Mardones, Cond., Papi. Fri. at 8. Prince Igor. Alda, Delaunois, Perini; Amato, Althouse, Didur, Segurola, Cond., Bodansky. Sat. Mat. at 2. L'Elisir d'Amore. Hempel, Sparkes; Caruso, Scotti, Didur, Cond., Papi. Sat. Eve. at 8. (7lc. to $2). Il Trovatore. Muzio, Matzenauer, Maifred, Kingston (debut), De Luca, Rothier, Cond., Papi. Next Mon. at 8, Boris Godunow. Bonci, Braslau, Howard; Didur, Althouse, Rothier, Bada, Segurola, Reiss, Cond., Papi. Wed. at 8:15, Manon Lescaut. Alda, Fortel; Caruso, Amato, Segurola, Bada, Reiss, Cond., Papi. HARDMAN PIANO USED.
Carnegie Hall, Sat. Aft., Dec. 1, at 2:30. SECOND VIOLIN RECITAL. HEIFETZ. Seats Now. Mgt. Wolfsohn Bureau.
Carnegie Hall, Tues., Dec. 4, at 8:15. SONG RECITAL. SOPHIE BRASLAU (Knabe Piano.) Mgt. Wolfsohn Bureau.
Princess Theatre, Tues., Dec. 4, at 3. SONG RECITAL. OLIVE NEVIN. Seats Now. Mgt. Music League of America.
Aeolian Hall, Fri., Aft., Nov. 30. Another Recital by the brilliant French Soprano, Mme. GABRIELLE GILLS. Mgt. Loudon Charlton. Steinway Piano.
Astor Ball Room, MON. AFT., Dec. 3. 4th Organ Recital of Historical Series by JOSEPH Bonnet. $2, $1.50, 1. Management Loudon Charlton.
PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY OF NEW YORK. JOSEF STRANSKY, CONDUCTOR. Carnegie Hall, Next Friday Aft. at 2:30. Soloists: Rose & Ottilie SUTRO. Programme includes BRUCH Concerto for Two Pianos & Orchestra. (First time in New York.) Tickets at Box Office. Felix F. Leifels, Mgr.
THEATRE VIEUX COLOMBIER DU YVETTE GUILBERT. NEW REPERTOIRE. CHANSONS DE PIERROT and OTHERS. NEXT FRIDAY AFT., NOV. 30th, at 3. NEXT SUNDAY EVE., DEC. 2d, at 8:15. TICKETS AT THEATRE, 65 W. 35TH ST. HEMPEL CUTTER'S BOOK SHOP, 1 EAST 42d. MABEL POILLON, 125 E. 70th. PIANO.
THIS AFTERNOON at 2:15. Strand Symphony. 40 ORCHESTRA. Beethoven, Ippolitov, Ivanow, and Moszkowski Programs. STRAND THEATRE, B'way at 47th St. 20c & 30c Incl. War Tax and Reg. Strand Program.
Aeolian Hall, Friday, Dec. 7, 1917, at 8:15. Concert of Russian Church Music by The Russian Cathedral Choir of St. Nicholas Cathedral, New York City. Tickets at Box Office & Room 1100, 70 5th Av.
Owing to a Serious Operation the Frida Benneche RECITAL HAS BEEN POSTPONED. DATE TO BE ANNOUNCED LATER.
AEOLIAN HALL. This Afternoon at 3. PIANO RECITAL—RUDOLPH REUTER. Mument, Haensel & Jones. (Mason & Hamlin Piano.)
Aeolian Hall, Sat. Eve., Dec. 1, at 8:15. SONG RECITAL. Graveure. M'g'mnt Antonia Sawyer, Inc. Steinway Piano.
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The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

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NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, NOV. 28, 1917.

AUSTRIA AND THE UNITED STATES.

If it were a matter of the first order of importance that we should declare the existence of a state of war between Austria and the United States, there would be no hesitation about it and little discussion. We have been nearly eight months at war with Germany, Austria's ally, yet in the legal sense we are at peace with Austria. It is an anomalous condition, in many ways it is absurd. The existence of that condition and the fact that it is under discussion show that it cannot be vitally important either to Austria or to the United States that war should be declared.

There has been provocation, justification might easily be found. Austria is actually at war with Italy, and the Government of the United States has advanced money to Italy to carry on the war. That is one of the anomalies, for it is a flagrant breach of neutrality. The bankers of the United States might advance money to Italy and the Government remain neutral; when the Government advances money it is the same as if it should send guns, munitions, or even soldiers. Italy is our ally and we aid her precisely as if we, as well as she, were at war with Austria. Austria might with entire propriety make our advances to Italy the occasion for declaring war on us.

On the other hand, we have good reason to believe that some of our ships have been destroyed by Austrian submarines contrary to the laws of maritime warfare. We have exchanged notes with Austria about it with no very satisfactory result. Austria, in fact, gives her approval and support to the lawless submarine policy of Germany. If we thought that a declaration of war against Austria was essential to the objects we seek to attain by the war, we might readily find justification.

So long as there is only a remote probability that our troops will actually confront Austrian troops in the field, it would appear that neither Government sees any compelling reason for declaring war. There are reasons against it. For us a declaration would add to the already sufficient number of alien enemies in this country the entire Austrian, Hungarian, and Czech unnaturalized population of the United States. This great increment in the number of those we must watch and segregate would augment the cost and labor of enforcing the law relating to enemy aliens and their activities. There is some risk involved, for Austro-Hungarians here are under temptation to join the German allies of their country in plots and conspiracies. Of that risk account has been taken and vigilance to guard against it is exercised. Besides, it is probable that, as the war proceeds, plotters against our Government will before very long be warned by exemplary and deterrent punishments which they will be likely to heed.

Austria will not declare war upon the United States save under German compulsion. She will, to the last extremity, avoid making actual and formal enemies of the Americans. The Austro-Hungarian Empire will be in a bad situation at the Peace Conference and will need friends, at least it will not need more enemies. The danger that the empire will be actually dismembered and broken up has been much diminished by the ravages of German socialism in Russia, which have not merely reduced that country to a state of helpless anarchy, but have brought into play separatist forces that may cause the disappearance of Russia as a great power. But when the Peace Conference assembles after the inevitable defeat of the Teutonic Powers, Serbia will certainly get territorial compensations for what she has suffered, and Austria will be confronted by demands for further sacrifices as a safeguard of European freedom and civilization against Germany's ambitious plans of domination in the southeast. These are questions in which the United States is not directly interested; if interested at all, only as a champion of freedom. We should be very little likely to accept a brief from Austria in these matters, but she knows very well that a declaration of war against us would extinguish whatever feeling of consideration for her future we might entertain.

ITALY'S RESISTANCE.

The Italian resistance which centres around the Piave was apparently doomed to defeat. It was quite impossible for a greatly outnumbered army to defend that position permanently. Therefore the early reports of the fighting were received merely as showing a splendid delaying action, fought with the design of postponing as long as possible the retreat to the next position. But as day has followed day, and each morning we have read nothing of the expected retreat, but only of a furious and sustained resistance, it has begun to seem possible that the Piave is as far as the Germans will get.

The Italians are said to be outnumbered four or five to one. Even if that is an exaggeration, they are outnumbered, and being outnumbered they could not hope to keep up this kind of fighting indefinitely. What they have been fighting for is to hold that line until reinforcements can get there that will change their numerical proportion to the enemy. The reinforcements are getting there. If now they can hold out until they are even with the Germans, the boot will soon be on the other leg, for they can then be reinforced continuously and without limit. When that time comes, the Germans will have to dig in or retreat, and they may not be able to dig in. They will be in a disadvantageous position, because most of their supplies will have to come to them over the mountain passes, and they are a long way from their base.

The Germans, of course, understand this situation, and it explains the unremitting fury of their attacks. They must force a decision before the Italians are sufficiently reinforced to establish an equality of strength, because equality will be followed by superiority. Allied superiority will mean German defeat. German defeat in Italy could not be stayed, once it had begun, and retreating over the Alps would mean disaster, the consequences of which cannot be measured. Everything depends, then, on beating the Italians before the reinforcements arrive. The Germans seem to have made preparations only for victory, and not to have counted on that sudden extension of the western front from Belgium to the Adriatic which has changed the situation; still less on that stubborn resistance which the Italians have shown. It has been German experience that when they begin to roll up an army belonging to one of the weaker Allies it goes on rolling up, and they have counted Italy as one of the weaker Allies in the matter of fighting, in which calculation they seem to have made a mistake. They counted, evidently, on a repetition of the Rumanian and Serbian campaigns, and believed that an enemy once weakened would grow weaker. Instead, Italy, weakened until disaster fell upon her, has been strengthened by disaster; a thing not within the German auspices.

RULE OF REASON FOR RAILWAYS.

The troubles of the railways have been progressive ever since the Supreme Court in the '90s overruled the lower court's decision that railways were not subject to the Sherman law, and that, if they were, the Trans-Missouri Freight Association agreement was a reasonable regulation of trade. Presumably the Supreme Court would now agree that the rule of reason, which the court discovered later, allows much that is nominally forbidden, and forbids much that is as well worthy of reconsideration as the decision which forbade pooling by railways. Certain it is that the Supreme Court would now be sustained by public opinion in allowing not railways alone, but business in general, to do what sound men of business have always approved. Instead of taking that reasonable course, it is suggested, on the one hand, that the Government should operate the railways, and, on the other hand, that there should be a wholesale repeal of the laws which cripple their operation.

There is here a double absurdity. The Government ought to be fitter to legislate than to operate railways. But the proved badness of Government operation of the lawmaking machinery is the basis of the notion that the Government should assume activities for which it is not fit, and in which it is not demonstrating that efficiency which no one can deny that the railways are showing conspicuously. The safe and sane middle course is neither to repeal the law to punish unreasonable restraints of trade, nor to "connive," in Colonel ROOSEVELT's phrase, at the breaking of the law. It is only necessary to administer the law according to the rule of reason to confer great benefits upon trade which is broader than even the great work of the railways.

Regarding the railways, a beginning might be made by the Federal Government enforcing the use of the rule of reason against the States in meddling with what does not concern them in interstate commerce. There is danger of losing the way on an untrodden path, and there is no sense in abandoning an old path to the same destination. Besides, it is strictly a Federal function to oversee the States in their activities in this regard, while it is straying from Federal functions to operate railways. What would become of intrastate traffic if the National Government operated interstate traffic? Would the Government merely neglect State traffic in its care of interstate commerce, or would it obstruct it as ruthlessly as the States meddle with interstate commerce? How could the Government help the railways more than by letting the States know, for instance, that they could impose full train crews upon State commerce, but they could not do so to the detriment of national trade? That is a small but heinous and recent example, which shows the obduracy of the States regarding national welfare of the railways.

Greater financial importance attaches to the manner in which the States, through a term of years, have deliberately maintained rates inconsistent with rates found reasonable by the Interstate Commission. Many times States have discriminated against one another by deliberately making rates that foster State business at the expense of the railways, as well as of the neighbor State. Here is the "connivance" which is contrary to public interest. How idle it would be to authorize the Federal incorporation of railways so long as the Federal Government connives at depriving the railways of their bread and butter. In Central Freight Association territory there are many intrastate rates which have not yet conformed to the decision of the Interstate Commerce Commission in 1914. Why expect "the Government" to do any better than the Commission, which is constantly seeking fresh tasks, and which "connives" at the breach of its orders? The temporizing with the principle of the Shreveport case is a threat to the structure of our Government, as well as to the rate structure and the solvency of the railways. Here is the thing to be done and not a seeking out of things which ought to be left undone.

There are signs that this is appreciated, and that saying such things is not a mere crying aloud in the wilderness. The Missouri Commission has granted an increase of fares. That signifies a recovery from the two-cent mania of 1907. In the words of Commissioner BLAIR:

> It is short-sighted policy, indeed, that denies adequate compensation for the services rendered. Unless such earnings are secured as will make railroad stocks and securities attractive investments for capital, the traveling public will suffer from curtailed and inadequate service, the railroad properties will depreciate and the general public will be the ultimate loser thereby.

"That is as clear as sunshine," says The Globe-Democrat. But why was it not clear years ago? Why is it not universally clear now? Why meddle with novelties when it takes years to find out that it is necessary to pay the railways for what they do?

MR. TOWNLEY IN THE EAST.

Do the farmers of this State, do those in particular who have just formed the Farmers' Non-Partisan League of the State of New York, under the patriotic auspices of Mr. A. C. TOWNLEY, the head and front of the North Dakota Non-Partisan League, understand what Mr. TOWNLEY is driving at? Do the representatives of some trades unions, who confabulated with the farmers at the request of the Labor Food Council, whose Chairman is Mr. JOHN C. HILSDON, and whose Secretary is Mr. CARL BECK, know the past history of the North Dakota mother society?

Ostensibly the New York League is a union of farmers and workmen for the co-operation and good of producer and consumer. Is that what the Non-Partisan League has sought or is seeking to do? It began with a little county society organized to elect to the Legislature men pledged to vote for an appropriation to establish a State grain elevator. Of the "big five" who bossed the concern as it spread and widened, one is an English agitator who had been conspicuous as an I. W. W. One is a Socialist lawyer. Mr. TOWNLEY is himself a Socialist. How it grew and prospered as a political party, in 1916 elected the Governor and other State officers, 81 of 113 members of the State House of Representatives, 18 of 25 State Senators, three members of the State Supreme Court; its program of State-owned terminal elevators, packing and cold storage warehouses, flour mills, of exemption of farm improvements from taxation; its attempt to raise the State debt limit and revise the Constitution by legislative bill—these things are parts of its local life. What is vital to remember is that the Non-Partisan League of North Dakota is a secret society, open only to farmers.

It is a class party. It is pledged to the abolition of political parties. That is, it intends and hopes to carry the Northwest, the country, as the main political party. It took vigorous, early growth in South Dakota, Iowa, Minnesota, Montana. It has now taken root in New York. In the Western States it followed originally the North Dakota program, but a class party of farmers would not be strong enough. So the ingenious Mr. TOWNLEY, the apparent chief, with we know not what veiled figure or figures, contemplating the Presidency, behind him, reaches out for the workmen, an effort begun at St. Paul. The Non-Partisan League is a two-class party of farmers and workmen, shall we say a party of well-to-do farmers and laborers, bourgeois Bolsheviki?

In its national aspects and ambitions the Non-Partisan League deserves a scrutiny more severe than we were at first inclined to give to an attempt "to bring New Zealand to North Dakota." Mr. TOWNLEY is not fond of the press, "men who engineer "the kept press and lie-like-hell men," "who lie by wholesale." He is a patriot, in these latitudes. Last Summer we heard of his saying that "our "young men were going to France to "bleed for the profits of the damned "pirates," and that "the cry for the war came from the trusts." Is it the iniquitous newspapers of his own State that belie him? Did they belie him when they said that he opposed the Liberty Loan and the Red Cross? Well, in September Mr. TOWNLEY's Non-Partisan League got up the St. Paul convention, which was to be a Conference on the High Cost of Living, and was a Convention of Producers and Consumers or what not. There was much patriotic reality or camouflage of patriotism in its resolutions, and there was anti-war economic stuff about paying for the war as it is fought, a sure means of stopping it; but what shall we think of a convention that heard Senator GRONNA cry that "they have conscripted our boys, "the flower of our race, and sent "them to the trenches, from which "you know well ninety-nine in a hun-"dred of them will never return"? And it was to this convention that Senator LA FOLLETTE made that Lusitania speech, which patriots all over the country cried out against. Curious loyalists, some of Mr. TOWNLEY's friends, curious admirations his Non-Partisan League has. Mr. LA FOLLETTE has an attentive eye on it.

Pacifism, socialism, confiscatory legislation, a doubtful loyalty may be suspected in this secret order which Mr. TOWNLEY has kindly brought eastward. The President of the Federation of Labor is not the man to be tender to any collaterals of the People's Council. The innocence of some of the New York farmers and trades unions is abused.

THE CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY.

Our old friend the children's old friend, the Children's Aid Society, made its sixty-fifth report yesterday. What new praise is there for a work of ever-widening good? An excursion among these kind figures shows us nearly 10,000 pupils in the industrial schools, more than 300 friendless orphan and deserted children for whom family homes have been found, 2,300 children in families under the society's supervision, 520 children helped to go west with their parents, nearly 5,000 boys and girls sheltered in its lodging houses, nearly 3,000 pairs of shoes given away, 377 runaways sent home, and so on, all varieties of the familiar labor.

More immediate to the heart in this time is the picture of fourteen young men in uniform, "as likely lads as e'er were seen," about a third of the society's graduates in the Delaware National Guard alone. "During the past two years," writes Superintendent BRACE, "I have received many "letters from our boys who went over "with the Canadian troops or who "enlisted in England, and one of our "boys was killed in action as long "ago as November 1916." Our boys have enlisted "in the National Guard "of almost every State, and by hun-"dreds in the regular army and "navy." Two letters from our boys now in France with the American Expeditionary Force are printed in the report. "I am here to do my duty, even though it cost me my life," writes one. High officials, many prosperous and distinguished men of many occupations, have come from the ranks of the society's boys. Four army officers, 7,000 soldiers and sailors, are among the noblest harvests of this great humanity. It is a friend that enriches the national life with brave, honest men and good women.

THE SALUTE.

Saluting an officer is a ceremony that palls on many a soldier of our national army, if he must go through it frequently in the course of a day. In the reservation or cantonment he is seldom allowed to avoid it, never by an officer who understands the significance of the salute as a part of discipline. On leave, the soldier of the national army, whose head may be filled with false notions of the relation of democracy to military usage, sometimes fails to see the officer to whom a salute is due. Particularly is this the case when the soldier, who knew the officer in civil life as an equal, or perhaps as a less important citizen, disapproves of his success in obtaining a commission. It must be admitted, too, that officers do not always return a salute promptly and in the right spirit. They misapprehend the meaning and value of it as much as the ill-disciplined private does. On this subject Lieut. Col. ANDREW J. DOUGHERTY, late of the 30th Infantry, U. S. A., and now of the 357th Infantry, N. A., speaks words of wisdom, which the national army would do well to assimilate:

> When an enlisted man, a Lieutenant, a Captain, a Colonel, a General salutes his superior, he says [illegible] "I will obey you" [illegible] smartness with which the salute is made is an exact measure of the way he will obey. When he returns the salute of an inferior in rank, he says: "I will strive "to the limit to prepare myself to lead "you to victory." He will fight as he salutes. This [illegible] repeated scores of times daily, forms a habit which neither fear, nor sickness, nor physical weakness can break.

Colonel DOUGHERTY was once an enlisted man himself. At San Juan he fought as a Corporal of the 3d Cavalry. Ten years later he was Governor of the Province of Santiago by appointment of Major Gen. THOMAS H. BARRY, at the time commanding the American Army of the second occupation in Cuba. The civil Governor had been delinquent, and was ordered to turn his office over to Captain DOUGHERTY, the Corporal of San Juan, who had qualified for the new trust by his success in making Regulars of the Rural Guard of Camaguey and Oriente. The point is that Colonel DOUGHERTY rose in the service because he submitted to discipline when he was in the ranks and taught it to the men he commanded as an officer, in other words, because he was always actuated by the spirit of the soldier. He is, therefore, an excellent authority on the salute.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

American Advice to Officers.

Colonel WOLF's farewell address to the Plattsburg graduates must be painful reading to all pacifists, including those who are consciously pro-German as well as the others who lent aid to the national enemy in whatever innocence is conferred by ignorance and unintention. For the Colonel did not talk to the young men before him as he should have done to corroborate the pacifist assumptions as to the ideals common to the military caste.

He did not tell these officers of the gulf supposed to yawn between themselves and the private soldier. He did not warn them that discipline and military efficiency depended on treating the men under them as beings of a different and lower order. In fact, he said none of the things that every pacifist knows as forming the basis of the army officer's code and of his practice. Instead, Colonel WOLF, apparently fearing that some such notions might have crept into the minds of his hearers, earnestly warned them that they should carry into active service the same courtesy and kindliness that had been exhibited in their associations with each other through the months of training.

He asked them to remember that an American army is made up of men differing from themselves only in the possession of less knowledge about military affairs, and that any display of harshness or brutality on their part would result, not in the establishment and maintenance of the will to obey, but in demoralization, disintegration, insubordination, and all the evils that can exist in an army of intelligent, self-respecting and well-disposed citizens.

Into all this there might be read criticism of German military methods, which are in every way different from those inculcated by Colonel WOLF, but that will have to be endured, with such composure as can be attained. The difficulty in doing it will be in direct proportion to the amount of belief entertained by each of us in the possibility of achieving military efficiency otherwise than as the Germans undoubtedly have achieved it. There will be no difficulty at all for those who have not acquired the delusion that a soldier is necessarily a tyrant who delights in torturing and humiliating all who are inferior to him in rank.

Giving New Heart to Knitters.

After a delay far too long and more than mysterious, Secretaries DANIELS and BAKER have issued a statement to the effect that, far from wanting to discourage the knitting of woolen garments for the army and navy by "our good women," they highly appreciate what has already been done in this direction and hope that the good work of "providing through the Red Cross comforts for our soldiers and sailors" will earn their further thanks.

There is in this statement no repetition of previous assertions from the same source that the Government had adequately equipped all the men in its service, and that additions by civilian hands to their stock of clothing were to be regarded merely as superfluous luxuries. Presumably the Secretaries have been getting, since they made, or allowed to be made in their names, the announcement, that so astonished and grieved the women knitters, some of the information as to camp conditions that has constantly been coming to everybody who had a friend or acquaintance either in training or in service. Why they did not have that information before is incomprehensible, but the question is now unimportant.

Nobody imagines for a moment that either Mr. DANIELS or Mr. BAKER would have said what they were quoted as saying if they had known conditions as they were, and nobody suspects in the slightest degree that they begrudge the country's defenders what they need in the way of protection from the Winter weather. Probably it was just that they fell into the error, so common to the occupants of high office, of assuming that an order given is an order obeyed.

It is a pity that the mistake was made in this case, for a brief explanation of the facts—the confession that though the Government was doing its very best to clothe the men properly, the task had proved too great for immediate performance—would have contented everybody, and the men themselves would have been the last to complain of hardships which, while real, are trivial indeed in comparison with others that war inflicts—with others which they, as patriotic Americans, are willing and even glad to endure in their country's behalf.

It was the denial of the existence of hardships known to thousands and thousands of us that caused impatience, and it was the rejection of needed help in a rather disdainful tone that caused deep humiliation and not a little of justified indignation.

This Effect of War Commendable.

Thanksgiving Day is to be marked in Rochester, this State, by the holding of a "union service" that will be really remarkable for its inclusiveness. It is to be held not in a church, for none would be large enough for the congregation that is expected to join in the manifestation of gratitude, but in the Convention Hall of the city, and though the proceedings are to be distinctly religious, many of the most firmly drawn of sectarian lines will be for the time obliterated and forgotten in a display of American solidarity.

The denominations to participate in this first of Rochester's "community Thanksgivings" are these: Adventist, Christian, Baptist, Christian Science, Congregational, Disciples, Episcopal, Evangelical, Jewish, Methodist, Presbyterian, Salvation Army, Spiritualist, Unitarian, Universalist, and Volunteers of America. About sixty churches will be represented.

A Unitarian clergyman will deliver the invocation, a Jewish rabbi will explain the meaning of the service, a Baptist will read from the Old-Testament and a Universalist from the New, and the President of the Chamber of Commerce will speak on the President's Thanksgiving Proclamation. That will be only the beginning of the "exercises," for the program is a long one—long enough to cause some anxiety, perhaps, to the housewife who thinks of her dinner as she reads it.

Dinner, however, will be a less important feature of Thanksgiving Day than usual this year, if the new spirit of the time is in full play, and the indications are that it will be in Rochester.

WAR SAVING CERTIFICATES.

A Christmas Suggestion by George Foster Peabody.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

May I suggest that it would doubtless be helpful to a great number of your readers and inform their patriotic impulses to real advantage if civilian readers of THE TIMES should have it exceptionally impressed upon their minds that for the coming Christmas season they should include among their presents, certainly to all the members of the family, and so far as possible to those within range who would not otherwise have such a Christmas gift, a war saving certificate, or in the case of the families who are so unfortunate as not to be able to give as much as $4.12 to each of the individuals, a thrift stamp, which can be obtained early in December from any post office and from a vast number of other places throughout the country. No one gift to an individual can accomplish at the same time so many unquestionably good results as such a Christmas gift would do. It would relate itself for a considerable period of time to the giver, of course, and it would relate itself also to the relation of the recipient to the country of which he is a present or coming citizen.

It is, of course, most desirable that at as early a date as possible every man, woman, and child in the United States without exception should become the holder of a war saving certificate; certainly to the extent of one stamp which, during the month of December, will cost $4.12, and which stamp may be redeemed at any time on presentation at any post office of the United States Government and will receive interest at the rate of 4 per cent. compounded quarterly. In this time of continuous employment and higher wages in dollars and cents—although unfortunately in too many cases not in actual values of consumption necessary to the family—it ought to be made possible that these stamps should be widely purchased by the individuals themselves. It would therefore be advantageous in very many cases that the Christmas gift be not made a full paid war saving certificate, or possibly that it be not even a certificate, but one of the thrift stamps, so that the habit of saving and making one's own the thrift idea should be inculcated and strongly encouraged.

If every man, woman, and child in the United States should own one of the certificates to the extent of one stamp, $4.12, it would in itself make over $400,000,000. It is an easy calculation for any school child of 10 years of age to see that a proper presentation of the facts respecting these should result in the sale of the entire $2,000,000,000 authorized by the Congress by the first of January. Because they are so desirable for Christmas presents as well as so important in their educational features, to which I have made reference.

GEORGE FOSTER PEABODY.
New York, Nov. 26, 1917.

Barnard's Lincoln a Substitute.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In regard to Barnard's Lincoln: The reply, on Oct. 23, 1917, in the House of Commons by Sir Alfred Mond, First Commissioner of Works, states that Lord Beauchamp, the former Commissioner, "offered a site in the Canning Inclosure for a replica of the St. Gaudens statue on a request from the Honorable Member from Plymouth in this House on March 9, 1914." After commenting on the "high artistic merit" of the St. Gaudens statue, he proceeds as follows:

"I now understand that the American Committee for the celebration of 100 years of peace are anxious to send a replica of the statue of President Lincoln recently erected at Cincinnati and executed by Mr. George Grey Barnard, a sculptor of the highest standing, which they consider to be a superior monument. And I do not consider that I should interfere with the selection made by the donors, who, I understand, comprise men of well-known artistic standing."

What legal or moral right had this committee to substitute Barnard's Lincoln for St. Gaudens's, after the site had been granted expressly for the St. Gaudens? Has a fraud been worked on the Honorable Member from Plymouth and of the House of Commons itself?

This is not a small question. It is a large one, and an international one. Is not our great President being slandered, our people betrayed, our art disgraced and England insulted?

The committee, however great the reputations of its members for artistic standing, should be called to account. What have they got to say for themselves?

HOWARD RUSSELL BUTLER.
Princeton, N. J., Nov. 24, 1917.

REASONS FOR THANKSGIVING—1917.

Not for ripe grain we'll thank Thee,
Lord, in the harvest fields;
Not for the golden and purple
That generous Autumn yields;
Oft in the Past we've praised Thee
For food enough and to spare—
Smiled at our bounteous table,
Nor knew that our brother's was bare.
Safe and aloof from Sorrow,
Careless of any foe,
We gathered our own about us,
And shut out the great world's woe.

But now—it has crept upon us
As soft as a thief in the night;
Distance no more is distance,
Hiding the Truth from our sight;
Winds from the East have brought us
A desperate, heroic cry;
We are made one with the nations
That famish, and struggle, and die.
And the voice of our soul grows stronger,
As sympathy makes us wise—
"This is your Sister who suffers!
This is your Brother who dies!"

Not for a bountiful table,
Will we observe the day;
Shame would crimson our foreheads—
Feasting while others slay;
Not for luxurious trappings—
Not for our hoarded pelf—
Not for the narrow Vision
That saw but the good of Self:
But that, aroused from torpor,
Facing the cannon and sword,
Americans fight for Thy Justice and Right—
For this we'll thank Thee, Lord!

FLORENCE VAN CLEVE.

FIRST TO FIGHT IN FRANCE.

Distinction Claimed by Capt. Basil D. Spalding of Maryland.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—The distinction of having led the company of American infantry that struck the first blow in the name of the United States against German autocracy last month in France is claimed by Captain Basil D. Spalding, a Marylander, who was formerly a teacher in the Maryland State College.

Miss Alice Erma Cain of this city, a cousin of Captain Spalding, has received word of his having been selected to command the first United States troops on active duty. Word has since been received that he returned safely to the base from the front line trenches.

Captain Spalding is a son of Hargraves Spalding and Mrs. Martha Russell Spalding, formerly of Churchville, Md., now of Macon, Ga. He is a great grandson of Captain John Adams Webster, a defender of Baltimore at the battle of North Point, in the War of 1812. His mother's father, Captain William Bissell, died on the Confederate side in the battle of Gettysburg.

Only twenty-seven years old, the captain enlisted five years ago in the 16th Infantry in Ohio, where he went after teaching for two years at Maryland State College, from which he graduated in 1909, when it was Maryland Agricultural College. He was promoted to a Second Lieutenancy and went to Europe as an acting Adjutant on General Pershing's staff.

NAVAL MILITIAMEN ACTIVE.

95% of National Guard Volunteers on Actual Sea Duty.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—Approximately 95 per cent. of the 852 officers and 17,000 enlisted men of the National Guard Volunteers, composed of the Naval Militia of several States, are on active sea duty.

When war was declared, the Navy Department announced tonight, the Naval Militia was fully equipped and prepared for service, its training at home stations having been supplemented last year by cruises on warships. When called into active service the volunteers had a strength of 966 officers and 9,500 men, but this force has since been almost doubled through recruiting in the Naval Militia.

The Marine Corps branch of the volunteers has a strength of 32 officers and 700 men, taken from the ranks of the Naval Militia when the branch was established at the beginning of hostilities.

CONGRESSMEN RETURNING.

Last Leave England After a Speaking Tour in Scotland.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—The last of the American Congressional Delegation—Representatives Frederick C. Hicks of New York, Richard W. Parker of New Jersey, and John J. Rogers of Massachusetts—have left England.

The final stage of their visit was a trip to Scotland, where they made a series of speeches on what the United States is doing and planning. The speeches got great prominence by the press throughout Scotland, and the papers referred editorially to the excellent effect produced by the visit.

On a trip to the naval base the Congressmen inspected the cruiser squadron which participated in the Heligoland fight.

MEXICO OUSTS CLERGYMEN.

Expels Aliens for Alleged Violation of the Constitution.

MEXICO CITY, Nov. 27.—The arrest and expulsion of a number of foreign clergymen was announced in a statement issued today by the Governor of the Federal district. The statement says the clergymen already have been sent on their way out of the country, together with other persons classed as undesirable.

The expulsion of the clergymen is said to have resulted from their failure to comply with the provision of the new Constitution, which permits only Mexican-born priests to exercise religious functions. According to the statement the clergymen who are being deported were warned not to cease violators of this article of the Constitution.

The clergymen probably will be taken out of the country by way of Vera Cruz, although no official information has been given out on this point.

There were fourteen of them in the party, of Italian, French, and Spanish nationality. The time limit set by the Governor after which foreign clergymen were notified to cease exercising their functions had expired.

MEXICAN DUTIES INCREASED.

Heavier Impost on Alcoholic Drinks After Jan. 1 Decreed.

MEXICO CITY, Nov. 27.—President Carranza has issued a decree increasing the taxes and import duties on all wines and alcoholic liquors, to take effect Jan. 1. All alcoholic liquors produced in Mexico will be subject to a tax of 50 per cent., and wines will be taxed 25 per cent.

Wines and alcoholic beverages of foreign make will have to pay a stamp tax of 50 per cent. above the import duties. Foreign made beer will be taxed 80 per cent. above the import duty.

The decree provides also for a stamp tax of from 5 to 20 centavos on corked bottles sold over counters.

A CALL FOR AMBULANCES.

Poets' Committee Urges Generous Gifts to Help the Italians.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Can anyone read tonight's account by The Associated Press correspondent of the conditions of the Italian soldiers on the battle line without wishing to do something for these brave men at once? "Exhausted by ceaseless fighting on barren ground in a temperature of 16 degrees above zero, without shelter of trenches or dugouts, and with an insufficient supply of water, they are still stubbornly holding their lines against the picked men of the relentless enemy. They are fighting our fight as really as though the line ran along the Adirondacks instead of the Carnic Alps. Who is not eager to help the common cause by helping Italy?"

I will tell your readers how to help. For weeks the American Poets' Committee has offered the public the most prompt and practical means of helping Italy. For weeks it has been raising money to buy the cable Ford chassis in Milan and top and equip them and rush them to the front. Individuals cannot send guns, munitions, or food; others will do that. But through us one can provide ambulances, for they are there in northern Italy, 100 miles from the firing line, and every day men—yes, heroes—are dying for lack of them.

The Poets' Committee stands on its record. We already have placed fifty of these "Chariots of Mercy" on the front; twenty-six more will be there this week. Others are being bought as fast as funds admit. We have cabled $135,700. When all our assurances are realized we shall have $160,000. Our average is about $10,000 a week. This is not enough; we ought to have $100,000 more this week in large subscriptions. For a fortnight we have been trying to awaken the sleepwalkers of Wall Street to help us immediately. I have vainly asked a dozen captains of industries to take hold and complete the work. I have not found one man with imagination enough to see, or enterprise enough to aid. They will give generously to anything else but the most pressing need.

In this emergency we appeal to women, and especially women who love Italy, to aid us at once. We have received nearly sixty checks of $2,000 each—the cost of an ambulance—and these and smaller contributions are welcome, but why should we wait ten weeks to get $100,000 more? Who will be the first to respond, sending to me at 20 Fifth Avenue a check drawn to the order of George A. Plimpton, treasurer, for $10,000 or $20,000?

ROBERT UNDERWOOD JOHNSON,
Chairman.

New York, Nov. 27, 1917.

KHAKI THE DRESS FOR THANKSGIVING

Officers and Men Will Be Dinner Guests of Many Organizations.

TURKEY AT ALL THE CAMPS

New York's Largest Spread Will Be at 12th Regiment Armory for Soldiers from Western States.

In armories, hotels, restaurants, clubs, and private homes thousands of soldiers and sailors will be Thanksgiving dinner guests tomorrow. In addition, the Government will provide an old-time Thanksgiving meal at all camps and cantonments for the soldiers, while on every ship, in port or at sea, the stewards will see that the officers and all on board have no reason to complain.

The largest dinner to be served in New York will probably be that which the National Service Commission will serve to enlisted men from the division at Camp Mills. This dinner will be served in the Twelfth Regiment Armory, and will be for soldiers from Western and Pacific States. Those in charge of the dinner have asked former Westerners now living in New York to come to the dinner and join in the welcome extended to the men from the States from which the division now at Mineola has drawn its men.

The Union League Club announced yesterday that it will have 200 soldiers from Camp Upton as its guests at the clubhouse, Thirty-ninth Street and Fifth Avenue. The men have been selected by Brig. Gen. Wittemeyer, and will arrive in New York tomorrow afternoon. The club will also entertain 200 negro soldiers from the 367th Infantry, at Camp Upton, at a dinner to be served in Liberty Hall, Seventh Avenue and 139th Street.

Adolph Lorber of Lorber's Restaurant, at Broadway and Fortieth Street, will have as his guests 1,000 Western soldiers from Missoula. Mr. Lorber will bring the men to New York on special trains, and will provide a sightseeing tour on Fifth Avenue buses for them before the dinner. The dinner will be served from 11 A. M. to 1 P. M., and during these hours the restaurant will be closed to the general public.

The Young Men's Hebrew Association, 610 Lexington Avenue, will entertain 102 soldiers at its rooms, the men being, for the most part, from Camp Upton. The Young Women's Christian Association will have 500 soldiers at its clubhouse, 41 West 110th Street, while the Catholic War Work Council will provide a dinner for 1,000 soldiers, entertaining the men at hotels and in private homes. Two hotels will each care for 400 men for the council, while members of the council will entertain the remaining 200 in their homes.

The Broadway Tabernacle will provide a dinner for 300 men, the National Arts Club, Gramercy Park, will give a dinner in honor of forty officers, while St. George's Club, in Stuyvesant Square, will have 120 soldiers and sailors as guests.

THANKSGIVING IN SCHOOLS.

President Willcox Issues Proclamation to be Read to Pupils.

President Willcox of the Board of Education has sent the following appeal to public school children, which will be read by the principals in all the schools today:

"For nearly three hundred years the American people, in gratitude for their blessings, have celebrated Thanksgiving Day. This year, on the Thanksgiving Day, which our great President has proclaimed for next Thursday, even in the midst of a terrible war we have many things to be thankful for.

"Let us be thankful that we have a country worth fighting for. Let us be thankful that the great goal of America is not only to protect the rights of its own people, but also to join in the defense of liberty, justice, and humanity throughout the world. Let us be thankful that all classes of our people, high and low, rich and poor, American born and foreign born, are forgetting selfish interests and joining together in patriotic service and sacrifice for this great cause. Let us be thankful that a new national spirit and common purpose is uniting the American people with mutual appreciation and confidence. Let us be thankful for the hope and promise of a better world to come after the war.

"America is fighting for you. The men and women of America stand ready to sacrifice everything, even life itself, in order that you, as you grow to manhood and womanhood, may enjoy the blessings of liberty and peace. And with America all of the other democracies of the earth are fighting for their children, fighting to overthrow the tyranny of might and bring in its place the rule of justice and right among all nations.

"Let us honor our brave men who are answering their country's call. Let us be proud to do anything we can to help them to win the war. Let us be thankful that we live in America, with the great American nation to protect us, and let us stand first, last, and all the time for the American Government and the American flag.

"I am proud of our pupils and proud of our teachers for their patriotic spirit and service during the last year, and I confidently call upon them all on this Thanksgiving Day, to pledge a new devotion to our beloved country for the year which is to come."

SPARTANBURG FEAST PLAN.

Turkey and Entertainment Aplenty to be Provided Tomorrow.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMP WADSWORTH, SPARTANBURG, S. C., Nov. 27.—Uncle Sam is going to furnish the mainstay of the Thanksgiving spread of the Twenty-seventh Division, it was learned today, when orders were placed for thousands of turkeys. Authorization has been received for the camp Quartermaster to purchase sufficient to give each of the more than 22,000 men a pound of turkey, which will be the ration served in all camps. Few of the time honored fixings

BRITISH DAY DRAWS MANY TO HERO LAND

English Embassy Counsel Lauds Efforts to Aid Victims of the Hun.

GARBLE DIPLOMATS' TALKS

Wild Tales of Submarine Sinkings Spread After Speeches by Jusserand and British Official.

Much interest was aroused last night by a statement issued by the press department of Hero Land, the bazaar at the Grand Central Palace, that T. B. Hohler, counsellor to the British Embassy in Washington, who spoke as the representative of the Ambassador, Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, had closed his address with this remark: "It may interest you to learn that I have been informed that between Nov. 1 and Nov. 15 thirty-nine submarines had been sunk."

Later, however, Clive Bayley, the British Consul General, who had sat next to Mr. Hohler on the platform, explained that the Counselor had really said that he had heard rumors in Washington of these sinkings. Secretary Daniels declared when told of the report that he had not heard of any such report.

This is not the only case of misunderstood statements regarding the destruction of submarines. On the previous day J. J. Jusserand, the French Ambassador, visited Hero Land, and it was announced that he had declared that six submarines had been sunk in the last four days.

This, it is now learned, was not the exact statement made by the Ambassador. When referring to the sinking of six submarines within four days he did not mean sinkings previously unannounced, but was coupling together the destruction of five U-boats by the British Navy on Saturday, Nov. 17, which was announced by Premier Lloyd George in his speech of the following Monday, with the announcement made on Sunday last of the sinking of another by two American destroyers.

Statements have recently been made on high authority that more submarines have been sunk in the past four months than in the year before the beginning of that period, but with the exception of Mr. Lloyd George's statement at the conclusion of his speech, which reassured his control of the House of Commons regarding the destruction of five U-boats in a single day, no exact figures as to the work done in particular periods have ever been officially given out.

"British Day" at Hero Land drew large crowds to the big war bazaar yesterday and last night. The attendance in the evening eclipsed that at the opening Saturday night.

Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, the British Ambassador, who was to have made an address, was prevented by illness from being present, and in his place, T. B. Hohler, Counsellor to the British Embassy, made an address in the afternoon.

"I am glad to see," he said, "that so many loyal Americans have come forward to help aid the victims of the Hun. It is a rebuke to him that Americans are beginning to appreciate that the United States is in the war to win. You Americans should do everything possible to help repair the damage done by the Huns. As we visit these exhibits I can imagine our men inspired by the news that Hero Land is a great success.

"There has been some criticism of the amount of money that has been spent on Hero Land. That criticism is wrong. Every dollar that has been spent has been spent for a good purpose."

Among the other speakers were C. Clive Bayley, British Consul General at New York; Brigadier General W. A. White, head of the British Recruiting Mission, and Brigadier General James D. McLachlan of the British Army.

The following cablegram from Arthur James Balfour was read:

"Am glad to offer my warm congratulations on the scheme of the bazaar of the allied nations. Those who visit it will see there ample evidences of great achievements. They will have an opportunity of helping the victims of German barbarism in Europe and in Asia, and they will bear away with them memories of the great war due to the ingenuity and bravery of soldier prisoners. I heartily wish it every success."

The British party from Washington watched the British tank in action and inspected the "Hindenburg" trench. The Daughters of the British Empire presented a program on the Novelty Theatre, in which Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Sothern, Eugene Cowles, Norman Trevor and others appeared. In the motion-picture theatre, on the fourth floor, official British war pictures were shown.

Yesterday there was placed on exhibit a German flag captured by the Imperial Light Horse in Indian in German West Africa. Every man's name who took part in the attack in which the flag was captured is written on it.

Last night was given over to a program of sports in the Great Hall, arranged by Mrs. Charles Dana Gibson. There was a feature of a bayonet drill of men from Camp Upton under the direction of British officers.

The Russian Street, which contains at one end a booth bearing the sign "Pour les Gens de Lettres Français," and of which Mrs. Newbold LeRoy Edgar is the President, is one of the most interesting features of Hero Land. Eugene Brieaux of Paris is Honorary President of the booth, the object of which is to aid the dependents of literary men of France.

Associated with Mrs. Newbold LeRoy Edgar are Mrs. James W. Gerard, Mrs. Arthur Scott Burden, Mrs. Charles Clive Bayley, wife of the British Consul General; Miss Janet Scudder, the sculptress; Mrs. William Kinnicutt Draper, Mrs. Francis Burrall Hoffman and Mme. Szekard-Lane, who recently returned from Paris and who at 10 o'clock sang the "Marseillaise."

A new film, entitled "France in Arms," was shown yesterday under the direction of the section presided over by Mrs. Newbold LeRoy Edgar.

This will be Jewish War Relief Day at the bazaar, the program for which has been arranged by Mrs. Jacob H. Schiff. A pageant, "On the Road to Victory," in which 300 persons will take part, and arranged by Margaret S. Crawford, will be the spectacular feature of the day. In the afternoon the 369th Regiment Band, from Camp Upton, will play in the Great Ballroom. Mme. Bertha Kalich, Houdini, Mme. Shomer-Rothenberg, Mme. Clerget, Irving Berlin, Harry Fox, Dan Casey, Harry Tierney, Mary Jordan, Blanche Duffield, and Lydia Locke, are among the theatrical folk who will aid Jewish War Relief Day.

Elsie Janis, Hilda Spong, Olive Wyndam, Mrs. Thomas Wisem, Laura Hope Crews, Charles Cherry, Holbrook Blinn, Eva La Gallienne, Augusta Close, and Helen Grey will take part in a program under the direction of State Women's War Relief Fund Committee. Cosmo Hamilton's play "Soldiers' Daughters" will be presented, as will two acts from "Miss 1917" from the Century Theatre. The members of the committee in charge, headed by Mrs. Schiff, are Mrs. I. N. Spiegelberg, Mrs. Gibson, Mrs. Sidney C. Borg, Daniel Frohman, M. H. Hanson, Mrs. Eugene Lewis, Miss Harriet B. Lowenstein, Miss Irene Lewisohn, Mrs. Otto Lowengard, Mrs. Thomas Seltzer, and Mrs. Daniel Guggenheim.

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SWEENEY IS INDICTED.

"Advertising Director" for Army Bazaar Charged with Forgery.

George F. Sweeney, who was "advertising, publicity, and campaign manager" for the Army and Navy Bazaar, was indicted yesterday by the New York County Grand Jury on a charge of forgery. The indictment charges that Sweeney forged the name of Edward S. Moore, Treasurer of the bazaar, without the latter's permission to letters sent out soliciting contributions and advertising for the bazaar.

District Attorney Swann yesterday said he had received information that some solicitors for the bazaar threatened German and German-American residents of New York with internment if they did not contribute to the bazaar. Assistant District Attorney Kilroe is investigating these complaints.

District Attorney Swann in a statement issued last night declared he had investigated the recent collection of money for the "War Babies Cradle" and said that forty-five checks of $10 each had been collected for which he said there had been no accounting. The District Attorney said that he had obtained the money from the solicitors and would forward it at once to the "cradle" fund.

LICENSE FOR ALL BAZAARS.

Aldermen Make Charity Promoters Answerable for Receipts.

The Aldermen yesterday upon recommendation of its Committee on General Welfare unanimously adopted the amendment to the city ordinances, introduced by President Frank L. Dowling, providing that the holders of all fairs, bazaars, or entertainments given in the name of charity hereafter must obtain a license from the Department of Licenses for which they must pay a nominal sum and be under the control of and make a report to the department.

Not only must a license be obtained but financial statements and other safeguards are required. The amount paid to managers or solicitors in salaries or commissions must be made public, so that contributors will be under no misapprehensions as to where the money is going. The ordinance carries a penalty for its violation of six months' imprisonment or a fine of $250 or both.

THANKSGIVING WEDDINGS.

Misses Marion Cleveland and Gertrude F. Dowling to be Brides.

Several weddings are to take place on Thanksgiving Day.

Miss Marion Cleveland, daughter of the late President Grover Cleveland, and William Stanley Dell of this city are to be married tomorrow at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Thomas Jex Preston, at Princeton, N. J. Mr. Dell is a newspaper man, and last Spring returned from France, where he served for a time with the American Ambulance Corps. His father is William Amos Dell, now residing in Switzerland.

The marriage of Miss Gertrude F. Dowling, daughter of Frank L. Dowling, President of the Board of Aldermen, and Mrs. Dowling, and Harold P. Hall, son of Mr. and Mrs. George A. Hall of the Bronx, will be celebrated tomorrow at 12:30 o'clock in the Roman Catholic Church of St. Columba, in West Twenty-fifth Street.

WED TO BRITISH CAPTAIN.

Miss Gladys Conquest Married Longford L. Welman in Paris.

Word has just been received here of the marriage on Nov. 7 at the American Church in Paris, France, of Miss Gladys Conquest, a daughter of Mrs. C. E. W. Conquest of Philadelphia, to Captain Longford L. Welman of the Middlesex Regiment, British Army, the Rev. Dr. Goodrich performing the ceremony.

Miss Conquest, with her mother and her brother, Robert F. W. Conquest, were abroad when the war began and remained there. Miss Conquest has been doing work in a convalescent hospital for the last six months, and her brother served for a year in the American Ambulance Field Service.

MISS HELEN BURROWS WEDS.

The Bride of Alver H. Ives in St. Agnes's Chapel—The Attendants.

The marriage of Miss Helen Hampton Burrows, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Webster Burrows of 360 Riverside Drive, and Alver Homer Ives, took place at 8 o'clock last evening in St. Agnes's Chapel, the Rev. William W. Bellinger officiating.

The bride wore a gown of white satin and net embroidered with pearls, and a court train of satin and silver cloth. She carried a shower bouquet of white orchids and lilies of the valley.

Mrs. Robert Schur was the matron of honor, and the Misses Amelia Lunstedt and Elsie Peckham were the bridesmaids.

Dr. Henry T. Chickering of the Rockefeller Institute Hospital was best man, and William P. Lowe, Edward Crowe, Robert F. Schur, and Caspar F. Black were the ushers.

A large reception followed in the ballroom of the Hotel Gotham.

Wed to the Rev. Henry Macbeth.

The marriage of Miss Adelaide M. Mansfield of Bethel, Conn., to the Rev. Henry Macbeth, rector of St. Paul's Church, Tivoli, N. Y., was celebrated at 1:30 o'clock yesterday in Grace Church. The Right Rev. E. C. Acheson, D. D., Suffragan Bishop of Connecticut, and a friend of the bridegroom, officiated. There were no bridal attendants, and only the nearest relatives and friends attended the wedding. The couple will reside in Tivoli.

Porter-Knox.

E. Erskine Porter of Brooklyn, son of Mr. and Mrs. David Porter, was married yesterday at noon to Miss Eloise Bennett Knox of Savannah, Ga., at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Hilton Knox in Savannah. The Rev. W. T. Dakin officiated. Miss Valencia Knox was her sister's maid of honor, and Ira M. Dempsey of Johnstown, Penn., acted as best man.

Today's Weddings.

The marriage of Miss Angeline J. Krech, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alvin W. Krech, and Oliver Burr James, son of Dr. Walter B. James and Mrs. James, will take place at 4 o'clock in St. Bartholomew's Church.

Miss Julia Swift Gilbert, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Cass Gilbert, and Charles Morgan Post, a son of Mrs. Stephen R. Post, are to be married in the Church of the Incarnation, Madison Avenue and Thirty-fifth Street, at 4 o'clock.

Miss Gertrude Channing Livingston, the only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Duane Livingston, and Henry Crocker Kittredge, son of Professor George L. Kittredge and Mrs. Kittredge of Cambridge, Mass., will be married at 3 o'clock in the Chantry of Grace Church.

Miss Helen L. Steele, daughter of Captain Theophilus Steele, U. S. A., and Ben Johnson Breckinridge, a Second Lieutenant in the United States Army, and a grandson of John C. Breckinridge, Vice President under James Buchanan, will celebrate their wedding in the Fourth Presbyterian Church.

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ANTIS NOW TO FIGHT NATIONAL SUFFRAGE

State Organization Temporarily Drops Its Plan for a Loyalty League.

MAY SELECT A NEW LEADER

Determines on a More Vigorous Campaign Than Was Made on the State Issue.

Instead of converting themselves into a loyalty league to fight pro-Germanism, the State anti-suffragists yesterday turned their organization into a body to war on the Federal suffrage amendment. The refusal of the suffragists to abandon the whole question and "fight the war," it was explained, had led their opponents to change their plans.

To reinforce the women's organization, which will be known as the "State Committee of the National Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage," there also is to be an organization of men. The Man-Suffrage Association Opposed to Political Suffrage for Women, under the leadership of Everett P. Wheeler, has resolved to convert itself into a body to battle against the national amendment.

In altering their plans for the immediate future, the anti-suffragists, it was said yesterday, had not abandoned their prospective loyalty league, but simply would hold the project in abeyance for the time being. At yesterday's meeting, at 280 Madison Avenue, at which the decision to alter the plans of the organization was reached, a committee of three was appointed to represent the new body at the national convention to be held in Washington on the same days in December as the national gathering of the suffragists. Miss Mary G. Kilbreth, Mrs. John F. Maynard, and Mrs. A. M. Banca were selected as the members of the committee.

The change in the antis' plans probably is to involve a change in leadership. Miss Alice Hill Chittenden, long the head of the State body, it now is announced had determined to retire from active participation in the new campaign. Miss Kilbreth was appointed head of the committee to arrange the details of the change, and Miss Chittenden will look after the legal steps incident to changing the corporate name. Miss Chittenden and others prominent in the movement yesterday urged Miss Kilbreth as the logical new leader. Miss Kilbreth, however, said yesterday that she would not head the organization.

In discussing yesterday the lines on which the new body would wage its fight, Miss Kilbreth said she believed the most important task was the education of "the man in the street" to a full understanding of exactly what abandonment of woman suffrage meant. She felt certain if voters once grasped the full significance of such a surrender of what she called fundamental American government principles, they would reject woman suffrage propaganda for radical constitutional revision. A minor, but none the less a strongly emphasized note in the campaign, she said, would be the inappropriateness of injecting the suffrage issue into the forthcoming war session of a Congress beset with Government business of unprecedented importance to the nation and to the world.

In addressing the members of the Anti Suffragists yesterday Miss Chittenden, in urging the course which subsequently was followed, said:

"In this last appeal which I shall probably ever make to you as a body of women, I beg you not to be slackers, especially in this hour of our country's greatest need, but to live up to the full measure of your responsibility as voiling citizens. The Socialist women will vote in large numbers, and the pacifist woman, who did not raise her boy to be a soldier, will vote, and their votes must be offset by the votes of the women who put loyalty to their Government in the prosecution of this war above everything else at the present moment, because they realize that this war is being fought to uphold the same principles of free government for which the embattled farmers fired the shot heard around the world!"

SUFFRAGE PICKETS FREED FROM PRISON

Twenty-two Hunger Strikers Get Out, but Nine Others Stay in Washington Jail.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—Twenty-two militant suffrage pickets, most of them hunger-strikers, serving terms varying from fifteen days to seven months, were released from the District Jail late this afternoon. No reason for their release was given by the jail authorities other than that it was by the order of Alexander Mitchell, the Police Court Judge who sentenced them.

Miss Alice Paul, leader of the pickets, who was serving seven months, was the first to be released. Mrs. Lawrence Lewis of Philadelphia, Miss Lucy Burns of Washington, Miss Kate Heffelfinger of Shamokin, Penn., and Miss Rose Winslow of New York, all of whom had seven-month sentences, were among those released. Miss Paul, who had been on a hunger strike for twenty-two days, was very pale and thin. When she reached suffrage headquarters at Cameron House she said:

"We are put out of jail as we were put into jail, at the whim of the Government. They tried to terrorize and suppress us. They could not, and so freed us. The Administration has found that it dare not imprison American women for asking a share in the democracy for which we are fighting abroad. Our prisoners in Occoquan were released from that institution last Saturday on the court ruling that they were illegally and lawlessly confined. The action of the Judge in commuting our sentence today acknowledges it was unjust, arbitrary, and a gross discrimination made in an attempt to suppress legitimate propaganda, an attempt which failed.

"Twenty-two of us are out, but nine are unjustly imprisoned. Those of us who hunger-struck were freed. The others were not. These, too, must be released before the Government's conscience is clear."

Asked when they would picket again, Miss Paul said:

"We hope that no more demonstrations will be necessary, that the amendment will run steadily on to passage and ratification, without further suffering. But what we do depends on what the Administration does. We have one aim: The immediate passage of the Federal amendment. As for picketing, we are well pleased at what it has accomplished."

Among the pickets released were:

Miss Agnes Morey, thirty days, Boston.
Miss Cornelia Whitcomb, thirty days, Worcester, Mass.
Miss Julia Emory, Baltimore.
Miss Paula Jacobi, thirty days, New York.
Miss Lou Daniels, fifteen days, Boston.
Mrs. L. H. Hornsby, thirty days, New York.
Miss Catherine Lincoln, thirty days, Philadelphia.
Miss Elizabeth McShane, thirty days, Philadelphia.
Mrs. P. E. Johns, thirty days, New York.
Miss Alice Gram, thirty days, Portland, Ore.
Miss Betty Gram, thirty days, Portland, Ore.
Miss Matilda Young, fifteen days, District of Columbia.
Mrs. Alice Cosu, thirty days, New Orleans.
Miss Hattie Kruger, thirty days, Buffalo.
Mrs. Kate Stafford, thirty days, Oklahoma City.
Miss Belle Sheinberg, thirty days, New York.
Miss Minnie Hennessy, seven months, Hartford, Conn.

The suffrage pickets still in jail include Miss Maude Jamison, seven months, Norfolk, Va.; Mrs. C. T. Robertson, thirty days, Salt Lake City; Mrs. R. B. Quay, thirty days, Salt Lake City; Miss Amy Jungling, thirty days, Buffalo; Mrs. George Scott, thirty days, Montclair, N. J.; Miss Dorothy Day, thirty days, New York; Miss Ella Findelsen, thirty days, Lawrence, Mass., and Miss Hilda Blumberg, fifteen days, New York.

AMERICANS LIONIZE WAR CROSS WINNERS

Ceremony of Presentation Followed by Rush to Congratulate the 15 Men Honored.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Monday, Nov. 26.—(Associated Press.)—An impressive ceremony marked the presentation today of the French War Crosses to the fifteen American soldiers who withstood the first German raid on the Americans early this month.

It was late in the afternoon when the regiment, to which the company that suffered the casualties is attached, marched to the top of a big grassy hill. There, under skies threatening rain and with the cold, wintry wind blowing, the men formed three sides of a hollow square. At the base of the square the regimental colors and the Stars and Stripes cracked in the wind.

The regiment was called to attention as the General commanding came up and took his position in the open side of the square. The General first read the citation for the whole company, which was standing near the colors, breaches in the ranks showing where the men now in hospitals or prisoners in Germany had formerly stood. He congratulated the company, saying:

"Occasions arise frequently in war, and will arise frequently again, where clear-headed coolness and courage are necessary. This company behaved on one occasion as it was expected to do and as every other company of American soldiers is expected to do under similar circumstances. The French General commanding the sector considers these men have earned War Crosses and I here deliver them and the citations.

"You must understand that you must wear them, but must keep them in your possession unless Congress authorizes the wearing of them."

The General then presented the company's citation and Cross to the Lieutenant commanding. Next the three lieutenants stepped from their positions, saluted and received their individual crosses. The General congratulated each. Next the non-commissioned officers and men marched up, were congratulated on receiving the honor and then returned to their places in the ranks.

The company Lieutenant received the Cross and citation for a corporal who was unable to leave the hospital because of a severe wound. To the regimental Colonel the General entrusted the decorations awarded to the three men killed in the raid, asking him to see that they were sent to the next-of-kin in the United States.

As the regimental band played "The Star-Spangled Banner," the regiment came briskly to salute, remaining in that position until the last note had been borne away across the valley by the wind. The regiment then marched back to the nearby town where it billeted, seemingly with just a little more snap in every step. The men who had in their pockets the coveted French decoration, which is awarded only for heroic deeds in the face of the enemy, wore broad smiles of satisfaction.

If there was any man in the regiment who did not go to the tents of the honored company to shake the hands of the men who won the Croix de Guerre, because he had urgent duties elsewhere requiring immediate attention. The soldiers several times tried to evade the congratulations of their comrades and two of the younger ones who got the War Cross actually blushed when the press of admiring friends became too great around them.

Red Cross Supplies Reach Rumania.

PETROGRAD, Sunday, Nov. 25.—The American Red Cross relief train arrived at Jassy, Rumania, on Nov. 18. It consisted of fifty-five cars of hospital supplies and foodstuffs from America.

HOWLAND TRUST ALLOTTED.

Estate of Hetty Green's Aunt to be Divided Among 45 Heirs.

BOSTON, Nov. 27.—The full bench of the Supreme Court ruled that the Silvia Ann Howland trust fund, amounting to $1,000,000, in which Mrs. Hetty Green had a life interest, should be divided into forty-five parts for distribution among the heirs. By his order three grandchildren of Gideon Howland will each receive one part, and the remainder will be divided among the more remote of the 437 claimants.

Arguments in the case were heard recently at Taunton, certain of the heirs contending for a division of the estate into eleven parts, to correspond with the number of Gideon Howland's children. Under the plan as ordered by the court today, it is to be divided on the basis of the number of grandchildren, living and dead. The heirs concerned reside in thirty-three States, Hawaii, Canada, England, and France.

The property constituted the residuary estate of Sylvia Ann Howland of New Bedford, who died in 1865. Mrs. Green was a niece. Mrs. Howland's will provided that after the expiration of Mrs. Green's interest, the estate should pass to the lineal descendants of her grandfather, Gideon Howland of Dartmouth.

GAVIT LEAVES THE POST.

Resigns as Managing Editor to Join Harper & Brothers.

John Palmer Gavit, for four years managing editor of The Evening Post, announced yesterday that on Jan. 1 he would become associated with Harper & Brothers. Mr. Gavit will be a Director of the Harper organization, and will devote his attention both to the magazine and to books.

"I leave the active service of The Evening Post with a reluctance and a regret that it would be impossible to exaggerate," said Mr. Gavit yesterday. "Reasons of a strictly personal character, of interest only to myself and my family, make it imperative for me to retire from the daily newspaper business; otherwise, nothing that I can imagine would have induced me to leave The Evening Post."

Mr. Gavit will continue as a member of the Board of Trustees of The Evening Post.

Dance for Soldiers' Club Canteen.

A dance for the benefit of the Soldiers' and Sailors' Home Club Canteen, given under the auspices of the National Special Aid Society, was held last night at Dodworth's, 12 East Forty-ninth Street. There were about 200 present. The patronesses included Mrs. John Purroy Mitchel, Mrs. Junius Morgan, Mrs. Oliver Harriman, Mrs. J. Stewart Barney, Mrs. Edward R. Stettinius, Mrs. Harold Tratt, Mrs. Henry Sanford, Mrs. J. Nelson Shreve, and Mrs. Devereux Milburn.

"Big Six" Gives a Ball Tonight.

The sixty-eighth annual ball of Typographical Union No. 6, which is known in the printing trade all over the United States as "Big Six," will be held, tonight at Sulzer's Harlem Casino. The proceeds, as usual, will be devoted to the hospital fund of the union.

An Acknowledgment.

THE NEW YORK TIMES acknowledges the receipt of $3 from W. B. Thomas for a poor family for whom the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities appealed.

1,000 GREET BARUCHS AT GOLDEN WEDDING

President Wilson Sends Basket of Chrysanthemums to Dr. and Mrs. Simon Baruch.

GIFTS REFLECT THEIR WORK

Four Sons, with Wives and Children, in Family Group at Sherry's—National Anthem Played.

Dr. and Mrs. Simon Baruch of 51 West Seventieth Street celebrated their fiftieth anniversary of their wedding last night with a large reception at Sherry's, more than a thousand guests attending. They stood on a dais on the south side of the large ballroom, in front of a basket of immense golden wedding chrysanthemums, sent by President Wilson. As they received their relatives and friends, who began to arrive at 9 o'clock, Mrs. Baruch wore a trailing gown of white and gold brocaded satin and chiffon, with diamond ornaments.

The entire ballroom suite was used, and the ballroom was massed with thousands of yellow chrysanthemums, some of them in huge baskets sent by various organizations, for Mrs. Baruch is prominent in women's clubs.

Receiving with Dr. and Mrs. Baruch were their four sons, with their wives, including Bernard M. Baruch; appointed by the President as a member of the Advisory Committee of the Council of National Defense, and Mrs. Baruch; Dr. and Mrs. Herman B. Baruch, Mr. and Mrs. Martwig N. Baruch, and Mr. and Mrs. Sailing W. Baruch. Eighty-nine grandchildren were also in the family group.

When the guests had all assembled orchestra played "The Star-Spangled Banner," after which selections from popular and old-time songs were sung by a trio. Later, a buffet collation was served in the rooms adjoining the tables. On the buffet table a fountain sparkled in a golden basin.

Many gifts were received by Dr. and Mrs. Baruch, which were displayed in the latter's West Seventieth Street home. Among them was a gold replica of a tablet placed by the municipal authorities a few weeks ago at the Bleecker Street bath, commemorating his work in the bath[illegible] years his name, he being the first municipal bath in the United States to introduce [illegible] from the baths. Also a gold loving cup from the Charity Hospital which Dr. and Mrs. Baruch presented several years ago. A gold [illegible] of the City of Camden, S. C., in honor of the [illegible] address, which, he lived there before the civil war, and an illuminated address from the Directors of the Montefiore Home and Hospital, of which Dr. Baruch was one of the founders.

Mrs. Baruch, as Regent of the Knickerbocker Chapter of the D. A. R., President of the Southland Club, received many floral offerings. She also is Vice President of the Club and former Vice President of the Eclectic Club.

Dr. and Mrs. Baruch were married in 1867. Mrs. Baruch was formerly Isabel Wolfe of Wilmington, S. C. South has always claimed Dr. Baruch, although he has lived here since 1881, because of his loyalty to the South, the fact that he served as a surgeon in the field with General Robert E. Lee's army. He was born in Schwersenz, Germany, on July 19, 1840.

He is known widely through his writings and lectures, and as a consulting specialist in chronic diseases. In 1889 he diagnosed the first recorded case of perforating appendicitis to be operated on, and was formerly Professor of Hydrotherapy at the College of Physicians and Surgeons.

Among the guests were Emile Vandervelde, Minister of Justice of Belgium; Borough President of Manhattan Marcus M. Marks, Mrs. Daniel Guggenheim, Mr. and Mrs. Julius Kruttschnitt, Mr. and Mrs. Oscar S. Straus, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Schwab, Mr. and Mrs. Felix Warburg, Adolph Lewisohn, the Rev. Stephen S. Wise and Mr. and Mrs. Jacob H. Schiff.

The Rev. Dr. John D. Wells.

BOSTON, Nov. 27.—The Rev. John D. Whitney, former President of Williams College, and former President of Washington University, at Washington, died today at the home of his son-in-law, Major Kirk Bryan, Professor of Geology at Harvard College. He was born in Boston in 1836, was graduated from Harvard College, and was ordained to the Congregational ministry in 1861. He was President of Williams College from 1887 to 1902, when he resigned because of his health. He was a member of the Massachusetts Society of Colonial Wars, the Society of Mayflower Descendants, the Society of the Cincinnati, and the Society of the War of 1812. He was a member of the Phi Beta Kappa Society, and was a member of the Harvard Club of New York City. He was a member of the Massachusetts Historical Society, the American Antiquarian Society, and the American Philosophical Society. He was a member of the Sigma Phi Society, and was a member of the Delta Kappa Epsilon Society. He was a member of the Boston Club, the Tavern Club, the Somerset Club, the Harvard Club of Boston, the Union Club of Boston, the Algonquin Club of Boston, the Cosmos Club of Washington, and the Metropolitan Club of Washington. He was a member of the Massachusetts Society of the Sons of the Revolution, and was President of the Massachusetts Society of the Sons of the Revolution in 1896-1898. He

RILEY AND HYDE EARN FINAL ROUND BRACKETS IN ANNUAL FALL SQUASH TENNIS CHAMPIONSHIP

REACH FINAL ROUND OF SQUASH TOURNEY

A. W. Riley Will Meet F. Van S. Hyde Today—Exhibition Between Kinsella and Feron.

A. W. Riley, former Princeton Club squash tennis champion, but now playing from the Squash Club, and Fillmore Van S. Hyde, second in rank among the Harvard Club players, advanced to the final round of the annual Fall tournament at the Squash Club yesterday, the victories of each being registered in straight games. Riley, who was expected to have rather a hard time of it in advancing past the Harvard Club expert, J. W. Appel, succeeded in vanquishing his rival by rather a one-sided score of 15-5, 15-9. Hyde put a fellow Harvard Club player, J. Onatavia, out of the race with the score 15-5, 15-10.

The match between Riley and Appel was the centre of interest, for it was generally conceded that Hyde would have little difficulty in forcing the abdication from the tournament of Onatavia. Riley has for some time been a proficient wielder of the racquet, but he transcended his former skill in yesterday's contest. In his work there was a reflection of the style of play which has made Walter A. Kinsella the world's professional champion. Kinsella has been coaching Riley for some two months and Appel doubtless found his opponent a decidedly stronger rival than he had anticipated.

Appel's game is based largely on speed. He hits with great power at all times, but Riley met this attack without a tremor and made remarkable gets in the early stages of the conflict that presaged what was to be the eventual outcome of the match. Riley could not begin to match pace with his antagonist and fell back on a type of strategy which was finally developed to bring confusion to Appel's game. He changed pace in baffling manner and used the Kinsella passing shot to its full advantage. Then too he was more accurate in his stroking of the ball. He hit low, but seldom into the telltale and his corner shots were elusive.

The Harvard Club player, however, was far from being a easy victim. He fought determinedly for every point and the rallies were often long sustained until Riley greater steadiness frequently decided the issue.

In the first game Appel was evidently taken by surprise by the swift rush of points that fell to Riley's play. In the second, however, he came more nearly to solving the game of his rival and the closeness of the contest is reflected in the score of 15-9.

Hyde was never pressed to display the full power of his game against Onatavia. Next to Winston, Hyde is probably the most adept and graceful squash tennis player hereabouts and it was evident from the start yesterday that the measure of his superiority over Onatavia was large.

The final round of the tournament will be played this afternoon. Following the match between Hyde and Riley, Walter A. Kinsella, the world's professional squash tennis champion, will play an exhibition match for the Red Cross against his old rival Stephen J. Feron, professional at Harvard, himself a former holder of the professional championships. Kinsella will allow Feron five aces in each game this afternoon.

YALE TRACK MEN REPORT.

Coach Mack Has Squad Preparing for Indoor Meets.

NEW HAVEN, Nov. 27.—Yale athletes who are expected to try for places on the track and field team reported for the initial practice of the season yesterday. Coach Mack ordered all interested into the baseball cage and announced to the assembled candidates that there would be training every day excepting Sunday from now on until the mid-Winter holidays.

It is expected that those men who round to condition early will be entered in some of the Amateur Athletic Union indoor meets held in New York and Boston this Winter. It is almost certain that Yale will be represented in the annual meets of the Boston Athletic Association, the Meadowbrook A. C. of Philadelphia, and the New York A. C. games, provided the N. Y. A. C. holds a meet this season.

Coach Mack will give most of his attention to the development of hurdle and sprint men. Few veterans of any ability in these events have returned to the university this year. The coach made it known that the Winter work is important for track men, especially as it fits them for the outdoor season in the Spring and brings them to high efficiency more quickly.

Distance men will report, for the time being, to Coach Quoal at the track house on Yale Field. Numerous races for these men will be held every few days.

TRACK MEET FOR SOLDIERS.

Camp Upton Athletes to Compete in N. Y. A. C. Games.

Officials of the New York Athletic Club announced last night that 5,000 soldiers from Camp Upton, Yaphank, L. I., will compete in the club's set of track games to be held at the camp next Saturday. In preparation for this large turnout Paul Pilgrim of the Winged Foot organization is now at Yaphank attending to final arrangements for the meet. The day will be officially known as "New York Athletic Club Day," and promises to make one of the greatest days in the history of the camp. Assisting Pilgrim in the preparations for the meet are Frank Glick, the former Princeton athlete, who is civilian aid at the camp; Matthew P. Halpin, Chairman of the New York A. C. Athletic Committee, and Captain Arthur McAleenan of the New York A. C.

Eight events have been arranged, and in addition there will be a series of athletic exhibitions by prominent competitors of the New York A. C. The large number of entries will be decreased by the elimination process through a number of trials to be held before the day of the meet. The events are 100-yard dash, 75-yard equipment race, 60-yard rescue race, 220-yard hurdles and obstacle race, hand-grenade throwing contest, medicine ball race, flag relay race, and a four-mile cross-country run.

SIX-DAY CYCLISTS TRAIN.

Thirty Riders Get Into Condition for Race at Newark Velodrome.

Almost every one of the riders entered in the annual six-day bicycling race to be held in Madison Square Garden, beginning Sunday night at midnight, were training for the long grind over the Newark Velodrome track yesterday. Led by Frank Kramer, former sprint champion, and Oscar Egg, who are paired for the long grind, there were thirty riders busy at the same time. Kramer and Egg are expected to make a formidable team along with such contenders as Alfred Goullet and Jack Magin, Eddie Root and Peter Drobach, and Eddie Madden and Frank Corry.

It was Egg's first workout since his arrival from France Monday. The Swiss champion insists that he is in good condition and well able to stand the long grind. He has ridden in many long races in Europe during the last year. Bobby Walthour and Paul Suter, another foreigner who arrived with Egg, practiced together. They are to team in the race. Walthour rode with Suter over European tracks last Summer, and is well acquainted with his partner.

TENNIS LEAGUE ADVOCATED.

Kings County Members Advance Scheme to Keep Sport Alive.

With the idea of not only keeping alive but of stimulating interest in tennis even during the war period, it was proposed at the annual meeting of the Kings County Tennis Club, held last night at the home of Frank B. Ogilvie, President of the club, that a league of clubs be formed next season for the holding of week-end tournaments. The plan was first suggested by Charles Chambers, H. L. Westfall and Henry Mollenhauer, and was received enthusiastically at last night's meeting.

It was suggested that the following clubs, in addition to Kings County, would enter such a league as that proposed: The West Side Tennis Club, New York Athletic Club, Crescent Athletic Club, Montclair Athletic Club, University Heights Lawn Tennis Club, Terrace Club of Flatbush and Englewood Field Club.

The retiring members of the Board of Directors, Charles Chambers, A. A. Leverich and Jesse Fuller, advocated that the club cultivate the game of tennis among junior members, and that many special tournaments for them be held during the year.

There was no change in the officers of the club, all of the present incumbents being re-elected. The officers are: President, Frank B. Ogilvie; Vice President, Arthur J. Murphy; Secretary, J. W. Andersen, and Treasurer, Augustus R. Platt. Three changes will be made in the Board of Governors, H. L. Westfall, recent winner of the club championship; H. J. Morganthaler and Harry Lewis were elected to fill the places now occupied by A. A. Leverich, Jesse Fuller and Charles Chambers.

SUMMON BOXING OFFICIALS.

Fighters Also Called to Answer for Bouts at New Polo A. A.

Magistrate Ten Eyck, in the Harlem Police Court yesterday, issued seven summonses for the officials of the New Polo A. A. of Harlem and the boxers who took part in bouts at the club last Friday night. It is alleged in the complaint sworn to for whom summonses were issued promoted and engaged in boxing exhibitions in defiance of the law prohibiting such exhibitions. The summonses were made returnable on Friday. The affidavits on which they were issued were sworn to by Police Lieutenant Butler and four detectives from the Fourth Inspection District, acting under instructions from Inspector Morris.

The bouts last Friday night were the first that the officials of the New Polo A. A. have held since the Frawley law was annulled. They were carried on under the membership plan. The police officers in their complaint say that they were permitted to enter the club and witness the exhibitions after signing application blanks for membership in the organization and paying a nominal initiation fee.

On Friday also the case of the officials of the Broadway Sporting Club of Brooklyn will be called in the Gates Avenue Court before Magistrate Howand Nash. Both cases are similar and upon the decisions in each will depend the future of boxing in this city.

RICH PRIZES FOR BOXERS.

City A. C. to Give Diamond Rings to Amateur Winners.

Some of the best pries ever offered in a local amateur boxing tournament are to be distributed by the officials of the City Athletic Club of West Fifty-fourth Street in the club's new amateur tournament to be held on Dec. 11 and 13. To the successful boxers and those beaten in the final bouts in each class will go diamond rings, while safety razors will be distributed among the losing contestants in the semi-final bouts. A scarf pin will also go to every non-prize winner who weighs in and competes, and a point trophy has been donated to be presented to the club having the largest number of entries. Competition will be held in five classes.

NEWS OF ATHLETICS.

Hannes Kolehmainen, the veteran Finnish distance runner, is expected to start in the tenth annual Berwick modified marathon race which will be held tomorrow at Berwick, Penn. Kolehmainen has won the event two years in succession, but is promised stiffer opposition this year with Jimmy Henigan, the Boston runner, who recently won the senior national A. A. U. title; Clifton Horne, another Hub athlete; Juan Routzo, the Indian runner of Carlisle; Terry Halpin, the local distance runner, and several other stars.

A field of about thirty harriers is expected to start in the tenth annual Yonkers marathon, through streets and roads of Yonkers, tomorrow. Officials of the race are hopeful that Villar Kyronen, the Finnish runner of the Millrose A. A., who won the event last year, will be among the starters. Already twenty-eight names have been received. The race will be twenty-five miles.

The Meadowbrook Club of Philadelphia will conduct its annual five-mile race tomorrow, and indications point to a large number of athletes competing in the run, with a representation of harriers from the metropolitan district. Another event tomorrow which is expected to attract its quota of entries among the local athletes is the Orange County championship. This race will be conducted over a course from Goshen to Middletown.

Officials of the Morningside A. C. are enthusiastic over the prospects of success attending their army and navy road run which will be held Sunday. Already fifteen entries have been received from the soldier athletes of Camp Dix, at Wrightstown, N. J., and there is every indication that the race will attract entries from Camp Upton, Yaphank, L. I.; Forts Wadsworth and Hamilton, and the United States Army Ambulance Corps at Allentown, Penn.

Dates have been announced for four sets of indoor games. The Millrose A. A. will hold its annual indoor carnival on Jan. 25, and then will come the John Wanamaker Commercial Institute games, Meadowbrook Club games, and the senior national A. A. U. indoor championships. The latter competitions are usually held on the third Saturday in March, while the Meadowbrook Club holds its carnival on the second Saturday.

The next weekly handicap road run of the Yorkville Athletic League will be held from the Ninety-second Street Y. M. H. A. Sunday, and will have representatives of St. John's Club, Ninety-second Street Y. M. H. A., Union Settlement A. C., Hungarian-American A. C., St. Thomas's Club, and East Side House among the starters. Al Feher, the Hungarian-American Club's harrier, will start from scratch.

Entry blanks have been issued by the officials of the Morningside Athletic Club for the club's army and navy road race, which will be held over a course in Harlem, Sunday, starting and finishing at Central Casino, 154th Street, east of Eighth Avenue. The run will be for athletes in the service only and no entrance fee will be charged. The distance of the course mapped out is about five miles. The proceeds from the run will be used in purchasing athletic paraphernalia for the various local army camps.

Officials of the Long Island Athletic League at their first monthly meeting at the Brooklyn Central Y. M. C. A. elected Frank J. Ruddy, Brooklyn A. C., President to fill the vacancy made by the resignation of James Clark, who is now an athletic director at Camp Upton, Yaphank, L. I. Charles Hicks, Kings County A. A., was elected handicapper for the coming season. Plans for the 1917-18 road-running season were discussed and a decision was reached to inaugurate the season next Sunday with a run from the Swedish-American A. C.'s quarters in Brooklyn.

Bothner to Referee Wrestling.

George Bothner, former wrestling champion, is to referee the series of matches to be held in the catch-as-catch-can tournament which is to start at the Lexington Theatre Dec. 3. Bothner has officiated at most of the wrestling matches held in New York in the last few years.

JULIALEON BEATEN IN RACE AT BOWIE

Promising Filly Fails to Reveal Previous Form and Loses in Slow Race.

BOWIE, Md., Nov. 27.—Horses that had not won previously at the meeting came together this afternoon in the Autumn Consolation Handicap at a mile, and although some good performers were among the starters, the cold wind seemed to affect their speed, and the race was won by A. Lezama's Shooting Star in the slow time of 1:42 1-5. Three two-year-olds essayed the competition with older horses, but not one of them finished in the money. Perhaps the greatest disappointment was the comparatively poor showing made by G. W. Loft's Julialeon, a three-year-old filly that established track records at Saratoga. Julialeon appears to have lost the early foot that made her so formidable at the outset of the season, and the best she could do was to finish third, behind Shooting Star and M. Shea's Woodstone.

The best performance of the day was placed to the credit of Paul Powers's Bringhurst in the second race, at six and a half furlongs. This son of Plaudit exhibited the sprinting pace that gained him several victories early in the Maryland season, and at all times had the foot of his field. Buxton hustled him along at such a good pace that he completed the distance in 1:20 1-5, not far behind the track record. Bringhurst was opposed by a fair lot of sprinters, but although he was conceding weight to all the other starters, he was at odds on at the close of the mutuel speculation. The Thorncliffe Stable's Incog ran second and Grant Hugh Browne's Josefina Zate third.

There were several surprises, the greatest coming when G. L. Goodacre's Golden Bantam won the fifth race, a mile and a sixteenth. Very few considered the daughter of Star Shoot-Autumn Leaves as a contender, but J. Mooney, who rode her for the first time, appeared to get more out of the filly than had the other boys, and landed her in front of Handfull, another outsider. Golden Bantam paid better than 50 to 1. Billy Oliver scored a popular victory in the last race, when G. Walls managed to get Judge Wingfield home in front of E. K. Bryson's Vermont.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.—For two-year-olds; claiming; purse $600; five and a half furlongs. Time—1:07 3-5.

Wheat Cakes, H. R. Schaffer's blk. f., 103 pounds, by Hunsingsfield Wheat, $1.20, $2.80, and $3.70. (M. Rowan) 1
Jane Mary, J. Murphy's b. f., 101, by Voorhees-Handsome Florry, $6, and $4.10. (G. Walls) 2
Heather Belle, J. Sandford's b. f., 103, by McDonald II.-La Tosca II., $3, third. (C. Kummer) 3

Stewart, Ruthie M., Ormios, Matoaka, Pinafore II., Will Soon, Lady Small, Celtera, and Sebretash also ran. Hippo, Thamar Candidate, Sub Rise, Poor Joe, and Boy Blue scratched.

SECOND RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; purse $600; six and a half furlongs. Time—1:20 1-5.

Bringhurst, P. Powers's br. g., 6 years, 118 pounds, by Plaudit-Sweet Marjoram, $3.80, $3.40 and $2.80. (M. Buxton) 1
Incog, Thorncliffe Stable's b. f., 3, 101, by Ogden-Mariti, $9.60, and $4.90. (R. Troize) 2
Josephina Zarate, G. H. Browne's ch. m., 5, 105, by Abe Frank-Minyon, $4.20 third. (C. Kummer) 3

Sir Hugh, Rivers Pirate, Corn Broom, Peter Jay, and Milkman also ran. Chapel Steppe II., Kilts, and Hammond Progressive scratched.

THIRD RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, claiming; purse $600; one mile and a sixteenth. Time—1:50 4-5.

Wild Thyme, L. Ennis's ch. f., 3 years, 103 pounds, by Ben Trovato-Belle of Ormonde, $16, $10.10, and $6.70. (M. Rowan) 1
Little England, G. T. Benson's b. g., 5, 114, by Stanlope II.-Lizzie Elliott, $25.30 and $17.60. (W. Obert) 2
King Hamburg, S. Louis's b. g., 5, 110, by Waterboy-Hamburg Belle, $5 third. (T. Rice) 3

Maxim's Choice, Blue Thistle, Billy Oliver, Richard Langdon, Old Pop, Tinkle Bell, Fervent, Kinsling II., Frea, Resistible, and Preston Lynn also ran. Ella Ryan, Harry Lauder, Batwa, Onwa, and Minda scratched.

FOURTH RACE.—The Autumn Consolation Handicap, for all ages; purse $700; one mile. Time—1:42 1-5.

Shooting Star, A. Lezama's ch. g., 4 years, 100 pounds, by Star Shoot-Bonnie Blue II., $8.40, $4.10, and $3. (E. Ambrose) 1
Woodstone, M. Shea's ch. g., 4, 102, by Rock Sand-Woodbine, $9.50 and $5.90. (A. Collins) 2
Julialeon, G. W. Loft's br. f., 3, 112, by Helmet-Frances, $4.50, third. (M. Buxton) 3

Sanbel, Sweep Up II., Game Cock, and Sixteen to One also ran. Fenmouse, Barry Shannon, and Wild Thyme scratched.

FIFTH RACE.—For four-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $600; one mile and a sixteenth. Time—1:51 3-5.

Golden Bantam, G. L. Goodacre's ch. f., 3 years, 96 pounds, by Star Shoot-Autumn Leaves, $67.10, $19.50, and $13. (J. Mooney) 1
Handfull, Olympus Stable's ch. g., 4, 105, by Royal Flush III.-Modreda, $14.10 and $7.10. (C. Meyler) 2
Lady Little, W. T. Anderson's ch. f., 4, 102, by Trap Rock-Gold Lady, $5 third. (M. Rowan) 3

Dartworth, Goodwood, Miss Represent, Smithfield, Edith Baumann, Lynn, Flora Finch, Eastern Lily, Margaret I. and Ed Weiss also ran. Milton Campbell, Cuddie Up, Cousin Dan, Troga, Mary Warren, and Doctor Charcot scratched.

SIXTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, claiming; purse $600; one mile and a furlong. Time—1:56.

Crepuscule, G. H. Browne's b. f., 3 years, 94 pounds, by Meddler-Strike-a-Light, $20.50, $10, and $7.20. (H. Erickson) 1
Greetings, F. J. Coleman's ch. f., 4, 102, by Gloiter-Glad Tidings, $4.90 and $3.10. (J. Mooney) 2
Captain Ray, J. E. Griffith's b. c., 3, 108, by Sea King-Katriona, $5 third. (A. Collins) 3

Harry Lauder, Mirza, N. K. Beal, Hesse, Lonehand, and Muckross also ran. Stalwart Helen and Malheur scratched.

SEVENTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling; purse, $600; one mile and twenty yards. Time—1:44.

Judge Wingfield, W. L. Oliver's br. g., 3 years, 104 pounds, by Sea King-Glad Tidings, $6.50, $3.20, and $2.70 (G. Walls) 1
Vermont, E. K. Bryson's b. g., 4, 110, by Broomstick-Yankee Girl, $3.10 and $2.40. (M. Rowan) 2
Widow Bedotte, E. Trueman's br. f., 3, 94, by Bidrin-Annus Lucius, $5.30 third. (H. Erickson) 3

Fountain Fay, Dan Kilmer, Water Witch, and Huda's Brother also ran. Kilts, Air Man, and Bond scratched.

Weather, clear; track, fast.

BOWIE ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE.—For two-year-olds, selling, five and a half furlongs. Garonne, 110 pounds; Dioscorides, 106; Logical, 106; Millrace, 106; *Onico, 98; Poor Joe, 108; Boy Blue, 106; Flame, 105; *Don Jose, 101; Ideal, 106; June Bug, 105; Sister Marjorie, 105; *Little Boy, 101. Also eligible—Umatilla, 106, *Dairyman, 110; *Moosehead, 110; Green Grass, 108. Note—Eight excluded.

SECOND RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, claiming, seven furlongs. Short Ballot, 114 pounds; Costumer, 114; Pharoah, 114; Joe Finn, 109; *Miss Gayle, 106; The Decision, 114; Alex Getz, 114; Highway, 107; *Shrapnel, 109; Little Nephew, 114; Refugee, 114; *Encore, 100; *Lolaloha, 106. Also eligible—Early Morn, 114; *Scarpia II., 105; *Preston Lynn, 109; *Onwa, 108; Charmeuse, 111. Note—Twelve excluded.

THIRD RACE.—The Dominion Purse, for two-year-olds, six and a half furlongs. Amackassin, 116 pounds; Orlando of Havana, 109; Babette, 103; Lady Gertrude, 103; Jack of Spades, 102; ‡Nominee, 112; Valerius, 108; Eyelid, 103; Partisan, 102; ‡Dairyman, 102; Bathilde, 103; Tea Party, 103; Golden Soldier, 102. ‡Dresler entry.

FOURTH RACE.—For three-year-olds, claiming, one mile and twenty yards. Comachio, 108 pounds; Crepuscule, 103; Lady Bob, 101; *Onward, 115; *Flare, 99; *Orlana, 96; Boston, 108; Swift Fox, 104; Mother Machree, 101; *Alvord, 103; *Tom Lowery, 99; Wild Thyme, 105; Annie Edgar, 101; Polyanna, 101; *Rose Finn, 100, *Widow Bedotte, 100.

FIFTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, foaled in Canada, one mile and seventy yards. Garnish Sun, 112 pounds; Akeldama, 104; *Amphion, 103; *Smithfield, 99; *Lady Betty, 92; †Corn Broom, 108; Lonehand, 109; †Old Pop, 103; *†Dorothy Carlin, 96; Hampton Dame, 106; David Campbell, 96; *Last Spark, 103; *Gay Life, 88. †Crew entry. ‡Wardell entry.

SIXTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, claiming, one mile and a sixteenth. Sir William Johnson, 114 pounds; Dartworth, 110; King Hamburg, 110; *Batwa, 100; G. M. Miller, 112; Jacklet, 110; Mary Warren, 107; *Lohengrin, 105; Pierrot, 112; Richard Langdon, 110; Wild Thyme, 105; *Marjorie, 102.

SEVENTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, claiming, one mile and a sixteenth. Luther, 116 pounds; *Little England, 109; *March Court, 105; *Harry Lauder, 106; Milton Campbell, 110; *Sam Slick, 109; *Kingling II., 106; Rose Water, 102; Ella Ryan, 107; *Roch, 105; *Preston Lynn, 105; *Hickorynut, 98.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

C. C. N. Y. WINS AT SOCCER.

Naval Reserve Team Is Defeated by 2 Goals to 0.

The soccer team of the College of the City of New York kept up its winning streak by taking a game yesterday from the Naval Reserves of Brooklyn, by 2 goals to 0. The sailors put up a strong game, but the collegians proved superior. Coyne and Lehrman made the goals for the Heights boys.

The collegians will travel to Brooklyn Saturday to meet the eleven of the Crescent A. C. Manager Rosenzweig is negotiating with Princeton for a game. The lineup:

C. C. N. Y., (2.)	Position.	Reserves, (0.)
Katz	G.	Carlson
Brummer	R. F. B.	Thornhill
Harnanay	L. F. B.	Monroe
Matthews	R. H. B.	Gresh
McGrath	C. H. B.	Smith
Bandes	L. H. B.	Connolly
Freilich	O. R.	Curtis
Lehrman	I. R.	Potter
Coyne	C.	McCaslyn
Tow	I. L.	Thayer
Tarlowitch	O. L.	Williams

Substitutions—Rosenberg for Katz, Katz for Brummer, Roberts for Tow, Tow for Freilich, Friedlander for Tarlowitch, Willensky for Friedlander.

RUTGERS' ROLL OF HONOR.

Many Athletes from New Brunswick College in War Service.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Nov. 27.—In the Honor Roll of Rutgers College, containing a list of Rutgers men in national service and compiled by the Rutgers War Service Bureau, are to be found the names of many of the best athletes that ever attended here. For the classes from 1913 to 1918 the following athletes are listed:

FOOTBALL.—Herbert M. Bergmini, end, 1913, First Lieutenant, medical, O. R. C.; E. Dudley Chase, half back, 1915, private, national army; Jesse B. Leslie quarter back, 1912, first lieutenant, medical, O. R. C.; C. W. T. Overton, half back, 1913, Second Lieutenant, infantry, O. R.; Edward B. Simmons, half back, 1913, Captain, engineers, O. R. C.; Joseph Stecher, guard, 1914, Inspector, ordnance, U. S. A.; Theodore Van Winkle, guard, 1913, student, Reserve Training Camp; Edward Wolfe, guard, 1915, half back, 1916, student, medical, O. R. C.; William H. McCallum, guard, 1916, Second Lieutenant, infantry, O. R. C.; C. Raymond Martin, quarter back, 1916, Second Lieutenant, engineers, O. R. C.; Raymond M. Austin, end, 1916, seaman, Naval Reserve; William L. Gay, half back, 1916, student, Reserve Training Camp; Stanley I. Horn, half back, 1916, Second Lieutenant, infantry, O. R. C.; Eugene F. Rockafeller, full back, 1916, First Lieutenant, infantry, O. R. C.; Eugene F. Rockafeller, end, 1916, Second Lieutenant, infantry, U. S. A.; Ralph G. Seiler, end, 1916, student, Reserve Training Camp; Ralph B. White, guard, 1916, student, Reserve Training Camp; Robert O. Bowlby, half back, 1917, Second Lieutenant, infantry, O. R.; J. Kingsley Powell, end, 1917, Captain, infantry, O. R. C.; Elmer G. Bracher, half back, 1918, private, Hospital Corps, U. S. A.; Howard P. R. Mason, centre, 1918, student, Reserve Training Camp; Robert H. Tursch, guard, 1919, seaman, Naval Reserve; Laurence Silker, guard, 1919, private, engineers, N. G. N. J.; Robert H. Thomson, end, 1919, seaman, U. S. N.; George C. Bingham, half back, 1919, student, aviation, O. R. C.; Robert C. Elliott, half back, 1919, private, Hospital Corps, U. S. A.; Donald G. Strock, end, 1919, private, Hospital Corps, U. S. A.

BASEBALL.—T. Turner Barr, manager 1913, seaman, Naval Reserve; Clifford E. Dennis, pitcher 1913, student, Reserve Training Camp; Ronald G. Ackers, catcher 1916, private, infantry, N. G. N. J.; W. Whitaker Baer, outfielder 1916, seaman, Naval Reserve; Henry C. Berg, catcher 1918, Secretary Army Y. M. C. A.; J. Bloomhard Durand, third base 1918, student, Reserve Training Camp; Joseph R. Dyer, pitcher 1918, Second Lieutenant, Field Artillery, O. R. C.; J. R. Waterfield, pitcher 1918, seaman, U. S. N.; Norman G. Becker, second base 1919, student, aviation, O. R. C.

TRACK.—Joseph K. Folsom, pole vault, 1913, Secretary, Army Y. M. C. A.; Charles Sandra H. Kilts, hammer throw 1914, private, national army; Eric W. Lusser, shot put, 1914, Second Lieutenant, engineers, O. R. C.; Neil MacDougal, quarter-mile 1914, Second Lieutenant, infantry, O. R. C.; Frank L. Walton, two-mile, 1914, Second Lieutenant, infantry, U. S. A.; Louis K. Wilkins, mile, 1914, private, national army; Lawrence C. Cole, broad jump, 1915, Captain, quartermaster's Department, O. R. C.; Edward J. Crane, half-mile, 1915, private, field artillery, U. S. A.; Harley T. North, half-mile, 1915, private, national army; J. Paul Taylor, mile, 1915, seaman, Naval Reserve; James M. Coleman, quarter-mile, 1916, private, national army; Lewis C. Jenkins, mile, 1916, Second Lieutenant, engineers, O. R.; Charles E. Reed, quarter-mile, 1916, Second Lieutenant, infantry, O. R. C.; Herbert C. Bowden, 1916, Second Lieutenant, infantry, U. S. A.; David M. Abt, quarter-mile, 1917, student, Reserve Training Camp; Wolcott C. Bowles, sprints, 1917, Second Lieutenant, infantry, O. R. C.; Harold I. Faint, two-mile, 1917, Second Lieutenant, infantry, O. R. C.; Clifton H. Lauter, shot put, 1917, Second Lieutenant, infantry, O. R. C.; Irving D. Butler, high jump, 1918, private, Hospital Corps, U. S. A.

Weinman Has Easy Victory.

Eddie Weinman of the Morningside A. C. romped home with a big lead in the weekly road run of the Clark House A. A. last night, his time for the course of approximately three miles being 15:03. B. Jacobs of Clark House was second in 17:25, and following him came I. Jacobs, also of Clark House, in 18:45, and J. Baum of the Boys' Club in 18:58.

COCHRAN DISPLAYS TOP BILLIARD FORM

Young Player Has Average of 50 in Match at 18.2 Against Mayer.

Walker Cochran showed the true form of his billiard game yesterday in the second and third blocks of a 1,000 point 18.2 match with Joseph Mayer of Philadelphia at Maurice Daly's Academy. By the excellent form he showed he drew rapidly away from his rival, and is now leading by a score of 550 to 411. In the afternoon game Cochran defeated Mayer, 500 to 189, and made a high run of 139 and an average of 33.57.

In the evening his superiority was even more pronounced, Mayer being hopelessly outclassed by the brilliancy with which Cochran nursed the ivories. In this block Mayer was defeated by 500 to 64. Cochran averaged an even 50, and again passed beyond the 100 mark with his high run, which was 119. Mayer made his best run, 49, the afternoon when he clustered a count of 50 and his average was 21.4-5. In the evening his best play was off about half his effective form, regards high runs and average.

In recent matches in this city Cochran has shown a disposition to play the game wide open, and yesterday he demonstrated beyond question that he is still a master of the close-nurse game. His work was a revelation in artistic billiards. He was always master of the situation, and made them do his bidding with almost mechanical precision. His high run of 119, that just missed the mark of the double century, with a big cate wobbling on the spheres across the table, and his occasional glances at the nurse for simple clusters showed that he could, if he chose, have made two occasions, and in the evening he missed double counts only once. A run of 4 at the outset of the game in the afternoon he scattered for a cluster shot and followed this with runs of 39 and 42 to run out his 500 points. Mayer could never get started on such a formidable bit of billiard play as put forth by Cochran. An average of 33 for his far beyond Mayer's ability, under but extraordinary circumstances when Cochran cut out an average of 50 in the evening Mayer was forced rapidly by and witness disaster engulfing him. He could not even approach the quality of his game in an effort to hold down the margin of his opponent. There was little opportunity for him to get the ivories under control, and even when he did succeed he could not hold them for a continued run.

The scores:

AFTERNOON GAME.

Cochran—35 14 20 0 20 3 158. Total. Average—35.5-7. High runs—119 and 42.
Mayer—12 4 35 1 12 0 49. Total—64. Average—21 4-6. High runs—34 and 30.

EVENING GAME.

Cochran—4 119 72 50 42 53. Total—360. Average—30. High runs—119 and 72.
Mayer—12 9 25 13. Total—49. Average—12 4-5. High runs—25 and 12.

FORDHAM TO PLAY SOLDIERS

Gridiron Contest with Camp Upton Arranged for Tomorrow.

It was announced last night at Fordham University that arrangements had been completed whereby the Fordham eleven would play the camp Upton team headed by Franak Glick tomorrow afternoon at Fordham Field. It was originally intended that Fordham play Slocum, but somehow a conflict arose and as Camp Upton wanted a game, Fordham agreed to the contest between the elevens.

FULTON KNOCKS OUT SMITH

Minnesota Heavyweight Disposes of Opponent in Seventh Round.

MINNEAPOLIS, Nov. 27.—Jack Fulton, Minnesota heavyweight, knocked out Gunboat Smith in the seventh round of their scheduled ten-round fight tonight. Smith's seconds threw the sponge to save him from further punishment.

Gillo Is Colgate Captain.

Special to The New York Times.

UTICA, N. Y., Nov. 27.—Henry Gillo of Milwaukee today was elected Captain of the Colgate football team of 1918. Gillo is regarded locally as one of the best line plungers in the East. He has played three years as full back on the Colgate Varsity.

LIBERTY SIX

The Liberty Brougham is different. Every one is charmed with the individuality of its low square-cornered design and its restrained good taste. Every one welcomes the flexible motor and short turning radius in threading dense traffic. One must see it and ride in it to really appreciate its distinction and its difference.

Among the recent purchasers of Liberty Cars are—

Mrs. John Holme Ballantine
Mr. Henry K. Browning
Mr. Theodore P. Dixon
Dr. Ernest Fahnestock
Mr. Quentin F. Feltner
Mr. Ashbel Green
Mr. J. S. Ferguson
Mr. James M. Hartshorne
Mr. Alexander H. Kridel
Mr. Samuel Kridel
Mrs. A. L. Manierre
Mr. S. A. Megeath
Mr. J. C. Rogersen
Mrs. A. M. B. Sanderson
Mr. S. G. Schermerhorn
Mr. Origen S. Seymour
Mr. Samuel F. Streit
Mr. Thomas H. Thomas
Mr. E. S. Twining
Mr. Charles S. Ullmann

COLONIAL MOTORS
John F. Plummer, Pres. Incorporated Arnold Wood, Vice-Pres.
1748 Broadway, New York City

The Brougham is priced at $2700; the Landaulet, $2700; the Sedan, $192[illegible]

LIBERTY

PENN ERASES ROUGH EDGES.

Quakers Put Finishing Touches on Eleven for Cornell Game.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 27.—Coach Bob Folwell put the finishing touches on his Penn football aggregation today for the all-important Thanksgiving Day game with Cornell. The team dispensed with a ringing drill, but the coach sent it through a hard workout so as to run no chances of his athletes being out of form for the Red and White squad. The entire eleven was on Franklin Field for practice with the exception of Captain Hebe Miller.

Bowler White and Roy Mercer were in the field calling plays in grooming the men. Mercer devoted his time to the Quaker backfield and showed Berry and his comrades several finer points of football.

Folwell tried many plays to oppose the varsity. The second string players used the Cornell formations. Only a shadow scrimmage took place, the Penn coaches wishing to play safe and run no risk of injuries for the biggest game of the year. The regulars had no trouble breaking the Attacks launched by the second combination.

Captain Miller's hand, which has shown improvement, will be ready, Miller stated today, by noon tomorrow. Miller will be in the game.

FINAL GAMES FOR W. AND J.

Will Play W. and L. Tomorrow and Soldier Eleven Saturday.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Penn., Nov. 27.—Ninetieth Washington and Jefferson football players left here tonight for the final games of the season, one at Richmond, Va., Thanksgiving Day with Washington and Lee, and the other on Saturday at Toledo, Ohio, with the Camp Sherman soldiers, the latter a post-graduate army benefit event. The men making the trip are: Captain McCreight, Carroll, Hetrick, Wilhelm, Guy, Straw, Stein, Gressel, Stobbs, Smith, Noble, Rose, Garbisch, Cook, Bigley, Kline, Ritter, Lyon and Lefler.

There was no practice today, but Coach Metzger hopes to hold a scrimmage at Richmond tomorrow afternoon. Henry and Wise, two of the Quaker ends, are suffering from injuries sustained in the Notre Dame game, but it is thought they will be able to play on Thursday. Knight has been out of the game, but is recovered from his injuries, and will be in the backfield. Washington and Jefferson expects to win from Washington and Lee, but is doubtful of the Camp Sherman game, as it knows nothing of the team except that it is composed of former college stars.

EGAN WILL LEAD N. Y. U.

Quarter Back of Football Team Elected Captain for Next Year.

At a meeting of the executive Council of the New York University Athletic Association yesterday, the members of this year's football team elected Quarter Back Floyd Egan Captain for next year. Egan, who was the mainstay of the Violet this year, and whose drop kick defeated Columbia last week, is a member of the Class of 1919. He comes from Brooklyn, where he attended Manual Training High School. Besides being a gridiron star Egan has won his letters on basket ball, track, and baseball.

Sidney J. Weinlander of Flatbush, a member of the class of 1919, was elected Manager for 1918. Letters were awarded to the following: Egan, Finley, Farnandez, Griffith, Oldberg, Sohlower, Gardner, Christopher, Gilson, Ebersole, Buckley and Gintzer, Manager. Numerals were awarded to Hilo, Coville, Fiddelbaum, Sulzer, Baker, Stillwagen, Wirth, Storch, and Weinlander, Assistant Manager.

Amateurs to Box at Newark.

Amateur boxing bouts at 110, 118, 128, 138, and 148 pounds will be held in the first tournament of the season for the National Turn-Verein of Newark, on the nights of Dec. 1 and 3. The entries will close Thursday.

CORNELL'S LINEUP IS STILL IN DOUBT

Coach Sharpe Not Expected to Pick Eleven for Penn Game Until Last Moment.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Nov. 27.—The makeup of the Cornell team in the game against Penn may not be known until after the players reach the clubhouse on Franklin Field Thursday noon. Dr. Al Sharpe, head coach of the teams, said today that he was not yet ready to announce his selections, intimating that much might depend on the condition of the players after the long trip to Philadelphia.

There were reports among the undergraduates today that in the signal drills Sharpe had been experimenting with a number of radical shifts, and that surprises might be forthcoming Thursday, but the head coach was silent on this question. The Ithacans worked for more than an hour in final practice of the formations on which Nethercott will rely in the game, and it was noticeable that frequent changes were made in the lineup both in the forwards and backfield. Based on the work of the last two days the coaches are certain to place Colvin and Spiegelberg at the ends, and Herrmann and probably Harris at tackles with Swanson, Strauss, and Trow

BOND CLUB HEARS ECONOMY APPEAL

D. W. Morrow of Morgan & Co. Urges Sale of War Certificates.

STOUT HEARTS WILL WIN

Banker Warns Members Not to Be Discouraged by Temporary Military Setbacks.

Dwight W. Morrow of J. P. Morgan & Co., in an address yesterday before several hundred members of the New York Bond Men's Club, 120 Broadway, urged them to take an active part in war economy, by assisting in the sale of war savings certificates.

"The fundamental principle which underlies the war savings movement," said Mr. Morrow, "is to release labor and material for the Government. It is not primarily a bond-selling movement; it is primarily a national thrift movement to conserve materials and labor now utilized for non-essentials. It is the doctrine of releasing services for the Government. It is a doctrine of releasing man power for the Government. And in this war savings campaign if men and women do without goods and services now by lending $4.12 to the Government and getting a bond that pays them $5, five years from now, they are obviously deferring the command of goods and services until a future time when with the proceeds of that bond they will again command goods and services.

"The important thing is that they will at that time be commanding goods and services for which their Government is not in such acute competition with them. It is all summed up in that one expression, that no man ever spends anything without making some one else work for him."

Quoting Lloyd George Mr. Morrow pointed out that the war would have its disasters as well as its successes, its defeats as well as its victories, and that it would be won in the end by the nation with the "stoutest heart."

"The nation that can do without the most for the longest period," said Mr. Morrow, "that will be the nation with the stoutest heart. War means discouragement; war means disappointment. War means the making of plans over and over and over again, and watching the frustration of those plans over and over again. War means a Gallipoli, and perhaps another Gallipoli; another Rumanian and another Italian disaster. War means discouragement hard all but the soutest hearts are sick. This war will be won by the nation that can best stand disappointment, by the nation that has the stoutest heart. It is going to depend upon men like you all over the United States whether or not America shall be the nation with the stoutest heart."

George F. Baker, Jr., Vice President of the First National Bank and a member of the Red Cross Mission which recently returned from the Italian front, described some of his impressions of the Italian Army. From what he had seen of Italian soldiery, he said, he had complete confidence in the ability to convert the recent reverses into final success. During the Teuton advance into Northern Italy, he said, the Italians were forced to abandon hospitals containing 100,000 beds. A good proportion of the prisoners taken by the Germans, he said, were undoubtedly wounded Italian soldiers.

"The Italian Army is well fed, well clothed, and well able to keep up the end of the fight," said Mr. Baker. "Even though circumstances may force it to yield its position on the Piave, I have no doubt that it will organize its new line so that it can take great advantage that the enemy will finally find its venture into Italy fruitless of results."

OCTOBER IMPORTS DECLINE.

$25,560,485 of Dutiable Merchandise Entered—$32,742,280 in 1916.

A detailed summary of foreign trade in the customs district of New York for October, made public yesterday by Collector Byron R. Newton, showed that dutiable imports in the shape of manufactured goods entered here declined last month when compared with October, 1916. On the other hand, merchandise returned as free of duty, and for the most part consisting of crude or raw materials for use in American industrial plants, last month exceeded similar entries twelve months ago. Last month's transactions in precious metals and merchandise, compared with October, 1916, were as follows:

Gold and Silver.

	October— 1916.	1917.
Imports.		
Gold, foreign	$1,517,928	$1,225,928
Gold, domestic	1,735	None
Silver, foreign	1,721,486	884,198
Silver, domestic	856	2,535
Exports.		
Gold, foreign	9,756	9,575
Gold, domestic	1,301,358	7,474,922
Silver, foreign	241,094	9,643
Silver, domestic	5,154,132	1,248,936

Merchandise.

Imports for consumption. (free)	$49,139,364	$35,705,688
Imports for consumption. (dutiable)	32,742,280	25,560,485
Imports for warehouse	7,523,255	10,053,313
Withdrawn from warehouse for consumption	13,062,844	7,017,150
Exports, domestic	225,979,794	218,377,029
Exports, foreign	2,495,116	1,531,683

October duty collections on direct importations amounted to $6,616,331, against $8,793,351 in the corresponding month last year. Withdrawals from warehouse in October called for duty payments totaling $2,931,197, whereas in October, 1916, such collections had a value of $4,053,808.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Leo L. Doblin, Jackson & Co.
FACTORS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS
404 Fourth Ave. Tel. Mad. Sq. 7797

Auctions.

EXECUTOR'S SALE
ENTIRE PLANT AND FIXTURES
of the LUCILLE WAIST CO., Inc.
CHARLES SHONGOOD, Auctioneer

will sell on this day, Wednesday, November 28th, at 11 A. M., at West Garden Street, Stamford, Conn., the entire up-to-date plant of the above, comprising Willcox & Gibbs machines, Hemstitchers, Buttonhole machines, Union Specials, Button sewers, Standards, Singers, and other special machines; Power Tables, Motors, Pressing Plant, Blower and Gas Irons. Also all the Factory Fixtures, comprising Chairs, Forms, Cutting Tables, Hangers, Desks, etc., etc.
I. GAINSBURG, ANNIE ROTH
258 Broadway, and
SAMUEL S. BRESLIN, LEON LASKI,
120 Broadway, Executors.
Attorneys for Executors.
Trains leave Grand Central Station at 8:00, 8:05, 8:31, 8:51, 9:18 and 10:03 A. M.

A Tremendous Stock of High Grade
Uniform Clothing
as sailors, seamen, yachtsmen, fishermen, naval officers, conductors, and others, comprising in part as follows: 1,000 blue heavy uniform suits; 4,000 pairs pants in blue flannels; 8,000 pairs white duck overalls and coats; 1,000 blue serge suits and pants; 1,500 single coats in blue flannel and serges; 2,000 men's white aprons; 4,000 white duck coats and pants; 500 sailor blouses, 300 heavy wool sweaters; 200 dozen caps for sailors, conductors, etc. Also raincoats, fisherman coats, sheepskin coats, etc.
Will Be Sold By
H. RARF, Auctioneer,
Friday, Nov. 30, 10:30 A. M.,
At Salesrooms, 477 BROADWAY.
1,000 Men's & Youths' Overcoats, 100 Men's & Young Men's Suits.
The goods are now ready for your inspection. Telephone Canal 2534.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants
50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

APPAREL Wanted.—Cash, surplus stock, better grade suits, coats, dresses. National, Franklin 2412.

APRONS Wanted.—Bungalow and large white aprons; firm going into jobbing business wants a line of popular price goods. Please communicate, giving details as to line make, J 168 Times.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Open for large quantity of Botany broadcloth, all shades; please quote lowest price and quantity. Y 234 Times Annex.

BROADCLOTH AND VELOURS Wanted.—American Woolen Co.'s 11050, 544, 13046. Farragut 3454.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Open for all shades, spot cash. Klar Bros., 36 West 20th.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Also heavyweight velours, all colors. Farragut 5166.

CHEVIOT Wanted.—Lynansville 34-2, navy only. Gramercy 5174.

CLOAKINGS Wanted.—Heavy weight, all colors; Bachman check suitings; spot cash. Grammercy 7184.

COATS Wanted.—Prominent jobber looking at Spring models, all week; ladies', misses', and juniors'; call between 9 and 12, 3 and 5. 6 West 18th St., 10th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring coats and suits; also jobs in Winter suits and coats. Call, rear elevator, 4th floor, 151 West 26th St.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Prominent jobber looking at Spring models, better grade, 4 to 6 P. M., all week, 6th floor, 133 West 21st.

COATS Wanted.—Big jobber open for Spring goods. Call, with samples, 9 to 11, or 3 to 5, all week, fourth floor, 16 West 20th.

COATS Wanted.—Prominent jobber ready to place orders, better grade Spring coats. Phone for appointment, Farragut 9090.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber placing order Spring coats and suits. Call with samples, 9th floor. 34 West 27th St.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at better grade Spring coats. Call all day 10th floor, 134 West 29th St.

COATS Wanted.—Exclusive jobber now placing order on Spring coats. 32 West 27th St., 10th floor.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on Spring goods. 129 West 22d, 7th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber ordering Spring children's, juniors'. Room 1808, 15 E. 26th.

COATS, SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring samples, 7th floor, 35 West 31st St.

COATS Wanted for Spring lines. Call mornings, Eisen & Sons, 122 West 26th St.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Jobber placing immediate orders. Rubin, 50 West 17th St.

COATS Wanted.—Infants', children's, juniors' and ladies'. for cash. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

COATS Wanted.—1,000 flannel sport coats, or the material. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring coats. Call 28 E. 30th, 4th floor.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted for Spring. First floor, 3 East 28th St.

CORDUROYS Wanted.—Narrow wale, dark colors; large quantity; spot cash. S. Rosenman & Co., 18 West 21st St.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—For cash, ginghams, flannelettes, and percales; submit samples and lowest prices. K 239 Times Downtown.

DRESSES Wanted.—Placing orders on better dresses, taffetas, crepe de meteors, and crepe de chines; call with samples immediately. Underselling Waist Co., 118 West 22d St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Contractor on silk dresses; only submit sample, 9 to 11 A. M. only; stock orders given. Take freight elevator, fifth floor. 19 West 24th St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Contractors with samples, better kind of Georgettes and taffetas; immediate orders. Call all afternoon, ninth floor, 6 West 22d St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring styles of good silk, serge, and ginghams. Call all week. 244 5th Av., 4th floor. Madison Square 1066.

DRESSES Wanted.—Contractors wanted on skirts and dresses; bring your own samples; will give big orders at once. 34 West 15th St., top floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Open for job children's cotton dresses, sizes 6 to 14; open for good lot at cheap prices. 1,140 Broadway, 7th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Contractors on silk, serge, Georgette dresses. Call, with own samples, at 150-152 West 25th, ninth floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Boston Jobber buying Spring ladies' and juniors' serge dresses and wash dresses. 54 West 21st St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber looking at Georgette and silk dresses of the better kind. 36-44 West 29th, 7th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Large jobber will buy for cash any quantity serge dresses; samples daily. Wiener, 53 West 36th.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing order for Spring silks and serges of better grades. Call all week 147 West 25th St., ninth floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Silk contractor wants work on silk skirts, dresses, or Government work. Madison Square 2311.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber buying ladies' and misses' serge and silk dresses. 54 West 21st St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Ready to place large orders on Spring dresses. Spiro & Kutner, 279 5th Av.

DRESSES, Waists, and Skirts Wanted.—Will look at samples, all week. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

DRESSES, COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Open for jobs, spot cash. Handels, 336 6th Av.

DRESSES Wanted.—Contractors to make serge and silk dresses. Room 1128, 366 5th Av.

DRESSES Wanted.—Job good quality silk Georgette dresses. Simon, 44 East 32d St.

DRESSES, VELVET, Wanted.—Jobs for basement sales. The Fair, 225 4th Av.

DRESSES Wanted.—Designer will design exclusive models; piece work. J 171 Times.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber looking Spring line silks. Room 507, 3 West 29th St.

FURS Wanted.—Will buy collars, cuffs, and bottoms in kid coney at a price. Eisenberg & Waldman, 115 West 30th St.

GRAY GOODS Wanted.—Open for any quantity at a price. Pizie Bros., 115 Worth St.

KERAMI Wanted.—Blumenthal's black and mole; cheap. Madison Square 1503.

KERSEYS AND VELOURS Wanted.—American 544, 11050, 13009, 15020, A. D. Juillards 2002, 2000; quantities no object; for cash. Greeley 5290.

KERSEYS Wanted.—15020, all shades; 544, 11050; also serges, American poplins and pom pom. Spring 2371.

NIGHTGOWNS Wanted.—Will pay spot cash for jobs of nightgowns and white petticoats. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

POPLIN Wanted.—90610, 66077, or similar; also mannish serge; cash. Zipkin, 1,133 Broadway.

POPLIN Wanted.—90610, 66077, or similar in mannish serge. Zipkin, 1,133 Broadway.

POPLINS Wanted.—90610 or others; cash. H. S. S., 39 West 21st. Gramercy 440.

POPLIN Wanted.—Will buy 100 pieces for spot cash. 142 West 29th.

SATINS Wanted.—Cotton back, in all colors and quantities. Phone Spring 6103.

SERGES Wanted.—Any number of Whitman's serge or any number of Amoskeag's serge. L. Finkelstein & Sons, 17 West 3d. Spring 6311.

SERGES Wanted.—Any number of Amoskeag or Whitman's or any other men's wear serge; also fancy worsteds, poplins, overcoatings. Spring 6151.

SERGE Wanted.—Any quantity Amoskeag 639, 730 Pacific M. F. L., P. G. L. Madison Square 4847.

SERGES Wanted.—7002, 7120, 54289; also men's wear serges and broadcloth. London Mills, Gramercy 5625.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for large quantities 7120, 54289. Chelsea 9867.

SERGES Wanted.—Botany 11433. Chelsea 9864.

SILK Wanted.—Open for silks of any description up to 80c per yard. Madison Square 2867.

SILK VELOURS Wanted.—Quantity. Phone Greeley 940.

SUITS AND COATS Wanted.—Large jobber looking at Spring coats and suits, 8:30 to 10 A. M., 4 to 6 P. M., 127 West 20th, 6th floor.

SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Spring suits from $9.75 up to $25; open Thursday morning up to noon. 105 Madison Av., 16th floor.

Buyers' Wants
50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

SUITS AND COATS for Spring Wanted.—Call with samples after 9:30 A. M., Room 514 Marbridge Building, entrance on 35th St.

SUITS Wanted.—Large jobber now placing orders on smart Spring suits. 32 West 27th St., 10th floor.

SUITS Wanted.—Exclusive jobber looking at Spring coats and suits. 12 West 27th St., 8th floor.

SUITS Wanted.—Open for 500 Fall suits. M. Shapiro, resident buyer, 1,170 Broadway.

SUITS Wanted.—Jobber looking Spring samples all week. 22 West 26th, twelfth floor.

TAFFETA Wanted.—Jobber with good outlet desires to connect with a mill open for quantities. S 144 Times.

TRICOTINE AND POIRET TWILL Wanted.—Spot cash, Garfield 4718, 4918, 4976; state quantity, colors and price. G 11 Times.

VELOURS AND KERSEYS Wanted.—Heavyweight American or similar; any quantity, all colors; will pay cash. Farragut 3129.

VELOURS Wanted.—Will buy heavyweight coating velours; pay spot cash; any quantity. Phone Spring 9630. Mr. Branch.

VELOURS Wanted.—American, heavy weight, 54, cheviot, all Meltons; any quantity, for cash. Harris Pankin 36 West 24th.

VELOURS Wanted. — Heavyweight, all colors. Colonial Cloak and Suit Co., 34 E. 12th.

VELOURS Wanted.—Spot cash. A Grossman & Co., 24 West 30th St.

VELOURS Wanted.—11050, 13046, also 0359, 15020, any quantity. Merritt, 22 West 27th.

WEARING APPAREL Wanted.—Cash for cloaks, suits and dresses. Bargain Cloak Co., 1,170 Broadway. Tel. 7974 Madison Square.

Offerings to Buyers
50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

BATH ROBES for men, ladies, and children for immediate delivery. L. Greenberg & Co., 43 West 16th St.

BRASSIERES to close out; 1,000 dozen embroidery and lace trimmed, worth $3 to $3.75, at $1.75. Bachrack, 584 Broadway, Spring 3295.

BROADCLOTH.—50 pieces of botany 315 and F. & H. Columbia, assorted colors, $2.25 per yard net. M. S. Scheinman, 28 Division St.

BROADCLOTH.—Botany 343, white, 50 inches; $2.10 net cash. Madison Square 1503.

BROADCLOTH, 20 pieces F. & H. and botany, all colors. Orchard 2903.

BROADCLOTH.—Poplin and velours for cash. Call Far. 498.

BRUSHES.—We are prepared to execute large contracts on hair and military brushes. O. Dennin's Sons, 487 Broadway.

BUNTING.—Wool, red, white and blue, 54 inches wide, at $1 per yard. J 172 Times.

BURELLA.—American 0066?; also 0310, all colors; pom poms, brown, claret. Far. 2731.

CHIFFONS.—Have for sale large quantity chiffon cloth, chiffon lining; also crepe chiffon, all colors, special price. Farragut 4820.

CHILDREN'S COATS.—To close out. J. Dunn Co., 127 West 25th St.

COATS.—A group of low priced coats for immediate delivery with a "special sales" plan. Developed for December and January retailing. Room 1210, 5th Avenue Building. The Printz-Biederman Co. Those are Printzess coats.

COATS. — Pom poms, bolivias, silvertone, velour du Nord, broadcloth, velours, drarcords, &c., plain, fur-trimmed, $16.50 to $50; immediate delivery. Meszritzky & Stollerman, 25 West 27th.

COATS.—1,000 high-class ladies' and juniors' velour coats; kit coney collar and cuff; close out at a price to make room for our Spring line. The Uitan Cloak Co., 113 University Place.

COATS.—5,000 Fall coats; ladies' and misses' high class models; finest materials; fur trimmed, popular colors, at sacrificing price. Kaplan Bros., 22 West 32d St.

COATS AND SUITS.—Exceptional values pom poms, plush, velour, broadcloth, seal and fur trimmed; immediate delivery. Shapiro & Davis, 133 West 21st.

COATS.—200 of American wool velours, all colors, and Burgundy; fur and plush trimmed; for immediate delivery. S. Sragow Co., 142 West 24th.

COATS.—1,000 for immediate delivery; plushes, velours, kerseys, and broadcloths; to close out, at a price. Benjamin Martin, 22 West 27th.

COATS.—Sacrificing entire stock of better grade goods, fur-trimmed, at a bargain; call at once for best choice. I. Novick, 40 West 28th.

COATS.—Exceptional values in velour fur-trimmed coats; very desirable merchandise, to close out. Fensterstock & Rosen, 35 West 31st St.

COATS. — Silks, mercerized, and cotton plushes, broadcloths, and velours; close out to make room. Ulln Bros., 55 East 11th St.

COATS.—200 American velour infants' coats, with fur collar, to close out, cheap; sizes 2 to 6. Bender, 7 West 22d. Gramercy 2783.

COATS.—Kerseys and velours, fur-trimmed, to close out cheap; also other good values. F. J. Gelfond, 141 West 28th St.

COATS.—Children's; special close out of 2-6 and 8-14, in plush, corduroy, silbeline, &c. Consolidated, 1,205 Broadway.

COATS.—650 coats in velour and broadcloth, mostly fur collars, to close out. M. Rosenman & Co., 40-42 West 27th.

COATS.—Guaranteed seal plush coats, fur-trimmed, belted, for sale purposes; $10.50-$14.75. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

COATS.—Closing out infants', children's, misses' and ladies' cloth coats cheap. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

COATS.—1,000 coats on the racks to be disposed of at once. Ettenson & Goldstein, 29 West 20th St.

COATS.—Fur-trimmed velour coats to close out at a price. The Aero Coat House, 51 West 24th.

COATS.—100 high-grade velour coats to close out. Weinstein & Soreto, 164 West 25th; Far. 9805.

COATS.—Have 400 fur-trimmed coats at mark-down prices. I. Zelikow & Son, 19 West 24th.

COATS.—Cloth, $5.75 up; plushes, $12.75; also jobs. Schoen, Weissman, 53 West 24th.

COATS.—Ladies'; ask for special $8.75 net; fur-trimmed. Klepper Bros., 48 West 21st.

COATS. — Plush, immediate delivery; also fur-trimmed coats. Wechsler, 170 5th Av.

COATS.—750 on the rack for immediate delivery. W. Philips & Co., 145 West 28th St.

COATS.—1,000 ladies', misses'; fur-trimmed; big values. Klepper Bros., 48 West 21st.

COATS. — Infants' and children's; close-out prices. Tannenbaum-May, 19 West 24th.

COATS.—Infants', children's, juniors', close out. Chas & Rosenthal, 153 West 27th.

COATS.—Juniors', misses' fur-trimmed; to close out. Chas. Feller, 41 West 25th.

COATS.—55 to close out, $16 net; regular, $16.50 to $33.50. Etkin, 106 W. 32d.

COATS.—Jobs velours, meltons; 1,000, $5 up. United Cloak Co., 27 W. 20th.

COATS.—Velour and broadcloth to close out. J. E., 51 W. 13th St., near 6th Av.

COATS.—500, all materials, to close out. Harry Gelfond, 122 West 27th St.

COATS.—Better kind; immediate delivery. L. Baumann & Co., 12 East 32d St.

COATS.—2,000; 2-6, 8-14, sacrifice price. Rosh & Mayers, 1,178 Broadway.

COATS.—Job to close out, low prices. Goldberg & Shulman, 85 East 10th.

COATS.—To close out, ladies', juniors', and children's. Neumann, 15 West 20th.

COATS.—500, to close out; all fur trimmed. Klar Bros., 36 West 20th St.

COATS.—100 fur trimmed, to close out. Mardoff & Siegel, 78 5th Av.

COATS, closing out, $3 and higher. Rinsberg, 41 West 25th St.

COATS.—Jobs in coats, to close out. Rubin & Ullus, 50 West 17th.

COATS.—100 fur-trimmed; off price. Mahler Bros., 32 West 20th St.

CONTRACTOR with full equipped plant, 20 machines, wants Government work. J 170 Times.

DRESSES.—Children's serges, corduroys, and ginghams, 2 to 6, 6 to 14, to close out at a price. S. Rosenman & Co., 18 West 21st St.

DRESSES.—Silk, serge, and evening dresses; close out entire stock account of moving. Greenberg-Weiner Co., 133 West 21st.

DRESSES.—Manufacturer has an accumulation of fine serge and satin dresses to close out. Engel, 143 West 20th.

DRESSES.—50 afternoon and party dresses for girls and juniors, to close out, cheap. L. Bogen, 15 West 26th St.

DRESSES.—Serges, velveteens, satins, close out; finest assortments; reasonable. Wolfert, 1,133 Broadway.

DRESSES.—1,000 silk and serge dresses to sell at a sacrifice. Pan-American Dress Co., 12-14 West 21st St.

Offerings to Buyers
50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

DRESSES.—Jerseys, serges, silk, velvet evening dresses; special values. Glockner, 10 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Serge and satin dresses; close out at a sacrifice. Phone 8415 Chelsea.

DRESSES.—150 silk and Georgette to close out. Buchman, 8 West 12th St.

FLANNEL DRESSES AND ROMPERS.—300 dozen, infants' flannel dresses and rompers, to sell, immediate delivery. Schwartz, 41 Greene St.

FURS.—Selling out children's, misses' sets, hats to match. Rosenberg, 151 West 23d.

GEORGETTES.—Domestic, all colors, immediate delivery. S. Bernheimer, Stone 9580 Madison Square.

KERAMI CAPES and muffs to close out reasonable. Riklan, 74 5th Av.

KERAMI.—For sale, at reasonable price. Farragut 2177.

MIDDYS.—Spring line of 3 in 1 middy blouses and new stocks ready. Freedman, 814 McDonough St., Brooklyn.

NECKWEAR.—Old lots 25c, 50c, $1; close out cheap. Gumport, 708 Broadway.

PAISLEYS, TUSSAHS.—Close out below market price; also Seco poplin. C. Times.

PANTS.—Contractor desires work khaki and corduroy pants; cut, make, and trim. K 231 Times Downtown.

PLANT FOR SALE.—Two H. P. motor, 1 H. P. motor and generator, five 31-5 Singer machines, 1 seven-needle Junior special for braid trimming, Singer button sewer, Singer buttonhole machine and machine table, one gas blower, and 4 pressing irons; will sell separately or as whole. 840 Broadway, 11th floor.

PLUSH.—Peco, Esquimette, Behring seal, Hind & Harrison 200, 400 Baffin seal; reasonable. Eagle Textile, 1,133 Broadway. Phone Farragut 2139.

PLUSHES. — Peco and Esquimette; also Chase's mole and tiger trimming; unusually low. Gramercy 7184.

PLUSHES.—Esquimette, Peco, Hind & Harrison, Dodson 1164 & cheviots. Farragut 9612.

PLUSH.—Teddy Bear, fancy silks for bag and box linings. Klastler & Co., 460 4th Av.

PLUSH.—Will sell Esquimette plush reasonable. Chelsea 5617.

POPLINS.—90610-4 navy, 2 black, 72 0236, 544 velour, 7 green, 1 brown, at $2.25. Igstaedter, Stuy. 3284.

SERGES.—V. S. L., 100 pieces, all colors, $1.25 net; Botany 764, 42-inch, French, 50 pieces, $1.25 net. Charles Barnett, 18 West 27th. Farragut 3148.

SERGES.—Whitman's 104, 106; botanys, 11433, 900; Walworth's 3703, 370; 2, S. 381; Otra 10715. Stuyvesant 3240.

SERGES.—Whitman's 78 at $2.25; 0036 American 5 navy and 4 tan at $2.10. Igstaedter, Stuyvesant 3284.

SERGES.—C. S. G. L., 52½c; Pacific cotton warp, 36 inch; below mill price; also other serges. Gramercy 4787.

SERGE.—J. Gross & Co., Newport serge, navy. Madison Square 1540.

SERGES.—American, 09650; 26 pieces; navy and black. 9090 Farragut; Mr. Phillip.

SERGES.—Julliard 54249, and botany 11433. Madison Square 6590.

SERGES.—Botanys, French surplus. Chelsea 4976.

SILKS.—All kinds, special values for immediate delivery for manufacturing trade; call at our show rooms. M. Morf, Inc., formerly Marks-Senner, 354 4th Av. Madison Square 9380.

SILK.—1,000 pieces all Tokio foulards; solid colors and fancy patterns; price $.32 per yard net; 70 days. D. & S. Golden Exchange, 1,265 Broadway. Madison Square 1872.

SILK DRESSES to close out, $5 each. Milton Skirt Co., 450 4th Av.

SKIRTS.—Serges only, will close out at price. 1,133 Broadway, Room 1.23.

SNAP FASTENERS, highest quality, lowest prices, white or black, carded or loose; exporters or dealers only; special inducements for large quantity orders. Helpfast, 1,013 Myrtle Av., Brooklyn. Telephone 1807 Williamsburg.

STOLES, Capes, plush and kerami muffs to match in fur effects, headquarters. Michael Bros., 115 West 29th St.

SUITS.—Spring suits of the better grade now ready for inspection. Belle Cloak & Suit Co., 159 West 26th.

SUITS.—Broadcloth, serges and poplins. Hirschhorn Brothers, 12 W. 27th.

SWEATERS.—Novelties, staple, for sale purposes; look them over. Serlens, 1 East 28th.

VELOURS.—Garfield, style 13, brown, green, reindeer, navy, black, 42.05 net. Madison Square 9259.

VELOURS.—544, 13046, 0359, 11050, 15020 pom pom, American serge 09027. Spring 2371.

VELOURS, light and heavy weight, all colors, 0310, all shades. Madison Square 1503.

VELVETEENS.—Plain and twill back, all colors, fur trimming for coats; also corduroy, wide wale, all colors; also clothing corduroy. Crompton-Richmond Co., 31 East 31st St. Madison Square 9700.

VELVETEEN remnants, 5 to 20, black and colors. Clejam, 640 B'way. Spring 1010.

WAISTS.—Georgette waists to close out cheap. Deutschman, 15 West 20th St.

WAISTS.—$18 cotton; close out cheap. Shapiro & Kunin, 20 East 12th.

WOOLENS, broadcloth, velours, cheviot, burella cloth. Call Greeley 6220.

WOOL PLUSH.—52 inches Priestley navy brown, myrtle, $1.25 net. Stuyvesant 3840.

YARNS.—All wool regulation army gray and khaki knitting yarns at $2.25 net cash per pound; prompt delivery. Address S. P., 219 Times Downtown.

Help Wanted.

SALESMEN.—Reputable house manufacturing embroidered household lines desires representative for West only; commission basis. R. H 142 Times.

SALESMAN.—Ladies', men's furnishings; window dresser, steady position. Friedman, 273 Columbia St., Brooklyn.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday ..5¼@6¼ p. c. for the best names
Monday .... " " " " " "
The quotations are for six months' paper.

Want Trade Bureau Cared For.

Believing that upon the success of the efforts of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce will to a considerable degree depend the increasing of American exports of textiles after the war, the National Council of American Cotton Manufacturers has passed resolutions urging Congress to allow liberal appropriations for the support and development of the bureau. It further urges that the men of the ablest business talent be included in the personnel of the bureau. Copies of the resolution have been forwarded to the President, the Senate, and the House.

Crude Rubber Prices Steadier.

A little more active trading, in which big buyers joined only to a limited extent if at all, kept local crude rubber prices from dropping as much as usual in the week just closed. However, they closed generally below the prices current at that time. Up-river fine was quoted at 55 cents, spot, with coarse at 37 and upper Cauchio ball at 35. The plantations brought 57 cents for spot first latex, and 56 cents for prompt shipments of smoked sheets. The market is now thought to be "scraping bottom," and higher prices are predicted by sellers in spite of the dilatory buying tactics of the bigger manufacturers.

Cold Weather Hits Coal Trade.

The Coal Trade Journal will say today that the sharp weather which arrived over the week-end found the local retail trade poorly prepared to meet a sudden increase in demand. For a long time past coal has been going out of the yards as fast as received, so there is no reserve to draw upon. Open accounts there has been little, if any, recent increase in the tonnage consigned to this market. Trading in the bituminous market remains practically standstill. Mining companies and jobbers alike are putting everything on contract. The only exception is an occasional odd lot which, for some reason or another, has to be disposed of at the Government price.

Jobbers Like Hem Tops.

If makers of men's hemmed hosiery of the new type, in which a double four-inch top is knitted and hemmed in a single operation, were as sure of a liberal reception of their product by the consumers as has been given it by the jobbing trade, they would have very little to worry about. Not that they are really worrying, for they feel that the advantages of the new sock over the ribbed top can easily be demonstrated by retail sales clerks. That the jobbers have been received on various quarters before the mills are equipped with special machines to turn them out. While these jobbers are calling more for cotton hose, the new tops are being favorably regarded by them on medium-priced silk goods.

New Bathing Suit Styles.

New bathing suit styles for the Palm Beach trade and for Spring, as shown by a number of local manufacturers, include most of the striking effects that were produced so successfully this Fall in women's dresses. The bustle effect is variously created in several cases by designers going so far as to use wire for stiffening purposes. In these creations taffetas and satins are the most frequently used, sometimes in black and unadorned, other times in bright shades or in brilliant color combinations. There are also stripes and plaids, both large and small, in all the popular shades of the day. The tuniks, which proved popular last Summer, are again in evidence this year in many attractive creations.

Holiday Neckwear Selling.

Holiday buying of men's neckwear in the local department stores is said to have started in already with fair activity. Though some small stripes and checks in black and white and colors are sought, it is reported that the most popular so far have been of large splash designs in the more subdued colors. Brocaded four-in-hands have been unusually popular, the quiet shades in these also being the most in demand. In some of the more expensive lines Persian effects and large jacquard figures have attracted a great deal of attention. The bias, as well as the straight-cut, type are used, and both seem to be well taken.

Something New Is Badly Needed.

That this cry the retail milliners are sending up for new things is not confined to the experience a well known local milliner, who had lunched during the luncheon hour at one of the city's smartest hotels. He went there to see if he could come upon something new, and this is what he said afterward: "The styles were what might be called mediocre, with the Russian turban absolutely dominant—the sort of Russian turban that has been seen for the last year in the better millinery departments. Not a single departure in the way of shapes or trimmings was noted."

Gray Goods Trade in the Air.

With cotton at its highest point since 1869, the lid was torn off in the gray goods market yesterday by buyers who wanted to cover as far into 1918 as the mills would sell. With the latter by no means anxious to take up long contracts, and otherwise refusing outright unless top prices were paid, it can be seen that trading under these positions could have been active. The scarcity of certain styles in all constructions kept the bulk of the trading confined to deliveries ranging the next three to four months. Contract business was done on print cloths 28-inch, 64-60s, 7¼ cents; 38½-inch 64-60s, 11½ cents; 39½ cents, and 60-48s, at 10½. Sheetings, drills, and specialties tended to move where sellers had made the change, with all prices for spot printcloth prices ranged about as follows:

39-inch, 80-80s	16c	39-inch, 64-60s	12c
38-inch, 72-76s	*16c	38-inch, 60-48s	10½c
39-inch, 68-72s	*14c	39-inch, 60-52s	10½c
39-inch, 56-44s	9½c	39-inch, 60-48s	10c
39-inch	*12½c	39-inch, 64-60s	12c

*Asks.

Coat-Dress for Spring.

The coat-dress, which proved very popular this Fall, and which many believe was a big factor in the demand for suits, is very much in evidence in the early Spring styles. It is loosely treated, and the arrangements of materials are varied. Wool velour is used extensively, and so is wool jersey cloth. In some of the garments the bustle effect is beautifully worked out, sometimes in modified forms, sometimes quite extreme. The straight silhouette, however, has also been given a good deal of attention and thought, the designers, and especially in the stylish suits, showing "simplicity" in styles. Stores with men out on the road are directly said to be receiving substantial orders, and everything points, they say, to a prosperous 1918 season.

Some Eastern Underwear Priced.

Buyers who came to this market yesterday in the hope of a general opening of Fall, 1918, lines of ribbed and fleeced underwear were disappointed. Several well-known ribbed lines were opened at prices running from 15 to 67 per cent. above those quoted for 1917 goods a year ago this time, but other lines, it was announced, will probably not be priced before Monday, next. Fleeced goods probably will be opened at that time also. Many of the prices made yesterday were tentative, and it is probable that several of them will be withdrawn by today. As for the actual figures, a line of 70-point ribbed shirts and drawers was opened at $8.75 a piece, against $6.60 a dozen last year. Others brought as low as $7.50, while 15 and 16 pound union suits for men were priced anywhere from $4 to $5 a dozen higher than last year. In percentages these advances were practically the same as on separate garments.

CANADIAN WHEAT POURS IN.

Volume Entering United States Greatly Increased with Duty Off.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—Canadian wheat is pouring into the United States duty free through every customs district of the northern border in largely increasing volume, the Department of Commerce announced today.

For the nine months ended with last September, this country imported from Canada 21,490,269 bushels, more than 4,000,000 of which came in free after April 1, the date on which Canada removed its import duty on wheat. During these nine months wheat-flour imports totaled 400,270 barrels, of which 297,000 came in free, against a total of 1,000 barrels in the same period of 1916, and hardly more than 90,000 in 1915.

Movement of Canadian flour to the west coast is noticeable.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

AKRON.—Federman's Dept. Store; A. Lippman, children's, boys', coats, suits; Mr. Griffith, toys, dolls; 116 W. 32d.
ALBANY, N. Y.—Miss M. Murray, millinery; 85 Andrew.
AUSTIN—McKean-Eyers Co.; L. Davis, underwear, piece goods; 72 Leonard.
BALTIMORE—Blumberg Brothers Co.; A. Humberg, knit underwear, hosiery; 43 Leonard.
BOSTON—D. A. Gordon & Co.; D. A. Gordon, spring women's misses' serge, silk dresses; 54 W. 21st.
BOSTON—J. Reiner, women's junior serge dresses; M. Reiner, children's wash dresses; 54 W. 21st.
BOSTON—Wightman & Co.; Miss Davis, knit underwear; 200 5th Av.
BOSTON, Mass.—Jordan Marsh Co.; Mr. S. Campbell, handkerchiefs; 462 4th Av.
BOSTON—R. H. Stevens & Co.; L. W. Conklin, coats, suits, skirts; 200 5th Av.
BOSTON—Barron, Harmon & Co.; A. B. Anderson, clothing; Imperial.
BRADDOCK, Penn.—The Famous; Miss Crisler, flashlights, nightgowns, bathrobes; 32 Spring St.
BRIDGEPORT—Howard D. G. Co.; Mr. Godfrey, silks, dress goods; W. H. Howe, dress goods; 464 4th Av.
CHICAGO—A. Parasol Co.; J. S. Rosenberg, skirts, waists; 72 Leonard.
CHICAGO—L. Klein; H. Wolff, clothing, furnishing goods; 36 Greene St.
CHICAGO—Phil Klaster & Co.; H. Klaster, dresses; 110 Broadway.
CHICAGO—Gage Brothers & Co.; C. R. Nelson, ready-to-wear; 5th Av. and 37th St.
CHICAGO—Montgomery Ward & Co.; H. J. Smith, dry goods; 44 Leonard.
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Tax Examples
Showing how law is applied
Our Federal Tax Department, under the supervision of experts, has prepared a pamphlet of examples showing how the provisions of the Income Tax Law are specifically applied.
These examples will furnish *individuals, partnerships* and *corporations* with a practical working knowledge of the application of the Law.
A copy of this pamphlet, AG-146 will be furnished upon request.
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NEW YORK

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Market Shows No Definite Trend—Campaigning for National Economy Begins.

The stock market continues to reflect efforts of traders to take advantage of opportunities for profit through the readjustment of prices following the halting of the long decline. The changes yesterday were again highly irregular and in no way a reaction to the day's news. The railroads lost a little ground, but the Street has not yet made up its mind as to what the revolutionary changes proposed by the War Board will mean when translated into net earnings. The publication yesterday of October results for the Atchison and Union Pacific served to emphasize the extent to which operating costs are outstripping the economies put in force when labor and materials were cheaper. Both companies enjoyed a substantial increase in gross earnings, and both reported decreases in their net earnings after taxes. These roads are among the more fortunate lines. Some of the Eastern carriers have been forced to accept more business than they have facilities for handling, and have lost any measure of control over their operating costs which was possible when they were able to sidetrack equipment for small repairs when needed.

Wall Street's machinery for the distribution of securities is being made ready to aid in the sale of the new war savings thrift stamps, of which it is confidently expected that the full $2,000,000,000 authorized by law will be sold in the next few months. The importance of this supplementary scheme of Government financing lies not so much in the additional revenues which it will bring into the Treasury as in the lesson it will carry in the campaign for national economies. The line of self-denial must be drawn more clearly if the United States is to make good its promises in the way of support both for its own troops abroad and for the Allies. It is doubly hard to press home the new idea of thrift when wages are at unprecedented levels, but the war savings cards proved an important factor in bringing about the concentration of Great Britain's energies upon the speeding up of useful industries, with the result that with more than 10 per cent. of the entire population under arms the output of manufactures has actually increased, and similar results are expected here. With the lesson of the other belligerents' experience before us, more rapid progress should be attained in putting this nation upon a war business basis.

LONDON MARKET CHEERFUL.

Fair Degree of Activity in Gilt-Edged Securities.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—The stock market maintained its cheerfulness and strength today. The publication of the prospectus of the French loan did not lessen interest in other allied war loans, and gilt-edged securities in which there was a fair degree of activity.

Argentine rails were dearer and shipping shares buoyant, while oil, iron and steel stocks were active and strong. Features, speculators as well as investors buying them. Brazilian bonds were better. Money was tighter and discount rates were steady.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans.

High	3	Last	2½
Low	2½	Renewals	3

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLA		GILT-EDGE INDUSTRIALS	
Sixty days	5¼@5½	Sixty days	5¼@5½
Ninety days	5½@5¾	Ninety days	5½@5¾
Four months	5¾@5¾	Four months	5¾@6
Five months	5¾@5¾	Five months	5¾@6
Six months	5¾@5¾	Six months	5¾@6

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days	3½@3¼
Non-member and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days	3½@3¼
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days	4@3½

Commercial Paper.
Best-Known Names.

30 to 60 days	3
4 to 6 months	3½@3½
Other Names.	
4 to 6 months	5¼

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.
Rates of Change.

Sterling—	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Demand	$4.75½	$4.75½	$4.75½	..
Cables	4.76¼	4.76¼	4.76¼	..
France—				
Demand	5.74½	5.74½	5.74½	+.00½
Cables	5.71½	5.71½	5.71½	+.00½
Rubles—				
Demand	13.35	13.25	13.35	+.25
Cables	13.60	13.50	13.60	+.25

Closing Exchange.

Normal Rates of Exch.	Yesterday's Close—Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8665 London	$4.75½	*4.76¼
5.1826 Paris	5.74½	5.71½
	Cables.	
Hongkong	71.00	71.25
Peking	107.00	107.25
Shanghai	100.25	100.50
19.295 Greece	19.40	19.45
40.19 Holland	44.00	44.50
22.44 India—		
Bombay	34.50	34.75
Calcutta	34.50	34.75
5.1823 Italy	8.06	8.05
49.84 Japan—		
Kobe	51.75	52.00
Yokohama	52.00	52.25
50.00 Philippine Islands—		
Manila	50.00	50.125
51.50 Russia	12.35	13.00
26.79 Scandinavia—		
Stockholm	36.25	36.75
Copenhagen	32.50	33.50
Christiania	33.00	33.50
19.295 Spain	23.80	23.88
South America—		
32.42 Rio	25.67	25.77
42.44 Buenos Aires	47.01	47.11
5.1826 Switzerland	4.37	4.35

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

—Bankers.— 60 Days.	90 Days.	—Commercial— 60 Days.	90 Days.
$4.71¼	$4.69¼	$4.70¼	$4.68¼

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $608,104,830; balance, $41,085,791; Sub Treasury debit balance, $832,523; Federal Reserve credit balance, $11,951,283.

Domestic Exchanges.

Boston, par; Chicago, 5c discount; St. Louis, 150@c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, .2125 premium.

Silver.

Bar silver in London, 42¾d, unchanged; in New York, 84½c, unchanged; Mexican dollars, 64½c.

Trading Quiet on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, Nov. 27.—Trading was quiet on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes 50 francs 75 centimes for cash. Exchange on London 27 francs 29½ centimes. Five per cent. loan 87 francs 85 centimes.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Yr.
Customs receipts	$10,692,710	$71,249,431
Ordinary internal rev.	73,180,968	259,583,334
Income tax	6,137,784	31,879,086
Miscellaneous	37,348,545	87,957,815
Total receipts	$127,359,958	$450,669,668
Exc. of ord. disburs. over ord. receipts	326,913,404	1,300,399,391
Exc. of total disburse. over total receipts	830,334,069	723,631,797
Expenditures	454,273,363	1,751,069,060

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	—Yesterday.— Bid.	Asked.	—Monday.— Bid.	Asked.
Lead	6.37½	..	6.37½	..
Spelter	7.87½	8.12½	8.00	8.12½
Antimony	14.00	14.50	14.00	14.50
Quicksilver	$110.00	..	$110.00	..
Aluminum	*36.00	38.00	*36.00	38.00
Iron, No. 2 X fdy.	..	34.25	..	34.25

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market, all deliveries, 23½c. per pound bid. London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Monday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	110	0	0	110	0	0
Copper, futures	110	0	0	110	0	0
Tin, spot	284	0	0	283	0	0
Tin, futures	282	5	0	281	15	0
Lead, spot	54	0	0	54	0	0
Lead, futures	50	10	0	50	10	0

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

TUESDAY, NOV. 27, 1917.

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Day's sales	524,005	1,164,556	635,823
Year to date	171,061,888	201,991,175	159,399,334

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
69	75	100	Adams Express	71	71	71	71	+1
8⅝	11	100	Advance Rumely	9	9	9	9	..
..	..	100	Ajax Rubber	50	50	50	50	+⅝
2¼	2¾	900	Alaska Gold Mines	2¼	2⅝	2¼	2⅝	...
2⅝	3	200	Alaska Juneau	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	-⅝
18⅝	18¾	2,100	Allis-Chalmers Mfg.	18½	19¼	18⅝	19¼	...
71	73	200	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf.	72	72	72	72	...
74	75½	1,200	Am. Beet Sugar	74½	75¾	74½	75¼	+¼
36⅝	36⅞	8,200	Am. Can	37½	37¾	36⅝	37¼	-⅝
95	96	400	Am. Can pf	95½	96½	96	96¼	+⅜
65½	66¾	1,400	Am. Car & Fdry	66½	66¾	66	66	-⅝
25	25½	1,000	Am. Cotton Oil	25⅝	25⅝	25	25	-⅝
13	13½	1,800	Am. H. & Leather	13½	14½	13½	14	+⅞
58	58¼	1,100	Am. H. & Leath. pf	58⅛	58⅜	58	58	...
10¾	11	175	Am. Ice	10¾	10¾	10¾	10¾	...
25¼	25½	900	Am. Linseed	25¼	25¾	25¼	25¾	+⅝
54¼	54½	1,300	Am. Locomotive	55½	55¾	54½	54½	-1
91	92	200	Am. Shipbuilding	91	91	91	91	...
78	78½	15,900	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	78	79½	77⅞	78	+⅜
102	103	800	Am. Smelt. & R. pf.	102⅝	102⅝	102	102	-1
92	94	100	Am. Smelt. S. pf. A	93⅝	93⅝	93⅝	93⅝	+⅝
56½	57¾	400	Am. Steel F'dries	58	58	57¾	58	+⅜
97	98	200	Am. Sugar Ref.	98½	98½	98	98	-1
59¾	60	9,700	Am. Sumatra Tob.	58½	60½	58½	59¾	+1¼
106⅝	107	3,200	Am. Tel. & Tel.	108	108	106⅝	106⅞	-1¼
88	93	100	Am. Woolen pf	89	89	89	89	+¼
24	26	300	Am. Writing P. pf.	28⅝	28⅝	26¼	26½	+1¼
13½	14	200	Am. Zinc L. & S.	14½	14½	14	14	...
58⅛	58⅞	18,000	Anaconda Copper	59½	60⅛	58⅝	59⅞	-¼
84	85	1,100	Atch., Top. & S. F.	85	85	83¼	84	-1
80	84	200	Atch., T. & S. F. pf.	82½	82½	82½	82½	-⅜
98	99	2,200	At., Gulf & West I.	99½	100	98¼	98¾	-1¼
55½	56¼	3,400	Baldwin Loco.	57½	57½	55¼	55¾	-1½
50⅞	51½	1,900	Baltimore & Ohio	51½	51½	50¾	50¾	-1⅝
58	59½	200	Baltimore & O. pf.	59	59	59	59	...
91¼	91½	100	Barrett Co.	91½	91½	91½	91½	...
81	84	200	Bethlehem Steel	81⅞	81⅞	81⅞	82¼	+¼
81¼	81½	13,400	Beth. Steel cl. B t.c.	82⅝	83¼	81¼	82⅛	-1⅝
97¾	98	900	Beth. S. pf.sub.r.f.p.	98⅛	98⅛	97¾	97¾	-1⅛
44½	45	1,600	Brkln Rapid Tran.	46	46⅞	44⅞	44⅞	-1⅛
115	115¾	2,300	Burns Brothers	116	116	114½	115	+½
10	12	100	Butte & Sup. Co.	10½	10½	10½	10½	+½
17½	17⅞	500	Butte & Superior	17½	17½	17¼	17¼	-⅛
36	38	200	California Packing	35¾	36	35¾	36	+1⅝
12½	13¼	200	California Petrol.	12¾	13	12¾	13	+⅝
37	40	200	California Pet. pf.	39	39	39	39	+⅜
134½	135½	8,500	Canadian Pacific	136	136	134½	135⅛	-1¼
30	32	100	Central Foundry	31	31	31	31	-½
67	67½	10,900	Central Leather Co.	68	68⅞	66⅞	67	-½
30½	32	100	Cerro de Pasco	30	30	30	30	...
65	66	600	Chandler Motor	64½	65¾	64½	65¾	+1¾
47¾	48⅝	400	Chesapeake & Ohio	47⅝	48	47⅝	47⅞	+⅛
7	7½	1,000	Chi. Great Western	7⅛	7⅛	7	7	-⅝
20	20¾	200	Chi. Great West. pf.	21½	21½	20½	20½	+½
37½	37½	2,500	Chi., Mil. & St. P.	37¼	37¾	37¼	37½	+½
18¾	18½	800	Chi. R. I. & P. t. c.	18¾	18¾	18¼	18¾	-⅝
52	52½	200	Chi., Rock Island & P. 7 p. c. pf. t. c.	52¾	52¾	52¾	52¾	+¼
42	42⅝	1,000	Chi., Rock Island & P. 6 p. c. pf. t. c.	43¼	43¼	42¼	42¾	-⅜
15½	15⅝	2,300	Chile Copper	16¼	16⅝	15½	16⅛	-⅝
42	42½	2,200	Chino Copper	42½	43	42	42½	-½
90	100	100	Cluett, Peabody pf.	92¼	92¼	92¼	92¼	+2⅝
35½	36	200	Col. Fuel & Iron	36	36	36	36	+½
31¾	32¼	400	Columbia Gas & El.	32⅛	32⅞	32¼	32⅞	+½
86	87	100	Consolidated Gas	85¾	85¾	85¾	85¾	+½
90	96	2,100	Continental Can	95	97½	95	97½	+2
29	29¼	7,300	Corn Products Ref.	29⅝	30	29	29⅝	-⅛
90	90¾	200	Corn Prod. Ref. pf.	90⅞	90⅞	90⅞	90⅞	+⅛
55¼	56	4,700	Crucible Steel	56¼	57¼	55¼	56½	+½
29½	29¾	7,400	Cuba Cane Sugar	29⅝	30⅛	29¼	29½	-⅛
78⅞	79	800	Cuba Cane Sugar pf.	78⅞	79	78⅞	79	+⅛
90⅞	91¼	1,400	Del. & Hudson x d.	92	92	90⅞	91	-1¼
189	190	300	Del., Lack. & West.	190	190	190	190	-2
35½	35¾	2,000	Distillers' Secur.	36⅛	36½	35½	35¾	-⅝
6⅞	6¾	500	Dome Mines	6⅞	6⅞	6¾	6¾	-⅛
14¾	15	2,100	Erie	15⅛	15⅛	14½	14⅞	+⅛
22½	23	500	Erie 1st pf.	23	23	23	23	...
17½	18	300	Erie 2d pf.	18	18⅛	18	18⅛	+⅛
11	15	100	Federal Min. & S.	12	12	12	12	-1¼
50	53	100	Federal M. & S. pf.	53¾	53¾	53¾	53¾	+3¾
33½	33¾	200	Gamon, W. & W.	33	33	33¼	33¼	-⅛
126½	129¾	4,400	General Electric	128¼	128¼	126	126¾	-1⅝
90¾	91	4,300	General Motors	90¾	92	90⅞	90⅞	-⅝
36½	37	1,300	Goodrich (B. F.) Co.	36½	37¼	36½	37	+½
66	70	200	Granby Consol.	66	68	66	68	-2
90	91	600	Great Northern pf.	90¾	90¾	90¼	90¾	-¼
27½	27⅝	1,800	G. N. ctfs. for o. p.	28	28	27½	27⅝	+⅛
28	28⅛	600	Greene-Cananea	27⅞	28	27½	28	+½
42	43	200	Hartman Corp.	42	42	42	42	-1½
42	43	50	Do. odd lot	43	43	43	43	...
28¾	29	200	Haskell & Barker	29⅝	29⅝	29	29⅝	+⅝
94⅛	95	100	Illinois Central	95⅞	95⅞	95⅞	95⅞	+⅛
44	44½	2,800	Inspiration Copper	44¼	44¾	44¼	44¾	+⅝
7	7¼	1,400	Interboro Consol.	7½	7½	7¼	7¼	-⅛
45	45½	100	Interboro Con. pf.	45½	45½	45½	45½	...
108	109	500	Int. Harvester, N. J.	108	109⅞	108	108⅞	+1⅛
96	96⅞	700	Int. Harv. Corp. pf.	97¼	98	97¼	98	+⅝
24	24¼	16,900	Int. Mer. Marine	23⅞	25⅛	24	24¼	-1⅛
95⅝	96	46,000	Int. Mer. Marine pf.	98	98⅛	95⅝	96⅛	-1⅛
27	27¼	1,200	Int. Nickel	27¼	27½	27⅛	27⅛	-⅝
27½	28	8,800	Int. Paper	27½	29¾	27½	29¼	+1¾
58½	59½	200	Int. Paper pf. sta.	60	60	60	60	+1¼
17½	18	500	Kansas City South.	18	18	17½	17½	-⅛
46	49	100	Kan. City South. pf.	47½	47½	47½	47½	-2
35⅞	38⅝	5,700	Kennecott Copper	33⅞	34½	33⅞	38⅝	+4
81¼	81½	3,300	Lackawanna Steel	81½	82	81	81⅞	+⅛
9	9½	500	Lake Erie & West.	9	9	9	9	...
12¾	12¾	200	Lee Rubber & Tire	12½	12¾	12½	12¾	+⅛
54½	54⅝	500	Lehigh Valley	55	55	54⅝	55	+⅛
101	102	200	Liggett & Myers pf.	101	101	101	101	...
93⅞	94	1,400	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	93⅞	93⅞	93⅞	93⅞	-⅛
15	16⅞	2,000	Lorillard Co. pf.	15	17	15	17	+2¼
81	81	5,300	Mexican Petroleum	81½	82½	79¾	81⅞	+1⅛
28½	28¾	900	Miami Copper	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝	+⅛
43⅞	44	500	Midvale Steel	44⅛	44⅛	44	44	-⅛
9½	10	100	Minn. & St. L. new	10	10	10	10	...
82	85	100	Mo. Kan. & Tex.	85	85	85	85	+4
23½	24	100	Mo. Pacific tr ctfs.	24	24	24	24	-⅛
40¼	41	300	Mo. Pac. pf. tr ctfs.	40⅞	40⅞	40¼	40¼	-⅛
65	66½	100	Montana Power	66	66	66	66	-⅝
90	95	100	Nat. Biscuit Co.	95⅞	95⅞	95⅞	95⅞	+3⅞
24½	24½	2,600	Nat. Conduit & Cable	24½	25⅛	24½	25⅛	+⅛
38	38½	300	Nat. Enam. & St.	38½	38⅝	38½	38½	-⅛
43⅞	45½	100	Nat. Lead	44	44	44	44	-1⅛
17¼	17⅞	1,900	Nevada Con. Cop.	17½	17½	17¼	17½	-⅛
113	115	100	N. Y. Air Brake	115	115	115	115	+2
69⅞	70¼	4,400	N. Y. Central	70¼	70¼	69⅞	70¼	+⅛
27½	28	400	N. Y., N. H. & H.	28½	28½	27⅞	27⅞	-⅞
19⅝	20	400	N. Y., Ont. & West.	20½	20½	20	20	-⅝
105	105	300	Norfolk & Western	105	105	104⅝	105	+⅛
46½	46½	100	North American	46½	46½	46½	46½	+1½
85⅝	85⅝	2,400	Northern Pacific	85⅝	85⅝	84⅝	85⅝	-⅛
66	66	200	Nova Scotia S. & C.	66	66	62	66	+4
36	36½	1,500	Ohio Cities Gas	36½	36⅝	36	36⅛	-⅛
4¼	4¼	100	Ontario Mining	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼	...
60	63	600	Owens Bottle Mach.	64	64	60½	63½	-4
23½	23	100	Pacific Mail	23¼	23¼	23¼	23¼	-1⅛
46¾	46⅞	6,100	Penn. R. R.	47	47	46¾	46¾	-⅛
39	40	400	People's Gas, Chi.	39	39⅞	39	39⅞	+⅛
14¼	15	400	Pere Marquette	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	+1⅛
55	65	100	P., C., C. & St. L.	60	60	60	60	...
44	45	100	Pittsburgh Coal	44⅝	44⅝	44⅛	44⅝	-⅝
78	80	100	Pitts. Coal pf	80	80	80	80	...
22½	23½	100	Pitts. Steel pf	23	23	23	23	-½
57⅛	58½	100	Pitts. & W. Va. pf.	57½	57½	57½	57½	+⅝
107	110	440	Public Service N. J.	107	109	107	109	-1
125	126	300	Pullman Co.	125	126	125	126	+1
½	⅝	200	Quicksilver pf.	½	½	½	½	...
42	44½	2,000	Ray Consol. Stor.	44½	44½	44	44	-⅝
22⅝	22⅝	5,000	Ray Con. Copper	22⅝	22⅞	22½	22⅞	+⅛
71½	72	10,100	Reading	71½	71½	69⅞	70	-1½
78⅞	78⅞	16,100	Rep. Iron & Steel	79⅛	80¼	78⅞	78⅞	-1
95½	96	100	Rep. Iron & S. pf	95½	95½	95½	95½	+½
70	71	200	Royal Dutch t r	70⅞	70⅞	70⅞	70⅞	+⅛
15¼	15⅝	100	St. Louis-San Fran.	15¼	15¼	15¼	15¼	...
25	30	100	St. L.-San Fran. pf.	26½	26½	26½	26½	+1½
22	24	100	St. Louis Southw.	24	24	24	24	-½
5¼	6	100	Saxon Motor	5¼	5¼	5¼	5¼	...
18½	19¼	100	Seab. Air Line pf.	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	-⅛
19	20	500	Shattuck-Arizona	19¼	19¼	19	19	-⅛
31¼	31½	1,100	Sinclair Oil & Ref.	31¼	32	31¼	31¼	-⅛
38	39	150	Sloss-S. Steel & I.	38⅝	38⅝	38⅝	38⅝	-⅝
82¼	82¾	3,200	Southern Pacific	83⅞	83⅞	82⅝	82⅞	-⅛
150	160	100	So. Porto Rico Sug.	155	155	155	155	-3
24⅝	24⅝	2,000	Southern Railway	25	25¼	24⅝	24⅝	-⅛
42⅞	43	21,900	Studebaker Co.	41⅛	44⅛	41⅛	42⅞	+2⅛
36	37	300	Superior Steel	37	37	36½	36½	+⅛
12⅝	12¾	2,500	Tenn. C. & C.	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	-⅛
144	144	1,500	Texas Co.	144⅝	144⅝	143¼	144	-½
52	52½	10,200	Tobacco Products	53½	54¼	52¼	52¼	-½
88	92	100	Tobacco Prod. pf.	91	91	91	91	+⅞
70	73	300	Twin City R. T.	73	73	70¾	70¾	-2¾
114¼	115	2,700	Union Pacific	116	116	114⅝	114⅞	-⅛
36½	37½	100	United Alloy Steel	36⅝	37⅝	36⅝	36⅝	-⅛
91¾	92¼	5,600	United Cigar Stores	93	94	91¾	92	-⅛
117½	119	100	United Fruit	119	119	119	119	+1½
112¼	113	1,400	U. S. Indus. Alco.	114	114⅝	112¼	112¼	-⅝
14	15	200	U. S. R. & Imp. Co.	14⅝	14⅝	14½	14½	...
52	53	4,300	U. S. Rubber	51⅝	54	51⅝	53⅝	+1⅝
96	96½	150	U. S. Rub. 1st pf.	96¼	96¼	96¼	96¼	-⅝
46⅛	47	400	U. S. Sm., R. & M.	46	47⅛	46	47	+1
97¼	97⅞	107,600	U. S. Steel	96¾	99	97	97⅞	+1¼
109	109⅝	700	U. S. Steel pf.	109¼	109⅝	109¼	109¼	...
78½	79	5,600	Utah Copper	79	80	78	78⅝	-⅛
11½	12⅝	100	Utah Securities	12	12	12	12	...
33¾	34	500	Va.-Car. Chemical	34	34	34	34	+1
50½	53	150	Va. Iron, Coal & C.	50½	50½	50½	50½	-2
8	8⅝	100	Wabash	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	-⅝
40⅞	41	800	Wabash pf. A	41⅝	41⅝	41	41	-⅝
20⅝	21¼	400	Wabash pf. B	21	21	21	21	-⅛
75	79	116	Wells Fargo Exp.	75¼	75¼	75¼	75¼	...
12⅝	13¼	100	Western Pacific	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	-⅛
83¼	83⅝	100	Western Union Tel.	83⅛	83⅛	83⅛	83⅛	+⅛
38¼	39	1,000	Westingh. E. & M.	38⅝	39	38⅝	38⅝	...
10	10½	200	Wheeling & L. E.	10	10	10	10	-⅛
20	21½	100	Wheel. & L. E. pf.	21¼	21¼	21¼	21¼	-⅛
35¾	38	200	White Motors	36½	36½	36½	36½	+1½
46	46½	400	Wilson & Co.	45⅝	46⅛	45⅝	46	+⅛
19⅝	19⅝	15,800	Willys-Overland	19½	20¼	19¼	19½	...
70	75	500	Willys-Overland pf.	69½	70	69½	70	+1
108	109	700	Woolw. (F. W.) Co.	110	110	108½	108½	-1½
36⅝	37	2,000	Worthingtn Pump.	34¼	36⅝	34¼	36½	+3
87	89	125	Worth. Pump pf. A	88	88	88	88	-3
57	59	400	Worth. Pump pf. B	55⅝	57½	55⅝	57½	+2½

DETAILS OF GOLD EXPORTS.

Japan Alone Took $155,467,726 in 9 Months—Spain $99,337,400.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—Details of the country's commerce for the first nine months of the year, made public today by the Department of Commerce, showed that the enormous increase in gold exports was absorbed largely by Japan and Spain. Japan took $155,467,726 in gold from the United States from January through September, as compared with $

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COTTON MARKET DULL

Reaction Follows Three Bull Sessions—Closing Prices Off 3 to 23 Points.

The cotton market rested yesterday after three successive exciting bull sessions, the last of which had carried the list above the 30-cent level. The market, accordingly, was rather dull, and trading was narrow in scope. Such fluctuations as took place seemed due to the efforts of some traders to even up their commitments over Thanksgiving, even at less than top profits. As a result, the market, after an abbreviated imitation of recent rallies in the morning hours, sagged off later and closed barely steady, off from 3 to 23 points.

The opening was from 2 points down to 3 points up. Early trading was more brisk than at any other time during the day, Liverpool and domestic trade buying continuing to supply the impetus. Presently, however, immediate demands seemed to be met, and profit taking became evident, with the result that prices went down almost as rapidly as they had gone up. The bottom was found between 29 and 30 points below the opening, before the short interest had had a chance to develop much strength. The result was the best upward swing of the day, but on a small volume of trading, and realizing at the close brought prices down once more.

Southern spot advices varied, there being reports of continued demand east of the Mississippi, but easier trading in the Southwest. There was some Southern selling on the local market.

No improvement was reported in the ocean freight situation so far as immediate room was concerned, and cotton sold for shipment abroad is said to be accumulating in the warehouses. Exports yesterday were 12,836 bales, making 1,654,401 so far this season. Southern spot markets, as officially reported, were 13 points lower to 13 points higher; generally unchanged.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
December	30.35	30.05	30.25@30.30	30.28
January	29.70	29.28	29.39@29.42	29.50
February	..	..	29.00 Bid.	29.13
March	28.27	28.81	28.95@28.97	29.08
April	..	..	28.70 Bid.	28.90
May	29.01	28.57	28.65@28.68	28.85
June	..	..	28.46 Bid.	28.68
July	28.73	28.37	28.40@28.42	28.62
August	28.38	28.15	28.14 Bid.	28.37
October	27.01	26.80	26.95 Bid.	27.00

The local market for spot cotton was quiet and 5 points lower, at 31.20c for middling upland, with no sales.

Southern spot markets were as follows: Galveston, 29.50c; New Orleans, 29.13c; Savannah, 29c; Augusta, 29.63c; Memphis, 29.50c; Houston, 28.80c; Little Rock, 29.58c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics follow:

	Tuesday.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Port receipts	35,284	39,672	77,402
Exports	12,836	19,513	39,598
Season's exports	1,654,401	1,575,530	2,365,802
Port stocks	1,196,480	1,136,296	1,597,173
Interior receipts	130,300	43,848	47,383
Interior shipments	103,700	23,828	42,736
N. Y. arrivals	14,555	4,508	11,063
N. Y. stocks	117,512	87,682	131,348

Liverpool Cables—Spot cotton quiet at 30 points advance for good middling new contract, at 21.00d; middling old contract, 31 points higher, at 22.47d. Sales, 4,000 bales; American, 2,000; imports, 3,000, none American. Futures opened steady, 6 to 10 points higher. Closed quiet, 6 to 10 points net higher. January, 22.53d; February, 22.51d; March, 22.47d; April, 22.47d; May, 22.47d.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—Forecast:

N. C.—Cloudy and warmer Wed. Cloudy Thurs.

S. C.—Fair and warmer Wed. Cloudy Thurs.

Ga.—Fair and warmer Wed. Cloudy Thurs.

Ala.—Cloudy Wed. Rain Thursday.

Fla.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.

Miss.—Rains Wed. Fair Thurs.

Tenn.—Rains and cooler Wed. Fair Thurs.

Ky.—Rain Wed. Fair Thurs.

Ind.—Rain Wed. Fair Thurs.

Mich.—Cloudy Wed. Fair and warmer Thurs.

Ohio—Cloudy Wed. Fair Thurs.

La.—Cloudy Wed. and Thurs.

Ark.—Rain and cooler Wed. Fair Thurs.

Okla.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.

Tex.—Unsettled Wed. Fair Thurs.

Ill.—Cloudy Wed. Fair Thurs.

Mo.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.

Wis. and Minn.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.

Ia., N. and S. Dak.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.

Neb. and Kan.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

A report of Gaston, Williams & Wigmore, Inc., for the six months ended Oct. 31, shows a total net income of $2,710,792, equivalent to $9.03 a share on the 300,000 shares of stock outstanding.

The first annual meeting of the Connecticut Brass & Manufacturing Corporation was held yesterday. J. E. Liggett was elected President; H. W. Goddard, Vice President; C. P. Lyman, Vice President and General Manager, and A. S. Hichborn, Treasurer.

The Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad Company has issued a table showing the incidence of the new railroad and corporation war taxes and other conditions upon the earnings and expenses of the leading railroads of the United States.

The monthly dividend on the common stock of the Continental Refining Company has been increased from two-thirds to one per cent.

The senior section of the New York Chapter of the American Institute of Banking will give a dinner tonight at the Hotel McAlpin in honor of Charles A. Hinsch of Cincinnati, President of the American Bankers Association. R. A. Philpot of Lazard Freres will preside.

W. H. Truesdale, President of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad, has been elected a Director of the Bank of New York, National Banking Association.

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1918-'27	4 equip.	6.00	5.60
Buff., Roch. & P.	1918-'30	4½equip.	6.00	5.50
Canadian North	1917-'26	4½equip.	7.00	6.00
Canadian Pacific	1918-'28	4½	6.60	5.80
Ches. & Ohio	1917-'27	4½	6.50	5.50
Chicago & N. W.	1917-'22	4½	5.50	5.00
Cin., R. I. & Pac.	1917-'27	4½equip.	6.80	5.90
C., St. L. & N. O.	1917-'24	4½	6.75	5.00
C., C., C. & St. L.	1918-'29	5	6.60	5.80
Cuba R. R.	1917-'26	5	7.00	5.50
Del. & Hudson	1922	4½	5.80	5.20
Erie Railroad	1917-'27	4½equip.	6.50	5.75
Grand Trunk	1917-'24	4½	6.50	5.75
Illinois Central	1917-'26	4½equip.	5.50	5.00
Louis. & Nash.	1917-'23	5	5.50	5.00
Michigan Cent.	1917-'30	5	5.80	5.20
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	1917-'23	5	6.75	6.00
Missouri Pacific	1917-'22	5	6.75	6.00
Mobile & Ohio	1917-'26	4½equip.	6.00	5.80
N. Y. Cent. L.	1917-'32	4½equip.	6.20	5.50
Norf. & Western	1917-'24	4½	6.50	5.00
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1917-'28	4½equip.	6.75	5.75
Penn. Gen. Fight	1917-'21	4 equip.	5.40	5.00
St. Louis S. W.	1917-'26	4½equip.	6.50	5.75
Seaboard Air L.	1918-'22	4½	6.80	5.75
Southern Pacific	1917-'26	4½	5.65	5.00
Southern Ry.	1917-'24	4½equip.	6.50	5.50
Union Tank Line	1918-'20	5	6.75	5.75

DIVIDENDS DECLARED.

Company.	Rate.	Payable.	Hold. of Record.
American Can pf.	1¾	Q. Jan. 2	Dec. 15
Do common	2.7167%	Accu. Dec. 20	Dec. 11
At., Top. & S. F. pf.	2½	S. A. Feb. 1	Dec. 31
Booth Fisheries	50c	Q. Jan. 2	Dec. 20
Do pf.	1.75	Q. Jan. 2	Dec. 20
Buffalo & Susq.	1½	Q. Dec. 29	Dec. 15
Do	2	Ex. Dec. 29	Dec. 15
Do pf.	3	S. A. Dec. 29	Dec. 15
Cal. Leather pf.	1¾	Q. Jan. 2	Dec. 15
Continental Motors	2	.. Dec. 5	Nov. 26
Fisk Rubber 24 pf.	1¾	Q. Dec. 15	Nov. 3
Interborough R. T.	2	Q. Jan. 2	Dec. 20
Interborough Con. pf.	1¼	Q. Jan. 2	Dec. 20
Mackay Cos.	1½	Q. Jan. 2	Dec. 8
Do	1	Q. Jan. 2	Dec. 8
Nat. Sugar Ref. pf.	1¾	Q. Jan. 2	Dec. 10
New York Edison	$1.75	Q. Dec. 14	....
Petti-Mul. 1st & 2d pf.	1¾	Q. Jan. 1	Dec. 20
Quincy Mining	$3	Q. Dec. 24	Dec. 1
Realty Associates	3	S. A. Jan. 15	Jan. 3
Subway Realty	1¾	Q. Jan. 2	Dec. 20
U. S. Steamship	1	M. Jan. 2	Dec. 17
Do	½	Ex. Jan. 2	Dec. 17

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Amer Oil	22	23	Iron Hos.	56	68
B S Gas	9	10	Iron Cap.	14	16
Begole	50	75	Jer Verde	90	1
Bohemia	80	90	La Rose	30	40
Bing Min.	9⅝	9⅞	Majestic	32	35
Bost. Ely.	50	9⅝	Mex Mets.	20	29
Bost & Mt.	50	52	Mol Tung.	29	30
Butte & L.	15	17	New Baltic	75	1¼
Butte & D.	18	30	New Doug.	1⅝	1½
Rest & Ar.	1½	2	New Ut B.	..	50
Calaveras	1½	2⅛	Nixon	1½	1⅞
Crown Res.	20	25	New Corn.	14⅝	15¼
Con Ariz.	1⅞	2	Nat Z & L.	28	32
Cortez	10	15	Oneco	..	25
Chem Cop.	4	5	Onondaga	15	25
Chief Cons.	1⅞	2	Pie Con.	59	1
Eagle & H.	2	2½	Ray Hero.	2	2⅛
Red Eagle	15	18	Ulla	..	2½
Fortuna	5	6	S W M p p	75	10½
Gold Lake	1	3	S W M f p.	1	1½
Gila C Bol	17⅛	17⅞	Un V Ext.	23	25
Houghton	75	80	Vic Min.	1⅝	2
Homa Oil	1	1¼	Yuk Gold	1⅝	2
Humboldt	60	75			

RAPID TRANSIT REVENUES.

October Gross Report of Interborough Gains Over Last Year.

The monthly report of earnings of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company for October shows a gross operating revenue of $3,563,592, an increase of $16,658 over the figures for October, 1916. The net operating revenue, however, owing to an increase of $233,068 in operating expenses, decreased from $2,211,543 to $1,995,134. Owing to heavy increases in interest and rental charges and taxes, the reduction in net corporate income dropped from $1,032,949 for October, 1916, to $724,570. For the four months' period ended Oct. 31, the net corporate income was $2,080,763, a decrease of $246,780.

The monthly report of the Third Avenue Railway shows a total operating revenue for October of $896,965, an increase of $506,943 over the figures of October, 1916, when the lines were still affected by the strike. Operating expenses were slightly decreased, and as a result the Third Avenue, which for the month of October, 1916, showed an operating deficit of $238,442, last October showed an operating income of $276,516. The net income for the month still shows a deficit, but of only $5,870, against $505,508 for the previous year.

EARNINGS.

Railroads.

BUFFALO, ROCHESTER & PITTSBURGH—

	1917.	1916.	1915.
October gross	$1,478,739	$1,157,011	$1,052,239
Net after tax	305,777	247,424	309,791
Sur. aft. chgs.	219,503	158,331	205,042
10 mos. gross	12,469,381	10,653,009	8,338,589
Net after tax	2,373,938	2,700,985	2,155,561
Sur. aft. chgs.	1,617,079	1,853,459	952,339

UNION PACIFIC for October and ten months compares as follows:

Mileage	7,988	7,920	7,904
Total op. rev.	13,423,874	11,984,870	10,275,489
Total op. exp.	6,979,793	5,712,540	5,150,519
Oper. income	5,408,025	5,796,790	4,629,190
Ten months ended Oct. 31:			
Total op. rev.	106,013,479	93,688,243	73,653,098
Total op. exp.	62,570,503	51,460,418	45,274,684
Oper. income	35,734,328	37,378,718	25,861,133

Public Utilities.

AUGUSTA-AIKEN RAILWAY & ELECTRIC CORP.—

	1917.	1916.	Increase.
Sept. gross	85,770	62,290	23,480
Net after tax	39,954	27,832	12,122
Sur. aft. chgs.	12,157	3,332	8,825
12 mos. gross	852,184	746,757	105,407
Net after tax	372,976	344,864	28,112
Sur. aft. chgs.	55,752	33,122	22,630

CLEVELAND ELECTRIC ILLUMINATING for October—

Gross earnings	†614,951	†443,956	170,994
Inc. over oper. exp. & taxes	190,897	161,087	82,800
Int. chgs., pf. stock div., & amort. of bd. discount	57,092	40,520	16,352
Depreciation	50,752	44,390	*13,642
Applic. to com. stock div.	106,051	75,861	30,189
Ten months ended Oct. 31:			
Gross earnings	†6,384,290	†4,074,384	1,309,925
Inc. over oper. exp. & taxes	1,580,866	1,861,663	*281,097
Int. chgs., pf. stock div., & amort. of bd. discount	511,664	381,163	130,500
Depreciation	422,820	407,434	15,385
Applic. to com. stock div.	645,062	1,073,065	*427,983
Twelve months ended Oct. 31:			
Gross earnings	†6,419,963	†4,917,366	1,502,296
Inc. over oper. exp. & taxes	1,845,587	2,156,599	*311,012
Int. chgs., pf. stock div., & amort. of bd. discount	594,602	452,043	142,559
Depreciation	827,359	587,732	*60,373
Applic. to com. stock div.	723,625	1,116,823	*393,197

†Earnings subsequent to April 25, 1914, are subject to adjustment after decision in pending rate proceedings, the exact result of which cannot now be determined. *Decrease.

EASTERN PENNSYLVANIA RAILWAYS CO.

	1917.	1916.	Decrease.
Sept. gross	83,289	74,445	*8,843
Net aft. taxes	21,697	25,899	4,202
Sur. aft. chgs.	96	4,792	4,696
12 mos. gross	990,679	914,415	*46,264
Net aft. taxes	318,461	342,564	27,103
Sur. aft. chgs.	63,765	105,962	42,197

SOUTHERN UTILITIES CO.—

Sept. gross	102,722	98,924	*3,798
Net aft. taxes	28,034	33,934	5,900
Sur. aft. chgs.	16,531	23,783	7,252
Bal. aft. pf div	7,894	14,916	7,252
12 mos. gross	1,246,540	1,143,215	*703,325
Net aft. taxes	357,066	380,684	23,618
Sur. aft. chgs.	222,303	264,698	42,395
Bal. aft. pf div	115,903	158,298	42,395

*Increase.

THIRD AVENUE RAILWAY—

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Oct. gross	896,965	390,023	968,649
Net aft. taxes	204,648	*236,264	236,314
Def. aft. chgs.	5,870	505,508	*78,160
4 mos. gross	3,745,395	2,398,961	3,832,883
Net aft. taxes	821,035	*47,425	1,227,207
Sur. aft. chgs.	80,337	*877,989	406,175

*Deficit. †Surplus.

UNITED TRACTION CO. OF ALBANY for the quarter ended Sept. 30 as reported to the Public Service Commission, Second District, New York—

	1917.	1916.	Decrease.
Gross revenue	609,356	616,796	7,440
Net aft. taxes	59,884	83,761	*26,123
Total income	103,354	72,244	*31,120
Def. aft. chgs.	14,020	39,747	25,727

*Increase.

FEDERAL MINING AND SMELTING CO. for October, net earnings of $31,076 after all deductions, including depreciation. Compared with September, this represents a decrease of $81,346.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Nov. 27.—Twenty-two new corporations, with an aggregate capital stock of $1,057,000, were chartered today. They include:

Southall Trueblood Co., Manhattan, window cribs, baby carriages, $10,000; W. D. Trueblood, F. B. Dobbin, C. D. Robinson, 63 Park Row.

Camp Winnahkee Corp., Manhattan, summer camps, $10,000; A. G. Jacobson, L. J. Isaacs, W. H. Brown, 46 Cedar St.

Manowitz, Miller & Lowe, Manhattan, canvas coat fronts, $24,000; J. Manowitz, S. Miller, H. D. Lowe, 1,239 Grand Concourse.

New Chang Trading Co., Manhattan, fur business, $21,500; S. Sack, K. Lang, J. M. Marcuson, 2,179 Madison Av.

Trebert Airplane Motor Co., Rochester, $25,000; E. W. Cummings, J. S. Hayes, H. L. F. Trebert, Rochester.

Stern & Slutzky, Brooklyn, tailors, dressmakers, and milliners, $5,000; R. Stern, G. Slutzky, J. W. Einstein, 590 Bushwick Av.

Mevette, Inc., Rochester, $3,250,000; A. Whipple, W. F. Strang, C. R. Wright, Rochester.

Hebron Restaurant Co., Manhattan, $15,000; J. and J. Hebron, P. Bravy, 908 Trinity Av.

E. D. Gilberson & Co., Manhattan, iron and steel products, $50,000; E. D. and M. J. Gilberson, R. D. Whiting, 876 Wadsworth Av.

Preston Shirt Co., Manhattan, $25,000; A. P., T. S., and M. E. Watts, 645 West End Av.

Hungerford Securities Corp., Manhattan, $25,000; E. H. Madison, C. J. Krueger, G. C. St. John, 378 Park Place, Brooklyn.

Hollingshurst & Co., Manhattan, fertilizers, 2,000 shares common stock no par value, active capital $10,000; B. G. Graves, Jr., K. Byard, M. Spalletta, 120 Broadway.

Niagamalk, Inc., Buffalo, real estate, $125,000; S. E. Strong, F. Rider, E. W. Briggs, Medina.

Manevets & Ell, Manhattan, fur business, $10,000; W. F. Sachs, R. J. Moskowitz, H. M. Schiffer, 907 Tinton Av.

Land & Cox, Manhattan, importing and exporting business, $25,000; D. and B. Lands, B. J. B. Bernstein, 214 Audubon Av.

Three Star Garage, Brooklyn, $10,000; E. Cahn, C. W. Bliss, E. A. Pirscher, 123 Liberty St.

Mounds, Inc., Bronx, men's furnishing goods, $5,000; A. Schapiro, M. and J. H. Mounds, 560 Eagle Av., Bronx.

Netrum Realty Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; M. S. Schless, J. B. and J. P. Hand, Jr., 56 St. Nicholas Place.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Eclipse Box and Lumber Co., Manhattan, $50,000 to $200,000.

American Varnish Works, Brooklyn, $10,000 to $35,000.

R. M. Bixby & Co., Manhattan, $1,500 to $251,500.

Rex Window Advertising Co., Manhattan, $10,000 to $40,000.

Heavy Haulage Co., Manhattan, $2,000 to $250,000.

New York Piebaking Co., Manhattan, $300,000 to $400,000.

Keeler Mechanical Engraving Co., Manhattan, $350,000 to $420,000.

Virginia Carolina Navigation Co., Manhattan, $100,000 to $150,000.

The Regal Silk Co., Manhattan, $75,000 to $125,000.

Sealright Co., Fulton, $30,000 to $50,000.

Eclipse Oil Works, Brooklyn, $5,000 to $7,500.

Hart Trading Co., Manhattan, $50,000 to $100,000.

Eled Land Corp., Manhattan, $5,000 to $120,000.

Water Pine Corp., Manhattan, $1,000 to $30,000.

REORGANIZATION.

Astoria Veneer Mills and Dock Co., Manhattan, certificate filed showing reorganization to carry on business with $1,400,000.

DISSOLUTIONS.

John R. Davis Co., Brooklyn.
Ameco Motor and Electric Co., Manhattan.
Bicycling World Corp., Manhattan.
Roosevelt & Schuyler, Manhattan.
Becker & Heine Mfg. Co., Manhattan.
Port and Concrete Const. Co., Manhattan.
The Broadway Productions Co., Manhattan.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, Nov. 27.—Charters filed:

Kelly's Garage, Jersey City, $25,000; William J. Kelly, Mary E. Kelly, and James J. Kelly, all of Jersey City.

L. M. Simmonds Co., Newark, jewelry, $25,000; S. D. MacPherson, H. F. Sherman, and James F. Dempster, all of Providence.

Yantic Corp., Jersey City, real estate, $50,000; M. T. Waterman of Cleveldge, L. R. Francis of New York, and Frances Peterson of Rosebank.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Nov. 27.—Charters filed:

Arizona-California Consolidated, $10,000,000; C. L. Rimlinger, M. M. Clancy, C. M. Egner, of Wilmington.

Redondo Hermosa Harbor and Terminal Corp., $5,000,000; P. E. Brown, Brooklyn; A. R. Oakley, Pearl River, N. J.; C. A. Cole, Hackensack, N. J.

Automatic Safety Car Stop Co., $5,000,000; J. J. Jolly, M. A. Hortty, K. S. Longfield, of Wilmington.

United Sulphur and Development Co., $3,000,000; J. J. Depoculo, N. Ida, Depoculo, Lake Charles, La.; J. B. Bailey, of Dover.

Tennessee Oil and Gas Co., $2,000,000; T. W. Cole, Chicago; J. S. Wilson, M. Luce, Oak Park, Ill.

Apex Petroleum Corp., $1,000,000; Paul E. Britsch, Brooklyn; A. R. Oakley, Pearl River, N. J.; C. A. Cole, Hackensack, N. J.

Kentenna Carton Corp., $100,000; S. B. Howard, A. W. Britton, L. H. Gunther, all of New York.

The Premiums Service Co., $50,000; A. W. Britton, S. B. Howard, G. C. Reilly, of New York.

INCREASE IN CAPITAL STOCK.

Southern Carbon Co., New York, from $150,000 to $1,000,000.

COMMODITIES MARKETS

WHEAT.

It remains to be seen whether the new departure of the Food Administration, which will no longer give entire preference to the moving of wheat but will also consider the corn and oats, is going to seriously affect the movement of wheat to the mills. Some authorities complain that if the receipts are materially curtailed, mills in all parts of the country will be clamoring for wheat within a very short time, as the movement at best has been moderate, at least as it appears in the daily statistical reports. A break of 4 cents a bushel occurred in the Argentine market yesterday, which was thought to reflect larger offers and possibly less favorable conditions regarding tonnage.

RYE.—Market firmer; No. 2 Western, $1.91, cost and freight, New York.

CORN.

The corn market was easy at the close owing to the promise of larger receipts in the near future. The Food Administration has taken up the question of moving the corn crop, and it was said that in future preference will not be given to wheat, but that corn and oats will also receive attention. John J. Stream, Vice President of the Chicago Board of Trade, has been appointed head of the coarse grain division of the Food Administration and will have charge of the transportation and movement of coarse grains. The local cash market was easier, new yellow corn being quoted at $1.89, cost, insurance, and freight, New York, ten days shipment; Argentine, $2.06 to $2.10, free on board, New York, to arrive.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	1.35	1.32⅝	1.34⅝	1.34	67⅝
January	1.22½	1.20½	1.20⅝	1.21⅞	91⅞
May	1.20¼	1.18¼	1.18⅝	1.19⅝	90⅝

OATS.

Another sharp advance in the oats market sent that market to new high records, but prices reacted at the close on the promise of increased transportation facilities, and final prices were ½c net higher to ⅝c lower. A further sharp advance in Winnipeg and reports that Government buying, both in Canadian and American markets, was absorbing offers proved the potent bull factor. The local cash market was firm, standard quoted at 80c; No. 2 white, 80c; No. 3 white, 79½c; No. 4 white, 79c; fancy clipped white, 79½@81½c; ordinary clipped white, 78½@79½c, all elevator.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	71⅞	71⅛	72	71⅛	52⅝
May	71⅞	69⅝	69⅞	70½	56⅝

PROVISIONS.

A more liberal hog movement, with the hogs coming in heavier, and a decline in the hog market exerted only a temporarily bearish influence on the provision list. Prices were increased more particularly by the action of grain, at one time showing a sharp upward movement and closing with a partial reaction, although considerably above the previous close. The cash demand was active, and there was said to be a good export business doing. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 32,000; estimated for Wednesday, 35,000. Kansas City received 10,000 and Omaha 8,000.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
January	25.17	24.80	24.90	24.87	16.42
May	25.17	24.80	24.90	24.70	16.52
Ribs—					
January	25.75	25.05	25.55	25.10	14.50
May	25.70	24.95	25.52	24.92	14.75
Pork—					
January	47.95	47.00	47.45	46.72	27.35

COTTONSEED OIL.

A firmer tone prevailed in the market for cottonseed oil owing to an absence of selling pressure and due to the pronounced firmness in hog products, as well as other fats and greases. The volume of business was small, however, consisting of 1,000 barrels, and net price changes were not important, the close being unchanged to 10 points higher. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	18.20@19.00	18.25
December	18.37	18.37	18.25@18.37	18.15
January	18.39	18.38	18.30@18.40	18.30
February	..	..	18.25@ ..	18.25
March	18.47	18.40	18.38@18.47	18.30
April	..	..	18.30@ ..	..
May	..	..	18.00@ ..	..

COFFEE

The coffee market was steadier yesterday. It seemed that recent liquidation had left a firmer technical position, while there was trade buying as well as scattered covering, accompanied by reports of a steadier tone in Brazil. March contracts sold at 7.24c and May at 7.36c, or 4 to 5 points net higher, with the general list closing at a net advance of 5@7 points. The business included further exchanges of December for September at 77 and 79 points, and of December for March at 21 points. The local spot market was steady on the basis of 7½c for Rio 7s and 9½c for Santos 4s. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
November	..	..	6.96@6.99	6.91
December	6.94	6.85	6.86@6.90	6.91
January	..	..	7.06@7.08	7.00
February	..	..	7.14@7.15	7.08
March	7.34	7.24	7.24@7.24	7.16
April	..	..	7.31@7.32	7.24
May	7.36	7.24	7.34@7.39	7.32
June	..	..	7.40@7.41	7.41
July	7.52	7.38	7.45@7.58	7.50
August	..	..	7.60@7.65	7.58
September	7.74	7.66	7.73@7.74	7.66
October	..	..	7.79@7.81	7.72

SUGAR

Cuban officials are expected to meet here Friday and again start negotiations looking toward a maximum price on new crop sugars. It is believed that before the conference is ended a price will be fixed, and that the International Sugar Committee will at once make purchases of new crop, to come forward as rapidly as possible. In the meantime the situation here is acute, and the Russian sugar recently released has not been distributed, but it is believed that details will be settled upon so the sugar may be widely distributed the last of this week. Old crop Cubas remained nominally unchanged at the fixed price of 6.00c, duty paid. Spot prices follow: Centrifugal, 6.96c; molasses, 6.02c; cost and freight, 5½c.

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 8,074 packages. The market was higher and excited. There was a very marked shortage of fine and fancy fresh creamery, and prices on these grades jumped 1c a pound, but the secondary qualities moved upward a little and did not show the same improvement as the finer qualities. More done in storage creamery, but values advanced about ½c. Ladies and packing stock remained slow. Creamery, higher than extras, per lb., 43½@46c; extras (92 score), 47½@48c; firsts (88 to 91 score), 43½@47c; seconds (83 to 87 score), 40½@43c; thirds, 38½@39½c; creamery, unsalted, higher than extras, 49½@50c; extras, 48½@49c; firsts, 44½@47½c; seconds, 41½@44c; creamery, held, higher scores than extras, 44@44½c; extras, 43@43½c; firsts, 41½@42½c; seconds, 40@41c; state, specials, 44½@45½c; dairy, tubs, finest, 46@47c; good to prime, 42@45c; common to fair, 38@41½c; renovated, extras, 41@42c; firsts, 39½@40½c; lower grades, 35@38c; ladies, current make, firsts, 33½@34c; seconds, 32½@33c; lower grades, 31@32c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 32c; No. 2, 32c; lower grades, 30@31½c.

EGGS.—Receipts, 4,023 cases, not including 400 cases in transit for export. The scarcity of new-laid qualities continues, and dealers are short of any new-laid stock to supply urgent needs of the trade. Prices show further improvement under the competition to secure the few lots arriving which, show desirable quality. Storage eggs more active, and the tone firmer, with sales reported showing some improvement in prices. Nearby white eggs are in comparatively light supply, the demand is quiet and selective, and values very irregular. Few of the receipts show uniformly good size and freshness, and only such reach top quotations. The greater part of the business range from about 12c downward. Fresh gathered extras, per dozen, 66@69c; extra firsts, 58@67c; firsts, 54@55c; seconds, 47@53c; thirds and poorer, 46@45c; refrigerator, special marks, fancy, storage and insurance paid, 34½@35c; firsts, storage and insurance paid, 33@34c; seconds, storage and insurance paid, 30@32c; lower grades, storage and insurance paid, 24@30c. State, Pennsylvania, and nearby Western henery, whites, fine to fancy, 72@76c; ordinary to good, 66@70c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 60@72c. State, Pennsylvania, and nearby whites, pullets, 57@60c; Western and Southern, gathered white, 55@60c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby henery browns, 60@65c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 58@63c.

Safety in War Time

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100 Empire Steel & Iron Com.
25 Grasselli Chem. Pfd.
50 Lehigh Valley Coal Sales
25 Rush Creek Land Co.
15 Thurmond Land Co.
10 Title Guar. & Trust Stock
100 Weyman-Bruton Com.

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Buy
25 K. W. Bliss Com.
50 Famous Players-Lasky Film
20 Home Insurance
5M International Silver Deb. 6s
50 Lehigh Valley Coal Sales
50 Milliken Bros. Pfd.
100 Pacific Coast Com.
100 Penn Coal & Coke
50 Santa Cecilia Sugar Com. & Pfd.
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Va. Iron, Coal & Coke 5s, 1949
Monon Coal 5s, 1936
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DISCUSS EFFECTS OF PAPER DECREE

Government's Lawyers See in It an End of General Combinations.

AID TO PRICE REGULATION

Federal Trade Commission Now Recognized by Court as Body to Fix the Maximum Figure.

While members and employes of the News Print Manufacturers' Association, which was dissolved by court decree on Monday, were preparing yesterday for a wind-up of the business of the association, lawyers and corporation heads were discussing the significance and probable ultimate effects of the agreement between the Government and the news print manufacturers by which the paper situation was settled.

Two features of the agreement and court action based upon it were generally considered as especially important to the country at large, as distinguished from the news print paper industry. These were the establishment in law of the illegality of the so-called open competition associations when they have the effect of restraining trade and the court recognition of the Federal Trade Commission as a maximum price-fixing body for manufacturers and their customers.

Mark Hyman of 61 Broadway, one of the special assistants to the Attorney General who represented the Government in the action against the news print manufacturers and in the agreement, said yesterday that, in his opinion, the court decree abolishing the News Print Manufacturers' Association would have the effect of causing Directors to modify many other open competition associations now acting to restrain trade, and would, in addition, give the Government a sound basis of action against any such associations which continued to operate illegally. He pointed out that the decree had been admitted as having a foundation in law by several of the leading corporation lawyers of the city, and this gave it a standing among the members of the bar which would be generally recognized.

The News Print Manufacturers' Association, as do similar organizations in various industries, represented the latest method adopted by manufacturers to control their market, according to the Government's contention. When the first "trust busting" activities of the Government directed against the great corporations were successful, manufacturers seeking a new way to do an old thing, made formal agreements among each other as to prices, output, and distribution of products. Mr. Hyman said: "The Government broke up these formal agreements as illegal, he went on, and then pooling agreements, according to which manufacturers paid certain sums of money into a pool and forfeited their share if they became independent as to prices, &c., began to be heard of.

The Government put an end to the pooling agreements, and then came arbitration agreements, under which a man employed by manufacturers went from place to place to investigate and determine the prices and conditions that should govern the selling of products. When the arbitration agreements had been declared illegal, some manufacturers devised the system of selling their products through an agent who would apportion his sales among them.

Such selling schemes had their short day before falling below the law, and the next and latest development was the informal agreement among manufacturers which in the popular mind is represented by the famous "Gary Dinner," although Judge Gary has denied without successful contradiction by the Government that the dinner over which he presided was a price-fixing occasion. The News Print Manufacturers' Association, according to the Government, was a "Gary dinner" kind of an organization. The allegation upon which the decree for its dissolution was based was that the Executive Committee of the association held secret and informal meetings at which no minutes were kept but at which a small group of men who knew each other well discussed their industry and verbally agreed as to how it should be controlled in the interests of the manufacturers. The results of these agreements, the Government charged, were distributed among the members of the association who, though under no stated compulsion to abide by the decisions as to prices, production, and distribution, acted in what they considered their own best interest and did so.

The dissolution of the association was the first instance of Government success against this particular kind of "open competition association," and so established a precedent of importance. Mr. Hyman pointed out, however, that many industrial associations of manufacturers and others, formed for the purpose of advertising, research work, and mutual co-operation in such things as patents, were perfectly legal and distinctly beneficial. The only associations which need fear the law, he said, were those which had the effect of restraining trade, whether this was their expressed purpose or not.

Herbert C. Smyth of 15 Wall Street, who was also a special assistant to the Attorney General in the case against the paper manufacturers, emphasized yesterday the importance of the court recognition of the Federal Trade Commission as a price-fixing body. He said that the commission appeared for the first time as the fixer of a maximum price to govern an open market. The first price regulation by the commission came when it advised purchasing war boards what prices they should pay for products. Now the commission has been empowered to fix maximum prices for news print paper as between manufacturers and customers in general. This granting of authority to the commission was by agreement, but, Mr. Smyth said, if the public came to look upon the commission as a price-fixing body, the time when the commission would be authorized by Congress to fix maximum prices in any industry would be brought nearer. Mr. Hyman yesterday presented the most important features of the news print agreement as follows:

1. The agreement provides for determining maximum prices and does not fix prices; thus it leaves competition open up to the point of the maximum price, and assures the publishers that they will not have to pay more than the maximum.

2. The agreement will bring before the Federal Trade Commission considerably over one-half of the total consumption of news print paper within the United States and over three-fifths of the total consumption east of the Rocky Mountains. It brings in practically all of the Canadian manufacturers, including the tonnage represented by the Canadian Export Paper Company, Limited, which tonnage would not be subject to the jurisdiction of the United States except for the making of this agreement.

3. It is expected that steps will be taken to request the consent of the other manufacturers so that the great bulk of the tonnage, at least east of the Rocky Mountains, may be brought before the Federal Trade Commission, with the exception of the two companies that have never been in any combination and have always made just and reasonable prices without Governmental coercion.

4. The agreement brings in the tonnage represented by Mr. Gould and Mr. Backus, both of whom had declined to come into the previous arbitration agreement.

5. The agreement provides that each manufacturer shall insert in his contracts with his customers the arbitration provision as to prices and terms of contract, so that each publisher will have a legal cause of action in case of a violation of the agreement. In addition, the right is reserved to the Attorney General, representing all the publishers, to take steps to have the agreement carried out. The agreement is also recognized in the court decree.

6. The previous arbitration agreement provided for merely a six months' duration of fair prices, leaving the publishers at the mercy of the combination when the six months was up. The present agreement is complete, and covers the entire duration of the war and three months thereafter.

7. The defendants are put under broad injunctions preventing any form of general combination in the future, and preventing any of the manufacturers or their agents from entering into agreements, understandings, or concerts of action to limit or restrict them in their competition or to deter others from entering the field.

8. The Government's view that these open competition associations are illegal, is recognized in the most sweeping way, first, by the imposition of very substantial fines upon the indicted defendants, and, second, by the broad provisions of the decree enjoining the defendants from entering into any general combination which involves a concerted working to control or raise prices.

9. The agreement provides for regulation of just and reasonable terms of sale, instead of the arbitrary uniform contracts which were sprung on the publishers last Fall.

It was said yesterday at the offices of the News Print Manufacturers' Association, 18 East Forty-first Street, that a meeting of the members of the association would be held here about the middle of December so that they might take formal action dissolving their organization in accordance with the court decree.

JACOB H. SCHIFF RESIGNS.

To be Succeeded on Federal Milk Commission by His Son.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—Because of pressure of other affairs, Jacob H. Schiff, the New York banker, has resigned from the Federal Milk Commission of New York. The Food Administration announced the fact in the following communication:

"To the great regret of the United States Food Administration and of those who would have been associated with him, Mr. Jacob Schiff of New York finds it necessary to resign from the Federal Milk Commission for New York City.

"Mr. Schiff's wide experience, both in business and in philanthropic projects, would have made his judgment of very great value to the Commission, but the pressure of other affairs prevents his giving the time required for the comprehensive and extended hearings planned by the Commission. Mr. Schiff will be succeeded by Mr. Mortimer L. Schiff."

WAYS TO WIND UP ENEMY INSURANCE

State Official Suggests That They May Return Premiums or Reinsure.

It will be easy to liquidate the German insurance companies doing business under the laws of New York State, according to Daniel F. Gordon of the Insurance Department, who has supervision over the German insurance situation in New York.

"There are two things they can do," he said. "One is to cancel contracts and pay back the unearned premiums, and the other is to reinsure. Either course will take time, and needs careful administration."

The latest order of Secretary McAdoo, which calls upon German life insurance companies and companies of countries allied to Germany to stop writing new business, and to liquidate, was unexpected by several companies whose business here totals hundreds of millions.

D. H. Quackenbush of the Aachen and Munich Company, which writes direct fire insurance, said yesterday that his company had received no order from the Government. "We have just seen in the newspapers," he said, "what we are called upon to do. They say to liquidate, but, of course, that in itself means nothing. We can tell more about where we stand when we learn what plan the Secretary proposes. If they ask us to liquidate within a month, it can't be done, that's all."

H. N. Kelsey of the Hamburg-Bremen, another direct fire insurance company, said his company would need months to close up its business.

"It will be no easy matter to liquidate the German companies," he said. "I am afraid it will be like the small boy with the big meal: easy to swallow but bad in after effects. We can only wait until the Government tells us how to proceed and then do the best we can for the country and our policy holders."

The German companies all reported, in answer to inquiries, that their business had suffered tremendously since the entrance of the United States into the war. Before that, while the Allies were fighting alone, it was declared that business went on as usual, with the exception of a few anxious queries as to the prospects of loss due to the possible bankruptcy of the home offices.

The companies doing business in New York, affected by the Secretary's order, are the Aachen and Munich, Agent J. A. Kelsey, 80 Maiden Lane; Francona Reinsurance Company, (Fire,) Agent C. H. Franklin, 123 William Street; Hamburg-Bremen, Agent H. N. Kelsey, 123 William Street; Nord Deutsche, (Fire,) Agent J. A. Lenahan, 123 William Street; Frankfort General, (Liability,) 123 William Street; First Bulgarian Insurance Company, Agents Snow & Theime, 80 Maiden Lane.

A number of German companies have already suspended business because of war conditions and the order issued several weeks ago directing German insurance companies writing marine insurance to close. One German life insurance company, the Mercury Reinsurance Company, Agent M. W. Torrey at 1 Liberty Street, remains open.

DECLARE SUGAR DIVIDENDS.

Two Companies Make Disbursements Besides Regular Payments.

Three sugar-producing companies declared dividends yesterday, two of them making disbursements in addition to the regular payments.

The Great Western Sugar Company declared an extra dividend of $10 a share on its common stock, in addition to the regular quarterly dividends of 1¾ per cent. on the preferred and common stocks, all payable Jan. 2 to shareholders of record Dec. 15. Three months ago an extra dividend of the same amount was declared on the common stock.

The National Sugar Refining Company declared yesterday a quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent., payable Jan. 2 to holders of record on Dec. 10. This places the stock on a 7 per cent. basis. Previously the dividends have been at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum, or 1½ per cent. quarterly.

The Federal Sugar Refining Company declared its regular quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent. on the common stock, the same being payable Dec. 15 to shareholders of record Dec. 5.

National Bank Call Modified.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—To facilitate the reports of national banks in response to the call for conditions as of Nov. 20, Controller Williams tonight waived the requirement that the reports must include items of "interest accrued, but not yet collected," and "interest collected, but not yet accrued." Banks must keep their records of loans, however, so that these items may be reported in future calls.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha	.03	Hale & Norcross	.02
Alta	.03	Jacket	.05
Andes	.10	Mexican	.15
Best & Belcher	.60	Occidental	.60
Bullion	.01	Ophir	.10
Caledonia	.10	Overman	.04
Challenge Con	.05	Potosi	.01
Chollar	.03	Savage	.03
Confidence	.01	Sierra Nevada	.04
Con. Imperial	.01	Union Con	1.30
Con. Virginia	.01	Utah	.01
Gould & Curry	.01	Mexican dollars	.64

TONOPAH.		Goldfield Con	.43
Belmont	3.50	Goldfield Merger	.03
Halifax	.10	Great Bend	.06
Jim Butler	.77	Jumbo Ext	.16
McNamara	.18	Kewanas	.06
Midway	.07	Silver Pick	.08
Mizpah	.04	Spearhead	.04
Monarch Pitts	.04	MANHATTAN.	
Montana	.08	Consolidated	.16
North Star	.06	Morning Glory	.15
Rescue	.06	Sunset	.06
Tonopah Ext	1.55	Union Amal	.08
Tonopah Nevada	4.00	White Caps	.50
West End	.63	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
West Tonopah	.10	Nevada Hills	.05
GOLDFIELD.		Packard	.20
Atlanta	.09	Rochester	.37
Booth	.04	Round Mountain	.20
Florence	.12	United Eastern	3.60

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	5	5¼	Granite	38½	45
Dr. Jackpot	3½	3¾	Isabella	8¼	8⅝
Elkton	3½	4	McKinney	6⅝	10
El Paso	15	25	Portland	110	120
Fanny R.	2	4	U. Gold M.	15¾	17
Golden Cy.	169¼	173	Vindicator	33	36
Gold Sov.	2½	3			

5-CENT MATINEES EXEMPT.

New Government Ruling on Application of War Tax on Theatres.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—A ruling has been made by Internal Revenue Commissioner Roper to the effect that where the admission to a theatre at a matinee performance is only 5 cents the charge is not to be regarded as a fraction of the 10 cents admission which is taxable under the War Tax act. The law imposes a tax of 1 cent on each 10 cent admission or fraction thereof, and the tax is to be paid by the person buying such admission. It is now held that where the maximum charge for admission to a matinee is but 5 cents and an evening performance more than 5 cents, the tax is due only on the evening performance. The text of the decision follows:

"The rule has been established that where the charge for admission to a part of a theatre during a matinee performance does not exceed 5 cents and a charge exceeding 5 cents is made for the evening performance, tax will be only on admissions to the evening performance. However, all admissions to the evening performance, including those over 5 cents, will cause liability to tax to accrue.

"The same rule applies where the performance is continuous and the maximum charge up to a certain hour is in excess of 5 cents, and the maximum charge after such time does exceed 5 cents. In such case tax is due only on admissions paid after the time when the increased charge takes effect, but is due on all admissions paid after such time, including admissions not exceeding 5 cents.

"Bona fide employes of the theatre, municipal officers on official business and children under twelve years of age are exempt from such tax when admitted free. All other persons admitted free are subject to tax the same as persons paying for admission."

UNLISTED INVESTMENTS.

The Open Security Market published in The Annalist every Monday gives prices of first-class investments not quoted elsewhere. The Annalist, 10 cents on all news stands; $4.00 a year by mail. Times Square, New York. Advt.

UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

Inasmuch as the bulk of the business in United States Government bonds is done over the counter and not on the Stock Exchange, THE TIMES gives the following quotations, obtained from bond dealers:

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
2s, registered, 1930	96½	97	4s, registered, 1925	104½	105½
2s, coupon, 1930	96½	97	4s, coupon, 1925	104½	105½
4s, registered, 1918	99	100	3s, coupon, '38, reg	96	97
4s, coupon, 1918	99	100	3s, Panama, '38, coupon	96	97
4s, registered, 1936	85	90	3s, Panama, '61, reg	84	88
4s, coupon, 1936	84	88	3s, Panama, '61, coupon	84	88
4s, conversion, 1947	84	88			

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Ask.		Yesterday. Bid.	Ask.
4½s July, 1967	97⅞	98⅛	4s Nov., 1918	99⅛	....
4½s June, 1965	97⅞	98⅛	3½s Nov., 1954	79	....
4½s Mar., 1963	97⅞	98⅛	3½s May, 1954	80	81
4½s Nov., 1957	97⅞	98⅛	4½s Nov., 1958	79	81
4½s May, 1957	97⅞	98⅛	The following are quoted on a		
4½s Nov., 1917	99⅞	....	percentage basis:		
4½s April, 1960	92	93⅛	4½s, 1918-1923	4.65	4.50
4½s Mar., 1960-90	92⅞	94	4½s, 1924-1931	4.75	4.60
4½s Mar., 1964	92	93⅛	4½s, 1921-1923	4.75	4.40
4½s Mar., 1962	92	93	4½s, April, 1920	4.75	....
4½s Sept., 1960	92	93⅛	4½s, 1918-1919	5.00	4.75
4s May, 1930	86½	87	4½s, 1940-1953	4.80	4.50
4s Nov., 1958	89½	91	4½s, 1930-1939	4.80	4.50
4s May, 1957	89½	....	4½s, 1922-1923	4.80	4.50
4s Nov., 1956	88	....	4½s, 1918-1921	4.80	4.50
4s Nov., 1955	88	....	4s, 1940-1953	4.80	4.40
4s Nov., 1936	90½	....	4s, 1926-1930	4.80	4.40
4s May, 1919	98½	99⅛	4s, 1918-1923	4.80	4.40

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sales.	Stocks.	High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
40	Am. Light & Traction	226	225	225	228
90	Northern States Power	62	58	60	60
200	Pacific Gas & Electric	35⅝	36	36½	37¼

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Elec. Power	16	18	Interstate Electric'p'r	8	40
Adiron. Elec. Power pf.	70	75	Lincoln Gas & Electric	41	49
Am. Gas & Electric	90	92	Miss. River Power	7	9
Am. Gas & Elec. pf.	43	44	Miss. River Power pf.	84	86
Am. Light & Trac. pf.	94	95	Northern Ohio Electric	30	32
Am. Power & Light	40	43	Northern Ohio Elec. pf.	65	72
Am. Power & Light pf.	77	80	North. Ont. Lt. & Pow.	11	15
Am. Public Utilities	80	90	Nor. Ont. Lt. & P. pf.	55	60
Am. Pub. Utilities pf.	50	65	Northern States P. pf.	83	88
Am. Water W. & Elec.	4½	5½	Northern Texas Electric	50	54
Am. W. W. & E. pref.	7	15	Northern Tex. Elec. pf.	65	75
Am. W. W. & E. 1st pf	58	62	Ozark Power & Water	35	45
Carolina Power & Light	80	81	Pacific Gas & Elec. pf.	80¾	81¾
Carolina P. & L. pf.	93	94	Pine Bluff P. & L.	96	98
Cities Service	213	215	Pub. Serv. Secur. pf.	14½	16½
Cities Service pf.	74½	75	Puget Sd. Tr., L. & P.	13½	15
Colorado Power	20	23	Puget S. T., L. & P. pf.	48	53
Colorado Power pf.	85	88	Ry. & Lt. Secur. pf.	86	89
Columbus Electric pf.	78	82	Republic Ry. & Light	23	25
Commonwealth P. & L.	55	60	Republic Ry. & Lt. pf.	85	90
Com'wealth P. & L. pf.	65	70	Sierra Pac. Elec. pf.	92½	97½
Conn. Power pf.	85	90	Southern Cal. Edison	80	83
Consumers' Power pf.	89	92	South. Cal. Edison pf.	94	97
Dayton Power & Lt. pf.	79½	81	Standard Gas & Elec.	4½	5
Duluth Edison	70	75	Stand. Gas & Elec. pf.	27	32
Eastern Texas Electric	50	55	Tampa Electric	102	....
Eastern Texas Elec. pf.	79	84	Tenn. Ry., Lt. & Power	2	4
El Paso Electric	105	107	Tenn. Ry., Lt. & P. pf.	10	12
El Paso Electric 1st pf.	96	98	Texas Power & Lt. pf.	97	100
Electric B. & S. pf.	94	97	Tri-City Ry. & Lt. pf.	86	89
Electric Properties	50	55	United Gas Improv.	86	89½
Empire Dist. Elec. pf.	84	89	United Light & Rys.	27	29
Federal Light & Trac.	5	15	United Lt. & Rys. pf.	63	66
Federal Lt. & Trac. pf.	58	63	Wash. I. W. L. & P. pf.	82	84
Galveston-Hous. Elec.	16	18	West. P. Ter. & W. P.	10	15
Galveston-Hous. El. pf.	48	53	W. P. Ter. & W. P. pf.	50	65
Gas & Elec. Securities	230	300	West. Penn. P. pf.	95	100
Gas & Elec. Secur. pf.	93	98	Western Power	10	12
Idaho Power 7% pf.	98	100	Western Power pf.	40	45
Illi. Mi. Ry., L. & P. pf.	96	98	Wisconsin Edison	96	98
Interstate Electric	36	42	Yadkin River P. 7% pf.	98	100

Bonds.

Alabama Water 6s, '20	97¼	98¼	Middle West U. 6s, '23	98	99
Am. W. W. & E. col. 5s	63	66	Man. & S. R. & L. 5s	99½	100
Appa. Power 5s, 1932	70	75	Miss. Riv. Power 1st 5s	67	70
Carolina P. & L. 5s	80	82	Miss. V. G. & E. 5s	22	80
Central P. & L. 1st 5s	95	98	New Eng. Pow. 5s, '51	94	96
Central Ill. Light 5s	95	98	N. O. L. & P. 1st 6s, '31	77	82
Cincinnati Gas & Elec. Co. 1st 5s, 1936	....	93	Nor. States P. 7s, 1936	90	94
Col. G. & E. deb. 5s, '27	70	75	Nor. States P. 5s, 1941	87	87½
Commonwealth Power (Neb.) 1st 6s, 1941	87	....	Nor. Texas Elec. col. 5s	82	87
Conn. Pow. 5s, 1963	90	95	Ohio Gas 1st 6s, 1939	100½	102
Conn. River P. 5s, 1937	95	99	Ohio Riv. Edison 1st 5s	90	95
Cum. Co. P. & L. 1st pf. 5s, 1942	....	90	P., G. & E. (Ariz.) 6s, '24	95	100
Cum. Gas & El. 1st 5s	100½	101½	Portland Gen. Elec. 5s	99	101
Dallas Elec. 5s, 1922	90	95	Roanoke W. W. 5s, '51	96½	....
Denver G. & E. gen. 5s	86	90	Stand. G. of N. J. 5s, '45	94	96
East. Ohio Gas 1st 5s	95	100	So. Cal. Edison 5s, '39	89	92
East. Tex. El. col. 5s	85	90	Twin States Gas & Ele.	....	....
El Paso Elec. col. 5s	57	62	Tri-City Ry. & L. 5s, 1923	87	92
Empire Gas & Fuel 6s	99	100	U. S. R., R. & M. 6s, '25	111	113
Gt. West. Pow. 5s, '46	75	80	Un. L. & R. 1st 5s, '32	83	87
Gt. West. Pow. 6s, '25	85	95	U. L. & R. deb. 6s, '26	93	96
Inter-Mt. R., L. & P. 6s	94½	....	United Ill. co. 5s, '26	93	98
Kan. Pub. Serv. 5s, '44	93	96	Utah Securities 6s	85½	86½
Knox. Gas 1st 5s, '36	85	90	Wash. I. W. L. & P. 6s	95	98
L., G. & E. Co. 1st 5s '41	85	90	Western Power 1st 5s	96	98
Mich. Light 5s, 1946	97½	99	West. S. G. & E. 1st 5s	91½	93½
			West P. P. 1st 5s, '40	89	92
			Wis. Edison 6s, 1924	90	93

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	Alabama Co.	51	51	51
100	Con. Power	98	97½	97½
1,380	Coden	7½	7½	7½
115	Davidson	25	24	24

Bonds.

$4,500	Balt. City 4s, 1958	94	94	94
1,000	B. Tr. 5s, N.B.	99	99	99
2,000	City & Sub.	90¾	90¾	90¾
2,000	Con. Gas 6s	100¼	100¼	100¼
9,000	C. & Co. 6s, B	79½	79	79
4,000	C. Gas 6s, '19	91¼	91¼	91¼

BOSTON

Mining.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
85	Am. Zinc	14½	14	14
10	Adventure	1	1	1
40	Ahmeek	83¼	83	83
150	Alaska Gold	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
5	Allouez	52½	52½	52½
100	Anaconda	60	60	60
1,130	Ariz. Com'l	12⅝	11⅝	11⅝
100	Butte & B.	52c	52c	52c
8	Cal. & Ariz.	67¼	66	66½
16	Cal. & Hecla	435	430	430
5	Chino	42¼	42¼	42¼
95	Cop. Range	45½	45½	45½
100	Daly West	2	2	2
208	East Butte	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛
45	Isle Royale	23½	23½	23½
120	Lake	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛
645	Mohawk	61½	60	61
15	Boston & A.	131	131	131
100	Boston Elev.	34¼	34	34
5	Boston & L.	80	80	80
75	Fitch pf.	49	49	49
85	Mass. Elec.	3	2½	2½
20	Am. Ag. Ch.	79½	79	79
5	Am. Sugar	99	98½	98½
6	Am. Sug. pf.	110	110	110
857	Am. T. & T.	109	108½	107
28	Am. Wool. pf.	89½	88½	88½
30	Art Metal	9½	9½	9½
165	A., G. & W. I.	100	98½	99½
10	Edison Elec.	157	157	157
10	Ga. Elec.	118¼	118¼	118¼
27	Gen. Elec.	128¼	127	127
6	Mass. Gas	50	50	50

Railroads.

150	New Haven	28	28	28
5	Old Colony	95	95	95
16	Union Pacific	115	115	115
10	West End	37¼	37¼	37¼
36	Do pf.	49	44½	49

Miscellaneous.

22	Mergenthaler	137¼	137	137
17	N. E. C. Pass.	88	88	88
2	N. E. Tel.	101½	101	101½
10	N. S. Steel	67	67	67
46	Swift	127	126½	126½
40	Torrington	48	48	48
267	U. S. Print	118¾	114½	117¼
26	Un. Shoe	43¼	43	43¼
5	Do pf.	28¾	28¾	28¾
545	Ventura Con.	8¾	8¾	8¾
20	Western Un.	83¾	83¾	83¾

Bonds.

$1,000	A. A. Ch. 5s	92¼	92¼	92¼
2,000	A. T. & T. 4s	82¼	82¼	82¼
10,000	Mass. G. 4½s	83	83	83
$2,500	U. S. Sm. 6s	100	100	100
18,000	U. S. Lib. 3½s	99.50	98.86	99
9,000	Do 4s	98	97.70	98

CHICAGO.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
70	Am. Rad'r	260	260	260
120	Booth Fish	19	19	19
50	Chi. C. & C. pf.	17¼	17¼	17¼
10	Chi. R., S. L.	45	45	45
230	Chi. R., S. 2.	10	10	10
25	Chi. T. & T.	175	175	175
67	Cudahy	114	112	112
504	Com. Edison	107½	105	105
20	Deere pf.	96	96	96
30	Dia. Match	108	107½	107½

Bonds.

$1,000	Chi. City Ry. 1st 5s	88½	88½	88½
3,000	Chi. Tel. 5s	96¼	96¼	96¼
3,000	C. Ed. 1st 5s	93	93	93
3,000	C. El. 1st 5s	90½	90½	90½

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Buff. & S. pf	60½	60	60½
20	Brill	16	16	16
100	Elec. Stor.	50	50	50
16	Ins. Co., N. A.	24¾	24¼	24¾
1,017	Lake S. Cp.	12⅝	12	12
627	Lehigh Nav.	57¾	56¾	56¾
1,343	Do warrants	7	6¼	6¾
72	Lehigh Val.	55½	55	55
30	Phil. Co.	28	28	28

Bonds.

$3,500	City 4s,

THE NATIONAL PARK BANK OF NEW YORK

STATEMENT OF CONDITION

NOVEMBER 20, 1917

RESOURCES		LIABILITIES	
Loans and Discounts	$164,296,430.43	Capital	$ 5,000,000.00
U. S. Bonds and Certificates to secure Deposits	15,007,000.00	Surplus and Undivided Profits	17,063,881.18
U. S. Bonds to secure Circulation	3,580,000.00	Discount Collected but not earned	1,098,698.70
U. S. Bonds and Certificates on hand	2,106,500.00	Reserved for Interest and Taxes	399,253.22
Other Bonds to secure Deposits	7,480,706.68	Circulation	3,553,197.50
Other Bonds and Securities	3,621,100.76	Acceptances and Letters of Credit	3,819,689.08
Banking House	2,279,598.82	Rediscounts	6,153,302.60
Due from Federal Reserve Bank	22,269,736.66	Bonds Borrowed	3,030,000.00
Exchanges for Clearing House	12,853,198.90	Deposits: Banks $87,976,518.67	
Cash and due from Banks	4,434,628.05	Individuals 82,621,528.18	
Due from U. S. Treasurer	400,005.00	U. S. Gov't 31,263,745.63	
Customer's Liability Account of Acceptances and Letters of Credit	3,202,120.34		201,861,792.48
Interest earned but not collected	448,789.12		
	$241,979,814.76		$241,979,814.76

PRESIDENT
RICHARD DELAFIELD

VICE-PRESIDENTS
GILBERT G. THORNE — WILLIAM O. JONES — GEORGE H. KRETZ
JOHN C. VAN CLEAF — MAURICE H. EWER — SYLVESTER W. LABROT

CASHIER
ERNEST V. CONNOLLY

ASSISTANT CASHIERS
WILLIAM A. MAIN — J. E. PROVINE — HENRY L. SPARKS
FRED'K O. FOXCROFT — WILLIAM E. DOUGLAS — BYRON F. ROBBINS
PERCY J. EBBOTT

DIRECTORS
STUYVESANT FISH — CORNELIUS VANDERBILT — JOSEPH D. OLIVER
CHARLES SCRIBNER — GILBERT G. THORNE — ROBERT F. PERKINS
EDWARD C. HOYT — RICHARD H. WILLIAMS — JOHN J. PIERREPONT
W. ROCKHILL POTTS — THOMAS F. VIETOR — LEWIS CASS LEDYARD, JR.
RICHARD DELAFIELD — JOHN G. MILBURN — HORACE C. STEBBINS
FRANCIS R. APPLETON — WILLIAM VINCENT ASTOR

The Second National Bank

OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK
Fifth Avenue and 28th Street
STATEMENT OF CONDITION
November 20, 1917.

RESOURCES		LIABILITIES	
Loans, discounts and investments	$17,713,613.08	Capital	$1,000,000.00
United States bonds and certificates of indebtedness	1,692,150.00	Surplus and undivided profits	3,758,022.92
United States bonds to secure circulation	950,000.00	Reserved for taxes	156,988.91
Banking house	1,171,950.99	Circulation	896,797.50
Checks and other cash items	203,033.48	Deposits	17,011,113.11
5% redemption fund, and due from United States Treasurer	61,500.00	United States deposits	2,981,410.00
Reserve in Federal Reserve Bank	2,340,822.36	United States bond account	10,000.00
Cash, exchanges for Clearing House, and net amount due from national banks	2,532,192.70	Unearned discount	108,000.00
Interest accrued	58,000.00	Other liabilities	730.17
	$26,623,062.61		$26,623,062.61

DIRECTORS

John Aitken — Edward H. Peaslee — Louis M. Starr
H. Blanchard Dominick — Dwight S. Richardson — James A. Stillman
Thomas A. Hovell — Percy A. Rockefeller — Percy S. Straus
F. Coit Johnson — William A. Simpson

The Market and Fulton National Bank

of NEW YORK

Statement November 20, 1917

Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits, $3,169,487

RESOURCES

Loans and Discounts		$8,672,830.27
U. S. Bonds		1,533,520.00
Other Bonds and Stocks		1,356,602.74
Banking House		550,000.00
Other Real Estate		15,500.00
Customers' Liability, Account Acceptances		44,856.15
Uncollected Interest		8,400.00
Cash Items: Cash and Reserve	$3,771,144.00	
Cash Items: Exchanges for Clearing House	947,431.77	
Cash Items: Due from Banks	782,811.92	5,501,387.69
		$17,683,097.84

LIABILITIES

Capital		$1,000,000.00
Surplus and Profits		2,102,487.84
Unearned Interest		67,000.00
Reserved for Taxes		26,000.00
Circulation		95,190.00
Acceptances		44,856.15
Deposits		14,347,562.85
		$17,683,097.84

ALEXANDER GILBERT, Chairman of the Board
ROBERT A. PARKER, President
WILLIAM M. ROSENDALE, Cashier
ALBERT D. BURRY, Asst. Cashier

(Charter No. 1296.)
REPORT OF CONDITION OF

THE CITIZENS NATIONAL BANK OF NEW YORK

at New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business on November 20, 1917:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$32,100,479.86
Acceptances of other banks discounted	583,631.87	
Total loans		$32,684,111.73
Deduct: Notes and bills rediscounted, $1,255,000.00; acceptances of other banks payable at future date, guaranteed by this bank by endorsement or otherwise, $73,000.12	1,328,000.12	
		$31,356,031.61
Overdrafts, unsecured		3,472.35
Customers' liability under letters of credit actually used		89,715.00
Customers' liability account of "acceptances"		1,638,336.76
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)	$1,026,100.00	
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness pledged to secure U. S. deposits (par value)	390,000.00	
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness owned and unpledged	1,010,000.00	
Total U. S. bonds (other than Liberty Bonds) and certificates of indebtedness		2,426,100.00
Liberty Loan bonds, unpledged, 3½ per cent. and 4 per cent.	177,650.00	
Liberty Loan bonds, pledged to secure U. S. and other deposits, 3½ per cent. and 4 per cent.	500,000.00	
		677,650.00
Bonds, other than U. S. bonds pledged to secure U. S. deposits		3,392,285.50
Securities other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks) owned unpledged		189,820.00
Total bonds, securities, &c.		438,105.50
Stocks other than Federal Reserve Bank stock		23,500.00
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (50 per cent. of subscription)		136,500.00
Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank		4,390,970.41
Items with Federal Reserve Bank in process of collection (not available as reserve)		937,558.81
Cash in vault and net amounts due from national banks		1,443,589.75
Net amounts due from banks, bankers, and trust companies		856,266.03
Exchanges for Clearing House		1,821,191.46
Checks on other banks in the same city		215,695.26
Checks on banks located outside of city and other cash items		331,880.07
Redemption fund and due from U. S. Treasurer		80,205.00
Interest earned but not collected		12,850.42
Total		$46,809,880.43

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$2,550,000.00
Surplus fund		2,000,000.00
Undivided profits	$900,837.97	
Less current expenses, interest, and taxes paid	139,143.93	
		761,694.04
Interest and discount collected but not earned		273,293.96
Amount reserved for taxes accrued		44,065.90
Amount reserved for all interest accrued		36,972.43
Circulating notes outstanding		1,915,897.50
Demand deposits		
Net amounts due to national banks		1,537,344.26
Net amounts due to banks, bankers, and trust companies		2,071,290.08
Individual deposits subject to check		27,670,411.30
Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days		7,791.95
Certified checks		354,582.48
Cashier's checks outstanding		219,850.96
Dividends unpaid		1,108.00
Time deposits:		
Certificates of deposits		216,800.00
Other time deposits		26,550.00
United States deposits		5,000,000.00
Bills payable, with Federal Reserve Bank		1,000,000.00
Cash letters of credit and travelers' checks outstanding		4,214.15
Customers' letters of credit drawn against		84,715.00
Acceptances executed for customers		1,608,497.52
Total		$46,809,880.43

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
I, ALBION K. CHAPMAN, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
A. K. CHAPMAN, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 27th day of November, 1917.
[Seal.] C. MORRISON, Notary Public.
Correct—Attest:
DARWIN P. KINGSLEY,
CHARLES A. MUNN,
WM. FELLOWES MORGAN, } Directors.

DIVIDENDS

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD CO.

The regular Quarterly Dividend of $2.00 per share on the Common Stock, and an extra Dividend of Fifty cents per share on the Common Stock of this Company have this day been declared, payable on Wednesday, January 2, 1918, to Stockholders of record at 12 Noon, on Saturday, December 1, 1917.

Stockholders who have not already done so are urgently requested to file dividend mailing orders with the undersigned from whom blank forms may be had upon application.

FREDERIC V. S. CROSBY, Treasurer.
165 Broadway, New York, N. Y.
November 8, 1917.

OFFICE OF
THE NIAGARA FALLS POWER CO.
18 Broad St., New York, Nov. 27, 1917.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of this Company, held on the 27th day of November, 1917, a dividend of $2.00 per share on the capital stock of this company was declared from and out of its surplus income for the ten months ended October 31, 1917, payable on the 15th day of January, 1918, to stockholders of record on the 21st day of December, 1917.

F. L. LOVELACE, Secretary.

(No. 7,447.)
REPORT OF CONDITION OF THE

Battery Park National Bank

at New York City, in the State of New York, at the close of business on November 20, 1917:

RESOURCES.

a Loans and discounts (except those shown on b and c)	$5,453,352.24	
b Acceptances of other banks discounted	34,290.20	
c Customers' liability account of acceptances of this bank purchased or discounted by it	66,586.30	
Total loans	$5,554,228.74	
Deduct:		
Foreign bills of exchange or drafts sold with indorsement of this bank	$76,513.37	
		$5,177,715.37
Overdrafts, secured		4,510.56
Customers' liability account of "Acceptances" executed by this bank and now outstanding		139,362.55
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)		200,000.00
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness pledged to secure U. S. deposits (par value)		250,000.00
Liberty Loan Bonds, unpledged, 3½ per cent. and 4 per cent.		26,410.00
Bonds, securities, &c., (other than U. S.):		
Bonds other than U. S. bonds pledged to secure postal savings deposits	$25,000.00	
Securities other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks) owned unpledged	122,881.53	
Stocks, other than Federal Reserve Bank stock	12,708.00	
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (50 per cent. of subscription)	18,000.00	
Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank	876,539.98	
Items with Federal Reserve Bank in process of collection (not available as reserve)	118,353.52	
Cash in vault and net amounts due from national banks	509,143.46	
Net amounts due from banks, bankers, and trust companies	230,744.05	
Exchanges for Clearing House	1,093,739.11	
Checks on banks located outside of city or town of reporting bank and other cash items	1,218.24	
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer	10,000.00	
Interest earned but not collected (approximate)	7,300.00	
Payment made on account of subscriptions 2nd Liberty Loan	61,354.00	
		3,146,981.89
Total		$8,944,980.37

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$400,000.00
Surplus fund		200,000.00
Undivided profits	$362,190.27	
Less current expenses, interest, and taxes paid	67,533.83	
	$294,656.44	
Interest and discount collected but not earned (approximate)	15,600.00	
Amount reserved for taxes accrued	6,737.50	
Amount reserved for all interest accrued	3,488.24	
		320,472.18
Circulating notes outstanding		190,000.00
Net amounts due to national banks	$25,579.95	
Net amounts due to banks, bankers, and trust companies	10,326.25	
Individual deposits subject to check	6,461,093.40	
Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days (other than for money borrowed)	79,311.52	
Certified checks	578,478.47	
Cashier's checks outstanding	255,142.28	
Dividends unpaid	60.00	
Other demand deposits	8,556.80	
Time certificates of deposit	6,956.78	
Postal savings deposits	25,000.00	
Other time deposits (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days' or more notice)	28,594.57	
War loan deposit account	300,000.00	
		7,674,100.02
Acceptances executed for customers		139,362.55
Liabilities other than those above stated (anticipated acceptances)		21,045.62
Total		$8,944,980.37

Contingent liabilities:
Foreign bills of exchange or drafts sold with indorsement of this bank $376,513.37
State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
I, EDWIN B. DAY, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
EDWIN B. DAY, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 27th day of November, 1917.
[Seal.] EDMUND J. LIEPMANN,
Notary Public New York County, No. 149.
Correct—Attest:
H. C. CORNER,
ALFRED ROMER,
GEO. T. HAY, } Directors.

DIVIDENDS

NEW YORK TRANSIT COMPANY.
26 Broadway, New York, November 28, 1917.

A dividend of Four Dollars per share, and an extra dividend of Two Dollars per share, has been declared on the Capital Stock of this Company, payable January 15, 1918, to stockholders of record at the close of business December 22, 1917.

All communications regarding payment or change of address should be sent to the undersigned not later than January 8, 1917.

GEORGE CHRESBIRD, Secretary.

(Charter No. 1231.)
REPORT OF CONDITION OF

THE IMPORTERS & TRADERS NATIONAL BANK OF NEW YORK,

at New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business on Nov. 20th, 1917:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$30,900,447.36	
Deduct: Bills discounted, pledged to sec. 4 U. S. deposits	2,897,728.00	
	$28,002,719.36	
Overdrafts, unsecured		1,390.43
Customers' liability account of "acceptances" executed by this bank and now outstanding		867,627.90
U. S. bonds (other than Liberty bonds of 1917):		
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)	$51,000.00	
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness pledged to secure U. S. deposits (par value)	2,200,000.00	
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness owned and unpledged	680,000.00	
Total U. S. bonds (other than Liberty bonds) and certificates of indebtedness		2,931,000.00
Liberty Loan bonds, pledged to secure U. S. and other deposits, 3½ per cent. and 4 per cent.		1,964,000.00
Bonds, securities, &c., (other than U. S.):		
Bonds other than U. S. bonds pledged to secure postal savings deposits	$25,000.00	
Bonds and securities pledged as collateral for State or other deposits (postal excluded) or bills payable	20,000.00	
Securities other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks) owned unpledged	92,368.75	
Total bonds, securities, etc.		137,368.75
Stocks, other than Federal Reserve Bank stock		825.00
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (50 per cent. of subscription)		12,000.00
Furniture and fixtures		8,242.00
Real estate owned other than banking house		5,000.00
Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank		624,044.55
Items with Federal Reserve Bank in process of collection (not available as reserve)		451,894.83
Cash in vault and net amounts due from national banks		375,968.80
Net amounts due from banks, bankers, and trust companies other than included in Items 13, 14, and 15		11,734.23
Checks on banks located outside of city or town of reporting bank and other cash items		110,727.04
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer		7,300.00
Interest earned but not collected (approximate)		54,550.00
Other assets, if any		6,293.50
Total		$47,857,318.25

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$1,500,000.00
Surplus fund		6,000,000.00
Undivided profits	$1,959,463.92	
Less current expenses, interest, and taxes paid	285,109.77	
		1,673,354.15
Interest and discount collected but not earned (approximate)		203,807.00
Amount reserved for taxes accrued		104,461.94
Amount reserved for all interest accrued		24,216.81
Circulating notes outstanding		51,000.00
31. Net amounts due to national banks		7,091,386.05
32. Net amounts due to banks, bankers, and trust companies (other than included in 31)		5,732,285.57
Total of Items 31 and 32, $12,823,669.62.		
Demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to reserve (deposits payable within 30 days)		
33. Individual deposits subject to check		16,447,429.94
34. Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days (other than for money borrowed)		558,150.00
35. Certified checks		287,705.43
36. Cashier's checks outstanding		162,800.43
37. State, county, or other municipal deposits secured by pledge of assets of this bank		50,938.03
39. Dividends unpaid		5,017.00
Total demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to Reserve, Items 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, and 39, $17,532,040.83.		
Time deposits subject to Reserve (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days or more notice):		
Certificates of deposit (other than for money borrowed)		400,000.00
United States deposits (other than postal savings)		
War loan deposit account		7,674,100.02
Bills payable, with Federal Reserve Bank		6,177,080.00
Acceptances executed for customers		500,000.00
Liabilities other than those above stated		867,627.90
Total		$47,857,318.25

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
I, E. P. TOWNSEND, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
E. P. TOWNSEND, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 27th day of November, 1917.
[Seal.] CHAS. E. McCARTHY,
Notary Public 22, N. Y. Co.
Correct—Attest:
H. H. POWELL,
JOHN J. WALTON,
J. W. SPALDING, } Directors.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

PREMIUM POINT COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the stockholders of the Premium Point Company will be held at the office of the President, Room No. 1,311, at No. 31 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon of Wednesday, the 12th day of December, 1917, for the purpose of electing a Board of Trustees for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

THEODORE C. MARCEAU, Secretary.
Dated New York City, November 28, 1917.

[Charter No. 8822, Reserve District No. 2.]
REPORT OF CONDITION OF THE

SHERMAN NATIONAL BANK

at New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business on November 20th, 1917:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$3,984,222.18	
Deduct:		
1. (d) Notes and bills rediscounted, other than bank acceptances sold, (see Item 5(a))	34,025.00	
		$3,950,197.18
Overdrafts—unsecured		1,450.78
Customers' liability under Letters of Credit actually used and for which this bank has not been reimbursed		11,750.00
U. S. bonds (other than Liberty bonds of 1917):		
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)		176,000.00
Liberty Loan bonds, unpledged, 3½ per cent. and 4 per cent.		127,014.00
Bonds, securities, etc. (other than U. S.):		
Bonds other than U. S. bonds pledged to secure postal savings deposits	$25,000.00	
Bonds and securities pledged as collateral for State or other deposits (postal excluded) or bills payable	20,000.00	
Securities other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks) owned unpledged	92,368.75	
Total bonds, securities, etc.		137,368.75
Stocks, other than Federal Reserve Bank stock		825.00
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (50 per cent. of subscription)		12,000.00
Furniture and fixtures		8,242.00
Real estate owned other than banking house		5,000.00
13. Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank		624,044.55
14. Items with Federal Reserve Bank in process of collection (not available as reserve)		451,894.83
15. Cash in vault and net amounts due from national banks		375,968.80
16. Net amounts due from banks, bankers, and trust companies other than included in Items 13, 14, and 15		11,734.23
17. Exchanges for Clearing House		110,727.04
18. Checks on other banks in the same city or town as reporting bank (other than Item 17)		7,300.00
Total of Items 14, 15, 16, 17, and 18, $4,988,190.64.		
Checks on banks located outside of city or town of reporting bank and other cash items		54,550.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer		6,293.50
Interest earned but not collected (approximate)		43,719.60
Other assets, if any		3,297,728.00
Total		$47,857,318.25

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$500,000.00
Surplus fund		150,000.00
Undivided profits	$26,031.50	
Less current expenses, interest, and taxes paid	21,145.27	
		4,886.23
Interest and discount collected but not earned (approximate)		22,885.23
Amount reserved for taxes accrued		3,100.00
Circulating notes outstanding		174,400.00
31. Net amounts due to national banks		8,172.24
32. Net amounts due to banks, bankers, and trust companies (other than included in 31)		60,378.62
Total of Items 31 and 32, $68,550.85.		
Demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to reserve (deposits payable within 30 days):		
33. Individual deposits subject to check		4,877,454.29
34. Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days (other than for money borrowed)		67,625.00
35. Certified checks		6,169.81
36. Cashier's checks outstanding		
37. State, county, or other municipal deposits secured by pledge of assets of this bank		20,000.00
39. Dividends unpaid		90.00
Total demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to reserve, Items 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, and 39, $4,971,278.30.		
Time deposits subject to reserve (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days' or more notice, and postal savings):		
Certificates of deposit (other than for money borrowed)		2,550.68
Postal savings deposits		11,780.00
Customers' letters of credit drawn against		
Total		$5,903,401.29
53. (a) Liabilities for rediscounts, including those with Federal Reserve Bank, (see Item 1d)		$34,025.00

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
I, CHAS. W. HODSON, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
CHAS. W. HODSON, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 27th day of November, 1917.
MARTIN A. NEGGESMITH,
Notary Public.
Certificate filed in New York County.
County Clerk's No. 31, Register's No. 1027.
Correct—Attest:
W. SHINNGON,
WILLIAM J. TAYLOR,
CHARLES G. COLYER, } Directors.

DIVIDENDS.

Everett, Heaney & Co., Inc.

The Board of Directors of Everett, Heaney & Co., Inc. beg to announce that a dividend of 2½ per cent. per share has been declared payable January 2, 1918, to stockholders of record December 21, 1917.

FRANK J. HEANEY, President.
SILAS K. EVERETT, Treasurer.

New York, November 23, 1917.

(No. 9,360.)
REPORT OF CONDITION OF THE

Union Exchange National Bank of New York,

at New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business on Nov. 20th, 1917:

RESOURCES.

1. Loans and discounts, (except those shown on b)	$11,176,173.56	
a Customers' liability account of acceptances of this bank purchased or discounted by it	50,500.00	
Total loans	$11,822,791.56	
Deduct:		
Notes and bills rediscounted, other than bank acceptances sold (see Item 5(a))	987,874.36	
		$10,834,899.20
Overdrafts, unsecured		4,638.52
Customers' liability account of acceptances executed by this bank and now outstanding		43,500.00
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)		400,000.00
Liberty Loan bonds, unpledged, 3½ per cent. and 4 per cent. $196,828.00		
Liberty Loan bonds, pledged to secure U. S. and other deposits, 3½ per cent. and 4 per cent.	150,000.00	
		346,828.00
Bonds other than U. S. bonds pledged to secure postal savings deposits	497,342.89	
Bonds and securities pledged as collateral for State, or other deposits (postal excluded) or bills payable	15,000.00	
Securities other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks) owned unpledged	496,920.93	
Total bonds, securities, etc.		971,263.82
Stocks, other than Federal Reserve Bank stock		1,500.00
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (50 per cent. of subscription)		51,000.00
Real estate owned other than banking house		56,054.04
13. Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank		1,698,956.40
14. Items with Federal Reserve Bank in process of collection, (not available as reserve)		241,231.83
15. Cash in vault and net amounts due from national banks		2,382,879.94
16. Net amounts due from banks and bankers and trust companies, (other than included in Items 13, 14, and 15)		250,912.49
17. Exchanges for clearing house		558,189.88
18. Checks on other banks in the same city or town as reporting bank, (other than Item 17)		101,721.32
Total of Items 14, 15, 16, 17, and 18, $3,635,041.46.		
Checks on banks located outside of city or town of reporting bank and other cash items		103,534.35
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer		20,000.00
Interest earned but not collected (approximate)		15,400.01
Total		$18,185,515.70

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$1,000,000.00
Surplus fund		700,000.00
Undivided profits	$608,715.48	
Less current expenses, interest, and taxes paid	120,413.67	
		488,301.81
Interest and discount collected but not earned (approximate)		47,000.00
Amount reserved for taxes accrued		10,000.00
Circulating notes outstanding		396,900.00
31. Net amounts due to national banks		800,122.79
32. Net amounts due to banks, bankers, and trust companies (other than included in 31)		499,531.42
Total of Items 31 and 32, $1,330,004.21.		
Demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to Reserve, (deposits payable within 30 days)		
33. Individual deposits subject to check	12,229,897.25	
34. Certificates of deposits due in less than 30 days, (other than for money borrowed)	29,918.78	
35. Certified checks	74,365.64	
36. Cashier's checks outstanding	119,683.08	
37. State, county, or other municipal deposits secured by pledge of assets of this bank	6,599.43	
Total demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to Reserve, Items 33, 34, 35, 36, and 37, $12,459,463.38		
Time deposits subject to Reserve, (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days or more notice):		
Certificates of deposit (other than for money borrowed)	20,995.10	
Postal savings deposits	424,060.00	
Total of time deposits subject to Reserve, Items 41 and 43, $445,055.10		
War loan deposit account	1,263,700.00	
Acceptances executed for customers	39,500.00	
Less Acceptances on this bank purchased or discounted (See Item 1c)	30,000.00	
		43,500.00
Total		$18,185,515.70
53. (a) Liabilities for rediscounts, including those with Federal Reserve Bank, (See Item 1d)	987,874.36	

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
I, E. P. NEWTON, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
DAVID NEVIUS, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 27th day of November, 1917.
[Seal.] SAMUEL HEYMAN,
Notary Public Bronx County.
Certificate filed in New York Co.
Nat'l Bank Clerk's No. 10.
New York Register's No. 8648.
Term expires March 30, 1918.
Correct—Attest:
H. H. VREELAND,
FRANK PRESBREY,
BYRON P. STRASBURGER, } Directors.

DIVIDENDS.

THE CRESSON CONSOLIDATED GOLD MINING AND MILLING CO.
Distribution No. 62.

Amount $122,000.00.
Total amount to date, $5,086,182.50.
Notice is hereby given that a distribution of ten (10) cents per share has been ordered from funds received from the sale of ore recovered from prior Mill test, upon all outstanding stock of The Cresson Consolidated Gold Mining & Milling Co.
Payable December 10th, 1917, to stockholders of record November 30th, 1917.
By order of Board of Directors.
ADOLPH F. ZANG, Secretary.

United States Steamship Company

A regular dividend of one per cent. and an extra dividend of one per cent. on the capital stock of this Company, payable January 24, 1918, to stockholders of record at the close of business on December 27th, 1917.

J. N. H. CAMPBELL, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF
DAY & ZIMMERMANN,
Engineers—Managers,
611-613 CHESTNUT STREET,
Philadelphia, Pa.

The Board of Directors of the Eastern Shore Gas and Electric Company has declared a dividend of one-half of one (½%) per cent. on the Preferred Capital Stock of the Company, payable December 31, 1917, to stockholders of record at the close of business November 30, 1917.

JOHN E. ZIMMERMANN, Treasurer.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

THE AMERICAN GAS COMPANY,
104 Market Street,
Camden, N. J., Nov. 20, 1917.

A quarterly dividend of $2 per share, being been declared on the capital stock of this Company, payable Dec. 1st, 1917, to the stockholders of record at three o'clock P. M. Nov. 21st, 1917. Checks will be mailed.

J. J. TOWNSEND, 3d, Treasurer.

THE NATIONAL SUGAR REFINING COMPANY OF NEW JERSEY.
New York, November 27, 1917.

The Board of Directors of this Company have this day declared a dividend of ONE AND THREE-QUARTERS PER CENT. (1¾%) on the Capital Stock of the Company, payable January 2, 1918, to stockholders of record at the close of business December 10, 1917.

H. F. MILLENHAUER, Treasurer.

LEDLAW MANUFACTURING ASSOCIATES
Boston, Mass.

DIVIDENDS NOS. 80 AND 81.

A quarterly dividend of $6.50 per share, and a special dividend of $1.00 per share have been declared payable on December 1, 1917 to shareholders of record November 1, 1917.

MALCOLM E. STONE, Treasurer.

CENTRAL LEATHER COMPANY.

A dividend of $1.75 per share on its Preferred Stock has this day been declared by the Board of Directors of this Company, payable January 2, 1918, to stockholders of record December 20, 1917.

H. I. HILL, Treasurer.

New York, Nov. 27th, 1917.

FEDERAL SUGAR REFINING CO.
New York, November 27, 1917.

A quarterly dividend of One and Three-quarters Per Cent. (1¾%) on the Common Stock of this Company was declared this day, payable December 20th to stockholders of record at the close of business December 5th, 1917.

PIERRE J. SMITH, Treasurer.

ROOM RENTED PROMPTLY.

"After running my advertisement only two days in The New York Times I succeeded in renting my room to a very satisfactory person.

"If I have occasion to advertise again, it will be through your paper."

LOUISE M. UNDERWAY,
44 Morningside Drive,
New York.

If you have a room to rent, advertise it in

THE NEW YORK TIMES

Telephone Bryant 1000.

(No. 7,446.)
REPORT OF CONDITION OF THE

SEABOARD NATIONAL BANK

at New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business on November 20, 1917:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$9,797,560.14	
U. S. bonds (other than Liberty Bonds of 1917):		
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)	$70,000.00	
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness pledged to secure U. S. deposits (par value)	2,513,000.00	
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness owned and unpledged	2,029,000.00	
Total U. S. bonds (other than Liberty Bonds) and certificates of indebtedness		4,611,000.00
Liberty Loan bonds, unpledged, 3½ per cent. and 4 per cent.	$50,000.00	
Liberty Loan bonds pledged to secure U. S. and other deposits, 3½ per cent. and 4 per cent.	200,000.00	
		250,000.00
Bonds, securities, etc., (other than U. S.):		
Securities other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks) owned unpledged	2,219,422.72	
Stocks other than Federal Reserve Bank stock	5,012.23	
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (50 per cent. of subscription)	90,000.00	
13. Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank		12,461,064.42
14. Items with Federal Reserve Bank in process of collection (not available as reserve)		869,174.56
15. Cash in vault and net amounts due from national banks		2,203,626.32
Net amounts due from banks, bankers, and trust companies other than included in Items 13, 14, and 15		291,768.[illegible]
17. Exchanges for clearing house		5,218,748.43
Checks on other banks in the same city or town as reporting bank (other than Item 17)		123,893.22
Checks on banks located outside of city or town of reporting bank and other cash items		23,507.09
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer		37,500.00
Interest earned but not collected (approximate)		52,396.77
Other assets: unearned discount		175,440.82
Total		$69,100,573.94

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$1,000,000.00
Surplus fund		2,000,000.00
Undivided profits	$1,565,049.91	
Less current expenses, interest, and taxes paid	141,023.09	
		1,424,026.82
Interest and discount collected but not earned (approximate)		175,440.82
Amount reserved for taxes accrued		99,479.07
Circulating notes outstanding		69,997.50
31. Net amounts due to national banks		13,779,790.54
Net amounts due to banks, bankers, and trust companies (other than included in 31)		10,524,840.40
Demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to reserve (deposits payable within 30 days)		
Individual deposits subject to check	27,530,672.42	
Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days (other than for money borrowed)	351,684.17	
Deposits held for acceptances	2,246,564.17	
Cashier's check outstanding	1,888,563.94	
Dividends unpaid	130.00	
Time deposits subject to reserve (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days or more notice, and postal savings):		
Certificates of deposit (other than for money borrowed)	16,000.00	
United States deposits (other than postal savings)		
U. S. loan deposit account	7,500,000.00	
U. S. bonds borrowed without furnishing coll

HYLAN WARNS BOARD AGAINST BUS GRANT

Urges Estimate Members to Hold Up Contract with Fifth Avenue Company.

POINTS TO ITS EARNINGS

Judge Says Corporation Made 1,100 Per Cent. in Year—Prendergast Calls Letter "Nonsense."

Mayor-elect John F. Hylan sent a letter to the Board of Estimate last night protesting against any grant to the Fifth Avenue Coach Company of rights to operate in streets, not covered by the company's present franchise. The Mayor-elect declared he had been credibly informed the Board of Estimate had called a special meeting today to take steps toward "granting to the Fifth Avenue Coach Company, a subsidiary of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, sweeping rights to operate motor omnibuses upon certain most important streets of the Borough of Manhattan." Controller Prendergast last night pronounced Judge Hylan's letter the "veriest nonsense," and declared that a glance at the City Charter would convince Judge Hylan that the Board of Estimate could not if it would do what Judge Hylan said it intended to do.

In his letter Judge Hylan urged that any new grant to the company be deferred for at least ten days to enable the incoming administration to investigate, and that nothing be done until there had been adequate publicity regarding the terms on which the grant was to be made.

"This matter," Judge Hylan wrote, "together with the application of rival companies, has been before your board during the entire term of its existence. The last active step in connection therewith, I am informed, took place in the Spring of this year; after that time, I am informed, despite the frantic efforts of the chief competitor of the Fifth Avenue Coach Company for this franchise to obtain some action at your hands, nothing was done by your Franchise Committee or by your board. So passed the Spring, the Summer, the Fall, and the campaign period; the time when the important public acts of an administration are under close scrutiny. Now, within just about a month from the finish of your administrative life, after conferences with the Interborough interests, a proposed form of contract has been determined upon, and, I am credibly informed, you are seriously contemplating turning over to the Interborough interests the last rights in the surface of the important streets of New York that this outfit does not already control.

"At this time," the Judge continued, "I will call your attention to the opinion of your own Corporation Counsel, embodied in the minutes of your board of March 16, 1917, to the effect, briefly, that the operation of the Fifth Avenue Coach Company's vehicles upon the streets of New York, other than upon Fifth Avenue, between Eighty-ninth Street and Washington Park, is absolutely without authority of law, and to the further fact that the Public Service Commission of this district, in a short memorandum handed down on the 20th day of June, 1917, stating in reference to the 'powers' for operation that your board saw fit, in the goodness of your generous hearts, to grant to the Fifth Avenue Coach Company, without going through the formalities prescribed by law for the granting of rights in the streets of this city, that such 'licenses' were of no value or legal force.

"The incoming administration, which I shall represent as Mayor, was elected upon a platform of municipal ownership and operation of public utilities. This principle was advanced by me in the campaign as one of the leading issues on which I solicited the judgment of the public, as evidenced by its votes. The citizens answered the question emphatically on Nov. 6 last. Their verdict is made no less positive by the fact that the present incumbent in the office of Mayor was elected on a like platform."

On the subject of the Fifth Avenue Company's earnings the Judge wrote:

"The official figures seem to show that for the year 1916 the Fifth Avenue Coach Company earned, net, the sum of $458,672.90, over 900 per cent. upon the company's capital stock. For the year ending June 30, 1917, the Fifth Avenue Coach Company seems to have earned, net, $562,535.69, over 1,100 per cent. on the stock.

"The 1917 statement shows that the company has a total earned surplus of $1,785,474.52. Taking the figures for the last three years, since June 30, 1914, this seems to show that the company's surplus earnings on its capital stock have increased over 3,500 per cent. in three years. Why should rights that have shown such an amazing earning power be given away to this private corporation for a miserable 5 per cent., or 10 per cent., or 15 per cent., of its earnings, inclusive of the State taxes? Is this city so prosperous? Have these gentlemen in their past dealings with the city shown such business, such bigheartedness, as to entitle them to this fabulously rich Christmas gift to it in the last few days of your official life?

"The figures before me show that these rights for a period of 15 years covered by the proposed franchise, are worth not less than $45,000,000, in place of the miserable few hundred thousands of dollars per annum for which it is contemplated to hand them over to the Interborough crowd. In the 1917 statement of this company, there is shown an expenditure of over $150,000 under an item explained as being, among other things, in connection with 'New Franchises.' Why should any one spend any such money in an application to the Board of Estimate and Apportionment of this city for a franchise?

"It is my intention, as Mayor of the city, not only to see to it that no further such rights are given away to any one as a gift, a favor, or as a poor bargain, but that operations by public utilities corporations, be they motor bus companies, street surface companies, telephone companies, or electrical or gas companies, be promptly stopped where such operations are not founded upon legal rights. I ask that this matter be laid over for 10 days and that the terms of the franchise be published in full, at the expense of the applicant for the franchise, in The City Record."

Controller Prendergast said last night new offer to the city. The New York Motor Bus Company has been invited to do likewise. We have been informed that it will have an offer ready by 10:30 tomorrow forenoon. If this offer is ready then, the Board of Estimate will go ahead with the advertising and arrange so that public hearings may be held in three weeks.

"It would not be legally possible for the Board of Estimate to do what Judge Hylan says the board is going to do. Mr. Hylan not only shows his arrant ignorance, but doesn't even take the trouble to look at the charter and convince himself as to what the board can or can not legally do. Nothing can be done under any circumstances before three weeks have elapsed, and then only after fullest publicity, including advertising of the form of contract and public hearing. Tomorrow's meeting was called merely to arrange for the advertising of the contract."

WANTS NEW LAWS FOR DRUG TRAFFIC

Investigators Fear Many Soldiers Will Return From War Under Thraldom of Narcotics.

Fearing that thousands of soldiers will come back from the front addicted to the use of drugs originally administered to them in field hospitals to relieve suffering, two committees on drug evils met in this city yesterday to consider measures that would put the use of narcotics under more stringent State or Federal control. One committee was the Whitney Legislative Committee, of which Senator G. H. Whitney is Chairman, and the other was the New York City Committee on Drug Evils, of which Justice Cornelius F. Collins is Chairman. Both committees worked on the subject of drug evils last year, and were more or less instrumental in bringing about certain restrictions which prevail under the present laws.

In its conference at the Murray Hill Hotel, the Whitney Committee, consisting of Senator Whitney, Senator John J. Boylan and Assemblymen Morris Bloch, George R. Brennan, and R. M. Prangen, decided to make a thorough investigation of the drug evil as it exists in this city at the present time. Beginning next Wednesday, the committee will hold a series of hearings at the City Hall, where it will take testimony regarding various phases of the drug traffic. According to Senator Whitney, a special effort will be made to have drug victims themselves appear before the board to tell how they manage to obtain their supplies.

"We desire to have addicts before us," said Senator Whitney, "and also wish to learn what treatment, if any, they have ever received to cure them. Contrary to the position taken by physicians, it is the contention of this committee that the addiction to drugs is not a habit but a disease, and should therefore be treated as a disease. The aim of this committee is primarily to provide a method of treatment that will make it possible to deprive a victim of his drug without demoralizing him so completely that he merely hunkers for it and seeks to obtain it in any way he can. The solution of the whole drug evil problem lies in a proper method of treatment, such as will help to bring the victim back to his feet, after the drug which sustains him has been taken away. Once this method has been ascertained the entire situation will clear up."

Aside from addicts to the drug, witnesses before the committee will include physicians, pharmacists, members of the Police Department, and attachés of the Magistrates' Courts, who will be called to testify to the effect of the present laws upon the use of drugs. Senator Whitney said that there was much opposition to the provision in the present law which requires every physician to file his list of drug addicts with the State Department of Health, whereby the name of the victim was open to inspection. In many cases, according to Senator Whitney, this requirement tended to discourage victims who were honestly endeavoring to overcome their weakness from submitting to treatment.

At the meeting of the New York City Committee on Drug Evils in the Criminal Court Building the same situation was discussed. The members of this committee, however, agreed that what was most needed was Federal control of a definite and comprehensive sort.

Mark P. Andrews, solicitor in charge of collection of customs in New York, submitted to the consideration of the committee a bill which he had drafted to meet the problem. This bill provides that the Government shall restrict the sale and manufacture of narcotics through the imposition of a tax which would tend to make the distribution of drugs for any but legitimate purposes prohibitive. The bill will be brought to the attention of Government officials at Washington.

MONEY TO RUSSIAN POLAND.

American Express Co. Authorized to Send Remittances.

Under special authorization arranged for by the United States Government War Trade Board, the peoples of that portion of Russia and Russian Poland controlled by Austrian and German forces can now receive money remittances from this country by means of the American Express Company.

The American Express Company can now handle these remittances by foreign money orders sent through their Rotterdam office for reforwarding to destination, and its officers have every reason to believe that delivery to the payees can be effected with reasonable promptness.

The War Trade Board has, however, imposed the following conditions, and the company is allowed to accept remittances only on the understanding that remitters and sellers have complied with them:

1. Remittance may be sent to individuals only.
2. Payee must be a Russian or allied subject.
3. Payee must be in need of funds for daily necessaries of life.
4. Remittances for any one individual must not total in excess of $75 to an adult or $25 to a minor during any one period of thirty days, (not more than $125 to a family.)
5. Remitter must furnish an agreement and guaranty signed by him (or her) witnessed by selling agent or banker, that sum to be by remitter before a notary public.
6. Remittances must be in United States dollars only.
7. Payments will be made in Polish money by means of money orders.

Arrangements have further been made for the return of payees' receipts, but upset mail conditions make it impossible to set a time limit on that feature.

SEIZE NEGRO McCALL FREED

BOSTON, Nov. 27.—John Johnson, the West Virginia negro whom Governor McCall last week declined to surrender to the authorities of that State on extradition papers, gave himself up to the Federal authorities here today and was held for a hearing Dec. 5 on a complaint charging him with being a fugitive from justice.

His counsel, William H. Lewis, formerly Assistant United States Attorney General, announced that the defense had the backing of the negroes of Massachusetts and that the case would be fought to a finish. Bail of $2,000 was furnished by the pastor and Treasurer of a Cambridge church.

The indictment against Johnson returned by a Federal Grand Jury in West Virginia charges violation of the Mann "White Slave" act through the transportation of Edith Godbey, a white girl, from Charleston, W. Va., to Catlettsburg, Ky., in November, 1916. In the extradition proceedings on which the Governor acted last week Johnson was charged with an attack on a child.

GOLD SEAL Champagne
Urbana Wine Company
Urbana, N. Y.
Edward S. McGrath, Local Representative,
45 B'dway. Phone Rector 4745.

OLD CROW RYE
Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.
America's Finest RYE
WHISKEY
HAND MADE SOUR MASH
STRAIGHT PURE RYE
MADE IN KENTUCKY, U. S. A.
SOLD BY ALL FIRST-CLASS DEALERS
H. B. Kirk & Co., New York, N. Y.

CALENDARS AND DECISIONS.

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.

(c) This character means versus or against.

FEDERAL.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Manton, J.—In Room 337, Post Office Building, at 10:30 A. M.—Jury calendar.

Fetzer‹Sorg. | Peraino‹D & H Co.
DISTRICT COURT—Hazel, J.—Room 1, Woolworth Bldg, 12th floor, at 10:30 A. M.—Admiralty.

Berwind-White Coal‹ Lighter New York. | Willis‹Barnes Amuse.
Ingalls‹Tug Ganoga. | Kuhnhold‹Comp Gen Trans.
Burns‹SS Pannonia.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—At 2 P. M. in Room 321, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn.

Puller‹SS Ellerdale. | Re application of Karl Albert Lindner for writ of mandamus.
Same‹same. | Re ex rel Omero Bartalini‹Bell.
Corrugated Fibre Co‹ Paper Working Machines Co et al. | Same ex rel Max Hymanson.
Same ex rel Warm‹ same.

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

DECISIONS.

Brokaw, respt., v. Brokaw, aplt.—Motion for leave to appeal denied, with $10 costs and necessary printing disbursements.

Sasse, aplt., v. Order of United Commercial Travelers of America, respt.—Motion for leave to appeal granted.

Robinson, aplt., v. Hamilton and Chambers Co., respt.—Motion for leave to discontinue appeal granted on payment of costs of appeal and $10 costs of motion within ten days, otherwise denied, with $10 costs.

Livingston, respt., v. Livingston, aplt.; re estate of Heinze, decd.—Appeals dismissed, with costs.

Lebaudy, respt., v. Carnegie Trust Co. and another, dfts.; Olcott, aplt.; re will of Van Woert, decd., Stoddard, aplt., Soles, aplt.; Re application of Lawrence and ano., aplts., for appointment of Commrs., &c., Ocean Av., Village Lawrence, respt.; Re application of Reed, respt., for writ of mandamus to Nautical Order, Daughters of Isabella, aplt., Wankel and others, respts.; Robertson, pltf., v. Robertson, deft; Robertson, respt., v. Lange, Jr., aplt.—Orders affirmed, with costs.

Morgan, aplt., v. Bon Bon Co., respt.—Judgment reversed and judgment of trial court affirmed, with costs.

Re judicial settlement of account of Schaefer and another, extrs., respts., v. Schaeffer and ano., trustees, aplts.—Order affirmed, with costs to respondents payable out of the corpus of the trust fund and question certified answered in the affirmative.

Dormin, an infant, &c., aplt., v. Dormin, Jr., ind., &c., respt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

Alsen American Portland Cement Works, aplt., v. Dugnon Const. Co., respt.—Judgment reversed, new trial granted, costs to abide event.

Levy, respt., v. Louvre Realty Co., impld., with ors., defts., aplts.—Order reversed, modified so as to read and provide "Judgment reversed, new trial granted, costs to abide events" and as so modified affirmed, with costs to appellant.

Re Transfer Tax, estate of Bunce, decd., Controller of State, aplt., Patrick, exr., &c., respt.—Order reversed and proceeding remitted to Surrogate's Court to fix tax in accordance with opinion with costs in this court and in Appellate Division.

DAY CALENDAR.

Meighan‹The Emigrant Industrial Savs Bk.
First Nat Bank of Notasulga‹Jones et al.
Chasen‹Astoria Light, Heat & Power Co.
Foster‹CNY.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Recess.

APPELLATE TERM—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Giegerich, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Litigated motions.

Cass‹Wood. | Hagopian‹Hagopian.
Mulquen‹Mulqueen. | Tenniannos‹Egan & Co.
Wolf‹NY Cons RR (2) | York‹McKeever Co.
Re Varley‹Cornell. | Schott‹King Motor Car Co (3.)
Harang‹Tropical Timber Co. | Hyman‹Rosenstein.
De Nell‹Rosenberg. | Lowenthal‹Lowenthal.
Pinnell‹Nevin (2.) | Steinberg‹Stein.
Bill‹Clinton. | Nord Deutsche Ins Co‹Dudley
Peaty‹Bradley. | Du Mahant‹Du Mahant.
Connelly‹Man Produce | Wells‹Taylor.
Allen‹Hunter Arms. | Van de Wiele‹Wakefield.
Discorfio‹L & H RR. | Thomas‹Garnar.
Conn Alloyed Metal‹ Barle. | Ward‹Tracy & Co.
Knapp‹Knapp & F. | Jones‹Post.
Bowie‹Bowie. | Glowka‹Epstein.
Wasilewski‹Sinkerzycki. | Weekes‹Bell Inv Co.
Taylor‹Coles. | Re Jacobson.
Friandi‹Zuckerman. | Baker‹Baker.
Prescrich‹Qual. | NY Title & Mtg Co‹ District Holding Co.
Hollingsworth‹Dunn. | Higgins‹Applebaum.
Sanjek‹Penn RR. | Lamont‹Mowry.
Saslofsky‹Saslofsky. | Orlans‹Schinasi.
Planten‹Nat Nass Bk | Fanara‹Fortuna.
Re People ex rel Grohs‹ Sons‹Phillips. | Orlans‹Schinasi (2.)
Nolan‹Green. | Wahrhaftig‹New Geisha Waist House.
Wattler‹Ord. | Chiames‹House of St Giles the Cripple.
Coplan Silk Co‹Cohen. | Re Cont Supply Co.
James‹Graham Mfg Co | Dry Dock Sav Inst‹ Schonefeldt.
Mackey‹Brett. | Re Greenstein.
Re Meshane. | Re Behan.
Newcott‹Everett. | Re Grabow.
Nealis‹Nealis. | Re Waters.
Young‹Corning. | Re McCarthy.
Schneider‹Wyeth Chem Co. | Re Mordell.
Flaumenbaum‹ Fedanzo. | Re Murphy.
Nat Soc of Music‹ Bailey. | Battery Place Comm'l Co‹De Willis.
Schwartz‹Harris. | Murray‹Murray.
Weisenser‹Whitridge | Sherman‹Unger.
Leff‹Bradley & Wood. | Unger‹Sherman.
Hirschfeld‹Palmer. | D'Antonio‹NY Consol RR.
Herring Motor Co. | Re Siegel Bldg Co.
Myron‹Smul. | Jaffe‹Ridley.
Draudt‹Draudt. | Re B & L Bakery & Lunch Room.
Rose‹Rose. | Cincinnati Lathe, &c Co‹Burdett.
Berger‹Berger. | Re State Industrial Comm‹Johansen.
Intercoean Forwarding Co‹McCormack. | Robson‹Bunn.
Sadlitz‹Auerbach. | M'Namara‹Burns Bros.
Simpson‹Dowe. | Loderman‹Beardsley.
Terwilliger‹Blagood. | Keesler‹Stern (2.)
De Nieno‹Horn. | Given‹Richard Fitzsimmons, Inc.
Levy‹Levy. | Pomponino‹Terrence.
Tucker, Speyer & Co‹ Charter Const Co. | Shine‹Cholet.
Vieser‹Ward Bak'g Co. | Rist‹Schoenhofer.
Gmar Trust Co‹Col Av RR (Rolger‹Beaver.) | Tomanski‹Prod Mfg.
Tsibikas‹George. | Dorowsky‹Schoenfeld Realty Co.
Burbidge‹George. | List‹Schoenhofer.
Hvendes‹Fitzpatrick. | Tomasello‹Prod Mfg.
Harlem Sav Bank‹ Hessle Const Co. | Sachs‹Rosenberg.
Vafiopulo‹Brady. | Gletzer‹Shapiro.
Kleplanis‹Gray. | Helvitz‹Belshover.
Brobley‹Delaware Club. | Wiernan‹NY Tel Co.
Degen‹Steinbrink. | Re Ehret.
Kearney‹Cagriano. | Dickoff‹Dickoff.
Suydam‹Roth. | Re Pellet (Anderson.)
Re US Pfd, &c Co, ‹Martin (2.) | Re Guilford & Sons.
Arbus‹Am-Hawaiian SS Co. | Re Schwalb.
Schlussel‹Maier. | Re Schindler.
Schifeld‹Cassa Theatrical Ent (2.) | Runnell‹Stern.
Boro Over Co‹Fol & Cas Co. | Mac‹Mac Co.
Re Rotchner. | Ratkowsky‹A Ratkowsky, Inc.
Levy‹Levy. | Re Hurry.
Coulson‹Butler.
Darcy & Wolford‹ Blobbel Dwy Tr Plays.

PART III.—Newburger, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Motions.

Cromarty Law Book Co‹Premister. | Kahn‹Saperstein (2.)
Linkins‹Ochs. | Loucks‹Silver Motor.
Jezek‹Fixman. | Am Wet Wash Laundry Co‹Richter.
Blair‹Lyon. | Lewis‹Portable.
Voigt‹Johnson. | Victoria Brdg, &c, Co‹O'Conner.
Re Man Ry‹Stocky. | Zobel‹same.
Erlanger‹Erlanger. | Levine & Fosner‹ Davis Const Co.
Chaferstein‹Divorces. | Man L I Co‹Hammerstein Opera Co.
Sapienza‹Sapienza. | Weter‹Russell.
Carter‹Carter. | Forelle‹Forelle.
Beznitz‹Beznitz. | Capos‹Capos.
Linardakis‹Linardakis | Turner‹Turner.
Trachinsky‹ Trachinsky. | Quaid‹Rathkowsky.
Berckerman‹ Berckerman. | Feldstein‹Col Ice Box
Leibovitz‹Leibovitz. | Mori‹M Hampton Co. Clear.
Hanau‹Hanau.
General calendar:
Schwerer‹Hudson Tr.

PART IV.—Gavegan, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.

PART V.—Not in session.

PART VI.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Clear.

PARTS VII. and VIII.—Not in session.

TRIAL TERMS—Part II.—Hotchkiss, J.—At 10 A. M.

Anderson‹Fox. | Bauerdorf‹North Am Wall Paper.
Fox‹Anderson. | Gilbert‹Stephen.
Priore‹Am Union Line. | Bonfield‹Duse.
Smith & Terry‹Harris. | Case on.
Silver‹Seidel.

PART III.—Bijur, J.—At 10 A. M.

Inq—Feldman‹ Schenel. | Weissman‹Engelhardt.
Inq—Matsewetsky‹ Fischer. | Erlanger‹Erlanger.
Clark‹McDonald. | Travelers Ins Co‹ Herman Brand, Inc.
Jacovinegus‹Wright. | Flannery‹N Y Rys.
Riley‹Dulany, T & S. | Hogan‹Cammeyer.
A Bauer‹NY Rys. | Liberson‹Michaels.
G Bauer‹same. | Babcock‹McEnroe.
McLoughlin‹N Y Tel. | Tobias‹Int R T Co.
Hoffman‹H S Realty. | Seftel‹Polak.
Giordana‹Rosenthal. | Schulder‹Porsch.
D Gertler‹Lucas. | Schechter‹Gottlieb.
A Gerler‹same. | Vicere‹Dieterle.
White‹Cent Un Gas. | Meltzner‹N Y Rys.
Zack‹Powers. | Quail‹Chavkin.
Dulka‹Con Gas, NY. | Goldberg‹Lenox Arcade, Inc.
Versi‹Tywacana Farms Poultry Co. | Redmond‹H C Stowe Const Co.
Crowley‹Bentham. | E Cetro‹Int R T Co.
Reiss‹Feraca. | G Cetro‹same.
Buchman‹Eagle Fish | W Corker‹Witkin.
Weinberg‹Int R T (2) | T Corker‹same.
Goldstein‹Rosenbaum. | Moore‹H H RR.
Lang‹Int R T Co. | Kirschenbaum‹Beaver
Kennelly‹42 St & Ry | Fabriato‹M George
McQuade‹3d Av RR. | Tigar Bearings Co, Inc.
Meglalis‹Aztec Asphalt Co. | Barth‹Koenig.
Grossman‹Cornwall, Jr. | Bordi‹Beaver.
Schneider‹Walfish. | Cuomo‹same.
Di Martini‹J M Horton Ice Cream Co. | Dillon‹Schumacher.
Fleischman‹Weil et al | Kruger‹Kruger.
Silberbauer‹Wisconsin Cond Milk. | Michel‹Pitts Plate Glass.
Carlsan‹Schneider. | Parranto‹Canepa.
Collander‹3d Av RR. | Brochin‹Belt Line Ry.
Browne‹Forward Association. | Constantas‹Constantinidas.

White‹CNY.
Simons‹N Y Rys.
Weiger‹Stark.
Rosenblatt‹Nassau-Beekman Investing.
Pepperman‹B H RR.
Winter‹Interstate Transportation & Forwarding Co.
E Greenberg‹Sobel.
I Greenberg‹same.
Czaplinsky‹N Y & Western Ry.
Kafka‹Transit Development Co.
Hottenstein‹Doyle.
Bernstein‹P D Realty (2.)
Noonburg‹Daly.
A Ferriolo‹V D Rty.
M Ferriolo‹same.
J Barione‹Barrett.
A Barione‹same.
Cohen‹Brazil.
Fray‹N Y & L I Trac Co.
Marchi‹Kashman.
N Grannantonio‹Priel.
J—At 10 A. M.
Pani‹Gerstenhaber.
North Eastern Cons‹ CNY.
Atlas Nitrated Prod‹ Cont Process.
Helvitz‹Baishofer.
Rochelle‹Adler.
Merchants Fire Assur Corp‹General Fire Extinguisher.
Baseman‹H J Rich Dev Co.
Botard‹Marden, Orth & Hastings, Inc.
Slason‹Wellbrock.
Orlando‹Schiassi.
CNY‹Matatesta.
Wurtz‹Gosman.
Thompson‹Bailey.
Neidlinger‹Miles Tuner Inc.
La Vin‹Copley Plaza Operating.
Frankenberg‹Spiegel.
Well Corset‹Munter.
Stutz‹Diamond Silk.
Thornton‹North'n Ex Potter‹Pulsifer.
Block‹Emmer.

TRIAL TERM.—Causes assigned from this day calendar to the various parts for trial.

See Rule 7, amended Trial Term rules.

PART III.—Bijur, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.

PART IV.—Cohalan, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.

PART V.—Pendleton, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART VI.—Ford, J.—At 10 A. C. Case on.

PART VII.—Dugro, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART VIII.—Philbin, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART IX.—Mullan, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART X.—Mitchel, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.

PART XI.—Platzek, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.

PART XII.—Donnelly, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.

PART XIII.—Bentley, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.

PART XIV.—Delehanty, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.

PART XV.—Ordway, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.

PART XVI.—Erlanger, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART XVII.—Guy, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART XVIII.—Whitaker, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M.—Estate T. McCoub.
Wills for probate:
Mary Dowling. | William Ryan.
A. H. Holmes. | Ellen M. Murphy.
John Herbert. | Philip Daley.
Jacob Cohn. | Isaac Kern.
Karl Krauth. | Anna Lynch.
Gustave Keaske. | Helene T. Tumble.
Annie Brown. | Pauline Rosinsky.
TRIAL TERM—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M.—No day calendar.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Leventritt, J.—Strasbourger, J.—Litigated motions at 10 A. M.

Empire Door, &c, Co‹ Horner. | Jenkins‹Am Central Ins Co.
Lawyer‹Dinkelspiel. | Same‹Queens Falls Ins Co.
Kronick‹Cohen. | Rottenberg‹Madero Brothers.
Roth‹Friedman. | Weinberger‹Grossman.
Crane & Mahoney‹ Litchfield. | Bacon‹Drug Ordnance Co.
Edelstein‹Met L I Co. | Empire Door, &c, Co‹ Horner.
Kemak‹D Stevens‹ Brew Co. | Banegio‹Sommer.
Kreper‹E Gussaroff B. & C Co. | Hursky‹Hudnof.
Folino‹Met Elec Mfg Co. (2.) | Pittsburg‹Chase.
Zackel‹Werner. | Brust‹Frankfater.
Simons‹Weil. | McArdle‹Christal.
H & T Const Co‹One Seventy Bldg Co. | Same‹Gas Engine, &c, Co.
Domestic Lace, &c, Co‹Houcek. | Masters‹Klein.
Medwick‹McCann. | Imbel Brothers‹ Levy.
Kaplan‹Rosenberg. | Doolittle‹Georger.
MacLennan‹Roeber. | Wiley‹Bishop.

PART II.—Newburger, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.

TRIAL TERMS—Part I.—Schmuck, J.—At 9:45 A. M.—Motions.

Siegel‹Jonas Rlty. Co. | Lefkowitz‹Gordon.
Weiss‹Bandler. | Wilson‹Moore.
Greenbaum‹De Jong. | Wilson‹Shenk R R Con
Marafioti‹Willow. | Slonsky‹N Y Rys.
Stevens & Co‹Allaire Bros & Co. | Fishbein‹Saiz.
Miners‹Sustreser. | Landes‹Kutenkean.
Becker‹Pacher. | Kinsey‹North West.
Miles‹Richard. | Arm Theat Assn.
Krantwald‹Pugh. | Syndicate Pub Co‹ Journal Inc.
Stolz‹Levien. | Zinn‹Zinn.
Schneider‹Ashley. | Spring‹Newman Mfg.
Brownstein‹Unde Rty. | Harvey‹McCahill.
Ronzino‹Reliable Clean, &c, Co. (2.) | Delaney‹Wm Necker, Inc.
Costello‹Faherty. | Morgan‹same.
Goeller‹Int R T. | Germain Co‹Alex Equip Co.
Mortimer‹Godwin Ces. | NY Master Printers' Assn‹Morris.
Weber‹Dobbins. | Korostoff‹Timme.
Stein‹Schulman. | Lack‹Holmes.
Hecht‹Lebowitz. | Eliasberg‹Muller.
Brophy‹Int R T. | Coral‹Int R T.
Judelson & McCormick Co‹New Toy Mfg Co. | Oppenheimer‹Wolf.
Mahler‹Yeska. | Nieberg‹Gallan.
Lodaro‹NY Rys. | Lembach‹NY Rys.
Schneider‹Kaufman. | Triangle Waist Co‹ Rothschild Rty Co.
Tannenbaum‹Broun. | Goodstein‹NY Rys.
Zager‹Messinger. | Biler‹Beaver.
Langer‹Flering. | Cohn‹6th Av Coach.
Feldman‹Cohen. | Winograd‹Friend.
Tsikulas‹NY Rys. | Hammer‹Unity.
Zilberman Rothschild Furn Co‹J M Deutsch Co.
Romaskanen‹NY Elec
La Rocco‹NY Rys.
Fay‹42d St, &c, Ry.
Koepler‹Pulaski.
Pelmutter‹Postal Transfer Service.
Abelson‹Kaplan.
White‹Pinsky, Inc.
Schenck‹Walter.
Lynch‹Ginsberg.

SHORT CAUSE.—Blanchard, J.—Calendar will be called to Trial Term, Part II., for trial.

PART II.—Zeller, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

Part III.—La Fetra, J.—At 10 A. M.—Commercial calendar.

Davidow‹Perlman. (2.) | Cohen‹Schecket.
Lemkin‹Albert. | Alenick‹Goldberg. (2.)
Internat'l Fixture Corp‹Freeman. | Am Gas Gov Works‹ Hoelscher.
Linet‹Burger. | Case on.

PART IV.—Bijur, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.

PART V.—Finelite, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.

PART VI.—Walsh, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.

PART VII.—Allen, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.

PART VIII.—Smith, J.—At 10 A. M.—Clear.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Giegerich, J.—Bank for Savings‹Jantzer—Charles L. Hoffman. | Schwartz‹Co. George W.
Clune, Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank‹ Lynch—Edward D. Dowling.

SUPREME COURT—Goff, J.—Bonner‹Elliott—John H. Shea.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Giegerich, J.—Paul R. Dol‹Robert J. Henderson—Harold L. Kunz.

SUPREME COURT—Goff, J.—Leo Cahn‹ Mary Munro—George Gascoigne.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Tierney, J.—Motion calendar.

SPECIAL TERM—Tierney, J.—Motion calendar.

Emig Ind Sav Bank‹ Koenig. (2.) | Kahn‹State Silk Co.
Baker‹Baker. | Bernstein‹Hartogensis.
N Y Title & Mtg Co‹ Hipkins. | Brender‹N Y, O & W RR.
Berger‹Schofield. | Bier‹Mangenheim.
Hartmann‹Beerli. | Noble‹Noble. (2.)
Henning‹Camacho. | Mitchel‹Hogan. (2.)

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Tierney, J.

Hirchfield‹Hirchfield. | Bishop‹Bishop.
Zambrofsky‹Zambrofsky. | Kessler‹Kessler.
Corn‹Corn. | Stern‹Bruce-Brown Land Co.
Neuling‹Neuling.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Hendrick, J.

Kipust‹Gordon. | Whitmarc‹Pananda.
Brenner‹Goldstein. | Loox‹Silverman.
Kanter‹H Carvel Co. | Roth‹Whinie Realty & Const Co. (2.)
Splady‹Kohn. | Ardone‹White Coal.
Alexander‹Wager. | Barnarbardo‹Sayre.
Penfield‹Haas. | Kluetz‹Union Ry.
Zink‹Scott. (2.) | Lynch‹Union Ry.
Korber‹Union Rway. | Berger‹Yonkers RR.
Berkins‹Naughton. | Klein‹Penn. RR.
Dow‹Inter R T Co. (2.) | Petrone‹Delfendorf. (2.)
Dunne‹Lynch. | Meyer‹E W Woolworth Co.
Faulhaber‹Volk. | Motta‹Murray.
Sanford‹Kapstein. | Walsh‹Rodgers.
Stretch‹Purchase Rld. | Hagerty Co.
Storm‹So Blvd RR. | Schramek‹Scheuburn.
Wester‹Ruppert. | Finch‹Finch.
Chirico‹Mercurio. | Prag‹Gadd.
Horsford‹Union Rway. | Bankruptcy Notices.
Bowron‹Chapman.

Highest number reached in regular order 1167.

PART II.—Tierney, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

PART III.—....., J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.

Wills for probate:
Timothy Higgins. | David Eshkin.
D. W. Rosenfeld. | Accountings—Estates of:
Malca Weininger. | James Gaffney.
John E. Helms. | Elizabeth Gunther.
Carrie Becker. | Lizzie Gunther.
Paul Weber. | August F. Guthier.
John Bergonzi. | A. A. Stoddard.
Adam A. Koenig. | Adoptions:
Henry Kohr. | Alice de Camp by F. and Alice de Camp.
Eva S. Chamberlin. | Rachel Sprowde by F. Ormand.
Motions—Estates of:
Henry Kuver. | Martinsky by Frank McGinn.
S. A. Bossert. (No. 1 and 2.)

TRIAL TERM—Scuccimarra, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J.—No day calendar.

TRIAL TERM—Gerard, J.—Kings County cases.

Ring‹Kinder Kruger. | Reinstein‹Weiss.
The Sanford Co‹Bibbins. | Steps‹Gulberg.
Barone‹Nat Ice. | Malkin‹Demorbe.
Atterbury‹Adams. | Haven‹Becker.
Pennsylvania RR.‹ Rosan.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Tierney, J.—Frank Savidge Bank‹Hall—Charles A. Hickey.
Co‹NY Cons Gas Co.—Morgenthau Co.
Hall Sq. Improvement Co‹Samuel Howard.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Recess.

APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Kelby, J.—At 10 A. M.—Motions.

Re Rockaway Turnpike, Hook Creek Bulkhead‹Gibbons. | Re Bayreuth St. (Queens.)
Re‹Rockaway Beach Sup. | Kraft‹Kraft.
Re‹Sup. | Lawyers Mtg Co‹Sayers.
Sewer‹Velmer. | Mertz‹Raczek.
Same‹Amer Metal Co. | Ehelman‹Edelman.
Same, (Rosenwald.) | Re Bath St. (Queens.)
Same, (Const Co.) | Nogiac‹Bath St RR.
Same, (Doherty.) | Wright‹Wright.
Same, (Thomas.) | People‹State.
Re Sup. (Ryan.) | Hart‹Hart.
Gallatin‹Gapsey. | Dewey‹Dewey.
Sand‹Tilt. (2.) | Kelly‹Kelly.
Lisker‹NY Munic Ry. | Kemp‹Kemp.
Banks‹Greenwood. | Same‹The Camden.
People ex rel Mondlen‹Woods, Police Commr. | Re Bath St. (Queens.)
People ex rel Hart‹Purdy et al. | Rogers‹Duffield.
Silversmith‹Penn RR. | Rener‹Rener.
Re Sup. (Amer Star. Line. (2.) | Stone‹Josephson.
Nagelbaum‹Falco. | Rosenberg‹Minsky.
Re Mosle. | Nagel‹Fragiblau.
Re Sup. (Hellebusch.) | Re Sup. (Kennedy.)
Re Graysend Neck Road. | Tomkins‹McCarthy.
Re Sup. (Allen Holding Co.) | Gold‹Gold.
Re G S Corp. | Hanson‹Hanson.
Re M W Corp. | Jungman‹Patchinski.
Rudolph‹Sup. | Hunt‹Cunningham.
People‹State Gas Co. | Kennedy‹Kennedy.
Re Sup. (Sup. Ct.) | Perry‹Aufiero.
Dee‹Sup. | Adler‹Adler.
Re Sup. (Nassau Elec RR.) | Marsh‹Gowanus Co.
Re Sup. (Sup. Ct.) | Park Brewing Co.
Re Sup. (Sup

REAL ESTATE FIELD

Considering the present state of the realty market, the sale at auction yesterday of 234 Bronx lots by Joseph P. Day and J. Clarence Davies was one of the most remarkable ever conducted in the Vesey Street Exchange salesroom.

A total of $415,400, or an average of $1,775 a lot was realized for the holdings of the Joseph Godwin Estate, as the result of a Supreme Court order directing the partition sale.

In spite of the general opinion prevailing that vacant land could not be sold at the present time, one of the largest crowds in the history of the salesroom attended and filled it to capacity. At one time the attendance was estimated at 1,000 persons.

The first lot offered, at the southwest corner of Bailey Avenue and 230th Street, 32 by 105, went to Simon & Polsky, Bronx builders, for $3,900. The same buyers took the adjoining lot, 25 by 108, on Bailey Avenue, for $1,550.

The lot, 25 by 125, on West 230th Street, opposite the Kingsbridge station of the New York Central Railroad, and containing a small saloon building renting at $35 a month, was sold to H. Canning for $3,000.

Emil Fred of Bayhead, L. I., took the eight adjoining lots, including the northwest corner of Bailey Avenue and 230th Street, for $16,350.

Other lots sold were on Broadway, Albany Crescent, Ver Veelen Place, Exterior Street, Kingsbridge Avenue, West 231st Street, Goodwin Terrace, and Kimberly Place. The prices ranged from $16,000 for the corner of Broadway and 230th Street to $750 for inside lots on the side streets.

Among the buyers were Alexander McLean, Charles E. Gremmels, Patrick J. Hanley, Hugh E. Smyth, William L. Thompson, C. F. Keyes, L. Lessner, William G. Fitzgerald, and James Keane.

Messrs. Day and Davies announced at the close of the sale that it could be adjudged a successful undertaking from all angles, especially in view of the fact that the advertising commenced after the flotation of the second Liberty Loan of $5,000,000,000. They said: "This loan absorbed almost entirely the available cash in the hands of the public, but this condition was somewhat relieved by the acceptance of Liberty bonds in payment as deposit for the lots.

"The Godwin estate is to be congratulated at the successful disposition, in these times, of their unimproved property for $415,400, irrespective of the fact that it represented about one-half of the assessed valuation. The purchasers are also to be congratulated on their foresight and good judgment in buying at these prices.

"The agents and auctioneers feel happy at the successful marketing of so large and important an offering in war times, and predict that as soon as the war is ended, the section will develop into a substantial apartment house community that will double and even treble the lot prices that prevailed at this sale."

$120,000 Bronx Exchange.

The Morgenstern Brothers Syndicate, which has been active lately in the Bronx realty market, figured in another transaction yesterday involving properties in that borough. The syndicate bought from the Henry Morgenthau Company the five-story new law apartment house at 906 Simpson Street, on a plot 75 by 105, containing thirty apartments. The property has been held at $100,000.

In part payment the purchaser gave the mortgagee at 511 to 517 East 139th Street, on a plot 75 by 100 by irregular, held at $20,000. Solomon Gerlich & Co. were the brokers in the deal.

Buyers for Private Dwellings.

The two three-story dwellings 235 and 237 West 120th Street, each occupying a lot 16.9 by 100 have been sold to an investor by the Lawyers Mortgage Company.

Bronx Sales.

L. A. Adams sold to an investing client of Samuel Cower, 829 Jackson Avenue, a five-story new law apartment on a plot 42 by 90.

The Howard Realty Development Company purchased from Lillian B. Taylor, 639 East 137th Street, a five-story tenement on a plot 37.6 by 100.

An investor purchased from the Day McDonald Company, the five-story tenement with a garage in the rear, occupying a lot 25 by 100 on the northwest corner of Lincoln Avenue and 135th Street.

In the Unionport section of the Bronx Joseph Connelly has sold to Matthew Gaskin a plot 50 by 100 on the east side of Westchester Avenue, 25 feet west of Purdy Street.

Long Island.

John Greer has sold for Mrs. K. Anderson a four-story tenement house in Academy Street, 275 feet south of Broadway, Long Island City, to John Eulgem, as an investment.

Brooklyn.

The Meister Builders, Incorporated, have purchased the northeast corner of Bath and Twenty-third Avenues, a three-story private dwelling, on a plot 96.9 by 97.3.

The Good Homes Building Company, Incorporated, has purchased through M. Wiley & Son known as the Court Royale, Beverly Road, corner of East Nineteenth Street, at a consideration of $80,000.

Staten Island.

Cornelius G. Kolff has sold for Carl F. Grieshaber the stucco dwelling just erected on Washington Place, Westerleigh, to William M. Decker of Port Richmond.

New Yorker Buys $35,000 Scarsdale Estate.

Fish & Marvin have sold the Shreve residence at Scarsdale, Westchester County, to a New York client. The property adjoins the estate of John Larstensen, Vice President of the New York Central Railroad, and consists of a residence, several acres of land, and outbuildings. It was held at $35,000.

Westchester.

The Scarsdale Estates has sold a plot on Walworth Avenue, in the Greenacres section of Scarsdale, to F. Albert Hunt of New York, who plans to erect a Colonial dwelling.

Commercial Leases.

Cammann, Voorhees & Floyd have leased the building at 167 Front Street to L. H. Waterman & Co., to be occupied in conjunction with their Factory 4 at 183 Front and 40-44 Fletcher Streets. This is the fifth building that the same brokers have leased on Front and Water Streets in the last few weeks, all at increased rentals.

The American Jewelry Company, for twenty years located in the Church and Walker Street district, has leased for a term of years the entire store, basement and sub-basement, containing over 22,000 square feet at 477 Broadway. This is part of the old Broadway Central Hotel, and formerly occupied by a millinery concern. White & Goodman negotiated the lease.

The Cross & Brown Company leased the building, 100 to 106, at 829-835 Eleventh Avenue, to the Wire Wheel Corporation of America for a long term of years.

The Duross Company leased the P. G. Kemp Coal Yards at 790 to 794 Greenwich Street to William Farrell & Son for a term of ten years for Dr. Sylvester F. Morris.

Complete Hotel Plans.

Final plans for the Hamilton Apartment Hotel, to be erected at 141 to 153 West Seventy-third Street by L. K. Comstock, Edgar Ellinger, and Harry B. Davis were announced yesterday. The building has been considerably enlarged and modified from the original plans at an additional cost of about $200,000. As a result, the amount of the loan underwritten by S. W. Straus & Co. has been changed to $775,000.

$85,000 East Side Loan.

William H. Archibald, in conjunction with Lloyd N. Wendt and Joseph N. Bottomley, has placed a loan of $85,000 at 5 per cent. for three years on the two and four-story store and dwellings at 7 East Twenty-eighth Street and 8 and 10 East Twenty-ninth Street. The property runs through the block, and is twenty-five feet on Twenty-eighth Street and forty feet on Twenty-ninth Street, and adjoins St. Leo's Church.

Realty Notes.

Louis Pape is the buyer of [illegible] man Evangelical Reformed Church and dwelling at 235 and [illegible] 126th Street, on a plot 38.9 [illegible]

The institutional Synagogues [illegible] have purchased from the [illegible] Property Company, 112 West 116th Street, a four-story building, 20 by 100.11, near Lenox Avenue.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

By Joseph P. Day.

3d Av, 2,047, n w corner of 109th St, 34.5x94, five-story tenement and store; A. V. De Goicouria against Bertha Krieger et al.; Phelps, E. & W., attorneys; due, $26,208.44; taxes, &c., $722.63; to the plaintiff for $21,000.

West Farms Road, n e corner of 176th St, extending to Bronx River, 106.3x51.9x irregular 145.1x irregular; Chandler Smith, trustee, against estate of Christian Erdenbrecher, Inc., and another; Reeves & T., attorneys; due, $16,038.43; taxes, &c., $1,219.62; to the plaintiff for $5,000.

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

Ludlow St, 145 and 147, w s, 175.6 ft s of Stanton St, 37.6x87.6, two five-story tenements and stores; M. G. Richardson against R. L. Parsons et al.; W. C. Orr, attorney; due, $31,759.99; taxes, &c., $1,095.57; to the plaintiff for $25,000.

By L. J. Phillips & Co.

824 St, 414 East, s s, 256.6 ft e of 1st Av, 25x100.2, four-story tenement; Cora Kennard against Louis Lese et al.; Emmet & P., attorneys; due, $11,887.86; taxes, &c., $492.80; to the plaintiff for $10,000.

By Arthur C. Sheridan.

131st St, 112 West, s s, 175 ft w of Lenox Av, 16.8x99.11, three-story dwelling; Edward Ridley and others, trustees, against M. J. Ellis et al.; Uterhart & G., attorneys; due, $9,023.52; taxes, &c., $293.64; to the plaintiff for $8,500.

Blackrock Av, 2,024, Unionport, 75x108; Thomas F. White Co. against A. J. White et al.; W. J. Talley, attorney; due, $2,253.40; taxes, &c., $960.36; to the plaintiff for $2,500.

By Henry Brady.

163d St, 655 East, n s, 168.9 ft w of Trinity Av, 18.9x100, two-story dwelling; F. S. Piraner, executor, against Lotty Braunn and another; F. D. Arthur, attorney; due, $4,314.57; taxes, &c., $103.45; to the plaintiff for $4,000.

By Joseph & Co.

Teller Av, 1,051, w s, 99.6 ft n of 165th St, 20x100.1, three-story tenement; A. G. Gerster against Rose Robinson et al; Wayland & B., attorneys; due, $7,773.64; taxes, &c., $271.13; to the plaintiff for $7,500.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

6th Av, 215 to 219, to a twenty-story store, lofts, and offices; Aguilar Corporation, 221 4th Av, owner; R. Rohl, 42 East 23d St., architect; cost, $9,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

TUESDAY, NOV. 27.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AVENUE C, w s, 21.10 ft n of 16th St, 24.2x63; Jacob Blumberg to Irving W. Simelow, 191 Pennsylvania Av, Freeport, L. I., Nov. 23; attorney, Speir & B., 52 Wall St.....$1

BROADWAY, 1,800, 2d, s e corner of Thomas, 50 ft (53 to 63,) runs n 151.3 to Reade St x e 22.4x s 50x e 2x s 101.6x w 23.8 to beginning; Stewart Building, foreclosed May 19, 1917; Henry Smith, referee, to Edw. D. Harris, Yonkers, N. Y., and Central Trust Co. of New York, 34 Wall St, trustees under the will of Henry Hilton, subject to leases and tenancies, Nov. 23; attorney, James S. Darcy, 280 Broadway.....$3,000,000

CLINTON ST, 43 w s, 100 ft s of Stanton St, 25x100; Abraham Leipziger to Pauline Goldstein, same, mtge $25,000, Nov. 19, 1906; attorneys, Cohn & C., 2 Rector St.$100

DIVISION ST, n s, at s e corner of land of Charles Elliot, runs n 76 to side of lot fronting on Attorney St x e 25x s 64 to street x w — to beginning; Charles G. Koss and another, trustees of Francis A. Robinson, to Joseph H. Robinson, 118 Prospect St, East Orange, N. J., all title, b. and s., &c., e. g., all liens, Nov. 1; attorneys, Thompson, Koss & Warren, 256 Broadway...$9,500

EDGECOMBE AV, e s, 92 ft n of 137th St, 15.10x100; Bernard Goldberg to Charles W. Galvin, 58 Edgecombe Av; mtg $11,000, all liens, Nov. 26; address, 74 Broadway.....$20,000

FRONT ST, 241-243, mtg $13,000; Front St, 254, n s, 53 lot w of Dover St, 22.4x68x22x67.3, mtg $6,000; Front St, 255, n s, 22.4x72x22.4x72, mtg $10,000, all of foregoing subject to another mtg for $1,800; Matthew A. Henkel, trustee of the estate of John S. Pettit, bankrupt, to Forsyth Wickes, Tuxedo Park, N. Y., all title, b. and s., &c., e. g., all liens, 5 Nassau St.....$250

FRONT ST, 241, s e s, 68.3 ft n e of Peck Slip, 22.4x89.4x21.9x69.1; Front St, 243, n e s, 20.5 ft n e of Peck Slip, 25.5x69.3x25x60.5; Mabel S., wife of Herbert S. Carter et al, to Morton B. Smith Co., 241 Front St, b. and s., all liens, Feb. 27; attorneys, Merrill, R. & T., 100 Broadway.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; John S. Pettit to Forsyth Wickes, Tuxedo Park, N. Y., mtg $12,000, quitclaim, May 3; address, 5 Nassau St.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Forsyth Wickes to Morton B. Smith Co., 241 Front St, all title, b. and s., &c., all liens, Nov. 24; attorneys, Merrill, R. & T., 100 Broadway.....$1

HESTER ST, s s, between Baxter and Mulberry Sts, Lot 400, Bayard's east farm; Louise M. Jansen et al. to Bernhardt W. and Louise M. Jansen, 723 10th St, College Point, Borough of Queens, mtg $23,500, Nov. 21; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$1

JEFFERSON ST, 50, n w corner of Water St, 27x75; Herbert Frankel to Bertha Grossman, 518 West 151st St, quitclaim, Nov. 26.....$1

LOTS 55 to 59 and 45, map of Marble Hill of 171 lots of Dyckman estate; Katharine M. Maguire et al. to James McLivernon, or James H. Vernon of Billywillwill, County Down, Ireland, et al., heirs of Patrick Murray, a. t., b. and s., Oct. 13; attorneys, Dean, T. & McB., 160 Broadway.....$1

MADISON ST, 261, n s, 47.2 ft e of Clinton St, 21.6x84.6x irregular, foreclosure Nov. 1, 1917; Francis W. Pollock, referee, to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St, one of plaintiffs, Nov. 26; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$15,000

PARK AV, s e corner of 119th St, runs s 51.8xe 79.8, n w— to Stxw 32, to beginning, 34th St, n s, 100 ft e of 3d Av, 25x98.9; 126th St, n s, 99 ft e of Park Av, 49.10x100.11; 115th St, n s, 200 ft w of 5th Av, 45x100.11; 5th Av, 2,711, n w corner of 144th St, 24.11x100; William F. Mittendorf to Mortgage Holding Corporation, 22 Exchange Place, b. and s., all liens, Nov. 24; attorneys, Geller, R. & H., 22 Exchange Place.....$1

PARK AV, s e corner of 50th St, 100.5x108.9; Gresham Realty Co. to Fred Hirschhorn, 35 East 50th St, and Alex. M. Bing, 1,135 Park Av, mtg $900,000, Nov. 26; attorneys, Sharpe & S., 32 Broadway.....$1

2D AV, 2,162, n e corner of 111th St, 20x75.11x75; Anselmo Faber to Giovanni Gunse, 215 F St, Belmar, N. J., mtg $12,000, all liens, Nov. 21; attorney, Charles Zerbarini, 346 Broadway.....$1

3D AV, s e corner of 80th St, 25.2x100; Lisa Strauss to Irma Engel, 213 West 88th St, ½ part, subject to ¼ mtg of $25,000, Nov. 27; attorneys, Alexander, C. & S., 51 Chambers St.....$1

5TH AV, 49, e s, between 11th and 12th Sts, —x—; William Parkin to Augusta and Alice T. Parkin, 49 5th Av, 1-5 part, b. and s., Dec. 31, 1912; W. Parkin, 450 F. O. Bldg, 51 7TH ST, 99 East, n s, 16.5 ft e of 1st Av, 16.4x97.6, 4th St, s s, 125 ft e of 2d Av, 25x115; Rachel or Ray Tally to Raytison Realty Corpn., 42 Broadway, Nov. 27; attorney, Harry O. Gordon, 42 Broadway.$100

8TH AV, 184 and 186, e s, 51.8 ft n of 19th St, 26.5x88.3; 19th St, 259 West, n s, 144.5 ft e of 8th Av, 26.7x105.4x26.10x101.1; Clarence B. and Catharine C. Smith to the same as joint tenants, 150 East 63d St, Nov. 14; address, 27 William St.....$1

10TH ST, n s, 225 ft w of 4th Av, 20x92; Edward A. Sidman to Philip B. Jennings, 177 Park Place, Brooklyn, mtg $40,000, all liens, April 21, 1916; address, 41 Park Row.....$100

57TH ST, 147 East, n s, 208.4 ft e of Lexington Av, 16.8x100.5; Lillian C. Rainbow to Moskoko Realty, Inc., 14 W. 50th St, mtg $13,000, b. and s., c. a. e., Nov. 12.....$1

74TH ST, s s, 135 ft e of 3d Av, 25x102.2; Katharine W. A. Shrady to George F. Shrady, 135 West 73d St, mtg $11,000, b. and s., and c. a. e., Nov. 14; attorney, Thomas Hooker, 300 Broadway.....$1

91ST ST, 20 West, s s, 175 ft w of Central Park West, 19x100.8; William Weisstein to Joseph L. Buttenwieser, 300 Central Park West, b. and s., April 3; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$1,000

94TH ST, 152-64 East; 140th St, 298-306 East; 3d Av, 779; 3d Av, 801-803; 101st St, 202 East; 63d St, 318-26 East; 124th St, 358 East; Janet de Zweirkowski to Anita H. H. Morrell, 302 West 105th St, ½ part, all liens, Nov. 21; attorney, F. W. Pollock, 300 Broadway.....$100

105TH ST, 229 East, n s, 310 ft e of 3d Av, 25x100.11, with all title to strip on w, (2x60); Mary A. Smith to Bernard Dilberto, 237 East 106th St, mtg $8,000, Nov. 15; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$1

115TH ST, s s, 300 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 60.4x100.11, Warren Hall; Otto Horwitz to Bertha Realty Co., 115 Broadway, mtg $[illegible]000, all liens, Nov. 30; attorneys, Horwitz & B., 115 Broadway.....$1

118TH ST, s s, 90 ft w of Morningside Av West, 60x100.11, The Terrace; Otto Horwitz to Sergeant Realty Co., 115 Broadway, mtg $75,000, all liens, Nov. 25; attorneys, Horwitz & B., 115 Broadway.....$1

126TH ST, 149 West, n s, 286.10 ft e of 7th Av, 16.4x99.11; Herbert J. Zeiller to Matilda C. Teter, 200 West 125th St, mtg $5,000, Nov. 21; attorney, Leonard Morgan, 104 West 4th St.....$1

[illegible]TH ST, n s, 104 ft e of 8th Av, 15.6x99.11; Hugo H. Cadenbach, executor, to Robert H. [illegible] 133 Christopher St, Montclair, N. J., Nov. 27; attorney, Philip J. Connell, 162 Christopher St.....$1

[illegible] ST, [illegible] Av, s s, [illegible] J., trustee, Nov. 23; attorney, [illegible] Connell, 43 Pine St.....$1

[illegible] 550 West, s s, 575 ft w of [illegible] foreclosed Nov. 10, 1917; [illegible] referee, to Ladenburg Realty Corp., 176 Broadway, Nov. 26; attorneys, [illegible] and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

[illegible] 654 West, s s, 241.5 ft w

of Broadway, 68.8x100, foreclosed Nov. 8, 1917; Joseph P. Morrissey, referee, to Ladenburg Realty Co., 2 Rector St, Nov. 26; attorneys, Butcher, T. & F., 1 Madison Av.....$50,000

180TH ST, s s, 100 ft e of Av St, Nicholas, 75x100; Gustave A. Kerker to Erda Realty Co., 200 5th Av, mtg $70,000, Nov. 26; attorneys, Otterbourg, S. & H., 200 5th Av..$1

Bronx.

DE VOE TERRACE, e s, 421 ft s of 190th St, 22x90; Martha O'Keefe to William J. Pallen, 116 East 54th St, mtg $2,000, Nov. 26; attorney, Handler & H., 2 Rector St...$1

LOTS 22 and 23, Block 5,423, map of Estates Development Co. and another; Estates Development Co. to Jeannette Horwitz, 911 Bolton Av, Nov. 26; attorney, J. A. Wolf, 160 Broadway.....$100

LOTS 20 and 21, Block 17; Lots 15, 20, and 23, Block 19; Lot 21, Block 20; Lots 26 to 30, Block 24; Lots 4, 10, 11, 14, 40 to 42, Block 25; Lots 2, 5, and 6, Block 28; Lots 1, 5, and 6, Lot 33, Lots 11 to 40, Block 35; Lots 1 to 8, Block 39, map Pelham Park; also right, title, and interest in Lots 8 and 9, Block 25, map Pelham Park; also Lots 19 and 29, Block 16; also Lot 2, Block 25, same map; William R. Nash to Frank V. Taylor, 423 Tecumseh Av, Mount Vernon, N. Y., March 31; attorney, De La Mare & M., 140 Nassau St.....$1

PARKSIDE PLACE, n s, 143.4 ft s w of 207th St, 75.1x100.8x75x102.3; Eugene J. Barber to E. J. B. Realty Corp., 153 Courtlandt Av, mtg $4,500, Nov. 27; attorneys, Dutton & K., 203 Broadway.....$1

PARK AV, n w corner of 175th St, 100.8x130.1; John H. Carr to John Wanamaker, 2,353 Chestnut St, Philadelphia, Penn., Nov. 23; attorney, J. C. J. Johnson, 10th St and Broadway.....$100

RIVERDALE AV, w s, at s e land of Thomas Cuthbert, 100x100; Mary Kennedy et al. to Julia K. Coffey, on Riverdale Av, near 260th St, mtg $850, Nov. 10; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.$2,500

SCHUYLER ST, s s, 450 ft w of Courtlandt Av, 25x100; Mary Burger to Adele Berliner, 70 West 119th St, Nov. 9; attorneys, Dowsey, F. & H., 66 Broadway.....$1

VALENTINE AV, w s, 199.5 ft s of 180th St, 25x99.9; Henry R. Stelling to Catharina Meyer, 2,417 Tilden Av, Brooklyn, mtg $4,425, Oct. 27; attorney, Henry R. Frankenberg, 52 Broadway.....$1

VALENTINE AV, 2,057, w s, 25x99.11; August Stelling to same, mtg $5,000, Oct. 27; attorney, same.....$1

137TH ST, n s, 101.11 ft w of Cypress Av, 37.6x100; Lillian B. Taylor to Howard Realty and Development Co., 120 Broadway, ½ part, mtg $28,000, Nov. 23; attorneys, Hunt, H. & H., 120 Broadway.....$1

145D ST, 475 East, n s, 25x100; Augustus R. Frasse to August F. Sabino, 2,401 Westchester Av, mtg $24,000, Nov. 26; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

146TH ST, 246 and 248 East, s s, 50x100, John F. Press, referee, to William W. Tappan, 257 North Maple St, East Orange, N. J., Nov. 27; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$5,000

165TH ST, 424 and 430 East, s s, 50x118; Sly Rosenberg, referee, to Bond and Mortgage Guarantee Co., 175 Remsen St, Brooklyn, Nov. 26; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$3,500

179TH ST, s s, 125 ft w of Bronx Park Av, 25x114.1x28.11x104.1; James Davies to Michael D. Howard, 929 Courtlandt Av, Aug. 31; attorney, Michael D. Howard, 1,310 Jerome Av.....$100

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

BARCLAY ST, 81, n s, 50.10 ft w of Washington St, 19.2x75, Nov. 27; J. B. Wallace Co. to Lincoln Trust Co., 204 5th Av, trustee of will of Charles E. Hallwell, due Dec. 12, 1923; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$17,500

BOWERY, 305, n e corner of 1st St; Bowery, 307; 3d St, 149 East; 3d St, 221 East; 1st St, 1 and 3 Rivington St; interest, Nov. 16; Lida D. Tilison Klotz to Robert, husband of Lida D. T. Klotz, 537 Fairview Av, Brooklyn, owns $300; Frederick Klotz, Jr., 537 Fairview Av, Brooklyn, owns $3,000, and Frederick G. Klotz, 55 Woodbine St, Brooklyn, owns $300, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Lewis & Nelsey, 150 Nassau.....$1

DIVISION ST, 224, n s, 84 ft e of Attorney St, runs n 76x e 25x s 64 to street x w — to beginning, Nov. 1; Joseph H. Robinson to Charles W. Koss, 625 West End Av, and another, trustees will Frances A. Robinson, 3 years; attorneys, Thompson, Koss & Warren, 256 Broadway.....$9,500

ESSEX ST, 121 and 123, n w s, 50x25, Nov. 27; Abraham Neuman to Morris Wegweiser, 1,581 Fulton Av, Bronx, 2 years, 6 p. c., prior mtg $23,500.....$1

HESTER ST, s s, between Baxter and Mulberry Sts, Lot 400, Bayard's East Farm, 25x100, Nov. 16; Louise M. Jansen and Albert W. Hunt to Bernhard W. Jansen, 723 10th St, College Point, Borough of Queens, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$2,500

LITTLE ST, 153, s s, 257.11 ft e of Hester St, 19x87; Rosa Saberski to New York Trust Co., 26 Broad St, trustee, 3 years; attorneys, Merrill, R. & T., 100 Broadway.....$16,000

PRINCE ST, 29 East, n s, 250 ft w of 4th Av, 25x92, Oct. 1; J. Cleveland Cady to Robert H. Cory, Englewood, N. J., mortgage, Lenox Av, 2 Rector St.....$2,800

129TH ST, 149 West, n s, 266.10 ft e of 7th Av, 16.4x99.11, Nov. 27; Matilda C. Teter to Herbert J. Zeiller, 1,229 Channing Road, Far Rockaway, Borough of Queens, due Dec. 1, 1922, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$5,000

132TH ST, 50 West, s s, 1,009 ft w of Lenox Av, 25x99.11, Nov. 15; Anthony Building Corporation to Pauline Levy, 1,815 Church Av, Brooklyn, due Nov. 22, 1919, 6 p. c.; attorney, Charles Breitbart, 309 Broadway.....$2,000

160TH ST, 646-650 West, s s, 575 ft w of Broadway, 66.8x100, Nov. 29; Ladem Realty Co. to Ivy Realty Co., 299 Broadway, due three April 3, 1920, 6 p. c., prior mtg $37,500; attorney, H. Gottlieb, 299 Broadway.....$12,500

Bronx.

HARROD AV, w s, 300 ft n of Ludlow Av, 100x100; Mary A. Wasserman to Walter S. Torrence, 1,094 Woodycrest Av, Nov. 21, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1,500

HONE AV, 1,326, w s, 263.2 ft n of West Farms Road, 16.6x100; Margaret C. Maher to Timothy Donohue, 430 East 148th St, Nov. 27, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.$2,000

LOTS 22 and 23, Block 5,423, map of Estates Development Co. and another; Jeannette Horowitz to Estates Development Co., 17 Madison Av, Nov. 26; attorney, J. A. Wolf, 160 Broadway.....$5,000

MINFORD PLACE, 1,568 to 1,582, Aimee Oppenheimer to Isaac Cohen, 1,686 Clay Av, Nov. 21, 3 years, 4 p. c., lease recorded as mortgage; attorney, Bernard S. Deutsch, 261 Broadway.....$1,143

RIVERDALE AV, w s, at s e of land of Thomas Cuthbert, runs s 100x w 100x n 100x e 100; Julia K. Coffey to David Forsyth and another, executors, Bingham ton, N. Y., Nov. 26, 5 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$4,000

14TH ST, s s, being w ¼ of Lot 113, map of Wakefield, 50x114; Timothy Finn to Rose Kehoe, 175 Cady St, Nov. —, 1917, due April 30, 1920; attorney, Nicholas I. Weidgen, 911 Wilder Building, Rochester, N. Y.....$300

MORTGAGE LOANS.

MORTGAGE MONEY
ALBERT B. ASHFORTH, Inc.
Mortgage Department
14 WALL STREET
Telephone Rector 4090

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

265 West 132nd St.
HOUSE TO LET
3 story & basement—newly decorated.
$50 a Month.
GEO. T. RITCHINGS,
135 Broadway. 6880 Cortlandt.

318 WEST 76TH STREET.
Remodelled Private Residence.
Large rooms, four baths, hardwood floors, electric light; newly decorated.
BEST ARRANGED HOUSE IN BEST PRIVATE HOUSE BLOCK ON WEST SIDE.
Inquire on premises. Not for rent.

Park Avenue Corner.
An attractive investment yielding 12% net income.
FRANK L. FISHER CO., 148 West 72d St.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Pretty Brick Houses
$35—For Rent—$35
Seven rooms. Beautifully decorated, all ready to occupy; New Subway, Brooklyn, B. Silsby, 217 B'way, New York; Barclay 4585.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

MOVE RIGHT IN
and own your own home; 30 minutes via electric trains New York or Brooklyn; house has all modern improvements, heat, etc.; ground enough for poultry and vegetables; near stores, schools; can be bought for less than city rent; $150 cash, balance $18 per month. LANE, Box 375 Times Downtown.

FOR SALE
The New Mathewson Hotel
Narragansett Pier, Rhode Island.
Providence, R. I., November 23, 1917.
Messrs. G. L. & H. J. Gross,
Providence, R. I.
Gentlemen:—
You are hereby authorized to sell the Mathewson Hotel property Narragansett Pier, including land, buildings, furniture and equipment for $75,000, $40,000 of which may remain on mortgage for the term of ten years, interest at the rate of 6% per annum, to be paid semi-annually, in advance.
Estate of Wm. B. Banigan,
(Signed) ALFRED S. CLARKE.
If the property is not sold within thirty days, the furniture and equipment will be sold to be removed, and the buildings will be sold to be wrecked and removed.
For descriptive circular, apply to
G. L. & H. J. GROSS
ESTABLISHED 1886.
REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE. 170 WESTMINSTER STREET.
PROVIDENCE, R. I.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

SPECIALISTS IN
WESTCHESTER AND NEARBY CONNECTICUT PROPERTIES.
INSURANCE—MONEY TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE.
Fish & Marvin 527 5th Ave.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

For Rent at Kew Gardens
Beautiful home, twelve large, newly decorated rooms; hot-water heat, electricity and gas; large garage; half acre of ground, with garden, trees, flowers and shrubs. One of the most attractive homes in all suburban New York; 15 minutes from New York. Rent $2,000. Immediate possession. Can supply in the bins. B. J. Beardsley, owner, 1 Main St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Phone Main 7303.

FINE SMALL FARM.
House and ½ acre good farming land; just the place for small family to raise chickens and vegetables; in large town, near depot and trolley; will make price right to party wanting this place on terms of $100 cash and $12 monthly. Small Farm, box 289 Times Downtown.

Stucco House—$20 Monthly
Buys it, everything new, 6 rooms, handsome bath, open fireplace, hardwood floors, decorations in ivory, electric lights, steam heat, fine plot, hedge, lawn, flowers; easy commuting, owner must sell at once, sacrifice for $3,500. $250 cash needed, title guaranteed. M. H., 87 West 34th St., Room 434.

45,000 SQUARE FEET
22 lots at $12.50 per lot; to close out estate; will sell all for $2,750; will take $250 cash, balance $5 per month; excellent soil for farming and poultry; plenty of work near by. B. ESTATE, 242 W. 34th St., N. Y.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

PROTECT YOUR FAMILY
by insuring the title to your Real Estate. We are specialists in Bergen and Hudson Counties Abstracts of Title. Our guaranteed mortgages make savings safe. Write for Booklet A and new auto map.
North Jersey Title Insurance Co.,
HACKENSACK, N. J.
N. Y. Rep.—Glenn K. Carver, 60 Wall St.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

STORE & BASEMENT
Rental $3,000.
LOFT
50x100
Rental $2,000.
N. W. Cor. Bleecker St. AND WOOSTER ST.
Modern fireproof building; freight-passenger elevator, sprinkler system, all improvements, high ceilings, unusual light, to lease from Feb. 1. Apply owner, on premises, or your own broker.

LOFTS
Modern, Light, Low Rent.
12-STORY FIREPROOF BUILDING.
106 EAST 19TH ST.,
Adjoining Fourth Ave.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

JUST COMPLETED
370 Central Park West
The Apartment House Unique.
S. W. Corner of 97th Street.
An Oasis in the Desert of Sameness.
Featuring Elizabethan Architecture.
Suites of 3 to 7 Rooms,
Rentals $700 to $1,800.
Special 5-Room Suites, with Huge Living Rooms and Open Fireplace.
1 Room and Bath, $300.
Renting Agent on premises, or
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preventing the fulfillment of orders placed several months ago for Furniture and Room Furnishings
WE WILL RENT UNFURNISHED
Apartments of one and two rooms with bath and three rooms with 2 baths
FOR TEN MONTHS AT
A GREAT CONCESSION
from regular rates for these particular suites.
HOTEL ALEXANDRIA
JUST OPENED
250 WEST 103D STREET,
Between Broadway and West End Ave.
Subway Express Station at Corner.

THE CAMBRIA
347-353 WEST 55TH ST.
1 & 2 Rooms, Bath
AND KITCHENETTE
West of Broadway—Strictly Fireproof.
At Very Attractive Rentals.
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562 WEST END AV.,
At 87th St.
Elegant Apartments
8 & 9 Rooms, 3 Baths,
Immediate Possession.
Very Low Rentals.

Corner Apartments
HARTLEY HALL
485 Central Park West, cor. 109th St.
5th Floor, 6 Rooms. $1,200.00.
Every room facing Central Park or Street.

SUBLET—
8 Very Large Rooms,
Completely and beautifully furnished, for two years or more.
Apply Superintendent,
315 Central Park West.

HIGHLAND COURT
600 WEST 192ND STREET
at St. Nicholas Ave. Subway station.
ELEVATOR APARTMENTS—5 ROOMS.
REDUCED RENTS.

340 WEST 86TH ST.
KITCHENETTE APARTMENT
2 Rooms and Bath,
$900 to $1,000.
M. S. GAILLARD & CO.
2299 Broadway. Phone Schuyler 8978.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

815 PARK AVE.
S. E. CORNER 79TH ST.
New Magnificent 14-Story Structure.
EXQUISITE APARTMENT DWELLINGS
6-7-8 ROOMS
2-3 BATHS, RENTS $2,500 TO $3,500.
1, 3 & 4 Rooms
Agent on Premises. Phone Rhinelander 9100.

MAPLE COURT
1229 PARK AVE., COR. 96TH.
High-Class Elevator Apartments
7 & 8 Rooms, $1,000-$1,350
3 BATHS.
A very choice 8-room corner suite, also Physician's or Dentist's Apartment 8 Rooms.
Must Be Seen To Be Appreciated.
Apply Premises, or A. BRANDSTAT, 1335 East 118th St. (Harlem.—1518).

The Berkshire,
500 MADISON AVE. (Cor. 52d St.)
Elegant housekeeping apartments, large rooms, and three baths; 12 foot ceilings; rent $3,000 per annum. Dwight Robinson, Charles S. Brown Co., 101 46th Street.

39 EAST 27TH ST.
Fireproof Elevator Apartments.
Three rooms, kitchen, bath.....$360
Three rooms, kitchen, bath.....$360
Two rooms, kitchen, bath.....$240
H. H. HOLLAND, Agent, on premises.

993 PARK AVE. AT 84TH STREET.
Apartment, 10 rooms, 3 baths, third floor; south and west exposure. Unfurnished, $3,960. Apply janitor-intendent, or telephone Lenox 2778.

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SELECT TENANTS ONLY.
749 to 781 Eastern Parkway Cor. Kingston Ave. Eastern Parkway station.
25 MINUTES TO MANHATTAN.
Most attractive apartments, modern improvements; electric steam heat, hardwood floors, large bedrooms, sunny rooms.
6-7-8 Rooms 4 and 5 Baths $40 up
PALMER ESTATE, OWNER.
A. G. PALMER, Resident Manager, gives his personal attention, assuring the best of service.
284 Kingston Ave. Tel. 4751 Bed.
Take Subway to Atlantic Ave. Stop, then to St. John's Place trolley to Kingston Ave. Walk two blocks.

QUEENS.

JACKSON HEIGHTS GARDEN APARTMENTS
THE MAXIMUM OF SUNLIGHT AND AIR AND A BEAUTIFUL OUTLOOK FROM EVERY WINDOW.
3 & 4
LARGE ROOMS & BATH,
$34 to $50
TAKE THE SUBWAY and transfer at

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

9TH, 126 WEST.—Large rooms, private bath; electricity; newly furnished. 8295 Columbus.

9TH, 138 WEST.—Desirable single, also large heated rooms, electricity, parquetry, $4.50 up.

9TH, 134 WEST.—Large, sunny rooms, with dressing rooms; also small rooms; reasonable.

9TH, 102 WEST, (Apt. 61).—Pleasant room, homelike surroundings, conveniences; gentleman. Columbus 3384.

26TH ST., West End Av.—Northeast corner, suite with bath; large sunny rooms with or without baths; reasonable.

30TH, 124 WEST.—Attractive, large room; hot and cold running water; exclusive house.

30TH, 38 WEST.—Large and small, attractive rooms; breakfast optional; references.

30TH, 143 WEST.—Newly furnished large and small rooms, all conveniences.

35TH, 54 WEST.—Large sunny rooms, private baths; twin beds; also single rooms.

36TH, 158 WEST—Beautifully furnished large room, with bath; piano, electricity; all conveniences.

37TH, 111 WEST.—Elegant parlor suite; also large and small rooms; adjoining and private baths; electricity; phone; subway, "L"; reasonable; private house.

37TH, 125 WEST.—Bright, comfortable; hot water heated rooms, with private family; reference.

37TH ST., 313 WEST.—Lady with refined home will sublet as studio large front parlor; southern exposure; electricity.

37TH, 314 WEST.—Large room, private bath, electricity, single room; near subway; reference.

37TH, 109 WEST.—Front parlor for rent; suitable for business; $25 per month.

37TH, 148 WEST.—Private house, two large rooms, connecting bath; single, en suite.

38TH, 139 WEST.—Attractive large room, adjoining bath; all conveniences; well heated.

38TH, 122 WEST.—Beautiful, large rooms, with or without bath; electricity; phone; references.

38TH, 326 WEST.—Beautiful rooms, large and single; private house; well heated.

38TH, 169 WEST.—Sitting room and two bedrooms connecting; board optional. Haynes.

39TH, 232 WEST.—Magnificent parlor floor suite, private bath; best transportation; single rooms; reference; home comforts; private home.

39TH, 132 WEST.—Attractive, sunny rooms; private baths, steam heat, electricity; $4.50, $12.

40TH, 147 WEST.—Large, small, newly furnished, sunny rooms; all conveniences; reference.

41ST, 27 WEST.—Exceptional room; private, modern home, facing Park; steam heat, electricity. $12; breakfast; subway. Bryant 7285.

41ST, 135 WEST.—One, two room suites; private bath, lavatory, electricity. Schuyler 2962.

41ST, 110 WEST.—Attractive rooms, large, medium; private baths; electricity. $6.50, $10, $12.

42D, 13 WEST.—Beautiful large and smaller rooms; electricity; parquet floors; board optional. Vanderbilt. Schuyler 2905.

42D, 230 WEST.—Attractive room, or suite, with every comfort; private apartment. White.

42D, 33 WEST.—Two beautiful, newly furnished, decorated bedrooms, bath; references.

42D, 24 WEST.—Beautiful rooms, suites; private bath; electricity; refined house; references.

44TH, 352 WEST.—Attractive room; electricity and phone.

44TH, 137 WEST.—Attractive, sunny two-room suite, kitchenette, bath, steam. Smith.

44TH, 30 WEST.—Parlor, suite, suitable physician; electricity, well heated; other rooms.

44TH, 134 WEST.—Desirable room, adjoining bath; running water; electricity. Bryant 5878.

45TH, 36 WEST.—Exclusive house; exceptionally beautiful room; twin beds; southern exposure.

45TH, 340 WEST.—Newly renovated residence, exceptional room, floor; private bath; large single, good-sized back room; southern exposure; also 203 West 78th St.

47TH, 307 WEST.—Private house; large back parlor, bath, kitchenette, couple, bachelor; $35.

47TH, 330 WEST.—Elegantly furnished large front room, also parlor; piano; steam; electricity.

48TH ST., 760 WEST END AV.—Double, two connecting or single; southern exposure; running water, shower, steam; subway express. Britten.

49TH, 20 WEST.—Attractive, light, well-heated rooms; running water; board optional; conveniences.

49TH, 145 WEST.—Attractive, well furnished single room, bath; telephone; gentleman; $7.50.

49TH, 759 West End Av.)—High-class large front room, three windows, southern exposure; also small room, $5. River 5846.

49TH, 256 WEST.—Beautiful large rooms; every convenience. Apt. 43. Riverside 6494.

49TH, (745 West End Av.)—High-class two rooms, bath, and kitchen. Riverside 3816.

50TH, 234 WEST.—Elegantly furnished suite, bath; gentlemen or couple; exclusive home. Apartment 7.

50TH, 329 WEST, (Riverside Drive.)—Sunny front suite, or three connected; every convenience; very desirable; business people; breakfast; home, not a furnished room. Apt. 3.

50TH, 170 WEST.—Private house, front room, lavatory; electricity; "L," subway, Academy 2667.

50TH, 307 WEST.—Nicely furnished room; running water; electricity; $4 a week; gentleman only. Phone Academy 1930.

50TH, 202 WEST, (Apt. 1E.)—Business people; near subway and "L"; elevator apartment; all modern conveniences; private home.

50TH, 237 WEST.—Exceptionally attractive two-room suite; modern elevator apartment; to refined people. Phone Academy 700. Apt. 66.

50TH, 256 WEST, (Corner Broadway.)—Front room, bath, phone; $4.50; gentleman. Rogers.

50TH ST., 304 WEST, (Adjoining Broadway.)—Beautifully furnished large and small rooms; modern.

51ST, 618 WEST, (Apt. 62.)—Attractive room in high-class apartment for gentleman; $8.

51TH AND AMSTERDAM AV. La Porte Hotel, Opposite Columbia University Campus; 8 minutes from 42d St.; large and small rooms, suites, private baths; transients, $1 daily up; restaurant and cafeteria.

51STH, 419 WEST.—Two complete housekeeping rooms; elevator apartment; subway; reasonable. Dent.

51STH, 422 WEST, (Gradell.)—Accommodations for transients, over Thanksgiving. Apt. 41.

51TH ST., 420 WEST.—Light, good-sized; $5 week. Apt. 22.

52ND ST., 501 AND 519 WEST, (Morningside Heights.)—Attractive all-year location; near parks, dining rooms, restaurants and Columbia University; large artistically furnished rooms, suitable for one or two persons; southern front, overlooking campus, $7, $8 weekly; eastern front, $7, $8; parlor room with three windows, $8, $7; southern front (at 519), with kitchen privilege, $7.50; single room, southern front, $5; single rooms, rear, $4.50, $4; showers; parlors; room for dancing week days and evenings; board strictly optional, at cost, in co-operative dining room; Broadway subway, elevated, Riverside bus. Chaperons: at 501, Mrs. Young and Mrs. von Siller, telephone Morningside 4886; at 519, Mrs. King and Miss Williams, telephone Morningside 8790.

52ND, 523 WEST.—Double room, nicely furnished, exclusive use, well-equipped kitchen. Apt. 41.

52ND, 540 WEST, corner Broadway.—Attractive outside, near Columbia; kitchen privileges. Gray.

52ND ST., 347 WEST, (Broadway.)—Single, double rooms; elevator apartment; $3, $4.50 week. Rose.

52ND, 439 WEST.—Attractive, two-room suite; kitchen; electricity; conveniences. Apt. 16.

52ND, 360 WEST.—Large, sunny and medium room; $4; good, convenient location.

53RD, 600 WEST, (Apt. 12.)—Bright room, running water, kitchen privileges; refined family; for young business woman; references.

54TH, 556 WEST, Apt. 45.—Comfortable room for business people; private family.

56TH, 561 WEST (Corner Broadway.)—Newly decorated room; business gentleman; references. Apartment 55.

56TH, 527 WEST.—Elegant room, modern apartment; sitting room if desired. Phone Mendota.

56TH, 501 WEST.—2 front rooms, adjoining bath, southern exposure. Apt. 27.

56TH, 600 WEST.—Hudson view; running water; $6; convenient location; evenings, 6-10.

56TH, 520 WEST.—Apartment, cozy, warm, no other roomers; reasonable.

56TH, 601 WEST.—Light room; near subway; elevator apartment; No. 66; phone; convenient location.

ALLERTON HOUSE FOR BACHELORS, 302 West 22d St.

Genial atmosphere and spirit of a well-appointed club for men of refinement; new fireproof building; billiard room; single, $4.50 to $6.50 weekly; rooms for two, $5.50 weekly each.

ATTRACTIVE front room in high-class apartment on Riverside Drive, near 116th, for refined single gentlemen. Telephone Morningside 4120.

BROADWAY, 4,640.—Delightful front bedroom for lady; use of parlor and kitchen; phone, heat, electricity; reasonable. Apply Wednesday afternoon and evening; also all Sunday. Nelson, Apt. 31.

BROADWAY 2,880, (112th.)—Desirable, well-furnished room; high-class apartment. Apartment 8.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 473.—Newly furnished rooms, en suite, cozy and attractive; all conveniences. Fryer.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 99, (Apt. 5 J.)—Attractive room or suite; exclusive home.

ONE or two rooms and exclusive use of bath; vicinity 73d St. and Central Park; breakfast optional. 5478 Columbus.

PHONE MARTIN, Times Building, 3233 Bryant; choice inspected rooms, suites; any section.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 360, at 157th St., Near Subway.—Large room, nicely furnished, adjoining bath no other roomers. Call or telephone Audubon 5520, Apartment 4C.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE 850, (157th St. subway station.)—Light and warm rooms for gentleman or couple; small private house; reasonable. Phone 5675 Audubon.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 76.—Beautifully furnished rooms; single or en suite; between 79th and 80th.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 78, (80th.)—Magnificent suite with private bath; maid service; private residence.

WASHINGTON PLACE, 82.—Double room, single room, private family. Apt. 16.

WASHINGTON SQUARE.—Large furnished room to share with lady; call Spring 1260, or address S 128 Times.

WEST END AV., 664.—Handsomely furnished, exceptional rooms; running water; adjoining baths.

WEST END AV., 611.—Large, well-furnished front room; dressing room; electric light; references; breakfast optional.

WEST END AV., 896, (103d.)—Private bath, large room; also single room, $4.

Brooklyn.

A NICE ROOM, electricity, business man preferred; private family, exclusive neighborhood, walking distance of subway. Telephone 233 Prospect.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

Gentleman desires nice, comfortable suite of rooms consisting of parlor, bedroom, and private bath, or large single room, with breakfast, between 40th and 80th Sts.; congenial surroundings. E. B., 854 Broadway.

BACHELOR seeks room and bath; electricity, steam, sunshine; central location; reasonable terms; give particulars. L. D. A., F 476 Times Annex.

ROOMS LISTED, $2; 20-30 calls daily. Phone Martin, Times Bldg., 5233 Bryant.

Married couple wish room, with family, taking no other lodgers. S 138 Times.

WARM, sunny room wanted, below 42d St.; Murray Hill section preferred. F 134 Times.

Two light housekeeping, 2 adults, for Winter; vicinity west 90s. Schuyler 2895.

Unfurnished.

73D ST., WEST, (Near Riverside.)—Suite rooms, bath, single rooms; will furnish rear parlor for doctor. Columbus 3764.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

53D, 37 EAST.—Rooms, with board; references; table board.

54, 2, 13-15 EAST.—Boarding place of exceptional excellence and exclusiveness; moderate; references.

65TH ST., EAST.—Exceptional opportunity to enjoy the comforts of a private and refined home near Park Av. Plaza 0631.

A COUPLE WITH ELEGANT HOME, exclusive neighborhood, will accommodate gentleman or lady with large, sunny room, handsomely furnished; bath; electricity; first-class, choicest table. 753 Madison Av., (60th St.)

HOTEL RUTLEDGE, (Lexington Av. and 50th.)—For refined women. Why not live at a hotel at lower cost than a boarding house? beautiful atmosphere, outside rooms; telephone, elevator; complete service; homelike; including meals, $12 weekly up.

West Side.

16TH, 7 WEST. (Near 5th Av.)—Large, small rooms; excellent board; all improvements.

57TH AV., 7.—Thoroughly renovated throughout; private baths; electricity, switchboard; refined service.

54 WEST 54TH ST.
Large and small rooms; table guests.

16 WEST 55TH ST.
Rooms with bath; table board; references.

57TH, 351 WEST.—First-class large, small; excellent table; electricity; telephone.

58TH, 46 WEST.—Large, small, single rooms; private bath; excellent home table; references.

58TH ST., 41, 43, 45 WEST—Elevator.
MADISON ARMS.

68TH, 50 WEST.—Beautiful furnished room, southern exposure; private bath, electricity; Southern cooking; suit particular people desiring refined home.

69TH, 61 WEST.—Large front room; bay window, kitchenette; smaller room; maid service.

72D, 318 WEST.—Exclusive Pension, two large connecting rooms, with private baths, singly or en suite; excellent table.

72D, 212 WEST.—PRIVATE BATHS, ELECTRICITY, TABLE BOARD; DOCTOR'S OFFICE. COLUMBUS 6396.

72D, 266 WEST.—Fine location; attractive, warm rooms; excellent Southern cooking; references.

72D, 117 WEST.—Large rooms, private baths; with board; table guests accommodated.

75TH, 234 WEST—The Hurlburt; large, sunny room, private bath; steam heat.

75TH, 155 WEST.—Desirable double room with board.

75TH, 20 WEST.—Attractive, large room; excellent table; Southern cooking; table guests.

76TH, 111 WEST.—Attractive, large, well-heated room, second floor; excellent table.

77TH, 116 WEST.—Attractive, large, sunny room, bath adjoining; steam; excellent cuisine. Schuyler 8831.

79TH, 114-132 WEST, (Wide Parked Street.)—Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tea room and lounge; telephone; booklet; references.

80TH, 143 WEST.—One large, one medium room; electricity; homelike surroundings; references.

81ST, 151 WEST.—Beautiful large rooms; private baths; excellent cuisine; phone.

82D, 124 WEST, (Graycourt.)—New, attractive, and modern; references; table guests; booklet.

82D, 128-130 WEST.—Very desirable, large room, private bath, board.

83D, 25 WEST.—Large, sunny, connecting rooms, second floor, private bath, steam, electricity; homelike surroundings; family, few adults; Vienna cooking; table guests accommodated. Schuyler 5227.

85TH, 76 WEST—Private family can accommodate one-two business gentlemen; beautiful parlor, bedroom adjoining, handsomely furnished in mahogany and leather; excellent cuisine. Schuyler 8831.

87TH, 184 WEST.—Attractive, double, front room; splendid location; excellent table; homelike.

90TH, 16 WEST.—Beautiful large rooms, newly furnished, bath adjoining; unexcelled Jewish table; reasonable; table guests accommodated. Riverside 9793.

91ST ST., 39 WEST.—Very desirable double and single rooms, with adjoining bath, for 2, 3, or 4 people; need be furnished; refined Jewish family; excellent table, reasonable rates. Tel. Riverside 6926.

91ST, 66 WEST.—Desirable rooms; excellent home cooking; table guests; reasonable rates.

96TH, 314 WEST.—Unusually large room, private bath, suitable for 2 or 3 people; service and surroundings unequalled.

120TH, 110 WEST.—Large parlor; small, refined Jewish boarding house; German cooking; conveniences.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 740.—Large room, facing Drive; private family; refined surroundings; first-class board. 6B. 4570 Audubon.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 548.—Refined home, for lady or gentleman. Apt. 5B.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Ocean Traffic Passing Windows.
Charming Winter House of Highest Standard.
20 Minutes Downtown N. Y.; Fare 5c.
Fifty Lovely Rooms. Exquisitely Furnished.
Excellent Chef and Service; Small Tables.
Abundance Sunlight, Good Air, Quietness.
Social Parlors, Smoking Rooms, Comforts.
Weekly, $12-$20 per adult, with meals.
71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

THE NORWOOD 77TH AV.,
174 West 120th.—Room, board; steam heat, baths, telephone; home cooking; convenient.

WEST END AV., 692, (94th.)—Large front, back rooms, private bath; also suite; automatic elevator; references; table guests.

COUNTRY BOARD.

New York City.

HIGHCLIFFE HOTEL, Park Hill, Yonkers.—Unexcelled home cooking; river view. Yonkers 2161.

Westchester County.

Delightful Fall, Winter home, near White Plains; 45 min. 42d St.; private park; low rates. Booklet. Mt. House, Valhalla, N. Y.

New York State.

ADIRONDACKS.
Can accommodate people of refinement, four adults, in modern private cottage, on lake; 1,500 feet st., near station; electricity; sun parlor; family cuisine; milk, cream, eggs, from farm; Winter sports; $28 per week; references. Mountain View House, Mt. View, N. Y. (Franklin Co.)

New England.

SPEND THE WEEK-ENDS
or spend the Winter in beautiful country home, one hour New York; large, sunny rooms, with, without private bath; delicious meals; garage, sun parlor, fine view; near station. For accommodations write 150 Field Point Road, Greenwich, Conn.

BOARD WANTED.

YOUNG Belgian, (Jewish,) desires board, room, between 70th and 120th Sts., near trains; breakfasts, suppers; will pay $10. A 276 Times Downtown.

BY THREE ADULTS, two rooms and board in apartment; British family preferred; West Seventies or Eighties. S 147 Times.

RESPONSIBLE Jewish business man wants table board; high-class boarding house; vicinity 72d, west; give details. S 124 Times.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

BUICKS, 1917-1916.
Tourings, roadsters, closed. Flack, 1,700 Broadway.

BUICK 1916, little used; $550 cash; good running order. Geo. O. Linberg, 101 Beekman St., city.

BUICK 1917 CABRIOLET.
Perfect condition. Slocum, 1,700 Broadway.

BUICK 1917 touring, Little Six, $775. Alexander G. Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

BUICK little six runabout; first real cash offer takes it. 1,930 Broadway.

A CADILLAC SPECIAL.
1917 COUPE, 8-cyl., 4-pass.; inside drive.
1917 TOURING, Model 55, 8-cyl., 7-pass.; overhauled and repainted a beautiful maroon.
1916 TOURING, Model 53, 8-cyl., 7-pass.; overhauled and repainted.
1915 RUNABOUT, beautiful mechanical condition.
Telephone Mulberry 3240.

CADILLAC "8" LIMOUSINE
Very handsome body; exceptional condition both in appearance and mechanically; shoe equipment excellent; open to mechanical inspection and demonstration any time; on exhibition at the Brighton, 1,077 Atlantic Ave., cor. Franklin Ave., Brooklyn.

Cadillac 1917 Convertible Sedan; 3,900 miles.
CADILLAC 1917 ROADSTER.
CADILLAC 1916 TOURING.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

CADILLAC "17" limousine, run 7,000 miles, exceptional condition, many extras, tires, two bumpers, shock absorbers, slip covers, &c.; like new; sell cheap. S 130 Times.

CADILLAC TOWN CAR.
Landau limousine, commodious body; private exclusively; cost $3,500. Hohness, 305 West 79th.

CADILLAC 1917 limousine; excellent condition; sacrifice; make offer. Telephone Owner, 546 Decatur.

CADILLAC landaulet 1917, excellent condition; lady leaving city; no dealers. Columbus 7161.

CADILLAC 1916 seven-passenger touring. Marmon Auto Co., 1,880 Broadway. Col. 1028.

CADILLAC eight-cylinder touring; like new; $750. 1,930 Broadway.

CADILLAC LIMOUSINE, PERFECT CONDITION; $550. 305 WEST 59TH.

CHALMERS Limousine, 7 pass., Model "18"; motor, tires, and general condition excellent; painted dark blue; car very suitable for private, funeral or renting purposes; price very reasonable; must sell at once.

THE LOCOMOBILE CO. OF AMERICA,
West 61st Street, near Broadway.
Telephone Columbus 7750.

CHALMERS, 1916, 6-cylinder cabriolet; electric light; guaranteed; bargain. Garage, 207 West 44th St. Bryant 5149.

CHANDLER TOWN CAR; SPECIAL BODY; PRACTICALLY NEW; WIRE WHEELS; SACRIFICE. PHONE 2624 SCHUYLER. NO DEALERS.

CHANDLER 7, touring, with Winter top; splendid condition; will sacrifice. E. H. Loewus, 2,400 Concourse. Telephone Fordham 2588.

CHANDLER, with Winter and Summer top; bargain. 305 West 59th St.

CHEVROLET Royal Mail roadster, late '16, electric starter, &c.; tires practically new; full equipment; A1 condition; seen any time. Phone Flatbush 7174. Apt. 2D.

COLE 1917 seven-passenger touring. Marmon Auto Co., 1,880 Broadway. Col. 1028.

COLE, semi-roadster; perfect condition; must have cash. 1,930 Broadway.

DELAUNAY Belleville brougham, 6 cylinder, 19 h. p.; beautiful, ideal town car; newly painted; perfect condition; electric lights, &c.; bargain. Bird, 114 West 50th St.

FIAT "30" Fleetwood Touring; latest importation. Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

FIAT LIMOUSINE, overhauled and repainted; $900. 305 West 59th St.

FORD touring car, fully equipped, plenty extras, $200; a fine passenger Maxwell touring, $225; also Overland touring, self-starter, price $275; a Hudson 6-cylinder touring, self-starter, big bargain, $325; a 5-passenger Pope Hartford touring, self-starter, $400. Can be seen. Eastern Brewery, 205 Bushwick Av., Brooklyn. Telephone 3484 Stagg.

FRANKLIN TOURING, 1915; very good condition; extra shoes, spare tire, bumper. Westcott Motor Car Sales Corp., 1,890 B'way.

HUDSON coupe, 1917, 3-passenger; guaranteed in perfect condition; ideal car for physician; has run about 6,000 miles; no dealers; private parties only. For price, detail, &c., L. Durant, 50 East 42d; Murray Hill 1539.

HUDSON super-six 1917, 7-passenger touring car, must be seen to be appreciated. The Winton Co., Broadway, at 70th St.

HUDSON Racebout, 1917; very classy car; make offer. Alexander Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

HUDSON Super Six Sedan like new. Auto Electric Service, 245 West 55th; detour.

HUDSON, latest model, Super Six limousine; condition like new. Phone Columbus 8983.

HUPMOBILE Sedan, 1917 late; 5,000 miles; make offer. Alexander G. Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

LANCIA LIMOUSINE, 1916.
35 H. P.
GEORGE WALLACE COPLEY,
665 FIFTH AVE., PLAZA 4837.

LANCIA Racebout. — Late model; very snappy; $650. Slocum, 1,700 Broadway, fourth floor.

LIMOUSINE BODY.—Latest model; almost new; fits any standard car; no reasonable offer refused. Victor Hess, 1,926 B'way. Tel. 6574 Columbus.

LOCOMOBILE limousine, original cost $5,700; $1,000 to quick buyer; all new tires. 305 West 59th St.

MACK A. C., new bulldog type, 5½-ton dumper; bargain. D. B., Times Harlem.

MARMON landaulet, 1917, cost $4,600; has run in town about 4,000 miles; new electric landaulet have been sold; has been entirely overhauled and put in perfect order. Inquire Miss Mabel Choate, 8 East 63d St. Telephone Plaza 5250.

MARMON 1917 landaulet, overhauled and newly painted dark blue. Marmon Auto Co., 1,880 Broadway. Col. 1028.

MARMON 1917 landaulet, also touring and roadster bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

MARMON 1917 seven-passenger touring. Marmon Auto Co., 1,880 Broadway. Col. 1028.

MARMON 1916 five-passenger sedan. Marmon Auto Co., 1,880 Broadway. Col. 1028.

MERCEDES, 1914 MODEL.
Beautiful touring car, in perfect condition; cost $6,500; cheap for cash. Home owner for demonstration, Columbus 8509, or call 1,929 Broadway, Room 609; real bargain.

MERCER SPEEDSTERS, (two,) one arranged for top and windshield equipment; bargain quick cash. E. C., 435 Times.

MERCER Racebout 1914, self-starter; want offer; overhauled. Alexander G. Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

OLDSMOBILE 1913 touring, six cylinder, $250; excellent condition. Westcott Motor Car Sales Corp., 1,890 Broadway.

OLDSMOBILE, 1917, five-passenger touring; leaving city. 1,930 Broadway.

OLDSMOBILE 1916, COUPE.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

OVERLANDS, WILLYS KNIGHTS.
OVERHAULED AND GUARANTEED CARS.
SOLD BY THE MANUFACTURER.
ALL MODELS, CLOSED AND OPEN.
Priced exceptionally low for quick sales.
Also some good bargains in other makes.
CASH OR TIME PAYMENTS.
WILLYS OVERLAND, INC.,
Broadway and 50th St. Open evenings.
Write for Used Car Bulletin.

OWEN Magnetic 1917 brougham-landaulet; like new. H. H., 30 Times.

PACKARD.—Must sacrifice immediately practically new limousine, splendid condition throughout; sacrifice $500; also National light 7-passenger touring car; absolutely mechanically perfect; $400; used private exclusively. Private Garage, 32 Lexington Av., near 23d St.

PACKARD 1915 Six-Cylinder Limousine.—Also landaulet car, 2-28; very good condition; no reasonable offer refused. Victor Hess, 1,926 Broadway. Tel. 6574 Columbus.

PACKARD chummy roadster, twin six, 4-passenger, 1917 model; run less than 3,000 miles. G. J. L., 48 Times.

PACKARD 1916 "3-38" limousine, newly painted, excellent condition. George Lamberty, 1,926 Broadway.

PACKARD 1916 Twin-Six limousine, fine condition. George Lamberty, 1,926 B'way.

PAIGE-DETROIT 5-passenger touring; fine condition; new tires, one extra, two tubes; $500. Gumbinner, 67 West 47th St.

PIERCE ARROW.
TO SETTLE ESTATE.
Pierce Arrow "48" Limousine; in beautiful condition, upholstery and equipment without mark or mar; price $3,500; used 8 months; cost $6,500.
Limousine body, new last year; was used only four months; cost $2,000; will sell for $600; will fit any standard chassis, such as Simplex, Packard, Hudson, etc.
Mercer raceabout, 1914, Series 35J; will guarantee 75 miles per hour; this car is in wonderful condition; price $1,400.
Chalmers Master "6" runabout, with extra seat in the rear deck; very fast, powerful, easy riding car; price $700.
Will demonstrate any of the above cars.
FREEHOLD MOTOR CO.,
Freehold, N. J.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

PIERCE-ARROW 1914, "48" landaulet; perfect condition; bargain. Telephone Hansen, 348 Rector.

PIERCE-ARROW "38" Limousine.—Electric starting and lighting; perfect. Slocum, 1,700 Broadway.

CADILLAC (1916) coupe; like new. F. Turner, 20 Broad. Phone 4473 Rector.

RENAULT 1916 LIMOUSINE.
20 H. P.
GEORGE WALLACE COPLEY,
665 FIFTH AVE., PLAZA 4837.

RENAULT, 20-30, limousine car in beautiful condition; will sell for $800; can be seen at O'Donohoe's, 224 West 57th.

REO LIMOUSINE, 1916.
Beautiful six-cylinder; seats 5 inside, with extra 7-passenger touring body; looks like new car; full electric equipment; condition perfect; guaranteed. Mrs. Hayman, 222 Riverside Drive. Phone 6374 Riverside.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH three-passenger roadster; two spare wheels, tires, tubes; motometer; mirrorscope, clock, and skid chains; excellent condition; $325 if bought immediately. Tremont 5652.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH 1917, 4 & 8 CYL. Roadster and Cloverleaf, brand new; substantial reduction. Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH coupe, month old; 500 mileage; paid $1,485; sold highest bidder. Phone Rector 672.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH 1917, four passenger roadster, $750. Brenner, 1,776 Broadway.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH, 1917; large type; sell reasonable. 1,930 Broadway.

SCRIPPS-BOOTH, 1915; make offer. 1,930 Broadway.

SCRIPPS 1917 Coupe; like new; bargain. Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

SEDAN.—Embargo has prevented shipment abroad of brand-new 7-passenger sedan, made by well-known motor car manufacturer; this car can be bought at $900 under present list from manufacturer with usual guarantee. Address X 276 Times Annex.

SEDAN KISSEL, six-forty-two, Springfield body, Westinghouse shock absorbers, wire wheels; mechanical condition perfect; used very little. R 244 Times Downtown.

SEDAN, 1918 model; ran 3,000 miles; guaranteed same as new car; $975. Lexington Used Car Department, Circle 1872.

SIMPLEX for sale, 38, mechanically perfect, Holbrook Landaulet Body; newly painted and upholstered; Westinghouse Shock Absorber. Astor Garage, 247 West 87th St., top floor.

SIMPLEX.—A classy late Simplex raceabout, 38-50 H. P., perfect condition; very fast; no dealers need apply. Mr. Carl Nim, Crane Co., 1 Wall St.

SIMPLEX, 38, shaft drive, seven-passenger; Holbrook touring body; must sell this fine car at once. 1,930 Broadway.

S. G. V. Brougham, show car, 1,000 miles; many extras. Alexander Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

S. G. V. Coupe Special, beautiful car; make offer. Alexander G. Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

STEARNS-KNIGHT brougham landaulet; "8" cylinder; 1916 model; all modern improvements installed; including bronze fixtures and vanity cases, Circassian walnut paneling; interior refinished in the finest royal blue and black; has the appearance of a new car; sold with VANDING MECHANICAL GUARANTEE. Stearns Used Car Department, (J. H. Dyrland, Manager,) 417 West 56th St. Telephone Columbus 7600.

STEARNS 1917 LIMOUSINE.
Has been used so little, can't be told from new; full electric equipment; condition perfect. 150 West 55th.

STEARNS limousine landaulet, new, 7-passenger, 8-cylinder; reasonable. 225 West 60th.

STUDEBAKER 3-pass. Flyer runabout, series 17, elegant condition; can be seen or demonstrated any time; reasonable. Osmund Apartment 1140, Park Place Street, Brooklyn; phone Prospect 2806.

STUDEBAKER 1917 7-passenger touring; detachable all-glass curtains; Winter top; run less than 5,000 miles; $750. J 50 Times.

STUTZ 1917 Speedster, 2 pass., 16-valve motor, excellent wire wheels, tire 32x4½, fine condition; 1 extra wire wheel with mounted tire and cover; painted yellow; very attractive car; right price.

THE LOCOMOBILE CO. OF AMERICA,
West 61st Street, near Broadway.
Telephone Columbus 7750.

STUTZ 1918 TOURING
STUTZ 1917 TOURING
STUTZ 1917 SPEEDSTER.
STUTZ 1917 SPECIAL SPEEDSTER.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

STUTZ 1917, 16-valve speedster, also Bulldog; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

STUTZ 1916 Bulldog Special; very fine. Alexander G. Harris, 1,704 Broadway.

WESTCOTT 1916 touring, seven passenger; run less than 10,000 miles; good as new. Westcott Motor Car Sales Corp., 1,890 B'way.

WESTCOTT 4-passenger 1917 roadster; excellent condition; bargain price. Westcott Motor Car Sales Corp., 1,890 Broadway.

WHITE LIMOUSINE, 1917.
MILEAGE 5,000.
GEORGE WALLACE COPLEY,
665 FIFTH AVENUE, PLAZA 4837.

WILLYS-KNIGHT brougham; will sacrifice this elegant car for $700. 1,930 Broadway.

WINTON.—Exceptionally fine opportunity; elegant 6-cylinder limousine, mechanically perfect; ready for immediate use; only run 8,000 miles; sacrifice immediately, $400; electric equipment. Private garage, 32 Lexington Av., near 23d.

Miscellaneous.

BARGAINS IN SELECT USED CARS.
1917 CADILLAC Brougham Sedan.
1916 PACKARD LANDAULET.
1917 STUDEBAKER 6-CYL. CAR.
1917 HUDSON LIMOUSINE.
LOCOMOBILE 6-3 LIMOUSINE.
1917 HUPMOBILE ROADSTER.
1917 BUICK TOURING.
1917 ROSS "8" TOURING, $775.
1917 STUDEBAKER "6" CABRIOLET.
1917 BUICK ROADSTER.
1916 CADILLAC CABRIOLET.
1916 OLDSMOBILE SEDAN.
1916 LOCOMOBILE 6-48.
1917 SCRIPPS-BOOTH ROADSTER, Model G.
SCRIPPS-BOOTH COUPE.
1916 SCRIPPS-BOOTH.
1916 KISSEL KAR SEDAN.
1916 BUICK LIMOUSINE.
1916 OVERLAND "6" TOURING.
TIME PAYMENTS ARRANGED.
TRADES CONSIDERED.
NEW YORK MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE,
237 WEST 57TH ST.
TWO DOORS FROM BROADWAY.
Open Sundays and Evenings.
Phone Circle 667-668.

"WHITE" USED CARS.
Also other well-known makes touring cars and taxicabs.
THE WHITE COMPANY,
Park Av. and 57th St.
Used Car Dept., R. Clemente, Mgr.

AT PUBLIC AUCTION, WEDNESDAY, NOV. 28, 10:30 A. M., at 1,579-1,583 Dean St., Brooklyn, fifteen FIRST-CLASS MOTOR TRUCKS, up to 5-ton, also RUNABOUTS, TOURING CARS, &c. R. Waller, auctioneer.

BEST OFFER takes high-class $3,000 touring car, ran only 15,000 miles, in first-class condition in every way. Inquire for Mr. Adams' car at Mott Haven Garage, 139th St. and 3d Av.

Touring Cars, Roadsters, Closed Cars, Limousine bodies; Rolls-Royce Winter body, 20th Century Co., 1,790 Broadway, cor. 54th.

BODY FOR LIMOUSINE.—Will fit a Stearns or any [illegible] chassis. ELITE, 136 West 52d St. Circle 6118.

Automobiles for Rent.

Attractive rental service. — Pierce-Arrow Packards. Special rates monthly. Polite liveried chauffeurs. Epich, 223 W. 52d. Circle 774.

CADILLAC.—Beautiful 1917 Cadillac limousine for hire monthly; 160 West 161st St. Telephone Riverside 1126. O'Brien.

CADILLAC limousine, very stylish, hourly, monthly preferred; very reasonable. Frankman, Schuyler 3910.

CLASSY limousine, 1917, $2.50 hourly, visiting, shopping; experienced chauffeur. Nolan, Bryant 3916.

FORD delivery or touring, and my services; excellent references. A 284 Times Downtown.

OLDSMOBILE brougham town car, latest model, Winter season; owner drives; beautiful outfit. Mitchell, West 67th Garage, Columbus 867.

PACKARD limousines, beautifully equipped, latest model cars, by day, week, or (preferably) month; special rate for shopping, $2.50 per hour. Broadway Packard Auto Renting, 2,523 Broadway. Phones Riverside 148-3246.

PACKARD - CHALMERS. — Leaving town, would rent my beautiful Packard-Chalmers limousine, with or without chauffeur; responsible party. Phone Riverside 3017.

PACKARD sixes and twin sixes to hire; hour, day, week. Opp; superior service, sensible rates. C. M. Vance & G. V. Williamson, 204 West 43d St. Phone 4219-3520 Bryant.

PACKARDS.—Beautiful cars by hour; monthly preferred; very reasonable; references. Champion Auto Co., 171 West 89th. 5818 Riverside.

PACKARD, 7-passenger, for hire; careful driver; $2.50 an hour. 15 East 30th St. Madison Square 886.

PACKARD Landaulette for rent, any way you desire. Phone "Mickey," Columbus 2230.

Automobile Supplies.

HANDSOME pair bear robes; also two beautiful plush robes, gentleman's fur-lined overcoat; also chauffeur's fur coat; perfect condition; no cash offers refused. Private Stable, 148 East 59th, near Lexington Av.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

Automobiles Wanted.

FORD wanted, No. 2097984, 1917, touring, stolen 27th inst. $50 reward will be paid for information resulting in its recovery. E. D. B. Walton & Son, 95 William St., New York City.

WILL PAY CASH for high-class cars. Karp, 1,790 Broadway. Columbus 5822.

Motor Trucks.

PACKARD 2-ton trucks, with 12-foot express bodies, for sale; good condition, and terms to responsible buyers. Interborough Transfer Company, 406 West 45th St. Bryant 8950.

One-ton trucks built to order in lots of six or more at factory prices. America's best-known units and expert workmanship; broadest possible guarantee. Address C. M., 732 Times.

Automobile Storage.

CONSERVE GASOLINE and help win the WAR; dead storage (fireproof) automobiles and bodies. Charles C. Tough, 310 East 75th St. Lenox 7194.

DEAD STORAGE for automobiles and bodies; rates reasonable. Ansonia Storage Warehouse, 157 West 99th St.

DEAD STORAGE.—AUTOMOBILES, 310-312 WEST 143D ST. AUDUBON 3575.

Automobile Instruction.

STEWART AUTO SCHOOL, 225 W. 57th St. Booklet explains WHY our course is BEST. Inspect our plant and be convinced. Ladies' classes. "Founded on Honesty and Merit." Prospectus on Merit."

Auto School, WEST SIDE U. S. Send for booklet and pass Y. M. C. A.,

Classified Advertising Rates
The New York Times

	Per Agate Line
Telephone Bryant 1000	
Agents Wanted	50c
Apartments to Let and Wanted	40c
Automobile Exchange	40c
Boarders and Board Wanted	30c
Business Opportunities	50c
Country Board	40c
Employment Agencies	50c
Farms	40c
For Sale	50c
Furnished Rooms and Rooms Wanted	30c
Help Wanted	30c
Lost and Found	50c
Mortgage Loans	50c
Real Estate and Houses to Let	40c
Situations Wanted	30c

HELP WANTED—Male.

BOY.—This advertisement is addressed to the parents of a boy of 16 who has had two years at high school, is attending night high, and who not only has an ambitious disposition, but has a determination to do so by industrious effort; for such a boy there is an opening in a progressive advertising agency doing a high-class business, where every opportunity will be given for advancement and where daily contact with men of high grade and broad experience will prove an incentive. Please have your son address in his own handwriting, giving full particulars about his age, education, and whether previously employed and where. Address G 27 Times.

BOYS.
Must be 16, for mail and messenger service; $7 to start; excellent opportunity for advancement. Call Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St., near West St., six blocks south of 14th.

BOYS wanted; a large concern dealing in iron and steel products have several openings for boys between 16 and 19 years of age; excellent opportunity to learn the steel business and work up in old established house; experience unnecessary, but only boys with good school records considered. High school graduates preferred; state age, education, give references. J 201 Times Downtown.

BOYS—BOYS—
Office boys, over 16; bright, intelligent. SWIFT & CO., 32 10TH AV.

BOY.—Ambitious boy who has chosen advertising for his vocation; high school graduate preferred but not required; hours 10 A. M. to 6 P. M., except Saturdays; $7 per week. Call Suite 1214, Flatiron Building.

BOY IN OFFICE OF LARGE CORPORATION; SPLENDID CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT; STATE AGE AND EDUCATION. Y 217 TIMES DOWNTOWN

BOY, living in Brooklyn, in manufacturer's office in Manhattan. R 248 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted, neat, for office work, errands; $7. Apply Room 960, 11 Broadway.

CARPENTERS wanted; first-class mechanics only; also carpenters' helpers and laborers. Apply The Austin Co., J. Gildersleeve, Supt., Atlas Powder Works, Landing, N. J.

CLERK.—Not subject to draft, in receiving department of large manufacturing concern; Jersey City; one experienced in handling all kinds supplies, preferred; hours 8 A. M. to 5:30 P. M.; good opportunity; state age, salary, experience, references. K 241 Times Downtown.

CLERKS, by large manufacturing corporation in Jersey City; men not subject to draft; good opportunity for advancement; state age, experience, salary. K 240 Times Downtown.

CLOTHING MANUFACTURER.—A large concern in Chicago, manufacturers of clothing, has an opening for a Superintendent of manufacturing; applicant must combine a thorough technical knowledge with executive ability; must be progressive and thoroughly conversant with modern methods and labor problems; a position for a man of the high-est class; state qualifications fully and salary expected. Y 231 Times Annex.

CLOTHING SALESMEN WANTED.
BRILL BROTHERS
require the services of 50 thoroughly experienced salesmen. Apply 9 o'clock this morning at 44 East 14th St.

COMPLAINT TRACERS.
GREENHUT COMPANY
require
SEVERAL COMPLAINT TRACERS
with
Department Store Experience.
Apply at Employment Office.

DIE MAKERS.—Several strictly high-grade die makers for special work; 48-hour week; high rates to good men; state age and experience by letter only. K 228 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMEN.—Experienced in design of tools, jigs, fixtures, as related to productions of medium-weight machinery on ordnance work; desirable openings for capable men; in answering, outline general experience, state age, compensation expected, nationality, and when available. A. S. S., 130 Times.

DRAFTSMAN FOR SPECIAL MACHINE DESIGN; ALSO ONE FOR FIXTURES, PUNCHES, AND DIES; ONLY THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED MEN NEED APPLY; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR THE RIGHT MAN; STATE FULL PARTICULARS IN FIRST LETTER. P. O. BOX 13, ELIZABETH, N. J.

DRAFTSMEN wanted, with experience in the design of switchboards, controllers, or circuit breakers. Address Chief Clerk, Engineering Department, Westinghouse Electric & Mfg. Company, East Pittsburgh, Penn.

DRAFTSMAN.
mechanical designer, detailer on light automatic machinery; state age, experience, education, nationality, and salary expected. J 69 Times.

DRAFTSMAN.—Technical, mechanical, design, and industrial engineering; American citizen. J 165 Times.

ELEVATOR BOY for club; $40 and meals; only steady man need apply. Write, giving particulars as to age, nationality, and previous position. S 148 Times.

ESTIMATOR.—General contractor has opening for estimator; good opportunity for high-class, experienced man; apply at once by letter, stating experience, salary, and whether employed at present. J 167 Times.

EXECUTIVE ASSISTANT
I have a real opportunity for a young man with a college education, good personality, some business experience, and the courage and endurance to get somewhere. I am not looking for a stenographer, but a man who can develop into a confidential assistant. I should prefer a man who has had some experience along the line of vocational training of business education, but this is not absolutely essential. I will pay $1,500 a year to start.
Applications must contain full details of education and previous experience. Apply J 100 Times.

FILE CLERKS.—A large American fire insurance company is looking for several clean cut, energetic young men as file clerks; applications not considered unless age, nationality, education, and references are given; salary $420 per year; excellent opportunity for advancement. A 221 Times Downtown.

FILING CLERK.—Wanted, young man as filing clerk and to supervise mailing and office boys; salary $14 to $16; state age and experience in detail. R 254 Times Downtown.

FOREMAN for night shift of a 3-inch shell department; must have had successful experience in shell production or similar work and capable of handling men efficiently; in replying describe experience fully and give references. Y 233 Times Annex.

GLASS WORKERS, expert men, industrious and competent, for bulb blowing and stem making; night men can work overtime; double time for Sunday work; earn $50 a week. Call Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St., near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

HELP WANTED—Male.

H. C. F. KOCH & CO., INC.,
125TH STREET, WEST.
require
FURNITURE SALESMEN.
Apply Superintendent's Office.

HOW TO MAKE MONEY during after hours. We teach you free the art of salesmanship of investment securities; highest pay of any salesmen in world is attained by investment salesmen of ability; salesmanship lessons and lectures given twice weekly, Wednesdays and Saturdays, 7:30 to 9 P. M.; only applicants meeting our requirements as to character and standing need apply. O. E. Cherry & Co., Mills Building, 35 Wall St., New York, N. Y.

INSTRUMENT MAKERS.
High-class men on small electrical and mechanical apparatus; must be accustomed to using blue prints and micrometer; steady position and advancement. Call Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St., near West St., six blocks south of 14th St.

JOURNEYMAN ELECTRICIANS WANTED. The Electrical Contractors Corporation, Waterbury, Conn.

LABORATORY ASSISTANT, (BACTERIOLOGICAL.)
SALARY $600.
Candidates must be at least 18 years of age, who have acquaintance with routine work of bacteriological laboratories and familiar with making of slides, preparation of vaccines, the preparation of media, and the care of various laboratory equipment; subjects and weights: duties, 6; experience, 4; applications received at Room 1400, Municipal Building, until Dec. 6, at 4 P. M. For further particulars see City Record, or apply to the Municipal Civil Service Commission.

LABORATORY ASSISTANT, (CHEMICAL.) SALARY $600.
Candidates at least 18 years of age, who have had acquaintance with the routine work of an assistant in a chemical laboratory; subjects and weights; duties, 6; experience, 4; applications received at Room 1400, Municipal Building, Manhattan, until Dec. 6, at 4 P. M. For further particulars see City Record, or apply to the Municipal Civil Service Commission.

MECHANICAL DRAFTSMEN WANTED.—SEVERAL DESIGNERS AND FIRST-CLASS DRAFTSMEN ON GENERAL MACHINERY, ROLLING MILL MACHINERY INCLUDED; NONE BUT EXPERIENCED MEN NEED APPLY; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE IN FULL, AND SALARY EXPECTED; ALSO GIVE REFERENCES. THEAD WELL ENGINEERING CO., EASTON, PENN.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—A competent office assistant, good handwriting required; state previous experience and salary expected. A. A., 168 Times.

OFFICE BOY, about 16 or 17 years of age, for downtown insurance office; no experience necessary but must be neat and have good education; salary $9 week; mention age, religion and education. A 266 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY, bright, intelligent, in large publication house; excellent chance for advancement; $7 per week. Call Buhre, 229 West 43d St., 3d floor.

OFFICE BOY wanted, age 16 to 17, for manufacturing concern. A 258 Times Downtown.

ORDER CLERK for plumbing and heating supply house; must be alert and intelligent; one residing in Brooklyn or Queens preferred. Reply, stating age, experience, and salary required. K 252 Times Downtown.

PLUMBER AND STEAMFITTER for an institution; pay $10.50 per week, board and room; call at 146 East 28th St., N. Y. City, at 8 P. M. today for personal interview and be prepared to go to Stamford, Conn., if engaged.

SALESMEN.—Wanted, by the Industrial Extension Institute, 15 West 34th St., five men who have had experience in selling high-grade correspondence school courses, to sell its FACTORY MANAGEMENT COURSE AND SERVICE. Applicants must be at least 25 years of age and be able to show that they are high-grade men in every respect; salary and commission. Write or call between 10 and 12 A. M.

SALESMAN.—AN EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY OFFERED TO A MAN WHO IS INDUSTRIOUS AND ENERGETIC, OF GOOD APPEARANCE AND ADDRESS, BY AN AUTOMOBILE AGENCY; PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE OF VALUE BUT NOT NECESSARY; PROPOSITION IS A LIBERAL CO-OPERATION GIVEN; COMMISSION BASIS; REFERENCES REQUIRED. CALL 269 AMSTERDAM AV.

SALESMEN to call on automobile owners; for men of energy and enthusiasm we have a big proposition; this is a high-grade accessory that the law makes a necessity; experience desirable, but not necessary; we fully instruct our men; call today; your income started tomorrow; commission basis. E. S. Perry, District Manager, Super-Lighting Company, Inc., 1,834 Broadway, N. Y. City.

SALESMEN.—This is the day when an article sells on its merits; there is a constant demand for our product; we need forceful, energetic men of character and education for Pennsylvania, New York, and New England States; thorough training given; leads and transportation furnished; drawing account against commission. J. S. Thomas, 120 West 32d St., sixth floor.

SALESMEN.—Opportunity for men willing to sell motor trucks, on commission only; men acquainted with building, chemical, coal, contracting, hardware, machinery, paper, steel, trucking, and heavy haulage trades will be given preference and favorable proposition; state age, qualifications, references. D 20 Times.

SALESMEN.—We have a business proposition for business men; if you are a high-grade salesman we can use you; only men of integrity, good education, and at least 25 years of age wanted; work throughout Eastern States on commission basis; transportation furnished. D. E., 52 Times.

SALESMAN FOR LARGE, REPUTABLE HOUSE, MANUFACTURING EXTENSIVE LEATHER GOODS LINE; DESIRE REPRESENTATION FROM CHICAGO TO PACIFIC COAST; EXPERIENCED ONLY; COMMISSION BASIS; CONFIDENTIAL. J 137 TIMES.

SALESMEN wanted to handle high-grade electrical apparatus in which there is a good working profit; only men sure of their ability and willing to work on commission basis need apply. Anderson Electrical Corporation, 145 West 36th St.

SALESMEN.—Three sales managers or experienced salesmen to interview during evenings big men who have made inquiries; large earnings in commission; slight tutoring experience essential; state age, experience. G 32 Times.

SALESMAN.—Wanted, by an importing firm, an experienced salesman in Japanese and Chinese silk piece goods, to handle spot stocks and first import orders; on commission basis only. Apply with full particulars to Box R 219 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN WANTED.—A high-class salesman who has a clientele to whom he can sell a high-grade dividend-paying unlisted oil stock; salary and commission. Apply Cadokia Oil Syndicate, Room 417, U. S. Rubber Building.

SALESMAN, experienced on office equipment and office efficiency; here's an opportunity for quick clean-up handling new proposition on scientific office management; liberal commission. Room 730, 15 Park Row.

SALESMEN.—Rare opportunity is available for two first-class subscription solicitors who will really work; salary and commission basis; write letter, giving qualifications and references. J 165 Times.

SALESMEN.—We have an opening for three energetic men accustomed to earning big money; something absolutely new. Call 9 to 10 AM and after 2; commission. Room 707, 507 5th Av.

SALESMEN.—To handle new nine-volume business man's encyclopedia in connection with System the Magazine of Business, on liberal commission. Call 15 Park Row.

SALESMEN, high-powered, accustomed to earning $100 weekly; no books, no real estate; honest proposition; commission. Shapiro, 217 Broadway, Room 412.

SALESMAN.—Ladies', men's furnishings; window dresser; steady position. Friedman, 273 Columbia St., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN wanted, experienced, to handle a line of men's leather belts on commission. Address K 245 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY WANTED.

He must be:	
ACCOUNTANT	Familiar with accounting principles; able to analyze balance sheets.
STENOGRAPHER	Accurate and speedy.
EDUCATION	College or its equivalent preferred.
EXECUTIVE	Capable of development toward large responsibilities.
FUTURE	Corporate Secretaryship or other important Executive office, as capacity warrants.
AGE	20 to 30; married men preferred.
SALARY	According to ability.

Exceptional opportunity in one of the largest corporations in the country. Address Secretary, Box X 261 Times Annex.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

PUBLIC NOTICE.
The New York Times will pay a reward of $25.00 for the arrest and conviction of a man giving the name of C. Bibbs, who is taking subscriptions for The New York Times Mid-Week Pictorial without authority. Neither The New York Times nor any of its publications has an agent by this name. A partial description of this impostor gives his age as about twenty years; height 5 ft. 6 in.; weight 150 lbs.; complexion light. When last seen he wore a dark suit, pinch-back overcoat and a plaid cap. During the last four months he has been operating in Minnesota, Wisconsin, North Dakota and New York State. He was last heard of at Elmira, New York, on November 5.
THE NEW YORK TIMES,
Subscription Department.

ANY ONE knowing the address of Herman Zimmerman, chauffeur, formerly of Chicago, please communicate with X 327 Times Annex.

FRANK,—Telephone me at once. Virginia seriously sick. WILL.

HELP WANTED—Male.

SAMPLE CLERK EXPERIENCED IN WHITE GOODS HOUSE; AI REFERENCES REQUIRED. S. H. KAHN & CO., 225 5TH AV.

SHIPPING CLERK
for high-class furniture house. Call between 12 and 2, Thonet-Wanner Co., 43 West 36th.

STENOGRAPHER.—Wanted, a male stenographer who has had experience as secretary and general handling of correspondence; big corporation work; rapid advancement to proper party; man of energy and experience wanted; salary, $25 to start; write full details, confidential. Apply by letter only. Address C. G., Box 73, Room 1201, 220 West 42d St.

STENOGRAPHER, 31-35; must be capable, experienced, and have first-class references. Apply in person, 9-12 A. M. Thursday, 401 East 55th St.

STENOGRAPHER, with some tutoring experience, to develop into executive, with permanent career; moderate salary at start; state age, experience. G 33 Times.

STOCK CLERK, EXPERIENCED, BY LARGE NOTION IMPORTERS; STATE AGE AND EXPERIENCE. P. O. BOX 3, STATION A, CITY.

STOCK CLERK.—Man. Apply by letter only, Derby, 626 West 39th St.

TEACHER, competent, of Russian language. Send application and references to Export, P. O. Box 2,162.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR for New York club; $55 and meals; must have best references; only steady man need apply. Write, stating age and previous positions. S 149 Times.

TRAVELING AUDITOR with a large industrial corporation; essential that applicants have experience with large machine shop operations and familiar with accounting, as well as usual experience respecting auditing of local office paymasters' and cashiers' accounts; state full experience, reference, and salary expected. Y 235 Times Annex.

TRAFFIC CLERK.—A leading wholesale grocery company requires a traffic clerk who is familiar with routes, classifications, &c. R 251 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, PREFERABLY ONE WITH EXPERIENCE WHOLESALE CLOTHING BUSINESS, TO HANDLE CORRESPONDENCE; PERMANENT POSITION AND EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY FOR RAPID ADVANCEMENT; GIVE FULL DETAILS, STATING EXPERIENCE, SALARY DESIRED, AND REFERENCES. CORRESPONDENT, 281 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG MAN wanted for clerical work in a chemical laboratory; must be a high school graduate with aptitude for figures; previous experience in the same line is unnecessary, but some office experience is desirable; salary to start $15 a week. Address Metallic. A 268 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wanted, strong, about 16 years of age, to make himself generally useful in shipping department. Write, giving references and experience. Y 237 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, exempt from draft, familiar with office work; good horse sense; good personality and pep; necessary qualifications; mail only. G. S. M., 725 Broadway.

YOUNG MEN, (14 to 17.)—Light work; surroundings and opportunities exceptional; permanent; short hours, enabling evening school work. 254 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, about 16, in cashier's dept. of large corporation; good opportunity for bright, clean-cut young man; salary $8 to start. R 253 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN to assist in shipping and stock room; $12 to start; must have excellent references. Apply Boyd & Co., 2,157 Prospect Av., near 182d St., Bronx.

YOUNG MAN, 25 years, as assistant transportation manager for large chain store concern; must be exempt from draft. Address M. D., 290 Times.

YOUNG MAN, high school graduate, with initiative, as assistant in credit department in Gentile house; reply, giving full details. J 166 Times.

YOUNG MAN, about 20, for general office work. Address, with full particulars, K 243 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wanted, bright, about 18, to learn cutting trade. Apply Sydeman Rubber Co., 225 4th Av.

YOUNG MAN for office detail; must be good penman. Hanion, 115 East 23d St., second floor, before 10.

YOUNG MAN, 16 to 18, wanted in banking house; good opportunity. K 247 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN to file, operate switchboard, capable taking shorthand. Telephone Orchard 8850.

Employment Agencies.

AMERICAN
EMPLOYMENT
EXCHANGE,
115 BROADWAY.

C. P. HASSON, J. J. McLAUGHLIN.

WE CAN PLACE A NUMBER OF EXPERIENCED ACCOUNTANTS, OFFICE MANAGERS, COST ACCOUNTANTS, SALES CORRESPONDENTS, TRAFFIC MANAGERS, AND BOOKKEEPERS AT SALARIES RANGING FROM $1,500-$3,000 PER ANNUM.

ALSO MANY GOOD POSITIONS FOR CLERKS AND ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPERS WITH AND WITHOUT EXPERIENCE, AT SALARIES RANGING FROM $10-$21 A WEEK.

EFFICIENT EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE
Agency, 19 East 43d.—Junior accountant, (factory experience,) $150; insurance clerk, $100; Spanish stenographer, $35; office assistant, $14. Miss Budenbender, Prop.

HIRST Occupational Exchange, 95 Liberty St.—Foreign exchange bank men; railroad rate clerk, $125; code clerk, $110; lawyer clerk, $125; steno., bookkeepers, etc; register free.

ACCOUNTANT, $40; executive clerk, $25; 4 ledger clerks, $18-$20; typist, $18; miscellaneous others; immediately. Mighill, Flatiron Building.

Instruction.

COMPLETE secretarial course; also stenography, bookkeeping, penmanship, &c.; individual instruction by specialists; day or night; begin any time; graduates assisted to investigated situations; see catalogue. Wainworth Institute, (founded 1853,) Broadway at 724 St.

SALESMEN, city or traveling, write or call for list of openings and how to obtain them; hundreds of positions open; thousands of successful, high-salaried members. National Salesmen's Tr. Assn., 1803-D Candler Bldg., 220 West 42d St., New York.

PRIVATE SECRETARY COURSE.
PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St.
Registered by the Board of Regents of the University of the State of New York; individual instruction; reservations must be made in advance; references required.

$12
this week, Day or Night, pays for Complete Course in Stenography, Typewriting, Telegraphy; positions guaranteed. Est. 1884. Gaffey's School, 25-27 West 34th St.

THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.
Three months' course. Students on probation. 33 West 42d St., New York. V. M. WHEAT.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR. Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes; send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.—Three months' course; students on probation. 33 West 42d St., New York. V. M. Wheat.

HIGH-CLASS young men; excellent positions; bookkeepers, stenographers; immediate. Mutual, 41 Liberty.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

BIG PLANT
for sale of 100 machines in the heart of the manufacturing district; showroom and all fixtures suitable for dress or waist manufacturer; must take over lease; immediate possession. Address by mail only, B. B., 133 E. 17th St.

Beautiful 13-room furnished home for sale; private house neighborhood; near Central Park West; nice self-supporting house; only $500 required; on 90th St. West. J 157 Times.

Complete cloak factory; also showroom and office fixtures; very low price. Fred Hall Corp., 28 West 27th St.

National mail-order list, 11,000 women's names, for sale; high grade; $20. C., Box 36, Station F.

Beautiful $750 Steinway upright for $300; perfect condition. Brown, 175 East 82d St.

Police and Fire News.

Police Department.

Temporary assignments of patrolmen to 7th Insp. Dist. from precincts indicated, for 30 days, from 8 A. M., Nov. 28: Thomas Logan, 26; George Scherf, 74, Edward Potter, 31.

Leave of absence, to take effect on date of entrance into military service: Patrol, J. J. Scanlon, 22.

Leaves of absence (without pay): Sergt. Otto Nikly, 1, for 1 day, from 8 A. M., Nov. 29; Patrol, J. F. Stack, 6, for 1 day, from 8 A. M., Nov. 29; John Cahill, 16, for 1 day, from 4 P. M., Nov. 29; M. J. O'Brien, 16, for 1 day, from 12 P. M., Nov. 29; Michael Tarpey, 22, for 1 day, from 12:01 A. M., Nov. 29; William Sinnott, 1, for 1 day, from 4 P. M., Nov. 29; W. W. Pross, 36, for 1 day, from 8 A. M., Nov. 29.

Applications for full pay while on sick report approved: Patrol, G. E. Kane, 10, from 9:10 P. M., Nov. 20, during disability; E. L. O'Connor, 79, from 7:55 A. M., Nov. 15, during disability; C. H. Isaacson, 164, from 9:45 P. M., Aug. 12, during disability; W. H. Trendilly, 174, from 4:45 P. M., Nov. 19, during disability; J. A. Green, Traffic Div., Subdy. C, from 6:45 P. M., Nov. 20.

Advancements to $1,450 grade, to take effect Dec. 5:

B. J. Mensing	4	Thomas Lally	5
George Murray	7	T. F. Mullen	13
Louis Geis	9	E. S. Brubaker	15
C. J. Flanagan	11	Andrew Keane	23
J. W. Spiciavich	30	B. J. Drury	37
F. W. Claus	33	Giovanni Scotti	38
J. W. Kehoe	42	J. J. Hedrich	42
J. Cohen	62	J. T. Wiegold	42
A. Trayner	63	J. J. Duffy	65
E. A. Smith	71	Percival Bulger	69
R. H. Garman	74	J. J. Walsh	154
J. E. Gerry	85	P. C. Pitsch	163
J. J. Corbitt	122	J. L. Chapman	176
J. Taeschner	174	A. W. Harriott	Traf. C
W. W. Lee, Jr.	185	J. J. Lawler	B.H.S.

To $1,350 grade, to take effect Dec. 5:

Benjamin Kaplan	7	Herman Lipski	12
Bernard Maguire	19	E. R. Hinche	22
T. F. Walsh	29	E. J. Lane	29
H. J. McGarvey	29	J. A. Gunning	68
C. A. H. Ernst	84	R. J. Doherty	160
L. O. Hellmuth	91	C. J. Sullivan	D.B.
T. M. Goes	D.B.	C. F. Shelley	Traf. B
J. Clifford	Traf. B	R. W. J. Collins	B.H.S.
J. Stenger, (war roll)	C.O.	D. Carupese, (war roll)	C.O.
J. F. Toomey, (war roll)	C.O.		

To $1,250 grade, to take effect Dec. 1:

M. J. Cunningham	14	J. Greenberg	29
C. J. Coyne	18	Daniel McArdle	29
J. B. Kaiser	29	G. F. Moore	29
M. F. McLaughlin	29	H. E. Underhill	29
J. J. Miller	29	J. R. Wallace	C.O.
Patrick Cushen	29	M. J. Giblin	C.O.
F. L. Freer	C.O.	C. W. Confrey	3d Dist.
A. F. Fuligenzio	D.B.	E. H. Pempel, (war roll)	C.O.
H. Adamec	Traf. B		

To $1,250 grade, to take effect Dec. 6:

Leigh Halpern	2	H. S. Darling	Boiler Sq.
Martin Connedy	29	Bertram Maskiel	28
C. J. H. Schroeder	29	H. R. M. Schuster	29
M. Hurley	29	J. J. Horner	29
L. Kaufman	43	K. F. Buchholtz	29
C. J. Hunter	49	C. G. Woehrle	68
E. J. Galloway	71	J. J. Hyland	148
J. F. Hoey	83	Thomas Ryan	160
F. J. Conklin, (war roll)	C.O.	G. H. Scherb	C.O.
J. F. V. L. Patton	D.B.	E. H. Weissner	D.B.
J. J. McGuirk	6th Div.	T. A. Price	3d Dist.
G. A. Mahoney	Traf. C	J. M. O'Leary	Traf. B

To $1,250 grade, to take effect Dec. 10:

J. J. Devens	10	W. Crist	22
H. G. Farrell	25	T. J. Carney	25
J. J. Haslach	29	James McCaffrey	29
J. A. Bolger	29	M. J. O'Connor	65
J. Schaumloeffel	149	Martin Cronkel	149
C. A. Mierau	160	C. F. Sullman	164
H. M. Menlz	37	W. F. Kenny	172

A. J. Deutsch, Traf. D.

To $1,250 grade, to take effect Dec. 13:

Francis Bradley	8	T. P. McLarney	21
Leon Brischkat	21	J. Turkheimer	21
G. P. Rivers	25	Thomas H. Jones	42
Bernard Rogers	48	H. W. C. Loewe	65
T. E. Enright	83	John Quill	72
P. C. Kaiser	132	John Shields	D.B.
Dennis Sullivan	D.B.	H. P. Kempf	Traf. B

To $1,250 grade, to take effect Dec. 15:

Martin Sheehy	15		

Fire Department.

Members of H. & L. Co. 31 will report, in full uniform, at the quarters of H. & L. Co. 17, 341-343 East 103d Street, at 9:15 A. M., Nov. 25, to attend the funeral of Fire. 1st gr. P. J. Scully at his home at 330 East 140th Street; then to Church of St. Cecilia, 118-124 East 100th Street, and, after services, accompany the remains a reasonable distance, when detail will be dismissed and return to quarters. The Chief of the Fire Battalion will detail an officer and one man, and the Chiefs of the 14th, 15th, and 17th Battalions, two men each, to report at the quarters of H. & L. Co. 31, at 9:30 A. M., for duty during the absence of that company.

The following members of the department have been appointed to Engineer of Steamer T. S. Richards, at the 12th Regiment Armory, Columbus Avenue and 62d Street, Manhattan, at 9:30 A. M., Nov. 30, 1917, for practice:

Engine.		Engine.	
John T. Foote	18	Arthur T. Cole	290
R. Hotherall	33	P. G. Hettrich	290
Ralph Bornholz	36		H. & L.
J. J. D'Azevedo	56	Wm. V. Werner	1
C. W. Roe, Jr.	60	Thomas H. Malkin	9
C. A. Widmer, Jr.	63	J. J. Gallagher	22
Henry G. Stein	71	Julius A. Unrath	26
Wm. Klein, 1st	74	Henry Ultmann	28
William Clancy	74	Alex. J. Bell	40
Edward J. Thomas	76	T. T. McGrath	45
Walter Holland	76	Richard C. Fraser	80
E. A. Dammeyer	92	G. J. Lashat, Jr.	104
William J. Klein	225	William H. Sage	112
F. Bronzinger	257	Charles Charous	117
William F. Hickey	249	George Olsen	124
Frank M. Munn	250	N. A. Bruno	132
C. A. Shaughnessy	254	Charles Brown	137
Edward Knapp	258	Herman Brenner	140
Herman B. Recke	262	Joseph Miller, 3d	143
Adolph G. Klein	263	W. J. Hynes	146
P. J. Metzger, Jr.	271	John J. O'Keefe	147
T. S. Richards	282		Hose.
E. A. Woolley	287	John Schifferdecker	5

Paragraph IV., Special Order No. 208, of Nov. 26, is hereby countermanded in so far as it refers to the revocation of suspension of duty of Fire. 1st gr. C. A. Bross, H. & L. 49.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

Corporation has patented and is prepared to market automobile something entirely new and startling in the field, which pending legislation signifies as compulsory; exclusive territory in New York, New Jersey, Connecticut, and Pennsylvania to live, progressive jobbers of experience and standing. Address Corporation, 805 Union Bldg., Newark, N. J.

Excellent opportunity for general executive to take charge copper, brass, and aluminum ware manufacturing plant; present owner retiring, having accumulated over $1,000,000 from profits of this factory; we are seeking responsible party, morally and financially, who can invest at least $15,000. C. S. Hunt, 339 Brisbane Bldg., Buffalo, N. Y.

FULLY EQUIPPED TOOL SHOP FOR MANUFACTURING DRESSES OR WAISTS; BIG BARGAIN. CALL 214 EAST 23D ST., 8TH FLOOR.

Business Notices.

RESPONSIBLE representative with established office in Salt Lake City is open for a first-class specialty proposition for the state of Utah. Address Western Specialty Co., attention J. Auerbach, 44 Postoffice Pl., Salt Lake City, Utah.

DEAFNESS.—Those wishing to know about the Anderfono, which improves hearing marvelously, may obtain information by writing or calling Anderson Electric Corporation, 145 West 36th St., 1E, New York.

FOR SALE.

WE MAKE AND SELL ONLY NATIONAL CASH REGISTERS AND CREDIT FILES
LOWEST PRICES. SMALL MONTHLY PAYMENTS. NO INTEREST CHARGES. WRITTEN GUARANTEE. OLD REGISTERS REPAIRED, REBUILT, BOUGHT, SOLD, AND EXCHANGED.
THE NATIONAL CASH REGISTER CO., N. Y. OFFICE, 1,170 BROADWAY, N. Y. C. TEL. MAD. SQ. 8410. BROOKLYN OFFICE, 13 COURT ST., BROOKLYN, N. Y. TEL. MAIN 2517. JERSEY CITY OFFICE, 2 NEWARK AV., JERSEY CITY, N. J. TEL. MONTGOMERY 2 31.

A gentleman's genuine Hudson seal lined overcoat, $30; never worn; also lady's Hudson seal coat, chauffeur's fur coat, $15; fur automobile robe, $15; never used. 862 West End Av.

BILLIARD AND POCKET TABLES.
New and second-hand; low prices; easy payments.
THE BRUNSWICK-BALKE-COLLENDER CO., 29 to 35 West 32d St., near Broadway.

Big Bargains—Slightly used office furniture, oak or mahogany; desks, chairs, files, tables, leather furniture, typewriters, adding machines, multigraphs, safes. Nathan's, 632 Broadway.

For Sale.—Three desks, 7 chairs, 11 counters, step ladders, cabinets, and office rugs; all used; owner moving. Dixon, 387 4th Av. Phone 8500 Madison Square.

For Sale.—Mailing lists, subscription list, book buyers, high-grade business men New Jersey. A 279 Times Downtown.

Entire plant of machinery and fixtures of cloak and suit factory for sale. Apply 9th floor, 12 West 27th.

Wanted.—Used Standard weighing machines. Write, stating price, to Box R 59 Times.

For Sale.—Autographed letter of Rev. Edward Everett Hale. S 132 Times.

Purchase and Exchange.

DIAMONDS AND JEWELRY bought, sold, for cash; estates purchased. DELANEY, 170 Broadway.

Typewriters.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.
Nonvisible, 3 months, $5; visible, 3 months, $7.50. Special proposition for purchase. AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO., INC., 339 Broadway, at Worth St. | TEL. 30 E. 23d St., opp. Madison Av. | 3468 149 W. 42d St., at Times Sq. | FRANKLIN.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.
3 months, $5; non-visibles.
3 months, $7.50; visibles.
THE TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE,
10 Barclay St. Tel. Barclay 4728.

ARMY ORDERS AND ASSIGNMENTS

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—The War Department issued the following army orders today:

Medical Reserve Corps.

Sigman, Capt. J. M., to N. Y. Post-Grad. Medical School and Hosp. for inst.

Staley, Capt. J. C., and Steely, 1st Lt., previous orders revoked.

Anderson, 1st Lt. J. H., hon. discharged.

Martin, Maj. F.; Hansen, 1st Lt. J. W.

Donovan, 1st Lt. J. D., previous orders revoked.

McMullan, 1st Lt. T. S., to Ft. Morgan.

McKee, 1st Lt. N. P., and Seale, 1st Lt. C., to Camp Gordon.

Jayne, Maj. W. A., will report to Cmdg. Northeastern Dept.

Wilson, Maj. H. W., hon. discharged.

Sidebotham, Capt. H., to Camp Fremont, with Base Hosp. No. 47.

Schroeder, 1st Lt. A. B., to Ft. Logan H. Roots.

Newman, 1st Lt. S., and Quinlan, 1st Lt. V., to Camp Upton as member of curators Board.

Hardinger, 1st Lt. R. W., previous orders amended; to Camp Sherman.

Davis, 1st Lt. C. W., to Camp Bowie.

Taylor, 1st Lt. J. M., to Camp Lee.

Trueblood, 1st Lt. R. R., to Richmond Av. Sec. Sig. C.

Brent, 1st Lt. W. L., and Cressler, J. W., to Evacuation Hosp. No. 3, Greenleaf.

Ramsey, 1st Lt. J. W., to Camp Kearny.

Rollig, Capt. M., to Camp Devens.

King, Capt. R., to Ft. Riley.

Roberts, 1st Lt. W. S., to Camp Sherman.

Benthall, 1st Lt. R. F., to Camp Grant, for inst.

Bolasny, 1st Lt. J. R., to Camp Meade.

Stealy, 1st Lt. C. L., to Portland, Or., for further inst. and assignment to duties now being organized.

Chandler, Maj. T. E., and Green, 1st Lt. C., to Rockefeller Insp. for inst. at home.

Stowers, 1st Lt. J. L., to Camp McClellan.

Cliff, 1st Lt. B. F., to Camp Lee, with Div.

Burke, 1st Lt. V. V., to Camp Hancock.

Bledsoe, Capt. E. P., and Serri, Capt., to Government Hosp. for the insane, training.

Hixson, 1st Lt. A. H., to Ft. Riley for Cochran, 1st Lt. E. R., to home.

Mayo, Maj. W., Spelman, 1st Lt. L., Barrow, 1st Lt. F., Davis, 1st Lt. G., and Baehr, Maj. G., previous orders revoked.

Rumage, 1st Lt. W. T., to Camp Grant for inst.

Cox, 1st Lt. O. R., Jr., Gettings, 1st Lt. J., and Grim, 1st Lt. D. S., to N. Y. Graduate Med. School and Hosp. for inst.

Haley, Capt. E. McL., to Camp Meade, 79th Div.

Butler, 1st Lt. B. J., to Morrison, Va., for inst.

Whitmarsh, 1st Lt. T. R., to Ft. McPherson, for temp. duty.

Crawford, 1st Lt. R. H.,

SAYS PREFERENCE CLOGS RAILROADS

Freight Congestion Due Largely to Excessive Priority Orders, Harrison Asserts.

CABINET TAKES UP PROBLEM

Government Operation of Railways Only as a Last Resort, It Is Announced After Session.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—In a statement issued today Fairfax Harrison, Chairman of the Railroads War Board, pointed out that the congestion on the railways due to war demands was largely confined to the East, and made the point that this congestion was traceable in great measure to unrestricted extension of the expedient of preference freight. Mr. Harrison's statement follows:

"The measures which the Railroads' War Board has adopted to improve transportation conditions in Eastern territory apparently have given many persons an erroneous impression regarding the transportation situation in the country as a whole.

"Reports from the West show that there is no serious congestion in that territory, and that the railroads are handling the traffic in as satisfactory a manner as could be expected in view of its very large volume. They are not able to furnish all the cars for which shippers ask, but this is largely due to the detention of cars in Eastern territory, owing to the congestion there, which special measures have been adopted to relieve.

"In the Southeast the railways, without serious trouble or delays, are handling the heaviest business ever known in that territory. They could handle a still larger business, and our committee anticipates that the Government authorities will adopt the recommendation it has made for 'immediate measures to transfer movement of foodstuffs and other export material to South Atlantic ports to as large a degree as compatible with the public interest' as one important means of relieving the congestion in the East.

"Our further investigation of industries in the East emphasizes the fact that the congestion in that territory has been to a great extent brought about by the excessive use of preference orders for freight being handled for the Government or for concerns directly or indirectly engaged in work on Government contracts. The condition referred to is not due to priority orders issued by the Government Priority Director, Judge Lovett, but to routine preference orders issued by many representatives of the various Government departments.

"The number of these routine preference orders has become so large that on some of the Eastern railways they are being applied to the greater part of the freight. The attempt to give expedited movement to an excessive amount of freight has increased congestion in yards by causing a large increase in switching movements.

"A constant flow of traffic concurrently produces the best transportation results. We are, therefore, emphasizing to representatives of the Government the desirability of reducing the number of preference orders, which, by causing attempts to give expedited movement to so large a volume of traffic, are slowing down the movement of all traffic and thereby defeating the very object sought. We are assured of the co-operation of representatives of the Government as respects this matter."

Discussed at Cabinet Meeting.

The pooling arrangement proposed by the Railroads' War Board continues a subject of intense interest and animated discussion. Railroad managers studying the acute transportation situation growing out of the congestion arising from the enormous war business say that the problem cannot be solved by a mere pooling of equipment. They hold that more radical reforms than those thus far discussed by the Railroads' War Board must be enforced.

The railroad problem was discussed at length at today's Cabinet meeting. Afterward it was said that Government operation of railroads during the war would be attempted only if it became certain that the roads themselves were unable to deal with the difficulties confronting them.

The general belief among Administration officials is that the pooling plan about to be inaugurated by the roads should have a thorough try-out and that if it fails the Government then should take a hand. There is no concealment, however, of some doubt that any pooling plan will work as well as it might so long as each road is compelled to concern itself with its individual profits.

Since railroad congestion and coal distribution are linked so closely, officials are watching a movement toward the pooling of coal shipments in the Middle West. If the plan works well, it will be extended, with Government encouragement, to other districts. Government requisitioning of coal and a general Government coal pool are considered likely next year. At present there is a disposition to let contracts run out before a Government pool is formed.

The railroad congestion is heavier each week. The roads are approaching a situation which will mean that they must place an embargo on non-essential freight or fail to furnish adequate service to the Government. The situation will be placed before President Wilson this week by a Cabinet member. The railroad managers hope the President will exert his influence with Congress for remedial legislation along broad and revolutionary lines. Such legislation is proposed for the war period only.

In the meantime the seven railroad Presidents and Vice Presidents appointed to consider the pooling of facilities will do what they can to alleviate the situation. As the next step a pooling of earnings is suggested. This can be effected only by the amending of the Anti-Pooling act. If the pooling should be carried to its logical conclusion the roads could be run by a single board.

Government officials and railroad managers cannot see that the situation would be bettered by Government ownership or Government control. The Presidents of all the railroads in the Eastern territory are willing to adopt any possible plan presented by the Government to relieve the congestion. The War Board, which began its work here long before war was declared against Germany, has thus far accepted every plan originating with the Government.

President Wilson will be asked to consider the advisability of authorizing a list of non-essential freight. England and France adopted this plan, along with a 50 per cent. increase in passenger rates. This Government has hesitated to forbid the transportation of specified commodities because of the great losses it would entail upon industry and labor.

Several days ago the Railroads' War Board furnished to Judge Lovett, Director of Priority, and Dr. Garfield, Fuel Administrator, at their request, a list of 450 commodities whose transportation they declared could be dispensed with without any considerable inconvenience to the public; also a list of seventy-five other commodities which might be embargoed, but at the cost of inconvenience. Judge Lovett and Dr. Garfield have not as yet acted upon the proposal. Judge Lovett, while admitting the necessity of an embargo on non-essentials, said he would take no action until all the industries affected had been heard.

"We have no doubt, if non-essential commodities are eliminated," said Fairfax Harrison, "that the railways can transport all the commodities required by the Government in carrying on the war and by the people for their subsistence and comfort.

Further curtailment of passenger service is to be attempted. It is understood that the program includes consolidation of through passenger service, eliminating trains not well patronized. Special trains will not be run on branch roads, and passenger service will be reduced.

Proposes $100,000,000 to Buy Cars.

Senator Reed of Missouri, who appeared at the capital today, said he would advocate the passage of a bill at the next session of Congress to appropriate $100,000,000 for the purchase by the Government of freight cars to relieve the existing shortage.

"From all I have heard, the country is threatened with a food shortage unless cars are available to move food products," he said. "The railroads say they cannot supply the cars. At the last session of Congress Senator Hoke Smith offered a bill to provide $20,000,000 for the purchase of freight cars by the Government, but it was killed. If it had gone through, it is likely that the menace of today would not be so aggravated.

"There may be a question as to the ability of the Government to purchase all the needed cars now. It would entail building new cars, and it is hard to tell what the conditions might be in the car factories, owing to other demands of the war. But the Government ought to have the authority to do it. Sooner or later it will have to build the cars if the people are to get an adequate food supply."

No Reduction on Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 27.—The Pennsylvania Railroad will not reduce its passenger service unless a limitation is placed on the traffic as a war measure, according to a statement issued tonight by Samuel Rea, President of the company.

"Less passenger train service on the Eastern railroads, and especially on the Pennsylvania system, would be very desirable, but, until the situation develops further, and some limitation is placed on th etraffic as a war measure, it will be difficult to accomplish," says the statement. "Any traveler on this system can see for himself on day or night trains the extraordinary increase in the passenger travel, including the heavy family travel to and from camps, and to and from Washington on Government business. I doubt whether slower and longer trains of coaches carrying full loads would reduce the number of cars and trains or materially relieve the tracks and terminals. Therefore, at this time I can see no other course than to continue meeting the abnormal demand for passenger transportation to the best of our ability."

APPEALS TO BRITONS HERE.

No Escape from War Duty, General White Says.

"British and Canadian residents in the United States cannot escape their duty while their fellow-citizens in Great Britain or Canada are being drafted for service, and their neighbors in the United States who are citizens are being drafted here," said Brig. Gen. W. A. White, head of the British-Canadian Recruiting Mission, yesterday. "The mission has established recruiting depots all through the country to give Britishers and Canadians an opportunity to volunteer for service through these depots. Some 13,000 men have been enlisted and sent forward to the British and Canadian Armies."

Regarding the negotiations between Great Britain and the United States relative to the drafting of Britons and Canadians, General White explained that among the ten million men who registered for service in response to the President's call there were many Britons and Canadians who registered under their nationalities and as such are not subject to draft. In Great Britain and Canada there are also Americans of military age. The proposed conventions between the two countries will provide the regulations under which these men may be drafted for service in the countries of their residence by the Governments to which they owe allegiance.

"Pending the completion of the conventions, which it is expected Secretary Lansing will submit to Congress," he said, "a very active campaign is to be carried on all over the United States through the British and Canadian Recruiting Mission. This will give all Britons and Canadians an opportunity to volunteer for service instead of waiting to be drafted. The mission now has the names and addresses of the Britons and Canadians registered in the United States, and has made a special written appeal to them to come forward and offer their services."

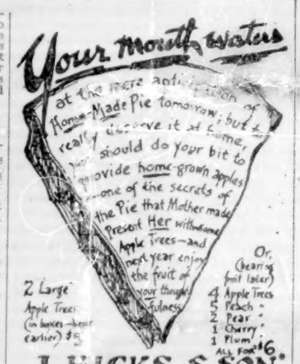
JOHN W. FOSTER'S ESTATE.

Former Secretary of State Left Property Valued at $400,000.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—John W. Foster, former Secretary of State, left an estate valued at about $400,000, according to the petition for the probate of his will filed today by Robert Lansing and John F. Dulles, the executors. Secretary Lansing is a son-in-law of the deceased. Mr. Dulles is a grandson. Comprised in the estate is realty assessed at $163,350, and personal property "in excess of $200,000."

The beneficiaries of the estate are the widow, Mrs. Mary Parke Foster, and the two daughters, Mrs. Edith Foster Dulles of Auburn, N. Y., and Mrs. Eleanor Foster Lansing. The will, filed several days ago, provides that Secretary Lansing and Mr. Dulles shall hold the entire estate in trust for the benefit of the widow during her life, and at her death shall divide the estate equally between the two daughters.



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LOST AND FOUND.

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LOST.—Special account passbook, No. K-1295, of Rose Domas, issued by the 104th Street Branch of The Chatham and Phenix National Bank of the City of New York. All persons are warned against receiving said book for value. THE CHATHAM AND PHENIX NATIONAL BANK.

LOST.—Brown fur neckpiece, left in taxi from Grand Central Palace to 125 East 72d, Monday night; reward if returned to 125 East 72d. Baxter.

LOST.—Black fox neckpiece, Monday afternoon, between 4:30 and 5:30, on East 45th or West 72d St. Return Hotel Hargrave, 112 West 72d. Suitable reward.

LOST OR STOLEN.—Vanity case, from Flatiron cor. at 57th St. and Broadway; reward offered, no questions asked. Kaufmann-Morris Co., 1,776 Broadway.

LOST.—Nov. 23, gold brooch, size of half dollar, woman's head in relief, one diamond; $25 reward, on returning to 25 West 47th St.

LOST.—Black marten muff, (Nov. 26.) in Post Office Department of Bloomingdale's. Reward if returned to 25 West 52d St. No questions asked.

LOST.—Pendant green earring; will lady who found same kindly communicate with Miss Underwood, after 10 A. M., 19 E. 48th? Vanderbilt 2596.

LOST.—Downtown, a Diamond Masonic Pendant and a large Waterman Fountain Pen; reward. Telephone Rector 10,000, extension 150.

LOST at Hero Land, Monday afternoon, pointed fox neckpiece; liberal reward. Burritt, 449 West 123d. Morningside 973.

STOLEN.—In front of Macy's, on the 27th, automobile; name reward for return. Address E. Z., K 251 Times Downtown.

LOST.—Lady's diamond and emerald wreath pin; Saturday; liberal reward for return. Frey, 255 West 90th. River, 1955.

LOST.—Purse, with 2 Liberty certificates and cash. Advise 40 Exchange Place, Room 503. Reward. Bond transfer stopped.

LOST.—In Brooklyn, gentleman's diamond ring; liberal reward. Write or return to residence, 625 East 19th St., Flatbush.

LOST.—Platinum bracelet, about 19 diamonds; liberal reward. 215 West 91st, Apartment 13b.

LOST.—Dark blue silk purse, steel beads, Broadway car or 5th Av. bus; reward. Horn, 180 West End Av.

LOST.—Brown fox neckpiece, on or near 57th St. and 2d Av. "L" station; reward. 8418 17th Av., Brooklyn.

LOST.—A black seal muff, last week, probably in subway. Reward if returned to Jenkins, 527 West 121st St.

LOST.—Watch, initials R. H., between 42d St. and Strand Theatre, Sunday night. Gramercy 3266.

LOST.—A platinum bar pin, set with diamonds and pearls; reward. Box 707, Rye, N. Y.

LOST.—Manhattan or Elmhurst, diamond bar pin; liberal reward. Cohn, 3,190 Broadway.

REWARD.—Velvet bag containing money, bank check, key, Friday. Brodhead, 105 West 55th.

REWARD.—Molemkin scarf, Sunday night. Return to Telephone Operator, 408 Edgecombe Av.

REWARD.—Seal collar, lost Sunday, 34th, Madison, 2d Ave. Rizer, 15 East 33d.

$100 REWARD for diamond link bracelet, Justine Johnstone's Club or Joan Sawyer's. Communicate Columbus 3788 for reward.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.

LOST.—White West Highland terrier, male, name and address on collar; last seen 3d St. and 6th Av. $25 reward on returning to 25 West 11th St.

LOST.—Saturday night, Boston bull, Hoboken Boston No. 112; liberal reward. Return to 600 West 140th St., Apt. 12.

LOST.—Irish terrier, between 42d and 43d, east of Park Av. Return to 300 Park Av., at 42d St., and get reward.

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